

1990

CENSUS OF
POPULATION
AND HOUSING

SERIES CPH (3)

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CENSUS '90



1990 Census of
Population and Housing
Population and Housing
Characteristics for
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Numbering Areas

Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA

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**1990 Census of
Population and Housing
Population and Housing
Characteristics for
Census Tracts and Block
Numbering Areas
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA**

Issued May 1993



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HOW TO USE THIS CENSUS REPORT

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INTRODUCTION

Data from the 1990 census are presented in several different report series. These series are published under the following three subject titles:

1. 1990 Census of Population (1990 CP)
2. 1990 Census of Housing (1990 CH)
3. 1990 Census of Population and Housing (1990 CPH)

The types of data and the geographic areas shown in reports differ from one series to another. In most series, there is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands), plus a United States summary report. Some series include reports for American Indian and Alaska Native areas, metropolitan areas, and urbanized areas. See appendix F for detailed information about the various report series; additional 1990 census data products such as computer tapes, microfiche, and laser disks; other related materials; and sources of assistance.

The data from the 1990 census were derived from a limited number of basic questions asked of the entire population and about every housing unit (referred to as the 100-percent questions), and from additional questions asked of a sample of the population and housing units (referred to as the sample questions). Two primary versions of questionnaires were used: a short form containing only the 100-percent questions and a long form containing both the 100-percent questions and the additional sample questions. Appendix E presents facsimiles of the questionnaire pages and the respondent instructions used to collect the data included in this report. Appendix F lists the subjects that are covered by the 100-percent and sample components of the 1990 census.

Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1990, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which is codified in Title 13, United States Code.

HOW TO FIND RACE/HISPANIC ORIGIN DETAIL AND SUBJECT-MATTER DATA

This report includes a table finding guide to assist the user in locating those statistical tables that contain the data that are needed. The table finding guide lists alphabetically, the subjects shown in this report by race groups, Hispanic origin, and White, not of Hispanic origin. To determine which tables in this report show data for a particular topic, find the subject in the left-hand column of the table finding guide and then look across the columns using the headings at the top for specific race groups or persons of Hispanic origin. Below is an example of a table finding guide.

TABLE FINDING GUIDE

Subjects by Race Groups, Hispanic Origin, and White, Not of Hispanic Origin and Table Number

[Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left side, and race groups, Hispanic origin, and White, not of Hispanic origin are shown at the top. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix B.]

Subject	Total	White	Black	American Indian, Alaskan, or Aleut	Asian or Pacific Islander	Hispanic origin (of any race)	White, not of Hispanic origin
POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS							
Age	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Ancestry	16	—	—	—	—	—	—
Class of worker	16	—	—	—	—	—	—
Count adjustment	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Disability	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Educational attainment	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Family type by presence of own children	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Fertility	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Hispanic origin	8, 16	—	—	—	—	—	—
Household type and relationship	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Income in 1989	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Industry	18	—	—	—	—	—	—
Journey to work	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Labor force status	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Language spoken at home and ability to speak English	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Marital status	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Means of transportation to work	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Occupation	18	21	23	25	27	29	31
Place of birth	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Place of work	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Poverty status in 1989	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Race	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
Residence in 1985	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
School enrollment and type of school	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Sex	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Urban, rural, and farm residence (persons)	17	—	—	—	—	—	—
Work status in 1989	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Workers in family in 1989	16	—	—	—	—	—	—
HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS							
Bedrooms	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Condominium	32	—	—	—	—	—	—
Contract rent	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Gross rent	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
House heating fuel	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Household income in 1989	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Kitchen facilities	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Meals included in rent	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
Persons in unit	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Persons per room	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Plumbing facilities	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Rooms	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Sewage disposal	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Source of water	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Telephone in unit	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Tenure	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Units in structure	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Urban, rural, and farm residence (housing units)	32	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vacancy characteristics	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Value	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Vehicles available	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year householder moved into unit	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year structure built	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
LAND AREA	1	—	—	—	—	—	—

... Not applicable for this report.

HOW TO USE THE STATISTICAL TABLES

Parts of a Statistical Table

The census data included in printed reports are arranged in tables. Each table includes four major parts: (1) *heading*, (2) *boxhead*, (3) *stub*, and (4) *data field*. A typical census report table is illustrated below.

The *heading* consists of the table number, title, and headnote. The table number indicates the position of the table within the report, while the title is a brief statement indicating the classification, nature, and time reference of the data presented in the table. The headnote is enclosed in brackets and is located under the title. It contains statements that qualify, explain, or provide information pertaining to the entire table. In some tables showing racial and Hispanic origin groups, the headnote includes information that data are presented only when certain population-size criteria (thresholds) are met. (For more information on thresholds, see the "User Notes" section.)

The *boxhead* is under the heading. This portion of the table, which contains the individual column heads or captions, describes the data in each vertical column. In the boxhead of many tables, a *spanner* appears across and above two or more column heads or across two or more lower spanners. The purpose of a spanner is to classify or qualify items below it or separate the table into identifiable blocks in terms of major aspects of the data.

PARTS OF A STATISTICAL TABLE									
Table number and title			Headnote			Column head			
Heading			Spanner						
Subhead			Boxhead						
Stub			Data field						
Sidehead									
Page number and State name			Report title						

The *stub* is located at the left edge of the table. It includes a listing of line or row captions or descriptions. At the top of the stub is the *stubhead*. The *stubhead* is considered to be an extension of the table title and usually shows generic geographic area designations and restrictions.

In the *stub*, several features are used to help the user better understand the contents of the table. Usually, a block of data lines is preceded by a *sidehead*. The *sidehead*, similar to a *spanner*, describes and classifies the *stub* entries following it. The use of indentation in a *stub* indicates the relationship of one data line to another. Indented data lines represent subcategories that in most instances, sum to a total. Occasionally in tables, it is desirable to show one or more single-line subcategories that do not sum to the total. The unit of measure, such as dollars, is shown when it is not clear from the general wording of the data line.

The *data field* is that part of the table that contains the data. It extends from the bottom of the *boxhead* to the bottom of the table and from the right of the *stub* to the right-hand edge of the page.

Both geographic and subject-matter terms appear in tables. It is important to read the definitions of the terms used in the tables because census terms often are defined in special ways that reflect the manner in which the questions were asked and the data were tabulated. Definitions of geographic terms are provided in appendix A. Subject-matter terms are defined in appendix B.

Symbols and Geographic Abbreviations

The following symbols are used in the tables and explanations of subjects covered in this report:

- A dash "-" represents zero, a figure that rounds to less than 0.1, or a percent that rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable.
- (NA) means not available.
- The prefix "r" indicates that the count has been revised since publication of 1980 reports or that the area was erroneously omitted or not shown in the correct geographic relationship in the 1980 census reports. This symbol appears only in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* reports.
- A dagger "†" next to the name of a geographic area indicates that there has been a geographic change(s) (for example, an annexation or detachment, a new incorporation, or a name change) since the information published for the 1980 census for that area. This symbol appears only in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* reports. The geographic change information for the entities in a State is shown in the "User Notes" section of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing*

Unit Counts report, for that State. The information for all States appears in the "User Notes" section of the technical documentation for Summary Tape Files 1 and 3.

- A plus sign "+" or a minus sign "-" following a figure denotes that the median falls in the initial or terminal category of an open-ended distribution. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures" in appendix B.)
- A minus sign "-" preceding a figure denotes decrease.

The following geographic abbreviations are used in the tables and explanations of subjects covered in this report:

- A "(pt.)" next to the name of a geographic area in a hierarchical presentation indicates that the geographic entity is only partially located in the superior geographic entity. For example, a "(pt.)" next to a place name in a county subdivision-place hierarchy indicates that the place is located in more than one county subdivision. (Places also may be "split" by county, congressional district, urban/rural, metropolitan area, voting district, and other geographic boundaries, depending on the presentation.) Other geographic entities also can be "split" by a higher-level entity. The exception is a tabulation block, which is unique within all geographic entities in census products.
- BG is block group.
- BNA is block numbering area.
- CDP is census designated place.
- CMSA is consolidated metropolitan statistical area.
- MA is metropolitan area.
- MSA is metropolitan statistical area.
- PMSA is primary metropolitan statistical area.
- TDSA is tribal designated statistical area.
- TJSA is tribal jurisdiction statistical area.
- unorg. is unorganized territory.
- VTD is voting district.

Census tables often include derived measures such as medians, means, percents, and ratios. More detailed information about derived measures is provided in appendix B.

CENSUS TRACT COMPARABILITY TABLES

A listing of all the census tract reports in this series and information on changes in the boundaries of census tracts between 1980 and 1990 for the area covered in this report appear on page IV-1, directly before the statistical tables.

The census tract comparability table shows the 1980 components of 1990 census tracts and 1990 components of 1980 census tracts, as relevant, for: (1) 1980 census tracts that were split into two or more 1990 census tracts; (2) 1980 census tracts that were combined into new-1990 census tracts; (3) 1980 census tracts in areas with new

numbering systems for 1990; and (4) those census tracts with boundary changes between 1980 and 1990 that affected 2.5 percent or more of the population of the census tract.

A census tract will not appear in the comparability tables if: (1) no change occurred between 1980 and 1990; (2) boundary revisions affected fewer than 2.5 percent of the persons and that was the only change that occurred to that census tract; (3) the area has block numbering areas for 1990; or (4) an area where census tracts were defined for the first time in 1990.

USER NOTES

User notes include corrections, errata, and related explanatory information. They present information about unique characteristics of the report and changes or corrections made too late to be reflected in the text or tables themselves.

CONTENTS OF THE APPENDIXES

Appendix A—Provides definitions of the types of geographic areas and related information used in census reports.

Appendix B—Contains definitions for the subject-matter items used in census reports, including explanations of derived measures, limitations of the data, and comparability with previous censuses. The subjects are listed alphabetically. In reports that contain both population and housing characteristics, the population characteristics are described first, followed by the explanations of the housing subjects.

Appendix C—Provides information on confidentiality of the data, allocations and substitutions, and sources of errors in the data.

Appendix D—Explains the residence rules used in counting the population and housing units, presents a brief overview of data collection operations, and describes processing procedures used to convert data from unedited questionnaires to final 1990 publications and tapes. This appendix also clarifies the procedures used to collect data for persons abroad at the time of the census, where persons on military bases or away at school were counted, how data were collected for persons in institutions, and which citizens of foreign countries were included in the U.S. data.

Appendix E—Presents a facsimile of the 1990 census questionnaire pages and the respondent instructions used to collect the data in this report.

Appendix F—Summarizes the 1990 census data products program by describing the information available in printed reports and in other sources, such as microfiche or computer tape; and provides information on where to obtain assistance.

Appendix G—Contains maps depicting the geographic areas shown in this report.



TABLE FINDING GUIDE

Subjects by Race Groups, Hispanic Origin, and White, Not of Hispanic Origin and Table Number

[Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left side, and race groups, Hispanic origin, and White, not of Hispanic origin are shown at the top. Tables 1 through 15 show 100-percent characteristics. Tables 16 through 45 show sample characteristics. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix B]

Subject	Total	White	Black	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	Asian or Pacific Islander	Hispanic origin (of any race)	White, not of Hispanic origin
POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS							
Age	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Ancestry	16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Class of worker	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
Count adjustment	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Disability	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Educational attainment	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Family type by presence of own children	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Fertility	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Hispanic origin	8, 16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Household type and relationship	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Income in 1989	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Industry	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
Journey to work	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Labor force status	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Language spoken at home and ability to speak English	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Marital status	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Means of transportation to work	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Occupation	18	21	23	25	27	29	31
Place of birth	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Place of work	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Poverty status in 1989	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Race	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Residence in 1985	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
School enrollment and type of school	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Sex	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Urban, rural, and farm residence (persons)	17	...	...	...	...	...	...
Work status in 1989	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Workers in family in 1989	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS							
Bedrooms	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Condominium	32	...	...	...	...	...	...
Contract rent	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Gross rent	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
House heating fuel	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Household income in 1989	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Kitchen facilities	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Meals included in rent	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
Persons in unit	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Persons per room	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Plumbing facilities	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Rooms	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Sewage disposal	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Source of water	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Telephone in unit	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Tenure	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Units in structure	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Vacancy characteristics	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Value	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Vehicles available	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year householder moved into unit	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year structure built	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
LAND AREA	1	...	...	...	...	...	...

... Not applicable for this report.

Dear Mr. [Name]

I have your letter of the 10th and am sorry to hear that you are

not well. I hope you will get better soon.

I am writing to you to let you know that I have

received your letter of the 10th and am sorry to hear that you are

not well. I hope you will get better soon.

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USER NOTES

Additional information concerning this 1990 census product may be available at a later date. If you wish to receive these *User Notes*, contact:

Data User Services Division
Customer Services
Bureau of the Census
Washington, DC 20233
301-763-4100

Questions concerning the content of this report may be directed to:

Housing and Household Economic Statistics Division
Bureau of the Census
Washington, DC 20233

Population Division
Bureau of the Census
Washington, DC 20233

ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS OF DATA

GENERAL

User Note 1

Age Reporting—Review of detailed 1990 information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date of completion of the questionnaire, not their age on April 1, 1990. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round up their age if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of persons in most age groups are actually 1 year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements are largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age 0 because persons lost to age 1 may not have been fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990, and because there may have been more rounding up to age 1 to avoid reporting age as 0 years. (Age in completed months was not collected for infants under age 1.)

The reporting of age 1 year older than age on April 1, 1990, is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the three previous

censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the discussion on comparability under "Age" in appendix B.)

User Note 2

The user should note that there are limitations to many of these data. Please refer to the text provided with this report for further explanations on the limitations of the data.

User Note 3

This report series (CPH-3) includes 100-percent and sample data for population and housing characteristics. Tables 1 through 8 present data on general population characteristics based on tabulations of 100-percent data and tables 9 through 15 show 100-percent housing data. Tables 16 through 31 show sample data on social and economic characteristics and tables 32 through 45 show sample housing data.

User Note 4

Persons or householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. References indicating this information were inadvertently omitted from some tables in this report series.

User Note 5

Electrostatic-plotter copies of Census Tract/Block Numbering Area (BNA) Outline Maps are no longer sold by the Census Bureau's Customer Services. Printed copies of maps are obtainable through the Superintendent of Documents. The availability of selected products and information on certain services described in appendix F of this report series has changed. For current information about various report series; additional 1990 census data products such as computer tapes, microfiche, and laser disks; reference materials; and sources of assistance, see appendix F in the 1990 CP-2 or CH-2 report series.

User Note 6

The data shown in selected products for persons enumerated in "visible in street locations" are incorrect and should not be used. Only the 100-percent data shown in

data products, such as Summary Tape Files (STF's) 1 and 2 and in the 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics* State reports should be used for persons enumerated at "visible in street locations."

During "Shelter and Street Night Enumeration," all visible persons on the streets were asked only the basic 100-percent population questions (age, sex, marital status, race, and Hispanic origin).

During census processing of sample data, information from the long-form questionnaire was inadvertently assigned to a very small percentage of the visible in street population.

User Note 7

The estimated population totals for persons in group quarters, specifically by group quarters type, that are based on census sample tabulations may differ from comparable figures shown in 100-percent tabulations. Such differences result, in part, from sampling variability which occurs because information was obtained from a sample of the population rather than from all persons. Differences also occur because of nonsampling errors which affect the 100-percent and sample data. Examples of nonsampling errors include respondent and enumerator errors, processing errors, and nonresponse.

The 100-percent data are the official counts and should be used as the source for data on group quarters type when the primary focus is on counts of the population in group quarters, especially for small areas such as census tracts/BNA's or blocks. When the group quarters population is shown by characteristics covered only on a sample basis (for example, education, labor force status, income, etc.), the sample figures should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

For more information on the limitations of 100-percent and sample data for persons in group quarters and the classification of group quarters type, see appendix B. Reasons for the differences between 100-percent and sample totals will be an important focus of post-census research and evaluation.

User Note 8

Estimated population and housing unit totals based on tabulations from only the sample questionnaires (sample tabulations) may differ from the official counts as tabulated from every census questionnaire (100-percent tabulations). Such differences result, in part, because the sample tabulations are based on information from a sample of households rather than from all households (sampling error). Differences also can occur because the interview situation (length of questionnaire, effect of the interviewer, etc.) and the processing rules differ between the 100-percent and sample tabulations. These types of differences are referred to as nonsampling errors. (For more information on nonsampling error, see appendix C.)

The 100-percent data are the official counts and should be used as the source of information on population and housing items collected on the 100-percent questionnaire, such as age, race, Hispanic origin, number of rooms, and tenure. This is especially appropriate when the primary focus is on counts of the population or housing units for small areas such as census tracts/BNA's, block groups, and for American Indian and Alaska Native areas. For estimates of counts of persons and housing units by characteristics asked only on a sample basis (such as education, labor force status, income, and source of water), the sample estimates should be used within the context of the error associated with them.

Many users are interested in tabulations of items collected on the sample cross-classified by items collected on a 100-percent basis such as age, race, sex, Hispanic origin, and housing units by tenure. Given the way the weights were applied during sample tabulations, generally, there is exact agreement between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for total population and total housing units for most geographic areas. At the State level and higher geographic levels, sample estimates and 100-percent counts for population by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin and for housing units by tenure, number of rooms and so on would be reasonably similar and, in some cases, the same.

At smaller geographic levels, including census tract/BNA, there is still general agreement between 100-percent counts and sample estimates of total population or housing units. At smaller geographic levels, however, there will be expected differences between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for population by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin and for housing units by tenure, number of rooms and so on. In these cases, users may want to consider using derived measures (such as means and medians) or percent distributions. Whether using absolute numbers or derived measures for small population groups and for a small number of housing units in small geographic areas, users should be cautioned that the sampling error associated with these data may be large.

Even though the differences between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for these categories are generally small, the differences for the American Indian, as well as the Hispanic origin populations, are relatively larger than for other groups. The following provides some explanation for these differences.

State-level sample estimates of the number of American Indians are generally higher than the corresponding 100-percent counts. It appears the differences are primarily the result of proportionately higher reporting of "Cherokee" tribe on sample questionnaires. This phenomenon occurs primarily in off-reservation areas. The reasons for the greater reporting of Cherokee on sample forms are not fully known at this time. The Census Bureau will do research to provide more information on this phenomenon.

For the Hispanic origin population, sample estimates at the State level are generally lower than the corresponding 100-percent counts. The majority of difference is caused

by the 100-percent and sample processing of the Hispanic question on the sample questionnaire when the respondent did not mark any response category. When processing the sample, we used written entries in race or Hispanic origin as well as responses to questions only asked on the sample, such as ancestry and place of birth. These procedures led to a lower proportion of persons being assigned as Hispanic in sample processing than were assigned during 100-percent processing. The Census Bureau will evaluate the effectiveness of the 100-percent and sample procedures.

As in previous censuses, the Census Bureau will evaluate the quality of the data and make this information available to data users. In the meanwhile, both 100-percent and sample data serve very important purposes and, therefore, should be used within the limitations of the sampling and nonsampling errors.

User Note 9

Thresholds and Complementary Thresholds—To show characteristics for a large number of racial and Hispanic groups and to avoid using a large number of pages to show characteristics for small population groups, population thresholds are used in some tables in selected reports. Also, complementary population thresholds are used in some tables to avoid showing largely repetitive data for the

White population and for the White, not of Hispanic origin population. Specifically, complementary thresholds are used to limit the presentation of characteristics for the White population when the population of races other than White is small and for the White, not of Hispanic origin population when the Hispanic origin population is small.

For example, assume that the threshold and complementary threshold are 400 in a table showing data by race and Hispanic origin for counties. The threshold of 400 applies to each group, and in addition, the complementary threshold of 400 applies to White and to White, not of Hispanic origin. The following figure shows how the threshold and complementary threshold for race and Hispanic origin apply for a hypothetical county. (For simplicity, it is assumed that the “Other race” population of the county is zero because characteristics are not shown for the “Other race” population below the State level.

User Note 10

Thresholds in CPH-3—For this report series, the threshold and complementary threshold of 400 persons used to present characteristics for racial and Hispanic origin groups are applied separately for 100-percent and sample data. Therefore, the geographic coverage may differ between tables showing 100-percent data and tables showing sample data.

Figure. Example of Threshold and Complementary Threshold

Race and Hispanic origin	Population	Characteristics shown	Reason
All persons	14,700	Yes	Threshold does not apply to total population.
White	13,800	Yes	Threshold and complementary threshold apply. There are 400 or more White persons, <i>and</i> there are 400 or more persons of races other than White.
Black	500	Yes	Threshold applies. There are 400 or more Black persons.
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	100	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut persons.
Asian or Pacific Islander	300	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 Asian or Pacific Islander persons.
Hispanic origin (or any race)	300	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 Hispanic persons.
White, not of Hispanic origin	13,500	No	Threshold and complementary threshold apply. There are 400 or more White, not of Hispanic origin persons, <i>but</i> there are fewer than 400 Hispanic origin persons.



LIST OF CENSUS TRACT REPORTS

Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
1	United States	56	Not Assigned		Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY CMSA:
2	Alabama	57	Not Assigned	100A	Buffalo, NY PMSA
3	Alaska	58	Abilene, TX MSA	100B	Niagara Falls, NY PMSA
4	Arizona	59	Aguadilla, PR MSA		
5	Arkansas	60	Albany, GA MSA	101	Burlington, NC MSA
6	California			102	Burlington, VT MSA
7	Colorado	61	Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY MSA	103	Canton, OH MSA
8	Connecticut	62	Albuquerque, NM MSA	104	Casper, WY MSA
9	Delaware	63	Alexandria, LA MSA	105	Cedar Rapids, IA MSA
10	Not Assigned	64	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ MSA	106	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA
11	Florida	65	Altoona, PA MSA	107	Charleston, SC MSA
12	Georgia			108	Charleston, WV MSA
13	Hawaii	66	Amarillo, TX MSA	109	Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC-SC MSA
14	Idaho	67	Anchorage, AK MSA		
15	Illinois	68	Anderson, IN MSA	110	Charlottesville, VA MSA
16	Indiana	69	Anderson, SC MSA	111	Chattanooga, TN-GA MSA
17	Iowa	70	Anniston, AL MSA	112	Cheyenne, WY MSA
18	Kansas				Chicago-Gary-Lake County, IL-IN-WI CMSA:
19	Kentucky	71	Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah, WI MSA	113A	Aurora-Elgin, IL PMSA
20	Louisiana	72	Arecibo, PR MSA	113B	Chicago, IL PMSA
21	Maine	73	Asheville, NC MSA	113C	Gary-Hammond, IN PMSA
22	Maryland	74	Athens, GA MSA	113D	Joliet, IL PMSA
23	Massachusetts	75	Atlanta, GA MSA	113E	Kenosha, WI PMSA
24	Michigan			113F	Lake County, IL PMSA
25	Minnesota	76	Atlantic City, NJ MSA		
26	Mississippi	77	Augusta, GA-SC MSA	114	Chico, CA MSA
27	Missouri	78	Austin, TX MSA		
28	Montana	79	Bakersfield, CA MSA		Cincinnati-Hamilton, OH-KY-IN CMSA:
29	Nebraska	80	Baltimore, MD MSA	115A	Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN PMSA
30	Nevada			115B	Hamilton-Middletown, OH PMSA
31	New Hampshire	81	Bangor, ME MSA		
32	Not Assigned	82	Baton Rouge, LA MSA	116	Clarksville-Hopkinsville, TN-KY MSA
33	New Mexico	83	Battle Creek, MI MSA		
34	New York	84	Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX MSA		Cleveland-Akron-Lorain, OH CMSA:
35	North Carolina	85	Bellingham, WA MSA	117A	Akron, OH PMSA
36	North Dakota	86	Benton Harbor, MI MSA	117B	Cleveland, OH PMSA
37	Ohio	87	Billings, MT MSA	117C	Lorain-Elyria, OH PMSA
38	Oklahoma	88	Biloxi-Gulfport, MS MSA		
39	Oregon	89	Binghamton, NY MSA		
40	Pennsylvania	90	Birmingham, AL MSA	118	Colorado Springs, CO MSA
41	Rhode Island	91	Bismarck, ND MSA	119	Columbia, MO MSA
42	South Carolina	92	Bloomington, IN MSA	120	Columbia, SC MSA
43	South Dakota	93	Bloomington-Normal, IL MSA	121	Columbus, GA-AL MSA
44	Tennessee	94	Boise City, ID MSA	122	Columbus, OH MSA
45	Texas		Boston-Lawrence-Salem, MA-NH CMSA:	123	Corpus Christi, TX MSA
46	Utah	95A	Boston, MA PMSA	124	Cumberland, MD-WV MSA
47	Vermont	95B	Brockton, MA PMSA		Dallas-Fort Worth, TX CMSA:
48	Virginia	95C	Lawrence-Haverhill, MA-NH PMSA	125A	Dallas, TX PMSA
49	Washington	95D	Lowell, MA-NH PMSA	125B	Fort Worth-Arlington, TX PMSA
50	West Virginia	95E	Nashua, NH PMSA		
51	Wisconsin	95F	Salem-Gloucester, MA PMSA	126	Danville, VA MSA
52	Wyoming			127	Davenport-Rock Island-Moline, IA-IL MSA
53	Puerto Rico	96	Bradenton, FL MSA	128	Dayton-Springfield, OH MSA
54	Not Assigned	97	Bremerton, WA MSA	129	Daytona Beach, FL MSA
55	Virgin Islands	98	Brownsville-Harlingen, TX MSA	130	Decatur, AL MSA
		99	Bryan-College Station, TX MSA	131	Decatur, IL MSA

Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
	Denver-Boulder, CO CMSA:	179	Indianapolis, IN MSA	230	Midland, TX MSA
132A	Boulder-Longmont, CO PMSA	180	Iowa City, IA MSA		
132B	Denver, CO PMSA	181	Jackson, MI MSA		Milwaukee-Racine, WI CMSA:
133	Des Moines, IA MSA	182	Jackson, MS MSA	231A	Milwaukee, WI PMSA
	Detroit-Ann Arbor, MI CMSA:	183	Jackson, TN MSA	231B	Racine, WI PMSA
134A	Ann Arbor, MI PMSA	184	Jacksonville, FL MSA	232	Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI MSA
134B	Detroit, MI PMSA	185	Jacksonville, NC MSA	233	Mobile, AL MSA
135	Dothan, AL MSA	186	Jamestown-Dunkirk, NY MSA	234	Modesto, CA MSA
136	Dubuque, IA MSA	187	Janesville-Beloit, WI MSA	235	Monroe, LA MSA
137	Duluth, MN-WI MSA	188	Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol, TN-VA MSA	236	Montgomery, AL MSA
138	Eau Claire, WI MSA	189	Johnstown, PA MSA	237	Muncie, IN MSA
139	El Paso, TX MSA	190	Joplin, MO MSA	238	Muskegon, MI MSA
140	Elkhart-Goshen, IN MSA	191	Kalamazoo, MI MSA	239	Naples, FL MSA
141	Elmira, NY MSA	192	Kankakee, IL MSA	240	Nashville, TN MSA
142	Enid, OK MSA	193	Kansas City, MO-KS MSA	241	New Bedford, MA MSA
143	Erie, PA MSA	194	Killeen-Temple, TX MSA	242	New Haven-Meriden, CT MSA
144	Eugene-Springfield, OR MSA	195	Knoxville, TN MSA	243	New London-Norwich, CT-RI MSA
145	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	196	Kokomo, IN MSA	244	New Orleans, LA MSA
146	Fargo-Moorhead, ND-MN MSA	197	La Crosse, WI MSA		New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT CMSA:
147	Fayetteville, NC MSA	198	Lafayette, LA MSA	245A	Bergen-Passaic, NJ PMSA
148	Fayetteville-Springdale, AR MSA	199	Lafayette-West Lafayette, IN MSA	245B	Bridgeport-Milford, CT PMSA
149	Fitchburg-Leominster, MA MSA	200	Lake Charles, LA MSA	245C	Danbury, CT PMSA
150	Flint, MI MSA	201	Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL MSA	245D	Jersey City, NJ PMSA
151	Florence, AL MSA	202	Lancaster, PA MSA	245E	Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ PMSA
152	Florence, SC MSA	203	Lansing-East Lansing, MI MSA	245F	Monmouth-Ocean, NJ PMSA
153	Fort Collins-Loveland, CO MSA	204	Laredo, TX MSA	245G	Nassau-Suffolk, NY PMSA
154	Fort Myers-Cape Coral, FL MSA	205	Las Cruces, NM MSA	245H	New York, NY PMSA
155	Fort Pierce, FL MSA	206	Las Vegas, NV MSA	245I	Newark, NJ PMSA
156	Fort Smith, AR-OK MSA	207	Lawrence, KS MSA	245J	Norwalk, CT PMSA
157	Fort Walton Beach, FL MSA	208	Lawton, OK MSA	245K	Orange County, NY PMSA
158	Fort Wayne, IN MSA	209	Lewiston-Auburn, ME MSA	245L	Stamford, CT PMSA
159	Fresno, CA MSA	210	Lexington-Fayette, KY MSA	246	Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA MSA
160	Gadsden, AL MSA	211	Lima, OH MSA	247	Ocala, FL MSA
161	Gainesville, FL MSA	212	Lincoln, NE MSA	248	Odessa, TX MSA
162	Glens Falls, NY MSA	213	Little Rock-North Little Rock, AR MSA	249	Oklahoma City, OK MSA
163	Grand Forks, ND MSA	214	Longview-Marshall, TX MSA	250	Olympia, WA MSA
164	Grand Rapids, MI MSA		Los Angeles-Anaheim-Riverside, CA CMSA:	251	Omaha, NE-IA MSA
165	Great Falls, MT MSA	215A	Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA PMSA	252	Orlando, FL MSA
166	Greeley, CO MSA	215B	Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA PMSA	253	Owensboro, KY MSA
167	Green Bay, WI MSA	215C	Oxnard-Ventura, CA PMSA	254	Panama City, FL MSA
168	Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, NC MSA	215D	Riverside-San Bernardino, CA PMSA	255	Parkersburg-Marietta, WV-OH MSA
169	Greenville-Spartanburg, SC MSA	216	Louisville, KY-IN MSA	256	Pascagoula, MS MSA
170	Hagerstown, MD MSA	217	Lubbock, TX MSA	257	Pensacola, FL MSA
171	Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle, PA MSA	218	Lynchburg, VA MSA	258	Peoria, IL MSA
	Hartford-New Britain-Middletown, CT CMSA:	219	Macon-Warner Robins, GA MSA		Philadelphia-Wilmington-Trenton, PA-NJ-DE-MD CMSA:
172A	Bristol, CT PMSA	220	Madison, WI MSA	259A	Philadelphia, PA-NJ PMSA
172B	Hartford, CT PMSA	221	Manchester, NH MSA	259B	Trenton, NJ PMSA
172C	Middletown, CT PMSA	222	Mansfield, OH MSA	259C	Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ PMSA
172D	New Britain, CT PMSA	223	Mayagüez, PR MSA	259D	Wilmington, DE-NJ-MD PMSA
173	Hickory-Morganton, NC MSA	224	McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX MSA	260	Phoenix, AZ MSA
174	Honolulu, HI MSA	225	Medford, OR MSA	261	Pine Bluff, AR MSA
175	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	226	Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay, FL MSA		Pittsburgh-Beaver Valley, PA CMSA:
	Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX CMSA:	227	Memphis, TN-AR-MS MSA	262A	Beaver County, PA PMSA
176A	Brazoria, TX PMSA	228	Merced, CA MSA	262B	Pittsburgh, PA PMSA
176B	Galveston-Texas City, TX PMSA		Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL CMSA:	263	Pittsfield, MA MSA
176C	Houston, TX PMSA	229A	Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach, FL PMSA	264	Ponce, PR MSA
177	Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH MSA	229B	Miami-Hialeah, FL PMSA	265	Portland, ME MSA
178	Huntsville, AL MSA				

Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
	Portland-Vancouver, OR-WA CMSA:	292	San Antonio, TX MSA	315	Stockton, CA MSA
266A	Portland, OR PMSA	293	San Diego, CA MSA	316	Syracuse, NY MSA
266B	Vancouver, WA PMSA		San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA CMSA:	317	Tallahassee, FL MSA
267	Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester, NH-ME MSA	294A	Oakland, CA PMSA	318	Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL MSA
268	Poughkeepsie, NY MSA	294B	San Francisco, CA PMSA	319	Terre Haute, IN MSA
	Providence-Pawtucket-Fall River, RI-MA CMSA:	294C	San Jose, CA PMSA	320	Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR MSA
269A	Fall River, MA-RI PMSA	294D	Santa Cruz, CA PMSA	321	Toledo, OH MSA
269B	Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro, RI-MA PMSA	294E	Santa Rosa-Petaluma, CA PMSA		
269C	Providence, RI PMSA	294F	Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa, CA PMSA	322	Topeka, KS MSA
270	Provo-Orem, UT MSA	295A	San Juan-Caguas, PR CMSA:	323	Tucson, AZ MSA
271	Pueblo, CO MSA	295B	Caguas, PR PMSA	324	Tulsa, OK MSA
272	Raleigh-Durham, NC MSA		San Juan, PR PMSA	325	Tuscaloosa, AL MSA
273	Rapid City, SD MSA	296	Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, CA MSA	326	Tyler, TX MSA
274	Reading, PA MSA	297	Santa Fe, NM MSA	327	Utica-Rome, NY MSA
		298	Sarasota, FL MSA		
275	Redding, CA MSA	299	Savannah, GA MSA	328	Victoria, TX MSA
276	Reno, NV MSA	300	Scranton-Wilkes-Barre, PA MSA	329	Visalia-Tulare-Porterville, CA MSA
277	Richland-Kennewick-Pasco, WA MSA		Seattle-Tacoma, WA CMSA:	330	Waco, TX MSA
278	Richmond-Petersburg, VA MSA	301A	Seattle, WA PMSA	331	Washington, DC-MD-VA MSA
279	Roanoke, VA MSA	301B	Tacoma, WA PMSA	332	Waterbury, CT MSA
				333	Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA MSA
280	Rochester, MN MSA	302	Sharon, PA MSA	334	Wausau, WI MSA
281	Rochester, NY MSA	303	Sheboygan, WI MSA	335	West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach, FL MSA
282	Rockford, IL MSA	304	Sherman-Denison, TX MSA	336	Wheeling, WV-OH MSA
283	Sacramento, CA MSA	305	Shreveport, LA MSA	337	Wichita, KS MSA
284	Saginaw-Bay City-Midland, MI MSA	306	Sioux City, IA-NE MSA		
		307	Sioux Falls, SD MSA	338	Wichita Falls, TX MSA
285	St. Cloud, MN MSA	308	South Bend-Mishawaka, IN MSA	339	Williamsport, PA MSA
286	St. Joseph, MO MSA	309	Spokane, WA MSA	340	Wilmington, NC MSA
287	St. Louis, MO-IL MSA	310	Springfield, IL MSA	341	Worcester, MA MSA
288	Salem, OR MSA	311	Springfield, MO MSA	342	Yakima, WA MSA
289	Salinas-Seaside-Monterey, CA MSA			343	York, PA MSA
		312	Springfield, MA MSA	344	Youngstown-Warren, OH MSA
290	Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT MSA	313	State College, PA MSA	345	Yuba City, CA MSA
291	San Angelo, TX MSA	314	Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV MSA	346	Yuma, AZ MSA

Table A. **Census Tract Comparability: 1990 to 1980**

[Tables list selected census tracts for which boundaries or identification changed between 1980 and 1990. See text "How to Use This Census Report" for further explanation]

1990 tract	1980 tract
CHAMPAIGN COUNTY, IL	
51	51
55	55 (pt.)
101	55 (pt.)
102.01	101 (pt.)
	101 (pt.)
	102.01
106.01	106 (pt.)
106.02	106 (pt.)

Table B. **Census Tract Comparability: 1980 to 1990**

[Tables list selected census tracts for which boundaries or identification changed between 1980 and 1990. See text "How to Use This Census Report" for further explanation.]

1980 tract	1990 tract
CHAMPAIGN COUNTY, IL	
51 -----	51 (pt.)
55 -----	51 (pt.)
	55
101 -----	101
	102 01 (pt.)
102 01 -----	102 01 (pt.)
106 -----	106 01
	106 02

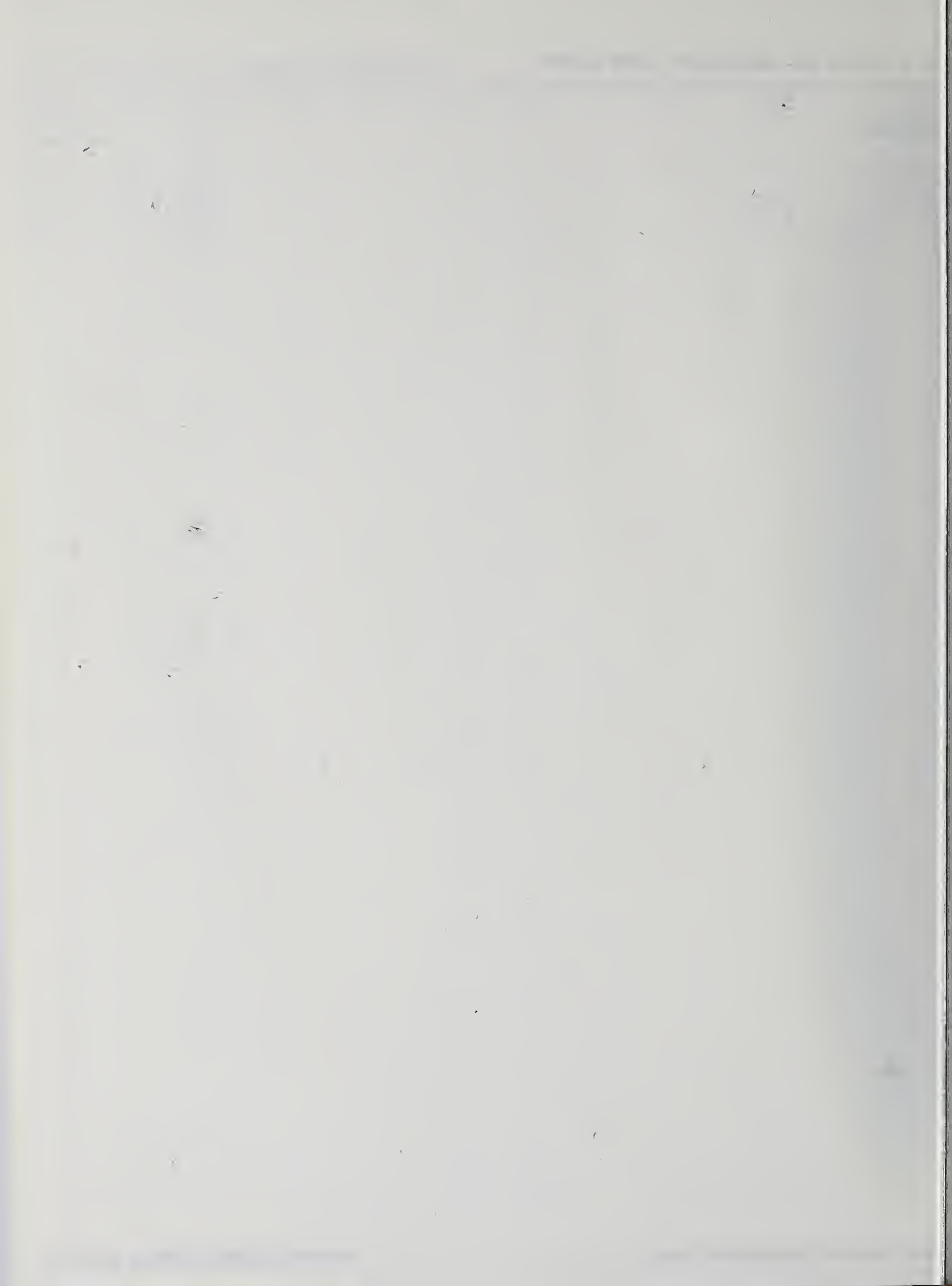


Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990

(For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign—Urbana—Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts /BNA's in Champaign County				
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 7	Tract 8
LAND AREA										
Square kilometers	2 582.7	2 582.7	33.5	17.0	20.2	1.4	.9	6	2.6	9.6
Square miles	997.2	997.2	13.0	6.6	7.8	5	3	2	1.0	3.7
AGE										
All persons	173 025	173 025	63 502	17 212	36 344	2 130	5 710	8 042	3 684	1 700
Under 5 years	11 847	11 847	3 790	1 614	2 089	333	43	8	313	133
5 to 9 years	11 022	11 022	3 395	1 505	1 735	208	10	14	259	130
10 to 14 years	9 446	9 446	2 811	1 282	1 272	180	9	3	288	130
15 to 19 years	17 528	17 528	7 431	1 270	5 014	182	321	1 854	287	116
20 to 24 years	27 143	27 143	14 205	1 863	7 611	180	4 038	5 407	255	169
25 to 34 years	32 682	32 682	11 209	3 948	7 451	284	864	615	742	356
35 to 44 years	23 459	23 459	7 779	2 546	3 959	193	131	96	475	276
45 to 54 years	13 681	13 681	4 127	1 236	2 097	139	55	17	324	151
55 to 64 years	11 088	11 088	3 573	955	1 844	147	50	9	310	93
65 to 74 years	8 618	8 618	2 985	676	1 648	179	56	13	254	87
75 to 84 years	4 846	4 846	1 680	253	1 117	85	64	4	133	43
85 years and over	1 665	1 665	517	64	507	20	69	2	44	16
3 and 4 years	4 656	4 656	1 476	661	776	122	12	3	123	50
5 years and over	138 912	138 912	52 968	12 618	31 012	1 372	5 648	8 017	2 765	1 283
18 years and over	135 259	135 259	51 843	12 225	30 481	1 301	5 635	8 004	2 655	1 231
21 years and over	115 752	115 752	42 106	11 173	23 830	1 191	4 438	4 368	2 493	1 152
60 years and over	20 484	20 484	6 993	1 431	4 223	371	222	24	592	190
62 years and over	18 285	18 285	6 262	1 238	3 849	343	212	20	527	166
Median	27.7	27.7	25.1	27.5	25.5	24.5	22.2	21.2	30.9	29.4
Female	85 533	85 533	30 631	7 837	18 576	1 173	2 145	3 131	1 856	865
Under 5 years	5 742	5 742	1 859	747	1 038	143	23	4	141	68
5 to 9 years	5 391	5 391	1 620	734	838	104	5	3	121	63
10 to 14 years	4 583	4 583	1 363	615	614	91	6	—	136	55
15 to 19 years	8 272	8 272	3 097	555	2 753	98	138	630	139	63
20 to 24 years	12 454	12 454	6 161	786	3 699	111	1 504	2 241	133	93
25 to 34 years	15 751	15 751	5 390	1 714	3 486	173	246	211	355	172
35 to 44 years	11 466	11 466	3 910	1 027	1 900	105	45	27	250	147
45 to 54 years	6 961	6 961	2 142	573	1 112	83	19	5	152	72
55 to 64 years	5 729	5 729	1 889	510	978	91	21	3	166	50
65 to 74 years	4 839	4 839	1 720	375	990	102	34	5	147	40
75 to 84 years	3 092	3 092	1 099	156	753	57	42	1	83	27
85 years and over	1 253	1 253	381	45	415	15	62	1	33	15
3 and 4 years	2 253	2 253	714	327	374	62	7	2	48	22
5 years and over	68 939	68 939	25 535	5 650	15 971	819	2 111	3 124	1 430	670
18 years and over	67 135	67 135	24 998	5 458	15 697	786	2 105	3 121	1 381	634
21 years and over	58 096	58 096	21 009	5 040	12 053	714	1 624	1 796	1 296	594
60 years and over	11 997	11 997	4 158	806	2 677	224	153	8	359	108
62 years and over	10 878	10 878	3 799	710	2 471	208	151	7	327	93
Median	28.9	28.9	27.0	27.8	25.8	26.7	21.9	21.3	32.0	30.1
Male	87 492	87 492	32 871	9 375	17 768	957	3 565	4 911	1 828	835
Median age	26.7	26.7	23.7	27.3	25.2	20.9	22.3	21.1	29.5	29.1
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons	173 025	173 025	63 502	17 212	36 344	2 130	5 710	8 042	3 684	1 700
In households	155 008	155 008	55 493	14 997	29 002	2 110	5 485	3 950	3 655	1 651
Householder	63 900	63 900	24 173	5 461	13 210	754	2 785	1 754	1 492	633
Family householder	38 604	38 604	12 033	4 137	6 629	520	228	80	892	444
Nonfamily householder	25 296	25 296	12 140	1 324	6 581	234	2 557	1 674	600	189
Living alone	18 329	18 329	8 268	1 114	4 682	200	1 296	725	492	133
Spouse	31 644	31 644	9 357	3 396	5 229	184	136	44	521	317
Child	42 660	42 660	13 023	5 408	6 394	836	68	11	1 140	528
Other relatives	3 716	3 716	1 599	254	721	235	84	34	230	69
Nonrelatives	13 088	13 088	7 341	478	3 448	101	2 412	2 107	272	104
Institutionalized persons	1 393	1 393	321	—	638	—	85	—	29	49
Other persons in group quarters	16 624	16 624	7 688	2 215	6 704	20	140	4 092	—	—
Persons per household	2.43	2.43	2.30	2.75	2.20	2.80	1.97	2.25	2.45	2.61
Persons per family	3.02	3.02	2.99	3.19	2.86	3.41	2.26	2.11	3.12	3.06
Persons 65 years and over	15 129	15 129	5 182	993	3 272	284	189	19	431	146
In households	14 097	14 097	4 961	993	2 881	284	106	14	403	104
Householder	9 877	9 877	3 512	684	2 106	217	88	9	285	67
Nonfamily householder	4 836	4 836	1 785	310	1 218	106	68	4	145	19
Living alone	4 692	4 692	1 717	304	1 180	95	67	4	138	19
Spouse	3 509	3 509	1 171	250	638	44	14	4	81	34
Other relatives	576	576	211	45	109	14	2	—	27	2
Nonrelatives	135	135	67	14	28	9	2	1	10	1
Institutionalized persons	1 020	1 020	213	—	388	—	83	—	28	42
Other persons in group quarters	12	12	8	—	3	—	—	5	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families	38 604	38 604	12 033	4 137	6 629	520	228	80	892	444
With own children under 18 years	19 455	19 455	5 782	2 544	3 097	289	40	7	456	230
Number of own children under 18 years	35 283	35 283	10 635	4 773	5 339	643	52	11	883	409
Married-couple families	31 644	31 644	9 357	3 396	5 229	184	136	44	521	317
With own children under 18 years	15 114	15 114	4 212	1 983	2 241	64	20	4	225	151
Number of own children under 18 years	28 086	28 086	7 907	3 829	3 951	157	29	4	457	275
Female householder, no husband present	5 363	5 363	2 124	592	1 090	293	46	16	285	92
With own children under 18 years	3 541	3 541	1 323	454	716	205	15	1	184	61
Number of own children under 18 years	5 999	5 999	2 353	764	1 191	455	17	2	354	110
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over	70 893	70 893	27 717	7 070	15 162	574	3 537	4 893	1 366	628
Never married	31 272	31 272	15 835	2 043	8 465	257	3 230	4 750	536	193
Now married, except separated	33 494	33 494	9 744	4 170	5 625	194	206	106	545	333
Separated	705	705	272	70	137	20	24	11	48	12
Widowed	1 025	1 025	334	70	213	37	17	2	43	12
Divorced	4 397	4 397	1 532	684	722	66	60	24	194	78
Females 15 years and over	69 817	69 817	25 789	5 741	16 086	835	2 111	3 124	1 458	679
Never married	24 278	24 278	11 401	1 057	7 726	343	1 788	3 047	420	186
Now married, except separated	32 740	32 740	9 696	3 541	5 544	209	168	62	544	326
Separated	864	864	349	97	194	35	6	3	51	14
Widowed	5 711	5 711	2 007	398	1 358	138	103	1	212	62
Divorced	6 224	6 224	2 336	648	1 264	110	46	11	231	91

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

(For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.									
	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 53	Tract 54	Tract 55	Tract 56
LAND AREA										
Square kilometers	22.2	2.5	3.9	36.8	11.8	5.7	4.7	18.7	10.1	17.7
Square miles	8.6	1.0	1.5	14.2	4.6	2.2	1.8	7.2	3.9	6.8
AGE										
All persons	6 838	4 780	6 770	8 737	8 603	4 678	2 938	7 338	5 436	5 191
Under 5 years	513	377	588	775	544	169	225	622	411	442
5 to 9 years	468	332	540	798	603	96	198	456	359	391
10 to 14 years	383	271	453	692	522	57	211	387	278	301
15 to 19 years	566	270	467	556	494	2 456	207	423	273	238
20 to 24 years	720	379	536	377	451	1 137	349	822	442	449
25 to 34 years	1 622	1 037	1 499	1 497	1 246	466	516	1 833	1 188	1 212
35 to 44 years	1 009	787	1 092	1 839	1 594	171	342	1 011	807	806
45 to 54 years	504	368	587	1 030	1 121	55	262	654	495	430
55 to 64 years	482	364	472	669	863	40	241	538	396	377
65 to 74 years	384	340	301	332	633	28	169	364	336	340
75 to 84 years	158	203	190	122	384	3	137	162	269	159
85 years and over	29	52	45	50	148	—	81	66	182	46
3 and 4 years	203	140	239	308	219	65	83	234	161	157
16 years and over	5 407	3 749	5 087	6 356	6 827	4 347	2 270	5 782	4 344	4 001
18 years and over	5 253	3 653	4 918	6 096	6 593	4 287	2 193	5 624	4 224	3 903
21 years and over	4 728	3 460	4 638	5 839	6 378	1 276	2 025	5 341	4 038	3 743
60 years and over	833	780	752	801	1 577	53	512	817	982	736
62 years and over	723	703	669	672	1 402	46	466	726	898	658
Median	29.5	32.2	30.3	33.2	37.9	19.7	30.0	29.4	33.2	31.2
Female	3 508	2 563	3 528	4 451	4 531	2 031	1 546	3 794	2 903	2 767
Under 5 years	247	198	308	395	266	83	115	306	202	219
5 to 9 years	209	176	259	378	299	47	92	241	190	191
10 to 14 years	185	129	225	341	262	26	104	183	140	144
15 to 19 years	287	144	210	269	227	965	102	225	136	121
20 to 24 years	391	214	279	188	242	498	152	448	241	225
25 to 34 years	832	552	762	806	656	239	260	894	582	635
35 to 44 years	516	394	557	952	858	98	185	504	404	418
45 to 54 years	270	186	315	521	583	31	142	354	276	241
55 to 64 years	258	202	252	310	434	24	129	289	197	210
65 to 74 years	197	204	184	189	349	17	102	195	193	222
75 to 84 years	95	129	141	71	256	3	98	105	184	109
85 years and over	21	35	36	31	99	—	65	50	158	32
3 and 4 years	88	75	128	150	109	30	41	117	72	74
16 years and over	2 838	2 032	2 689	3 277	3 655	1 871	1 221	3 014	2 352	2 187
18 years and over	2 762	1 976	2 615	3 157	3 546	1 836	1 184	2 936	2 294	2 132
21 years and over	2 480	1 871	2 483	3 028	3 444	644	1 104	2 782	2 194	2 052
60 years and over	455	466	466	432	920	35	333	478	631	469
62 years and over	398	420	427	370	827	32	306	428	588	431
Median	30.1	32.3	31.3	33.4	38.8	19.8	33.1	29.7	34.5	32.4
Male	3 330	2 217	3 242	4 286	4 072	2 647	1 392	3 544	2 533	2 424
Median age	28.9	32.0	29.4	32.8	36.9	19.6	27.4	29.1	31.8	29.9
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons	6 838	4 780	6 770	8 737	8 603	4 678	2 938	7 338	5 436	5 191
In households	6 838	4 698	6 770	8 661	8 371	1 296	2 742	7 136	5 181	5 191
Householder	2 867	2 180	2 620	3 083	3 450	541	1 072	3 254	2 265	2 277
Family householder	1 723	1 204	1 786	2 468	2 388	339	619	1 885	1 331	1 385
Nonfamily householder	1 144	976	834	615	1 062	202	453	1 369	934	892
Living alone	803	792	629	509	871	135	318	1 102	740	699
Spouse	1 302	936	1 433	2 212	2 154	264	327	1 396	1 058	1 053
Child	1 801	1 184	2 156	3 015	2 373	390	792	1 887	1 350	1 448
Other relatives	278	126	191	149	129	19	219	173	157	128
Nonrelatives	590	272	370	202	265	82	332	426	351	285
Institutionalized persons	—	82	—	76	232	—	174	202	247	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	3 382	22	—	8	—
Persons per household	2.39	2.16	2.58	2.81	2.43	2.40	2.56	2.19	2.29	2.28
Persons per family	2.96	2.87	3.12	3.18	2.95	2.99	3.16	2.83	2.93	2.90
Persons 65 years and over	571	595	536	504	1 165	31	387	592	787	545
In households	571	595	536	444	946	29	242	517	546	545
Householder	383	421	389	285	646	22	180	366	389	398
Nonfamily householder	150	217	240	107	298	12	89	160	224	230
Living alone	143	211	234	106	288	12	83	157	216	227
Spouse	137	151	108	126	260	6	45	128	121	127
Other relatives	45	20	31	31	35	1	11	19	27	18
Nonrelatives	6	3	8	2	5	—	6	4	9	2
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	60	219	—	145	75	241	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families	1 723	1 204	1 786	2 468	2 388	339	619	1 885	1 331	1 385
With own children under 18 years	786	563	942	1 409	1 072	212	288	900	639	708
Number of own children under 18 years	1 416	989	1 760	2 560	1 955	357	551	1 554	1 090	1 221
Married-couple families	1 302	936	1 433	2 212	2 154	264	327	1 396	1 058	1 053
With own children under 18 years	553	389	713	1 243	940	152	126	563	464	475
Number of own children under 18 years	1 006	696	1 378	2 296	1 765	272	234	980	817	865
Female householder, no husband present	333	227	283	189	193	68	237	398	199	281
With own children under 18 years	193	157	193	125	118	57	138	285	137	204
Number of own children under 18 years	347	265	320	211	172	81	277	498	213	323
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over	2 607	1 740	2 453	3 135	3 230	2 481	1 069	2 809	2 017	1 844
Never married	934	561	740	669	750	2 177	516	914	651	611
Now married, except separated	1 356	956	1 460	2 250	2 213	281	359	1 469	1 101	1 077
Separated	31	18	29	22	28	5	32	44	21	13
Widowed	36	35	24	36	93	2	48	46	63	28
Divorced	250	170	200	158	146	16	114	336	181	115
Females 15 years and over	2 867	2 060	2 736	3 337	3 704	1 875	1 235	3 064	2 371	2 213
Never married	886	590	639	615	693	1 491	425	847	542	543
Now married, except separated	1 347	966	1 470	2 256	2 215	278	363	1 450	1 105	1 084
Separated	54	35	39	28	42	11	46	60	32	41
Widowed	194	198	244	183	435	11	216	253	356	235
Divorced	386	271	344	255	319	85	185	454	336	310

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Champaign County—Con.								
	Tract 57	Tract 60	Tract 101	Tract 102.01	Tract 102.02	Tract 102.03	Tract 103	Tract 104	Tract 106.02
LAND AREA									
Square kilometers	23.2	11.2	15.3	4.3	6	3.8	8.6	466.0	312.2
Square miles	9.0	4.3	5.9	1.7	2	1.5	3.3	179.9	120.6
AGE									
All persons	6 657	2 354	5 097	990	318	3 716	7 185	5 443	6 599
Under 5 years	429	363	408	54	24	271	863	404	624
5 to 9 years	438	235	451	70	25	257	709	452	553
10 to 14 years	351	89	425	59	27	321	456	396	513
15 to 19 years	331	59	372	55	22	267	562	393	399
20 to 24 years	360	147	406	52	36	281	1 103	315	405
25 to 34 years	1 089	999	963	123	51	716	2 113	971	1 303
35 to 44 years	1 082	324	706	145	42	549	1 114	793	1 101
45 to 54 years	725	77	471	129	27	368	247	536	717
55 to 64 years	697	42	422	159	28	347	9	500	491
65 to 74 years	609	14	320	96	21	236	6	374	320
75 to 84 years	387	5	120	41	12	81	1	224	138
85 years and over	159	—	33	7	3	22	2	85	35
3 and 4 years	175	130	172	30	8	112	341	166	241
16 years and over	5 365	1 656	3 742	794	239	2 813	5 103	4 107	4 822
18 years and over	5 212	1 642	3 591	765	228	2 704	5 007	3 951	4 656
21 years and over	5 037	1 579	3 358	739	214	2 550	4 377	3 736	4 414
60 years and over	1 527	35	670	222	49	492	11	888	728
62 years and over	1 376	26	572	187	45	436	9	814	626
Median	37.7	28.8	30.1	40.9	28.8	31.0	24.4	32.8	31.0
Female	3 579	1 103	2 638	514	158	1 894	2 684	2 766	3 292
Under 5 years	230	174	188	26	9	127	400	190	306
5 to 9 years	221	104	223	35	12	123	345	226	274
10 to 14 years	171	44	202	31	18	157	212	200	245
15 to 19 years	150	20	184	25	14	124	210	195	201
20 to 24 years	198	61	220	28	19	150	380	166	217
25 to 34 years	582	523	480	68	17	347	811	481	667
35 to 44 years	555	113	370	76	20	289	275	386	535
45 to 54 years	381	34	260	62	12	203	40	280	351
55 to 64 years	357	19	228	79	16	187	5	240	243
65 to 74 years	350	8	181	54	14	122	5	208	161
75 to 84 years	255	3	78	24	5	50	1	133	71
85 years and over	129	—	24	6	2	15	—	61	21
3 and 4 years	93	59	82	13	4	49	180	81	111
16 years and over	2 923	774	1 992	417	118	1 461	1 701	2 109	2 419
18 years and over	2 856	768	1 914	404	110	1 415	1 653	2 020	2 340
21 years and over	2 771	757	1 795	390	105	1 340	1 446	1 926	2 217
60 years and over	932	18	392	115	30	271	6	505	369
62 years and over	848	15	341	104	27	239	6	464	325
Median	38.8	28.2	31.3	41.3	28.0	32.4	22.6	33.4	30.9
Male	3 078	1 251	2 459	476	160	1 822	4 501	2 677	3 307
Median age	36.6	29.4	28.8	40.3	29.0	30.0	25.6	32.3	31.3
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	6 657	2 354	5 097	990	318	3 716	7 185	5 443	6 599
In households	6 612	2 274	5 097	990	318	3 716	4 970	5 360	6 597
Householder	2 974	820	2 065	409	140	1 491	1 396	2 023	2 441
Family householder	1 846	710	1 405	306	79	1 005	1 369	1 480	1 884
Nonfamily householder	1 128	110	660	103	61	486	27	543	557
Living alone	999	88	556	96	52	401	22	442	439
Spouse	1 628	659	1 032	274	52	772	1 282	1 260	1 617
Child	1 720	727	1 685	278	94	1 178	2 200	1 751	2 187
Other relatives	105	36	104	18	6	84	48	129	111
Nonrelatives	185	32	211	11	26	191	44	197	241
Institutionalized persons	45	—	—	—	—	—	—	83	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	80	—	—	—	—	2 215	—	2
Persons per household	2.22	2.77	2.47	2.42	2.27	2.49	3.56	2.65	2.70
Persons per family	2.87	3.00	3.01	2.86	2.92	3.02	3.58	3.12	3.08
Persons 65 years and over	1 155	19	473	144	36	339	9	683	493
In households	1 112	19	473	144	36	339	9	600	492
Householder	812	7	341	92	23	234	1	420	315
Nonfamily householder	481	3	175	33	9	96	—	191	105
Living alone	475	3	173	32	8	94	—	185	104
Spouse	256	4	108	46	11	86	—	155	148
Other relatives	38	8	19	5	—	14	7	19	29
Nonrelatives	6	—	5	1	2	5	1	6	—
Institutionalized persons	43	—	—	—	—	—	—	83	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	1 846	710	1 405	306	79	1 005	1 369	1 480	1 884
With own children under 18 years	813	457	778	122	39	508	1 109	746	1 036
Number of own children under 18 years	1 405	711	1 427	218	73	934	2 143	1 405	1 858
Married-couple families	1 628	659	1 032	274	52	772	1 282	1 260	1 617
With own children under 18 years	684	418	497	101	20	346	1 024	610	848
Number of own children under 18 years	1 230	653	966	187	39	643	2 004	1 177	1 566
Female householder, no husband present	160	34	309	27	24	179	60	158	194
With own children under 18 years	102	30	235	18	18	128	59	103	143
Number of own children under 18 years	143	46	383	27	32	232	95	174	233
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	2 482	886	1 788	385	123	1 380	3 430	2 041	2 442
Never married	586	142	466	71	43	393	1 084	480	526
Now married except separated	1 681	721	1 061	279	54	794	1 999	1 298	1 645
Separated	17	6	30	6	2	25	40	24	30
Widowed	59	2	35	7	2	25	1	50	28
Divorced	139	15	196	22	22	143	306	189	213
Females 15 years and over	2 957	781	2 025	422	119	1 487	1 727	2 150	2 467
Never married	569	48	383	60	35	310	278	383	418
Now married except separated	1 678	703	1 064	278	54	793	1 370	1 306	1 642
Separated	28	7	36	5	3	40	13	33	33
Widowed	419	8	209	46	12	129	7	243	117
Divorced	263	15	333	33	15	215	59	185	257

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County									
	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)
LAND AREA										
Square kilometers .....	.7	1.2	.9	.6	1.8	1.2	2.4	2.5	5.3	2.5
Square miles .....	.3	.5	.3	.2	.7	.4	.9	1.0	2.1	1.0
AGE										
All persons	481	2 130	5 710	8 042	3 718	3 348	3 624	558	5 766	4 780
Under 5 years	14	333	43	8	219	184	310	60	427	377
5 to 9 years	4	208	10	14	187	155	259	48	408	332
10 to 14 years	1	180	9	3	135	107	288	36	339	271
15 to 19 years	6	182	321	1 854	136	139	280	28	520	270
20 to 24 years	82	180	4 038	5 407	516	471	237	71	622	379
25 to 34 years	169	284	864	615	1 010	1 036	724	146	1 337	1 037
35 to 44 years	32	193	131	96	565	506	465	76	831	787
45 to 54 years	20	139	55	17	251	202	321	21	408	368
55 to 64 years	26	147	50	9	223	191	310	19	407	364
65 to 74 years	58	179	56	13	260	178	254	23	320	340
75 to 84 years	57	85	64	4	162	137	132	17	128	203
85 years and over	12	20	69	2	54	42	44	13	19	52
3 and 4 years	5	122	12	3	83	59	122	27	179	140
16 years and over	462	1 372	5 648	8 017	3 153	2 887	2 710	406	4 532	3 749
18 years and over	461	1 301	5 635	8 004	3 104	2 834	2 600	398	4 392	3 653
21 years and over	450	1 191	4 438	4 368	2 958	2 697	2 447	375	3 911	3 460
60 years and over	143	371	222	24	586	463	591	62	687	780
62 years and over	138	343	212	20	545	436	526	57	595	703
Median	31.3	24.5	22.2	21.2	31.0	30.1	31.1	27.1	29.0	32.2
Female	236	1 173	2 145	3 131	1 847	1 737	1 829	289	2 972	2 563
Under 5 years	4	143	23	4	104	90	140	36	208	198
5 to 9 years	—	104	5	3	97	78	121	21	178	176
10 to 14 years	1	91	6	—	59	54	136	15	161	129
15 to 19 years	2	98	138	630	76	68	134	13	264	144
20 to 24 years	41	111	1 504	2 241	246	250	125	41	336	214
25 to 34 years	68	173	246	211	452	508	348	70	689	552
35 to 44 years	10	105	45	27	262	234	246	36	438	394
45 to 54 years	7	83	19	5	133	112	151	10	225	186
55 to 64 years	11	91	21	3	128	101	166	8	217	202
65 to 74 years	39	102	34	5	151	108	147	13	167	204
75 to 84 years	41	57	42	1	100	102	82	14	77	129
85 years and over	12	15	62	1	39	32	33	12	12	35
3 and 4 years	1	62	7	2	45	27	48	15	79	75
16 years and over	231	819	2 111	3 124	1 576	1 509	1 406	215	2 398	2 032
18 years and over	231	786	2 105	3 121	1 545	1 481	1 357	211	2 329	1 976
21 years and over	225	714	1 624	1 796	1 470	1 407	1 276	197	2 074	1 871
60 years and over	99	224	153	8	357	299	358	43	376	466
62 years and over	96	208	151	7	339	286	326	41	328	420
Median	37.0	26.7	21.9	21.3	31.9	30.3	32.2	27.6	29.7	32.3
Male	245	957	3 565	4 911	1 871	1 611	1 795	269	2 794	2 217
Median age	30.0	20.9	22.3	21.1	30.3	29.9	29.6	26.8	28.2	32.0
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons	481	2 130	5 710	8 042	3 718	3 348	3 624	558	5 766	4 780
In households	450	2 110	5 485	3 950	3 718	3 325	3 595	509	5 766	4 698
Householder	334	754	2 785	1 754	1 874	1 874	1 446	198	2 400	2 180
Family householder	45	520	228	80	794	592	886	129	1 430	1 204
Nonfamily householder	289	234	2 557	1 674	1 080	1 279	560	69	970	976
Living alone	254	200	1 296	725	810	1 048	457	45	674	792
Spouse	36	184	136	44	649	429	519	90	1 052	936
Child	19	836	68	11	695	569	1 135	165	1 541	1 184
Other relatives	6	235	84	34	89	102	229	17	251	126
Nonrelatives	55	101	2 412	2 107	411	354	266	39	522	272
Institutionalized persons	—	—	85	—	—	—	29	49	—	82
Other persons in group quarters	31	20	140	4 092	—	23	—	—	—	—
Persons per household	1.35	2.80	1.97	2.25	1.98	1.78	2.49	2.57	2.40	2.16
Persons per family	2.36	3.41	2.26	2.11	2.80	2.86	3.13	3.11	2.99	2.87
Persons 65 years and over	127	284	189	19	476	357	430	53	467	595
In households	127	284	106	14	476	356	402	11	467	595
Householder	108	217	88	9	337	266	284	7	314	421
Nonfamily householder	97	106	68	4	157	176	145	2	121	217
Living alone	94	95	67	4	152	167	138	2	114	211
Spouse	10	44	14	4	122	71	81	3	114	151
Other relatives	2	14	2	—	13	10	27	—	36	20
Nonrelatives	7	9	2	1	4	9	10	1	3	3
Institutionalized persons	—	—	83	—	—	—	28	42	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	5	—	1	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families	45	520	228	80	794	592	886	129	1 430	1 204
With own children under 18 years	16	289	40	7	323	259	453	87	657	563
Number of own children under 18 years	19	643	52	11	573	454	879	147	1 215	989
Married-couple families	36	184	136	44	649	429	519	90	1 052	936
With own children under 18 years	8	64	20	4	252	170	225	56	445	389
Number of own children under 18 years	9	157	29	4	471	314	457	98	834	696
Female householder, no husband present	7	293	46	16	110	132	281	30	309	227
With own children under 18 years	6	205	15	1	57	76	181	23	178	155
Number of own children under 18 years	8	455	17	2	79	124	350	38	327	261
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over	231	574	3 537	4 893	1 590	1 387	1 335	197	2 167	1 740
Never married	141	257	3 230	4 750	739	746	512	62	804	561
Now married, except separated	46	194	206	106	680	447	543	96	1 095	956
Separated	5	20	24	11	22	28	46	3	26	18
Widowed	11	37	17	2	24	19	43	5	29	35
Divorced	28	66	60	24	125	147	191	31	213	170
Females 15 years and over	231	835	2 111	3 124	1 587	1 515	1 432	217	2 425	2 061
Never married	91	343	1 788	3 047	566	669	401	57	780	590
Now married, except separated	40	209	168	62	671	463	541	92	1 089	964
Separated	9	35	6	3	18	33	51	5	49	31
Widowed	59	138	103	1	170	148	211	33	162	191
Divorced	32	110	46	11	162	202	228	30	345	271

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County—Con.							Rantoul village, Champaign County		
	Tract 11	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 106.02 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.01 (pt.)	Tract 102.02 (pt.)
LAND AREA										
Square kilometers	2.6	3.1	2.9	4.4	1.3	—	.1	3.6	1.4	6
Square miles	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.7	.5	—	—	1.4	.5	.2
AGE										
All persons	3 864	6 769	5 196	6 104	3 382	27	3	5 014	979	318
Under 5 years	269	588	541	415	—	2	—	403	53	24
5 to 9 years	245	540	535	448	—	1	1	444	70	25
10 to 14 years	197	453	410	378	—	4	—	419	59	27
15 to 19 years	171	467	300	360	2 395	2	—	365	54	22
20 to 24 years	147	536	198	345	973	3	—	391	52	36
25 to 34 years	556	1 499	948	965	11	6	2	946	122	51
35 to 44 years	685	1 092	1 146	1 168	1	5	—	699	142	42
45 to 54 years	423	586	516	800	—	—	—	465	129	27
55 to 64 years	448	472	331	573	—	3	—	416	155	28
65 to 74 years	421	301	161	419	2	—	—	317	96	21
75 to 84 years	235	190	71	194	—	1	—	118	41	12
85 years and over	67	45	39	39	—	—	—	31	6	3
3 and 4 years	109	239	215	161	—	—	—	170	30	8
16 years and over	3 110	5 086	3 644	4 789	3 381	20	2	3 678	785	239
18 years and over	3 037	4 917	3 509	4 622	3 355	19	2	3 530	756	228
21 years and over	2 961	4 637	3 366	4 459	3 68	18	2	3 302	730	214
60 years and over	970	752	408	930	2	2	—	659	220	49
62 years and over	854	669	350	810	2	2	—	563	185	45
Median	39.5	30.3	32.1	36.2	19.5	26.2	26.5	30.2	40.9	28.8
Female	2 016	3 527	2 626	3 185	1 342	11	2	2 592	509	158
Under 5 years	135	308	263	202	—	1	—	185	26	9
5 to 9 years	110	259	246	221	—	—	1	219	35	12
10 to 14 years	106	225	198	181	—	1	—	197	31	18
15 to 19 years	81	210	147	162	929	1	—	182	25	14
20 to 24 years	78	279	95	187	412	1	—	209	28	19
25 to 34 years	288	762	510	510	—	2	1	472	67	17
35 to 44 years	341	557	582	630	—	3	—	368	75	20
45 to 54 years	219	314	262	416	—	—	—	256	62	12
55 to 64 years	237	252	165	286	—	1	—	225	77	16
65 to 74 years	232	184	94	239	1	—	—	180	54	14
75 to 84 years	146	141	40	126	—	1	—	76	24	5
85 years and over	43	36	24	25	—	—	—	23	5	2
3 and 4 years	52	128	101	72	—	—	—	81	13	4
16 years and over	1 645	2 688	1 883	2 546	1 342	9	1	1 958	412	118
18 years and over	1 610	2 614	1 823	2 473	1 327	8	1	1 881	399	110
21 years and over	1 573	2 482	1 749	2 393	149	8	1	1 764	385	105
60 years and over	466	466	229	531	1	2	—	385	114	30
62 years and over	494	427	201	472	1	2	—	335	103	27
Median	40.3	31.3	32.6	36.9	19.5	33.5	20.0	31.5	41.3	28.0
Male	1 848	3 242	2 570	2 919	2 040	16	1	2 422	470	160
Median age	38.7	29.4	31.4	35.3	19.4	25.0	26.5	28.7	40.3	29.0
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons	3 864	6 769	5 196	6 104	3 382	27	3	5 014	979	318
In households	3 864	6 769	5 120	6 104	—	27	3	5 014	979	318
Householder	1 654	2 619	1 758	2 533	—	12	1	2 029	405	140
Family householder	1 178	1 786	1 441	1 714	—	5	1	1 382	302	79
Nonfamily householder	476	833	317	819	—	7	—	647	103	61
Living alone	404	628	271	660	—	4	—	543	96	52
Spouse	1 050	1 433	1 272	1 524	—	2	1	1 019	271	52
Child	989	2 156	1 918	1 728	—	8	1	1 660	276	94
Other relatives	62	191	76	96	—	—	—	100	16	6
Nonrelatives	109	370	96	223	—	4	—	206	11	26
Institutionalized persons	—	—	76	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	3 382	—	—	—	—	—
Persons per household	2.34	2.58	2.91	2.41	—	2.25	3.00	2.47	2.42	2.27
Persons per family	2.78	3.12	3.27	2.95	—	3.20	3.00	3.01	2.86	2.92
Persons 65 years and over	723	536	271	652	2	1	—	466	143	36
In households	723	536	211	652	—	1	—	466	143	36
Householder	477	389	147	447	—	1	—	335	91	23
Nonfamily householder	179	240	63	209	—	1	—	172	33	9
Living alone	174	234	63	201	—	1	—	170	32	8
Spouse	226	108	46	177	—	—	—	107	46	11
Other relatives	16	31	17	23	—	—	—	19	5	—
Nonrelatives	4	8	1	5	—	—	—	5	1	2
Institutionalized persons	—	—	60	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families	1 178	1 786	1 441	1 714	—	5	1	1 382	302	79
With own children under 18 years	461	942	896	784	—	4	1	767	121	39
Number of own children under 18 years	802	1 760	1 646	1 437	—	7	1	1 406	217	73
Married-couple families	1 050	1 433	1 272	1 524	—	2	1	1 019	271	52
With own children under 18 years	401	713	789	674	—	1	1	493	100	20
Number of own children under 18 years	711	1 378	1 471	1 275	—	2	1	957	186	39
Female householder, no husband present	101	283	129	157	—	3	—	303	26	24
With own children under 18 years	47	193	81	100	—	3	—	231	18	18
Number of own children under 18 years	77	320	138	148	—	5	—	378	27	32
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over	1 488	2 453	1 791	2 282	2 040	11	1	1 757	380	123
Never married	306	740	378	576	2 026	7	—	453	70	43
Now married, except separated	1 067	1 460	1 291	1 543	11	2	1	1 048	275	54
Separated	8	29	12	19	—	—	—	30	6	2
Widowed	26	24	23	37	2	—	—	35	7	2
Divorced	81	200	87	107	—	2	—	191	22	22
Females 15 years and over	1 665	2 735	1 919	2 581	1 342	9	1	1 991	417	119
Never married	244	639	320	524	1 339	3	—	374	60	35
Now married, except separated	1 065	1 470	1 294	1 560	3	2	1	1 050	274	54
Separated	10	39	20	35	—	1	—	36	5	3
Widowed	202	244	117	220	—	1	—	205	45	12
Divorced	144	343	168	242	—	2	—	326	33	15

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Rantoul village, Champaign County—Can.			Urbana city, Champaign County						
	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 51	Tract 52	Tract 53 (pt.)
LAND AREA										
Square kilometers	2.0	7.4	2.0	—	—	—	—	.4	.7	3.4
Square miles .....	.8	2.9	.8	—	—	—	—	.2	.3	1.3
AGE										
All persons	3 716	7 185	—	—	—	—	—	207	2 214	2 746
Under 5 years	271	863	—	—	—	—	—	5	50	220
5 to 9 years	257	709	—	—	—	—	—	3	32	196
10 to 14 years	321	456	—	—	—	—	—	3	20	207
15 to 19 years	267	562	—	—	—	—	—	18	85	194
20 to 24 years	281	1 103	—	—	—	—	—	38	1 059	231
25 to 34 years	716	2 113	—	—	—	—	—	73	686	493
35 to 44 years	549	1 114	—	—	—	—	—	34	146	334
45 to 54 years	368	247	—	—	—	—	—	8	51	256
55 to 64 years	347	9	—	—	—	—	—	9	27	231
65 to 74 years	236	6	—	—	—	—	—	12	25	169
75 to 84 years	81	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	25	136
85 years and over	22	2	—	—	—	—	—	3	8	79
3 and 4 years	112	341	—	—	—	—	—	1	17	81
16 years and over	2 813	5 103	—	—	—	—	—	196	2 107	2 089
18 years and over	2 704	5 007	—	—	—	—	—	193	2 095	2 014
21 years and over	2 550	4 377	—	—	—	—	—	170	1 824	1 881
60 years and over	492	11	—	—	—	—	—	20	73	504
62 years and over	436	9	—	—	—	—	—	18	69	461
Median	31.0	24.4	—	—	—	—	—	28.9	24.1	31.2
Female	1 894	2 684	—	—	—	—	—	51	791	1 473
Under 5 years	127	400	—	—	—	—	—	2	26	114
5 to 9 years	123	345	—	—	—	—	—	2	16	91
10 to 14 years	157	212	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	103
15 to 19 years	124	210	—	—	—	—	—	2	37	98
20 to 24 years	150	380	—	—	—	—	—	10	339	107
25 to 34 years	347	811	—	—	—	—	—	12	227	253
35 to 44 years	289	275	—	—	—	—	—	8	57	181
45 to 54 years	203	40	—	—	—	—	—	3	24	139
55 to 64 years	187	5	—	—	—	—	—	3	12	124
65 to 74 years	122	5	—	—	—	—	—	5	17	102
75 to 84 years	50	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	18	97
85 years and over	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	7	64
3 and 4 years	49	180	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	41
16 years and over	1 461	1 701	—	—	—	—	—	47	734	1 151
18 years and over	1 415	1 653	—	—	—	—	—	45	728	1 115
21 years and over	1 340	1 446	—	—	—	—	—	44	626	1 048
60 years and over	271	6	—	—	—	—	—	11	49	328
62 years and over	239	6	—	—	—	—	—	11	45	303
Median	32.4	22.6	—	—	—	—	—	33.8	24.3	34.0
Male	1 822	4 501	—	—	—	—	—	156	1 423	1 273
Median age	30.0	25.6	—	—	—	—	—	28.2	24.0	28.9
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons	3 716	7 185	—	—	—	—	—	207	2 214	2 746
In households	3 716	4 970	—	—	—	—	—	118	2 204	2 550
Householder	1 491	1 396	—	—	—	—	—	91	1 147	1 003
Family householder	1 005	1 369	—	—	—	—	—	14	217	607
Nonfamily householder	486	27	—	—	—	—	—	77	930	396
Living alone	401	22	—	—	—	—	—	74	484	304
Spouse	772	1 282	—	—	—	—	—	10	158	320
Child	1 178	2 200	—	—	—	—	—	11	116	777
Other relatives	84	48	—	—	—	—	—	2	49	216
Nonrelatives	191	44	—	—	—	—	—	4	734	234
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	89	—	174
Other persons in group quarters	—	2 215	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	22
Persons per household	2.49	3.56	—	—	—	—	—	1.30	1.92	2.54
Persons per family	3.02	3.58	—	—	—	—	—	2.64	2.49	3.16
Persons 65 years and over	339	9	—	—	—	—	—	16	58	384
In households	339	9	—	—	—	—	—	15	58	239
Householder	234	1	—	—	—	—	—	14	47	178
Nonfamily householder	96	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	36	88
Living alone	94	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	33	82
Spouse	86	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	44
Other relatives	14	7	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	11
Nonrelatives	5	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	6
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	145
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families	1 005	1 369	—	—	—	—	—	14	217	607
With own children under 18 years	508	1 109	—	—	—	—	—	7	61	282
Number of own children under 18 years	934	2 143	—	—	—	—	—	11	98	540
Married-couple families	772	1 282	—	—	—	—	—	10	158	320
With own children under 18 years	346	1 024	—	—	—	—	—	4	42	124
Number of own children under 18 years	643	2 004	—	—	—	—	—	7	72	231
Female householder, no husband present	179	60	—	—	—	—	—	4	33	233
With own children under 18 years	128	59	—	—	—	—	—	3	17	134
Number of own children under 18 years	232	95	—	—	—	—	—	4	24	269
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over	1 380	3 430	—	—	—	—	—	149	1 374	958
Never married	393	1 084	—	—	—	—	—	86	1 124	418
Now married, except separated	794	1 999	—	—	—	—	—	28	190	352
Separated	25	40	—	—	—	—	—	9	14	32
Widowed	25	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	48
Divorced	143	306	—	—	—	—	—	26	42	108
Females 15 years and over	1 487	1 727	—	—	—	—	—	47	738	1 165
Never married	310	278	—	—	—	—	—	19	475	369
Now married, except separated	793	1 370	—	—	—	—	—	11	178	356
Separated	40	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	45
Widowed	129	7	—	—	—	—	—	5	35	214
Divorced	215	59	—	—	—	—	—	12	42	181

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Urbana city, Champaign County—Con.							
	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 55 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 58	Tract 59	Tract 60 (pt.)	Tract 106.02 (pt.)
LAND AREA								
Square kilometers	3.0	2.4	1.6	4.4	1.5	1.3	1.3	.3
Square miles	1.1	.9	.6	1.7	.6	.5	.5	.1
AGE								
All persons	2 362	3 037	4 582	6 217	4 128	8 582	2 268	1
Under 5 years	200	208	380	411	207	48	360	—
5 to 9 years	147	158	337	404	214	15	229	—
10 to 14 years	122	109	257	313	143	12	86	—
15 to 19 years	136	116	209	298	243	3 659	56	—
20 to 24 years	364	273	418	343	991	3 751	143	—
25 to 34 years	723	726	1 062	1 065	839	800	984	—
35 to 44 years	272	416	712	1 019	595	124	307	—
45 to 54 years	135	206	361	652	292	75	61	—
55 to 64 years	116	197	339	642	211	40	32	—
65 to 74 years	97	227	311	572	193	36	6	—
75 to 84 years	46	227	152	361	147	18	4	—
85 years and over	4	174	44	137	53	4	—	1
3 and 4 years	76	78	140	169	71	14	129	—
16 years and over	1 874	2 540	3 559	5 024	3 535	8 504	1 583	1
18 years and over	1 825	2 496	3 473	4 885	3 482	8 447	1 570	1
21 years and over	1 724	2 400	3 332	4 729	3 092	3 169	1 508	1
60 years and over	200	734	687	1 417	490	76	21	1
62 years and over	184	689	615	1 275	453	68	16	1
Median	26.8	34.1	31.2	37.3	27.5	20.3	28.6	88.5
Female	1 203	1 650	2 437	3 345	2 001	4 562	1 062	1
Under 5 years	99	102	186	219	98	19	173	—
5 to 9 years	72	82	164	203	100	5	103	—
10 to 14 years	52	56	116	154	73	6	43	—
15 to 19 years	76	62	108	138	119	2 096	17	—
20 to 24 years	199	137	210	191	459	1 989	58	—
25 to 34 years	347	348	551	566	368	298	516	—
35 to 44 years	130	195	367	520	289	48	105	—
45 to 54 years	72	116	206	344	143	40	25	—
55 to 64 years	68	103	191	333	107	22	15	—
65 to 74 years	58	136	203	330	110	24	5	—
75 to 84 years	27	162	104	236	93	13	2	—
85 years and over	3	151	31	111	42	2	—	1
3 and 4 years	36	34	65	91	36	6	59	—
16 years and over	968	1 399	1 949	2 739	1 716	4 530	737	1
18 years and over	941	1 377	1 897	2 676	1 687	4 498	732	1
21 years and over	885	1 323	1 828	2 597	1 500	1 479	722	1
60 years and over	122	505	437	865	294	52	13	1
62 years and over	111	481	402	783	277	46	11	1
Median	26.8	36.5	32.7	38.3	28.6	20.2	28.0	88.5
Male	1 159	1 387	2 145	2 872	2 127	4 020	1 206	—
Median age	26.8	32.2	29.7	36.3	26.7	20.6	29.2	—
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP								
All persons	2 362	3 037	4 582	6 217	4 128	8 582	2 268	1
In households	2 234	2 782	4 582	6 217	3 982	2 144	2 188	1
Householder	1 173	1 356	2 058	2 842	1 701	1 056	782	1
Family householder	534	667	1 220	1 724	759	203	684	—
Nonfamily householder	639	689	838	1 118	942	853	98	1
Living alone	544	562	660	989	556	428	80	1
Spouse	336	514	913	1 514	666	164	634	—
Child	537	592	1 245	1 578	737	90	711	—
Other relatives	51	85	108	101	44	32	33	—
Nonrelatives	137	235	258	182	834	802	28	—
Institutionalized persons	128	247	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	8	—	—	146	6 438	80	—
Persons per household	1.90	2.05	2.23	2.19	2.34	2.03	2.80	1.00
Persons per family	2.73	2.79	2.86	2.85	2.91	2.41	3.01	—
Persons 65 years and over	147	628	507	1 070	393	58	10	1
In households	146	387	507	1 070	393	55	10	1
Householder	108	286	374	788	269	40	1	1
Nonfamily householder	49	178	219	478	131	24	—	1
Living alone	49	171	217	472	121	20	—	1
Spouse	33	77	115	239	110	11	1	—
Other relatives	4	18	16	37	9	3	8	—
Nonrelatives	1	6	2	6	5	1	—	—
Institutionalized persons	1	241	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN								
Families	534	667	1 220	1 724	759	203	684	—
With own children under 18 years	243	291	616	756	338	54	449	—
Number of own children under 18 years	455	483	1 054	1 293	631	77	697	—
Married-couple families	336	514	913	1 514	666	164	634	—
With own children under 18 years	97	197	397	630	294	46	410	—
Number of own children under 18 years	193	332	725	1 122	654	66	639	—
Female householder, no husband present	174	108	260	153	65	27	33	—
With own children under 18 years	132	72	191	99	33	5	30	—
Number of own children under 18 years	242	112	297	139	51	7	46	—
MARITAL STATUS								
Males 15 years and over	913	1 152	1 637	2 320	1 834	3 975	850	—
Never married	403	447	562	545	1 048	3 695	137	—
Now married, except separated	371	548	936	1 566	691	248	695	—
Separated	22	16	10	17	5	6	6	—
Widowed	13	40	26	57	22	2	1	—
Divorced	104	101	103	135	68	24	11	—
Females 15 years and over	980	1 410	1 971	2 769	1 730	4 532	743	1
Never married	390	347	486	538	803	4 257	42	—
Now married, except separated	360	549	943	1 560	693	219	675	—
Separated	25	16	39	27	17	10	7	—
Widowed	63	301	219	386	108	20	6	1
Divorced	142	197	284	258	109	26	13	—

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County								
	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)
LAND AREA									
Square kilometers .....	.2	.2	7.1	16.8	.1	.8	33.9	7.5	4.3
Square miles .....	.1	.1	2.7	6.5	—	.3	13.1	2.9	1.7
AGE									
All persons	—	60	1 142	1 072	—	1	3 541	2 499	1 296
Under 5 years	—	3	73	86	—	—	234	129	169
5 to 9 years	—	—	82	60	—	—	263	155	96
10 to 14 years	—	—	94	44	—	—	282	144	57
15 to 19 years	—	7	88	46	—	—	256	134	61
20 to 24 years	—	18	98	98	—	—	179	106	164
25 to 34 years	—	18	210	285	—	—	549	281	455
35 to 44 years	—	10	200	178	—	—	693	426	170
45 to 54 years	—	3	130	96	—	1	514	321	55
55 to 64 years	—	—	74	75	—	—	338	290	40
65 to 74 years	—	—	64	64	—	—	171	214	26
75 to 84 years	—	1	26	30	—	—	51	190	3
85 years and over	—	—	3	10	—	—	11	109	—
3 and 4 years	—	1	23	24	—	—	93	58	65
16 years and over	—	55	877	875	—	1	2 712	2 038	966
18 years and over	—	55	833	861	—	1	2 587	1 971	932
21 years and over	—	46	777	817	—	1	2 473	1 919	908
60 years and over	—	1	128	146	—	—	393	647	51
62 years and over	—	1	109	128	—	—	322	592	44
Median	—	25.7	31.1	32.1	—	46.5	35.1	42.2	26.7
Female	—	27	576	536	—	1	1 825	1 346	689
Under 5 years	—	1	32	39	—	—	132	64	83
5 to 9 years	—	—	42	31	—	—	132	78	47
10 to 14 years	—	—	40	24	—	—	143	81	26
15 to 19 years	—	5	50	23	—	—	122	65	36
20 to 24 years	—	8	52	55	—	—	93	55	86
25 to 34 years	—	7	102	143	—	—	296	146	239
35 to 44 years	—	4	111	78	—	—	370	228	98
45 to 54 years	—	1	62	45	—	1	259	167	31
55 to 64 years	—	—	42	41	—	—	145	148	24
65 to 74 years	—	—	27	30	—	—	95	110	16
75 to 84 years	—	1	13	18	—	—	31	130	3
85 years and over	—	—	3	9	—	—	7	74	—
3 and 4 years	—	—	7	9	—	—	49	37	30
16 years and over	—	24	455	440	—	1	1 394	1 109	529
18 years and over	—	24	423	433	—	1	1 334	1 073	509
21 years and over	—	20	397	406	—	1	1 279	1 051	495
60 years and over	—	1	65	79	—	—	203	389	34
62 years and over	—	1	52	70	—	—	169	355	31
Median	—	24.8	31.4	31.9	—	46.5	34.8	42.7	27.3
Male	—	33	566	536	—	—	1 716	1 153	607
Median age	—	25.8	30.4	32.3	—	—	35.4	41.7	26.1
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	—	60	1 142	1 072	—	1	3 541	2 499	1 296
In households	—	60	1 142	1 072	—	1	3 541	2 267	1 296
Householder	—	46	435	467	—	1	1 325	917	541
Family householder	—	6	315	293	—	—	1 027	674	339
Nonfamily householder	—	40	120	174	—	1	298	243	202
Living alone	—	35	88	129	—	1	238	211	135
Spouse	—	2	227	250	—	—	940	630	264
Child	—	5	363	260	—	—	1 097	645	390
Other relatives	—	1	52	27	—	—	73	33	19
Nonrelatives	—	6	65	68	—	—	106	42	82
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	232	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons per household	—	1.30	2.63	2.30	—	1.00	2.67	2.47	2.40
Persons per family	—	2.33	3.04	2.83	—	—	3.05	2.94	2.99
Persons 65 years and over	—	1	93	104	—	—	233	513	29
In households	—	1	93	104	—	—	233	294	29
Householder	—	1	60	69	—	—	138	199	22
Nonfamily householder	—	—	17	29	—	—	44	89	12
Living alone	—	—	17	29	—	—	43	87	12
Spouse	—	—	31	23	—	—	80	83	6
Other relatives	—	—	2	9	—	—	14	12	1
Nonrelatives	—	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	219	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	—	6	315	293	—	—	1 027	674	339
With own children under 18 years	—	3	143	129	—	—	513	288	212
Number of own children under 18 years	—	4	262	201	—	—	914	518	357
Married-couple families	—	2	227	250	—	—	940	630	264
With own children under 18 years	—	—	95	108	—	—	454	266	152
Number of own children under 18 years	—	—	177	172	—	—	825	490	272
Female householder, no husband present	—	4	62	24	—	—	60	36	68
With own children under 18 years	—	3	38	15	—	—	44	18	57
Number of own children under 18 years	—	4	72	20	—	—	73	24	81
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	—	31	431	440	—	—	1 344	948	441
Never married	—	24	131	130	—	—	291	174	151
Now married, except separated	—	2	237	261	—	—	959	670	270
Separated	—	2	9	5	—	—	10	9	4
Widowed	—	—	7	7	—	—	13	56	—
Divorced	—	3	47	37	—	—	71	39	16
Females 15 years and over	—	26	462	442	—	1	1 418	1 123	533
Never married	—	19	129	106	—	—	295	169	152
Now married, except separated	—	3	234	258	—	—	962	655	275
Separated	—	—	9	5	—	—	8	7	10
Widowed	—	1	29	32	—	—	66	215	11
Divorced	—	3	61	41	—	1	87	77	85

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County—Con.								
	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 55 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 60 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.01 (pt.)	Tract 102.02 (pt.)
LAND AREA									
Square kilometers	1.3	15.7	7.6	16.1	18.8	9.9	11.6	4.9	—
Square miles	.5	6.1	2.9	6.2	7.3	3.8	4.5	1.9	—
AGE									
All persons	165	4 976	2 399	609	440	86	83	11	—
Under 5 years	3	422	203	62	18	3	5	1	—
5 to 9 years	1	309	201	54	34	6	7	—	—
10 to 14 years	—	265	169	44	38	3	6	—	—
15 to 19 years	11	287	157	29	33	3	7	1	—
20 to 24 years	115	458	169	31	17	4	15	—	—
25 to 34 years	17	1 110	462	150	24	15	17	1	—
35 to 44 years	3	739	391	94	63	17	7	3	—
45 to 54 years	6	519	289	69	73	16	6	—	—
55 to 64 years	7	422	199	38	55	10	6	4	—
65 to 74 years	—	267	109	29	37	8	3	—	—
75 to 84 years	—	116	42	7	26	1	2	—	—
85 years and over	2	62	8	2	22	—	2	1	—
3 and 4 years	2	158	83	17	6	1	2	—	—
16 years and over	161	3 908	1 804	442	341	73	64	9	—
18 years and over	160	3 799	1 728	430	327	72	61	9	—
21 years and over	126	3 617	1 638	411	308	71	56	9	—
60 years and over	6	617	248	49	110	14	11	2	—
62 years and over	3	542	209	43	101	10	9	2	—
Median	22.4	31.2	31.7	31.2	44.2	39.5	27.3	41.5	—
Female	62	2 591	1 253	330	234	41	46	5	—
Under 5 years	—	207	100	33	11	1	3	—	—
5 to 9 years	1	169	108	27	18	1	4	—	—
10 to 14 years	—	131	84	28	17	1	5	—	—
15 to 19 years	3	149	74	13	12	3	2	—	—
20 to 24 years	44	249	104	15	7	3	11	—	—
25 to 34 years	5	547	234	84	16	7	8	1	—
35 to 44 years	1	374	209	51	35	8	2	1	—
45 to 54 years	3	282	160	35	37	9	4	—	—
55 to 64 years	4	221	94	19	24	4	3	2	—
65 to 74 years	—	137	57	19	20	3	1	—	—
75 to 84 years	—	78	22	5	19	1	2	—	—
85 years and over	1	47	7	1	18	—	1	1	—
3 and 4 years	—	81	38	9	2	—	1	—	—
16 years and over	61	2 046	953	238	184	37	34	5	—
18 years and over	61	1 995	917	235	180	36	33	5	—
21 years and over	48	1 897	871	224	174	35	31	5	—
60 years and over	3	356	126	32	67	5	7	1	—
62 years and over	1	317	107	29	65	4	6	1	—
Median	22.7	31.7	32.0	31.0	45.3	38.8	24.0	56.5	—
Male	103	2 385	1 146	279	206	45	37	6	—
Median age	22.2	30.7	31.4	31.4	42.7	39.8	29.3	40.5	—
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	165	4 976	2 399	609	440	86	83	11	—
In households	165	4 902	2 399	609	395	86	83	11	—
Householder	57	2 081	909	219	132	38	36	4	—
Family householder	7	1 351	664	165	122	26	23	4	—
Nonfamily householder	50	730	245	54	10	12	13	—	—
Living alone	10	558	178	39	10	8	13	—	—
Spouse	5	1 060	544	140	114	25	13	3	—
Child	7	1 350	758	203	142	16	25	2	—
Other relatives	2	122	72	20	4	3	4	2	—
Nonrelatives	94	289	116	27	3	4	5	—	—
Institutionalized persons	—	74	—	—	45	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons per household	2.89	2.36	2.64	2.78	2.99	2.26	2.31	2.75	—
Persons per family	3.00	2.87	3.07	3.20	3.13	2.69	2.83	2.75	—
Persons 65 years and over	2	445	159	38	85	9	7	1	—
In households	2	371	159	38	42	9	7	1	—
Householder	1	258	103	24	24	6	6	1	—
Nonfamily householder	—	111	46	11	3	3	3	—	—
Living alone	—	108	45	10	3	3	3	—	—
Spouse	1	95	44	12	17	3	1	—	—
Other relatives	—	15	9	2	1	—	—	—	—
Nonrelatives	—	3	3	—	—	—	—	—	—
Institutionalized persons	—	74	—	—	43	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	7	1 351	664	165	122	26	23	4	—
With own children under 18 years	2	657	348	92	57	8	11	1	—
Number of own children under 18 years	4	1 099	607	167	112	14	21	1	—
Married-couple families	5	1 060	544	140	114	25	13	3	—
With own children under 18 years	1	466	267	78	54	8	4	1	—
Number of own children under 18 years	1	787	485	140	108	14	9	1	—
Female householder, no husband present	1	224	91	21	7	1	6	1	—
With own children under 18 years	1	153	65	13	3	—	4	—	—
Number of own children under 18 years	3	256	101	26	4	—	5	—	—
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	100	1 896	865	207	162	36	31	5	—
Never married	91	511	204	49	41	5	13	1	—
Now married except separated	5	1 098	553	141	115	26	13	4	—
Separated	—	22	5	3	—	—	—	—	—
Widowed	—	33	23	2	2	1	—	—	—
Divorced	4	232	80	12	4	4	5	—	—
Females 15 years and over	61	2 084	961	242	188	38	34	5	—
Never married	53	457	195	57	31	6	9	—	—
Now married except separated	5	1 090	556	141	118	28	14	4	—
Separated	—	35	16	2	1	—	—	—	—
Widowed	1	190	55	16	33	2	4	1	—
Divorced	2	312	139	26	5	2	7	—	—

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County—Con.								
	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105	Tract 106.01	Tract 106.02 (pt.)	Tract 107	Tract 108	Tract 109
LAND AREA									
Square kilometers	1.8	1.2	464.0	375.5	33.4	311.8	282.0	415.5	469.9
Square miles .....	.7	.5	179.2	145.0	12.9	120.4	108.9	160.4	181.4
AGE									
All persons	—	—	5 443	3 690	4 512	6 595	5 565	4 400	7 382
Under 5 years	—	—	404	276	357	624	367	347	568
5 to 9 years	—	—	452	281	475	552	459	353	547
10 to 14 years	—	—	396	274	435	513	468	309	540
15 to 19 years	—	—	393	271	395	399	445	289	501
20 to 24 years	—	—	315	186	162	405	239	223	462
25 to 34 years	—	—	971	617	679	1 301	854	726	1 332
35 to 44 years	—	—	793	594	948	1 101	966	684	1 095
45 to 54 years	—	—	536	394	497	672	672	474	833
55 to 64 years	—	—	500	348	264	491	484	411	660
65 to 74 years	—	—	374	255	188	320	345	324	511
75 to 84 years	—	—	224	156	87	138	217	207	272
85 years and over	—	—	85	38	25	34	49	53	61
3 and 4 years	—	—	166	116	159	241	153	155	220
16 years and over	—	—	4 107	2 797	3 155	4 819	4 163	3 321	5 626
18 years and over	—	—	3 951	2 679	2 988	4 653	3 992	3 207	5 414
21 years and over	—	—	3 736	2 548	2 817	4 411	3 776	3 047	5 131
60 years and over	—	—	888	589	417	727	842	801	1 150
62 years and over	—	—	814	531	369	625	746	716	1 020
Median	—	—	32.8	34.0	32.3	31.0	34.5	34.4	32.9
Female									
Under 5 years	—	—	2 766	1 830	2 300	3 289	2 821	2 228	3 693
5 to 9 years	—	—	190	125	168	306	175	158	270
10 to 14 years	—	—	226	127	250	273	218	168	279
15 to 19 years	—	—	200	132	197	245	218	150	269
20 to 24 years	—	—	195	138	189	201	210	147	230
25 to 34 years	—	—	166	95	77	217	127	107	237
35 to 44 years	—	—	481	299	375	666	456	375	674
45 to 54 years	—	—	386	292	499	535	493	328	526
55 to 64 years	—	—	280	186	230	351	341	240	410
65 to 74 years	—	—	240	178	133	243	234	217	336
75 to 84 years	—	—	208	136	106	161	187	175	266
85 years and over	—	—	133	93	55	71	131	128	150
3 and 4 years	—	—	61	29	21	20	31	35	46
16 years and over	—	—	81	52	75	111	72	77	107
18 years and over	—	—	2 109	1 410	1 647	2 417	2 160	1 710	2 820
21 years and over	—	—	2 020	1 347	1 562	2 338	2 073	1 656	2 727
60 years and over	—	—	1 926	1 288	1 481	2 215	1 975	1 583	2 592
62 years and over	—	—	505	333	247	368	464	447	624
Median	—	—	464	300	222	324	423	403	554
Median age	—	—	33.4	35.0	32.9	30.9	35.2	35.3	33.1
Male									
Under 5 years	—	—	2 677	1 860	2 212	3 306	2 744	2 172	3 689
Median age	—	—	32.3	33.3	31.6	31.3	33.8	33.7	32.7
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	—	—	5 443	3 690	4 512	6 595	5 565	4 400	7 382
In households	—	—	5 360	3 690	4 512	6 593	5 551	4 400	7 381
Householder	—	—	2 023	1 358	1 512	2 439	2 048	1 666	2 802
Family householder	—	—	1 480	1 074	1 270	1 883	1 653	1 294	2 135
Nonfamily householder	—	—	543	284	242	556	395	372	667
Living alone	—	—	442	256	211	438	354	326	585
Spouse	—	—	1 260	969	1 125	1 616	1 474	1 138	1 863
Child	—	—	1 751	1 221	1 757	2 186	1 856	1 394	2 407
Other relatives	—	—	129	87	52	111	87	96	146
Nonrelatives	—	—	197	55	66	241	86	106	163
Institutionalized persons	—	—	83	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	2	14	—	1
Persons per household	—	—	2.65	2.72	2.98	2.70	2.71	2.64	2.63
Persons per family	—	—	3.12	3.12	3.31	3.08	3.07	3.03	3.07
Persons 65 years and over									
In households	—	—	683	449	300	492	611	584	844
Householder	—	—	600	449	300	491	611	584	844
Nonfamily householder	—	—	420	308	209	314	412	584	844
Living alone	—	—	191	133	110	104	178	180	259
Spouse	—	—	185	128	108	103	175	176	256
Other relatives	—	—	155	114	74	148	176	158	229
Nonrelatives	—	—	19	24	16	29	17	12	29
Institutionalized persons	—	—	6	3	1	—	2	2	2
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	83	—	—	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	—	—	1 480	1 074	1 270	1 883	1 653	1 294	2 135
With own children under 18 years	—	—	746	526	790	1 035	835	604	1 032
Number of own children under 18 years	—	—	1 405	973	1 486	1 857	1 524	1 134	1 876
Married-couple families	—	—	1 260	969	1 125	1 616	1 474	1 138	1 863
With own children under 18 years	—	—	610	472	683	847	717	518	877
Number of own children under 18 years	—	—	1 177	890	1 306	1 565	1 344	1 000	1 636
Female householder, no husband present	—	—	158	73	107	194	137	106	176
With own children under 18 years	—	—	103	42	84	143	95	58	109
Number of own children under 18 years	—	—	174	68	140	233	148	90	149
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	—	—	2 041	1 413	1 560	2 441	2 061	1 639	2 852
Never married	—	—	480	308	320	526	414	353	712
Now married, except separated	—	—	1 298	992	1 135	1 644	1 486	1 151	1 895
Separated	—	—	24	12	13	30	11	6	28
Widowed	—	—	50	35	25	28	34	35	57
Divorced	—	—	189	66	67	213	116	94	160
Females 15 years and over	—	—	2 150	1 446	1 685	2 465	2 210	1 752	2 875
Never married	—	—	383	231	272	418	355	260	497
Now married, except separated	—	—	1 306	985	1 135	1 641	1 491	1 164	1 894
Separated	—	—	33	4	12	33	12	12	24
Widowed	—	—	243	147	131	116	203	203	249
Divorced	—	—	185	79	135	257	148	113	211

Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County				
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9
AGE										
All persons	146 506	146 506	51 254	14 065	27 527	4 542	7 032	2 064	1 174	4 990
Under 5 years	9 441	9 441	2 747	1 279	1 335	24	7	145	72	350
5 to 9 years	8 965	8 965	2 460	1 168	1 188	4	7	119	65	261
10 to 14 years	7 582	7 582	1 881	999	849	6	3	99	70	163
15 to 19 years	13 975	13 975	5 759	1 009	3 582	243	1 678	109	62	367
20 to 24 years	22 755	22 755	11 983	1 469	6 006	3 402	4 846	133	129	577
25 to 34 years	27 086	27 086	9 030	3 241	5 239	531	399	448	255	1 312
35 to 44 years	20 396	20 396	6 374	2 073	3 120	80	58	266	192	699
45 to 54 years	12 130	12 130	3 406	1 047	1 667	43	10	187	121	356
55 to 64 years	10 035	10 035	3 061	838	1 527	40	7	217	78	407
65 to 74 years	8 000	8 000	2 595	637	1 487	49	12	189	74	338
75 to 84 years	4 555	4 555	1 489	243	1 041	52	3	114	41	138
85 years and over	1 586	1 586	469	62	486	68	2	38	15	22
3 and 4 years	3 726	3 726	1 073	514	498	8	3	66	23	125
16 years and over	119 037	119 037	43 801	10 470	23 989	4 508	7 015	1 673	954	4 189
18 years and over	116 118	116 118	43 043	10 166	23 641	4 501	7 005	1 633	930	4 109
21 years and over	100 394	100 394	35 044	9 324	18 724	3 518	3 713	1 567	877	3 700
60 years and over	19 010	19 010	6 105	1 341	3 819	195	21	464	168	723
62 years and over	17 014	17 014	5 474	1 168	3 504	189	18	413	147	630
Median	28.7	28.7	25.7	28.1	26.2	22.0	21.1	34.5	31.7	30.5
Female										
Under 5 years	72 397	72 397	24 572	6 390	14 105	1 683	2 694	1 042	586	2 561
5 to 9 years	4 565	4 565	1 345	581	686	11	4	64	36	165
10 to 14 years	4 405	4 405	1 182	569	582	2	2	52	28	120
15 to 19 years	3 666	3 666	901	485	400	6	—	41	24	72
20 to 24 years	6 525	6 525	2 370	429	1 939	101	562	56	38	196
25 to 34 years	10 379	10 379	5 125	620	2 906	1 244	1 989	65	68	331
35 to 44 years	12 974	12 974	4 291	1 387	2 394	134	112	208	121	656
45 to 54 years	9 960	9 960	3 172	836	1 502	27	13	136	97	350
55 to 64 years	6 185	6 185	1 766	489	891	15	3	88	57	183
65 to 74 years	5 148	5 148	1 601	445	806	16	2	116	41	217
75 to 84 years	4 488	4 488	1 497	355	894	31	5	112	35	173
85 years and over	2 898	2 898	974	149	702	35	1	75	27	79
Median	1 204	1 204	348	45	403	61	1	29	14	19
3 and 4 years	1 787	1 787	508	249	246	4	2	28	10	50
16 years and over	59 030	59 030	20 970	4 685	12 361	1 664	2 688	870	492	2 195
18 years and over	57 584	57 584	20 603	4 542	12 181	1 660	2 686	851	473	2 152
21 years and over	50 389	50 389	17 360	4 210	9 498	1 277	1 505	817	445	1 917
60 years and over	11 124	11 124	3 625	755	2 435	137	8	288	99	390
62 years and over	10 117	10 117	3 322	671	2 261	137	7	265	85	343
Median	30.0	30.0	28.0	28.6	26.9	21.8	21.2	37.1	32.4	30.7
Male										
Under 5 years	74 109	74 109	26 682	7 675	13 422	2 859	4 338	1 022	588	2 429
Median age	27.5	27.5	24.1	27.8	25.7	22.2	21.0	32.9	31.1	30.3
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons	146 506	146 506	51 254	14 065	27 527	4 542	7 032	2 064	1 174	4 990
In households	132 378	132 378	44 624	12 316	22 217	4 339	3 431	2 035	1 132	4 990
Householder	55 650	55 650	20 070	4 642	10 619	2 172	1 476	933	485	2 276
Family householder	33 526	33 526	9 762	3 496	5 006	138	64	529	319	1 278
Nonfamily householder	22 124	22 124	10 308	1 146	5 613	2 034	1 412	404	166	998
Living alone	16 046	16 046	6 939	970	4 017	971	567	337	117	695
Spouse	28 523	28 523	8 244	2 874	4 125	79	32	393	251	1 086
Child	34 914	34 914	9 385	4 263	4 354	37	8	497	286	1 031
Other relatives	2 371	2 371	808	169	378	50	29	82	36	126
Nonrelatives	10 920	10 920	6 117	368	2 741	2 001	1 886	130	74	471
Institutionalized persons	1 210	1 210	290	—	496	84	—	29	42	—
Other persons in group quarters	12 918	12 918	6 340	1 749	4 814	119	3 601	—	—	—
Persons per household	2.39	2.39	2.24	2.69	2.11	2.03	2.33	2.19	2.37	2.20
Persons per family	2.98	2.98	2.90	3.13	2.80	2.24	2.09	2.83	2.83	2.77
Persons 65 years and over	14 141	14 141	4 553	942	3 014	169	17	341	130	498
In households	13 158	13 158	4 347	942	2 647	87	13	313	93	498
Householder	9 211	9 211	3 062	652	1 949	70	8	219	60	341
Nonfamily householder	4 498	4 498	1 553	294	1 142	52	3	113	18	139
Living alone	4 380	4 380	1 507	288	1 108	52	3	109	18	133
Spouse	3 381	3 381	1 089	240	605	14	4	72	32	127
Other relatives	463	463	152	36	73	1	—	17	1	25
Nonrelatives	103	103	44	14	20	2	1	5	—	5
Institutionalized persons	972	972	199	—	364	82	—	28	37	—
Other persons in group quarters	11	11	7	—	3	—	4	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families	33 526	33 526	9 762	3 496	5 006	138	64	529	319	1 278
With own children under 18 years	16 284	16 284	4 410	2 070	2 141	21	5	229	142	499
Number of own children under 18 years	28 932	28 932	7 751	3 769	3 633	27	8	392	219	806
Married-couple families	28 639	28 639	8 246	2 945	4 176	85	34	383	251	1 080
With own children under 18 years	13 356	13 356	3 603	1 667	1 666	11	3	146	106	411
Number of own children under 18 years	24 573	24 573	6 582	3 140	2 976	17	3	269	172	681
Female householder, no husband present	3 660	3 660	1 172	431	623	25	15	104	45	151
With own children under 18 years	2 310	2 310	660	318	379	7	1	61	24	71
Number of own children under 18 years	3 462	3 462	962	487	525	7	2	93	32	104
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over	60 757	60 757	23 022	5 864	11 718	2 844	4 327	816	469	2 012
Never married	25 661	25 661	12 908	1 611	6 507	2 647	4 231	258	126	660
Now married, except separated	29 953	29 953	8 490	3 551	4 369	120	68	401	264	1 106
Separated	493	493	153	82	82	17	9	13	6	16
Widowed	885	885	248	66	172	10	1	26	9	24
Divorced	3 765	3 765	1 223	554	588	50	18	118	64	206
Females 15 years and over	59 761	59 761	21 144	4 755	12 437	1 664	2 688	885	498	2 204
Never married	19 382	19 382	8 963	786	5 767	1 431	2 634	171	112	640
Now married, except separated	29 363	29 363	8 490	2 989	4 329	99	41	402	257	1 121
Separated	579	579	194	73	112	4	3	17	9	23
Widowed	5 111	5 111	1 643	370	1 192	91	1	154	56	146
Divorced	5 326	5 326	1 854	537	1 037	39	9	141	64	274

Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.								
	Tract 10	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 53	Tract 54	Tract 55	Tract 56
AGE									
All persons	4 298	5 669	8 000	7 956	3 569	1 161	6 473	4 959	4 439
Under 5 years	315	485	701	496	111	70	485	341	338
5 to 9 years	264	428	724	549	74	56	351	309	301
10 to 14 years	227	340	594	474	43	48	302	224	236
15 to 19 years	237	351	504	438	1 891	41	353	224	185
20 to 24 years	330	460	348	407	863	205	744	395	360
25 to 34 years	925	1 312	1 395	1 136	333	243	1 619	1 110	1 038
35 to 44 years	729	897	1 678	1 461	142	140	911	748	705
45 to 54 years	337	498	946	1 034	48	64	614	458	389
55 to 64 years	351	414	624	818	33	61	518	380	357
65 to 74 years	332	270	321	622	28	74	354	329	330
75 to 84 years	199	172	119	378	3	90	158	264	156
85 years and over	52	42	46	143	—	69	64	177	44
3 and 4 years	124	195	285	201	44	22	188	129	116
16 years and over	3 448	4 342	5 874	6 342	3 335	983	5 258	4 051	3 517
18 years and over	3 366	4 223	5 640	6 140	3 287	973	5 128	3 952	3 441
21 years and over	3 197	3 996	5 408	5 943	2 969	911	4 882	3 796	3 319
60 years and over	761	674	764	1 536	51	272	794	958	710
62 years and over	688	599	644	1 370	46	257	708	879	642
Median	33.1	30.7	33.4	38.5	19.7	30.6	30.2	34.0	32.5
Female	2 290	2 948	4 086	4 190	1 568	605	3 347	2 656	2 362
Under 5 years	166	248	350	241	54	37	243	166	170
5 to 9 years	140	205	345	273	36	22	182	165	149
10 to 14 years	107	175	298	237	18	24	144	110	110
15 to 19 years	128	151	250	203	757	16	190	117	91
20 to 24 years	184	244	171	215	383	82	403	214	181
25 to 34 years	479	665	746	593	171	112	780	544	530
35 to 44 years	365	448	867	784	81	72	456	366	362
45 to 54 years	168	271	484	543	27	34	334	258	218
55 to 64 years	194	219	292	409	21	31	276	188	201
65 to 74 years	198	161	187	343	17	48	189	190	213
75 to 84 years	126	127	68	252	3	70	101	181	107
85 years and over	35	34	28	97	—	57	49	157	30
3 and 4 years	68	101	132	98	20	12	96	55	55
16 years and over	1 852	2 288	3 035	3 396	1 457	521	2 737	2 198	1 913
18 years and over	1 803	2 240	2 926	3 299	1 428	518	2 675	2 148	1 871
21 years and over	1 709	2 133	2 808	3 209	486	493	2 534	2 066	1 811
60 years and over	453	414	416	897	35	194	462	620	451
62 years and over	408	380	358	811	32	186	415	580	417
Median	33.4	31.6	33.7	39.4	19.8	35.9	30.7	35.3	34.0
Male	2 008	2 721	3 914	3 766	2 001	556	3 126	2 303	2 077
Median age	32.9	29.8	33.1	37.4	19.6	27.6	29.8	32.6	31.1
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	4 298	5 669	8 000	7 956	3 569	1 161	6 473	4 959	4 439
In households	4 227	5 669	7 936	7 727	998	997	6 330	4 711	4 439
Householder	1 995	2 264	2 866	3 225	440	457	2 948	2 122	2 014
Family householder	1 102	1 510	2 281	2 223	248	190	1 689	1 227	1 190
Nonfamily householder	893	754	585	1 002	192	267	1 259	895	824
Living alone	721	561	483	826	126	175	1 011	713	648
Spouse	893	1 271	2 059	2 000	196	137	1 332	1 008	956
Child	1 003	1 690	2 708	2 158	276	181	1 536	1 152	1 148
Other relatives	97	123	121	111	11	28	129	119	81
Nonrelatives	239	321	182	233	75	194	385	310	240
Institutionalized persons	71	—	64	229	—	146	143	240	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	2 571	18	—	8	—
Persons per household	2.14	2.51	2.77	2.41	2.28	2.18	2.15	2.22	2.22
Persons per family	2.83	3.04	3.14	2.94	2.95	2.89	2.79	2.86	2.86
Persons 65 years and over	583	484	486	1 143	31	233	576	770	530
In households	583	484	434	927	29	107	502	533	530
Householder	411	358	279	635	22	80	354	381	387
Nonfamily householder	211	222	104	292	12	43	153	219	223
Living alone	205	218	103	284	12	41	150	211	220
Spouse	150	99	126	256	6	25	128	120	127
Other relatives	19	22	27	32	1	1	17	25	14
Nonrelatives	3	5	2	4	—	1	3	7	2
Institutionalized persons	—	—	52	216	—	126	74	237	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	1 102	1 510	2 281	2 223	248	190	1 689	1 227	1 190
With own children under 18 years	488	765	1 273	974	144	89	747	557	572
Number of own children under 18 years	829	1 389	2 299	1 771	257	147	1 239	925	956
Married-couple families	900	1 263	2 051	2 017	192	138	1 332	1 008	964
With own children under 18 years	367	613	1 127	860	100	55	522	425	424
Number of own children under 18 years	647	1 157	2 075	1 611	197	102	899	733	751
Female householder, no husband present	166	493	169	169	52	42	276	159	187
With own children under 18 years	107	123	109	101	42	29	181	103	123
Number of own children under 18 years	159	185	178	143	58	37	273	146	176
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	1 615	2 096	2 888	2 998	1 881	465	2 557	1 870	1 631
Never married	500	595	610	673	1 657	241	781	581	513
Now married, except separated	913	1 288	2 079	2 073	206	153	1 392	1 044	975
Separated	13	18	18	26	5	10	34	16	12
Widowed	35	23	32	90	1	17	43	59	27
Divorced	154	172	149	136	12	44	307	170	104
Females 15 years and over	1 877	2 320	3 093	3 439	1 460	522	2 778	2 215	1 933
Never married	498	503	556	626	1 165	160	701	480	431
Now married, except separated	920	1 295	2 100	2 055	205	154	1 384	1 049	987
Separated	24	23	23	35	6	8	46	24	23
Widowed	188	208	173	424	11	122	240	347	220
Divorced	247	291	241	299	73	78	407	315	272

Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.					Champaign city, Champaign County			
	Tract 57	Tract 60	Tract 101	Tract 102.03	Tract 103	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 6	Tract 7 (pt.)
AGE									
All persons	5 837	820	4 257	3 004	5 690	4 542	7 032	2 812	2 018
Under 5 years	368	106	302	208	711	24	7	133	144
5 to 9 years	366	79	343	187	560	4	7	108	119
10 to 14 years	295	31	337	247	343	6	3	66	99
15 to 19 years	274	38	318	194	439	243	1 678	94	102
20 to 24 years	315	114	328	222	863	3 402	4 846	400	117
25 to 34 years	916	277	801	591	1 698	531	399	893	435
35 to 44 years	950	109	582	457	872	80	58	434	259
45 to 54 years	632	34	411	299	193	43	10	181	186
55 to 64 years	628	21	380	288	6	40	7	165	217
65 to 74 years	572	9	307	213	4	49	12	164	189
75 to 84 years	365	2	115	76	1	52	3	133	113
85 years and over	156	—	33	22	—	68	2	41	38
3 and 4 years	156	35	120	91	274	8	3	37	66
16 years and over	4 740	601	3 214	2 326	4 035	4 508	7 015	2 496	1 630
18 years and over	4 618	594	3 091	2 244	3 970	4 501	7 005	2 461	1 590
21 years and over	4 474	539	2 891	2 131	3 469	3 518	3 713	2 356	1 533
60 years and over	1 438	19	638	444	7	195	21	430	463
62 years and over	1 295	13	545	401	5	189	18	407	412
Median	38.6	26.9	31.2	32.0	24.5	22.0	21.1	30.9	34.8
Female									
Under 5 years	3 152	358	2 209	1 527	2 090	1 683	2 694	1 466	1 020
Under 5 years	197	55	135	98	323	11	4	61	63
5 to 9 years	191	39	172	92	267	2	2	57	52
10 to 14 years	140	13	160	119	167	6	—	34	41
15 to 19 years	126	8	160	86	155	101	562	42	51
20 to 24 years	174	36	176	113	303	1 244	1 989	217	58
25 to 34 years	491	135	393	292	629	134	112	438	204
35 to 44 years	484	44	305	237	210	27	13	198	133
45 to 54 years	333	17	229	162	29	15	3	101	87
55 to 64 years	323	5	204	158	3	16	2	87	116
65 to 74 years	330	4	176	109	3	31	5	100	112
75 to 84 years	235	2	75	46	1	35	1	100	74
85 years and over	128	—	24	15	—	61	1	31	29
3 and 4 years	80	19	56	39	141	4	2	16	28
16 years and over	2 593	249	1 712	1 202	1 313	1 664	2 688	1 311	851
18 years and over	2 540	246	1 646	1 170	1 285	1 660	2 686	1 294	832
21 years and over	2 466	240	1 546	1 116	1 120	1 277	1 505	1 238	802
60 years and over	877	8	375	242	4	137	8	277	287
62 years and over	796	7	327	218	4	137	7	267	264
Median	39.9	27.0	32.6	33.8	22.6	21.8	21.2	31.3	37.4
Male									
Median age	37.4	26.5	29.9	30.9	25.7	22.2	21.0	30.5	33.1
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	5 837	820	4 257	3 004	5 690	4 542	7 032	2 812	2 018
In households	5 799	740	4 257	3 004	3 941	4 339	3 431	2 791	1 989
Householder	2 676	287	1 770	1 250	1 141	2 172	1 476	1 642	898
Family householder	1 640	236	1 198	844	1 118	138	64	485	524
Nonfamily householder	1 036	51	572	406	23	2 034	1 412	1 157	374
Living alone	912	42	484	338	18	971	567	947	310
Spouse	1 438	209	916	655	1 009	79	32	390	391
Child	1 452	231	1 329	894	1 733	37	8	397	494
Other relatives	79	3	77	50	30	50	29	58	81
Nonrelatives	154	10	165	155	28	2 001	1 886	304	125
Institutionalized persons	38	—	—	—	—	84	—	—	29
Other persons in group quarters	—	80	—	—	1 749	119	3 601	21	—
Persons per household	2.19	2.63	2.41	2.43	3.54	2.03	2.33	1.71	2.22
Persons per family	2.84	2.94	2.95	2.93	3.57	2.24	2.09	2.75	2.84
Persons 65 years and over	1 093	11	455	311	5	169	17	338	340
In households	1 057	11	455	311	5	87	13	337	312
Householder	779	6	328	215	1	70	8	253	218
Nonfamily householder	465	3	168	87	—	52	3	170	113
Living alone	459	3	166	85	—	52	3	162	109
Spouse	246	3	105	80	—	14	4	67	72
Other relatives	26	2	17	11	3	1	—	9	17
Nonrelatives	6	—	5	5	1	2	1	8	5
Institutionalized persons	36	—	—	—	—	82	—	—	28
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	1	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	1 640	236	1 198	844	1 118	138	64	485	524
With own children under 18 years	700	138	625	405	902	21	5	189	227
Number of own children under 18 years	1 190	226	1 111	715	1 700	27	8	318	390
Married-couple families	1 451	220	922	664	1 059	85	34	385	381
With own children under 18 years	587	123	426	283	844	11	3	142	146
Number of own children under 18 years	1 044	203	811	515	1 606	17	3	267	269
Female householder, no husband present	141	11	228	135	36	25	15	82	101
With own children under 18 years	89	10	166	94	36	7	1	41	59
Number of own children under 18 years	117	16	244	153	57	7	2	44	91
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	2 184	353	1 533	1 144	2 743	2 844	4 327	1 191	792
Never married	502	107	377	301	844	2 647	4 231	632	239
Now married, except separated	1 485	230	941	681	1 625	120	68	400	399
Separated	16	3	24	19	31	17	9	19	11
Widowed	56	1	32	24	1	10	1	17	26
Divorced	125	12	159	119	242	50	18	123	117
Females 15 years and over	2 624	251	1 742	1 218	1 333	1 664	2 688	1 314	864
Never married	493	20	300	222	194	1 431	2 634	564	157
Now married, except separated	1 477	213	947	672	1 075	99	41	418	399
Separated	25	4	23	32	11	4	3	24	17
Widowed	382	3	198	115	5	91	1	133	153
Divorced	247	11	274	177	48	39	9	175	138

Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County—Con.					
	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)
AGE						
All persons	4 029	4 298	5 668	4 661	5 631	2 571
Under 5 years	270	315	485	488	375	—
5 to 9 years	207	264	428	475	412	—
10 to 14 years	124	227	340	338	347	—
15 to 19 years	333	237	351	262	316	1 846
20 to 24 years	489	330	460	175	309	715
25 to 34 years	1 047	925	1 312	888	872	7
35 to 44 years	542	729	897	1 029	1 072	1
45 to 54 years	276	337	497	457	739	—
55 to 64 years	339	351	414	294	547	—
65 to 74 years	281	332	270	152	412	2
75 to 84 years	109	199	172	68	192	—
85 years and over	12	52	42	35	38	—
3 and 4 years	102	124	195	197	146	—
16 years and over	3 406	3 448	4 341	3 300	4 432	2 570
18 years and over	3 337	3 366	4 222	3 182	4 289	2 549
21 years and over	2 965	3 197	3 995	3 060	4 141	246
60 years and over	588	761	674	376	908	2
62 years and over	513	688	599	326	794	2
Median	30.2	33.1	30.7	32.2	36.8	19.5
Female	2 079	2 290	2 947	2 357	2 935	1 036
Under 5 years	129	166	248	232	182	—
5 to 9 years	92	140	205	218	202	—
10 to 14 years	51	107	175	166	165	—
15 to 19 years	179	128	151	132	144	731
20 to 24 years	279	184	244	80	166	304
25 to 34 years	524	479	665	475	457	—
35 to 44 years	278	365	448	522	576	—
45 to 54 years	148	168	270	233	386	—
55 to 64 years	179	194	219	149	272	—
65 to 74 years	148	198	161	92	236	1
75 to 84 years	62	126	127	37	124	—
85 years and over	10	35	34	21	25	—
3 and 4 years	42	68	101	88	64	—
16 years and over	1 799	1 852	2 287	1 707	2 357	1 036
18 years and over	1 762	1 803	2 239	1 655	2 291	1 023
21 years and over	1 550	1 709	2 132	1 590	2 220	89
60 years and over	319	453	414	214	520	1
62 years and over	281	408	380	189	465	1
Median	30.4	33.4	31.6	32.8	37.6	19.5
Male	1 950	2 008	2 721	2 304	2 696	1 535
Median age	29.9	32.9	29.8	31.6	35.9	19.4
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP						
All persons	4 029	4 298	5 668	4 661	5 631	2 571
In households	4 029	4 227	5 668	4 597	5 631	—
Householder	1 857	1 995	2 263	1 609	2 359	—
Family householder	1 014	1 102	1 510	1 309	1 597	—
Nonfamily householder	843	893	753	300	762	—
Living alone	583	721	560	256	618	—
Spouse	857	893	1 271	1 165	1 418	—
Child	803	1 003	1 690	1 687	1 575	—
Other relatives	103	97	123	54	86	—
Nonrelatives	409	239	321	82	193	—
Institutionalized persons	—	71	—	64	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	2 571
Persons per household	2.18	2.14	2.51	2.86	2.40	—
Persons per family	2.76	2.83	3.04	3.22	2.95	—
Persons 65 years and over	402	583	484	255	642	2
In households	402	583	484	203	642	—
Householder	276	411	358	142	440	—
Nonfamily householder	112	211	222	61	205	—
Living alone	106	205	218	61	199	—
Spouse	105	150	99	46	175	—
Other relatives	19	19	22	14	23	—
Nonrelatives	2	3	5	—	4	—
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	52	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	2
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN						
Families	1 014	1 102	1 510	1 309	1 597	—
With own children under 18 years	385	488	765	800	715	—
Number of own children under 18 years	627	829	1 389	1 454	1 306	—
Married-couple families	851	900	1 263	1 163	1 432	—
With own children under 18 years	312	367	613	711	622	—
Number of own children under 18 years	523	647	1 157	1 318	1 173	—
Female householder, no husband present	131	166	193	112	135	—
With own children under 18 years	59	107	123	67	84	—
Number of own children under 18 years	87	159	185	106	120	—
MARITAL STATUS						
Males 15 years and over	1 621	1 615	2 096	1 619	2 111	1 535
Never married	553	500	595	335	512	1 523
Now married, except separated	869	913	1 288	1 172	1 449	10
Separated	12	13	18	9	17	1
Widowed	17	35	23	21	36	1
Divorced	170	154	172	82	97	—
Females 15 years and over	1 807	1 877	2 319	1 741	2 386	1 036
Never married	548	498	503	276	469	1 033
Now married, except separated	886	920	1 295	1 188	1 450	3
Separated	18	24	23	16	28	—
Widowed	118	188	208	107	216	—
Divorced	237	247	290	154	223	—

Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Rantoul village, Champaign County			Urbana city, Champaign County						
	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 52	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 59	Tract 60 (pt.)
AGE										
All persons	4 185	3 004	5 690	1 755	1 016	1 776	3 899	5 445	6 075	744
Under 5 years	297	208	711	34	69	99	285	353	18	104
5 to 9 years	338	187	560	26	56	72	258	336	8	73
10 to 14 years	333	247	343	15	46	65	200	261	8	28
15 to 19 years	312	194	439	69	30	86	164	247	2 621	35
20 to 24 years	313	222	863	886	104	301	337	300	2 804	110
25 to 34 years	788	591	1 698	500	230	581	898	895	396	267
35 to 44 years	576	457	872	108	137	210	619	894	70	93
45 to 54 years	405	299	193	37	58	120	323	568	60	19
55 to 64 years	375	288	6	24	55	106	322	575	33	13
65 to 74 years	304	213	4	23	74	90	302	536	35	1
75 to 84 years	113	76	1	25	90	43	149	344	18	1
85 years and over	31	22	—	8	67	3	42	136	4	—
3 and 4 years	118	91	274	11	21	42	102	151	6	35
16 years and over	3 157	2 326	4 035	1 677	841	1 532	3 115	4 435	6 038	537
18 years and over	3 036	2 244	3 970	1 668	832	1 501	3 047	4 325	6 012	531
21 years and over	2 841	2 131	3 469	1 442	804	1 430	2 936	4 196	2 165	477
60 years and over	628	444	7	71	268	184	663	1 337	70	6
62 years and over	536	401	5	67	253	171	601	1 203	63	3
Median	31.3	32.0	24.5	23.8	33.4	28.0	32.6	38.2	20.3	26.2
Female	2 167	1 527	2 090	625	549	894	2 072	2 943	3 244	323
Under 5 years	132	98	323	19	37	53	145	189	4	54
5 to 9 years	169	92	267	11	22	34	126	173	2	38
10 to 14 years	156	119	167	8	23	27	85	127	5	12
15 to 19 years	158	86	155	27	14	50	82	115	1 483	5
20 to 24 years	165	113	303	286	42	161	170	168	1 506	33
25 to 34 years	387	292	629	163	108	266	455	477	130	131
35 to 44 years	303	237	210	41	70	98	315	453	24	37
45 to 54 years	225	162	29	18	31	63	185	300	35	9
55 to 64 years	201	158	3	11	28	61	184	300	17	2
65 to 74 years	175	109	3	16	48	54	194	310	23	1
75 to 84 years	73	46	1	18	70	24	102	221	13	1
85 years and over	23	15	—	7	56	3	29	110	2	—
3 and 4 years	55	39	141	3	12	20	48	79	1	19
16 years and over	1 680	1 202	1 313	585	466	776	1 699	2 427	3 231	218
18 years and over	1 615	1 170	1 285	582	463	759	1 659	2 377	3 215	216
21 years and over	1 517	1 116	1 120	498	450	714	1 605	2 309	1 016	211
60 years and over	368	242	4	48	192	111	420	815	47	3
62 years and over	321	218	4	44	184	102	389	736	42	3
Median	32.8	33.8	22.6	24.1	37.8	27.8	34.4	39.3	20.2	26.6
Male	2 018	1 477	3 600	1 130	467	882	1 827	2 502	2 831	421
Median age	29.9	30.9	25.7	23.6	29.8	28.1	30.9	37.1	20.5	25.3
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons	4 185	3 004	5 690	1 755	1 016	1 776	3 899	5 445	6 075	744
In households	4 185	3 004	5 690	1 745	852	1 707	3 899	5 445	1 517	664
Householder	1 739	1 250	1 141	917	409	969	1 810	2 554	749	252
Family householder	1 177	844	1 118	170	183	401	1 040	1 528	107	213
Nonfamily householder	562	406	23	747	226	568	770	1 026	642	39
Living alone	474	338	18	388	168	484	609	902	310	34
Spouse	903	655	1 009	113	131	310	825	1 333	83	187
Child	1 309	894	1 733	89	175	289	981	1 328	48	216
Other relatives	73	50	30	38	27	29	69	76	19	3
Nonrelatives	161	155	28	588	110	110	214	154	618	6
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	1 749	10	18	—	—	—	4 558	80
Persons per household	2.41	2.43	3.54	1.94	2.10	1.78	2.17	2.16	2.06	2.69
Persons per family	2.95	2.93	3.57	2.49	2.89	2.62	2.83	2.82	2.38	2.98
Persons 65 years and over	448	311	5	56	231	136	493	1 016	57	2
In households	448	311	5	56	105	136	493	1 016	54	2
Householder	322	215	1	46	79	101	364	756	40	—
Nonfamily householder	165	87	—	36	43	46	212	462	24	—
Living alone	163	85	—	33	41	46	210	456	20	—
Spouse	104	80	—	7	24	33	115	229	11	—
Other relatives	17	11	3	2	1	2	12	25	2	2
Nonrelatives	5	5	1	—	1	—	2	6	—	—
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	126	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families	1 177	844	1 118	170	183	401	1 040	1 528	107	213
With own children under 18 years	616	405	902	46	87	132	490	650	31	131
Number of own children under 18 years	1 095	715	1 700	126	144	226	816	1 091	27	213
Married-couple families	909	664	1 059	121	132	313	832	1 347	83	197
With own children under 18 years	422	283	844	32	54	83	350	540	19	116
Number of own children under 18 years	802	515	1 606	161	181	301	622	949	34	190
Female householder, no husband present	223	135	36	26	41	72	172	134	16	11
With own children under 18 years	163	94	36	12	21	41	116	86	1	10
Number of own children under 18 years	241	153	57	19	35	53	166	113	2	16
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over	1 507	1 144	2 743	1 093	378	760	1 440	2 041	2 808	320
Never married	368	301	844	911	164	307	472	468	2 668	102
Now married, except separated	928	681	1 625	135	147	339	842	1 381	112	207
Separated	24	19	31	6	10	14	9	16	4	3
Widowed	32	24	1	4	17	11	25	55	2	—
Divorced	55	119	242	37	40	89	92	121	22	8
Females 15 years and over	1 710	1 218	1 333	587	467	780	1 716	2 454	3 233	219
Never married	292	222	194	386	114	272	386	465	3 085	14
Now married, except separated	933	672	1 075	128	148	331	855	1 369	107	191
Separated	23	32	11	6	8	14	22	24	5	4
Widowed	194	115	5	31	122	57	204	354	16	1
Divorced	268	177	48	36	75	106	249	242	20	9

Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County			
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 2	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9
AGE									
All persons	16 559	16 559	9 006	2 018	4 159	2 031	1 554	492	1 661
Under 5 years	1 702	1 702	899	246	394	322	162	58	139
5 to 9 years	1 548	1 548	822	264	309	205	132	60	193
10 to 14 years	1 520	1 520	838	225	306	173	183	56	205
15 to 19 years	2 114	2 114	1 109	176	705	177	171	51	174
20 to 24 years	2 047	2 047	1 159	160	619	169	119	36	124
25 to 34 years	2 787	2 787	1 423	426	682	259	276	97	273
35 to 44 years	2 038	2 038	1 123	272	427	180	204	76	282
45 to 54 years	1 136	1 136	611	124	286	131	131	29	133
55 to 64 years	799	799	437	85	223	146	90	14	71
65 to 74 years	532	532	357	31	125	167	63	12	43
75 to 84 years	265	265	182	8	64	83	17	2	19
85 years and over	71	71	46	1	19	19	6	1	5
3 and 4 years	676	676	356	106	147	117	55	27	67
16 years and over	11 524	11 524	6 292	1 246	3 097	1 294	1 046	308	1 088
18 years and over	10 943	10 943	5 972	1 170	2 971	1 228	979	282	1 021
21 years and over	9 115	9 115	5 043	1 080	2 229	1 118	888	258	923
60 years and over	1 248	1 248	807	66	316	356	122	21	101
62 years and over	1 093	1 093	723	52	274	328	108	18	84
Median	23.0	23.0	23.1	23.3	22.1	24.2	25.4	22.8	24.8
Female									
All persons	8 674	8 674	4 681	1 006	2 286	1 123	784	262	861
Under 5 years	843	843	444	123	192	138	75	31	71
5 to 9 years	752	752	385	129	151	102	66	32	84
10 to 14 years	757	757	423	105	151	90	93	29	104
15 to 19 years	1 116	1 116	525	91	442	96	78	23	33
20 to 24 years	1 091	1 091	598	91	345	107	67	25	51
25 to 34 years	1 504	1 504	778	219	377	162	140	50	161
35 to 44 years	1 056	1 056	600	126	219	94	112	44	153
45 to 54 years	590	590	323	61	154	77	60	14	78
55 to 64 years	439	439	247	41	125	91	49	8	38
65 to 74 years	307	307	209	15	76	97	34	5	22
75 to 84 years	174	174	117	5	43	55	6	—	15
85 years and over	45	45	32	—	11	14	4	1	1
3 and 4 years	342	342	181	60	68	61	19	12	34
16 years and over	6 196	6 196	3 356	632	1 762	777	537	168	582
18 years and over	5 902	5 902	3 208	589	1 691	746	510	152	553
21 years and over	4 917	4 917	2 760	545	1 233	674	462	140	511
60 years and over	746	746	489	33	195	216	67	9	58
62 years and over	661	661	443	27	169	200	58	8	48
Median	23.6	23.6	24.6	23.2	22.1	26.3	26.3	22.8	28.2
Male									
All persons	7 885	7 885	4 325	1 012	1 873	908	770	230	800
Median age	22.3	22.3	22.0	23.5	22.1	20.2	24.7	22.7	21.9
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	16 559	16 559	9 006	2 018	4 159	2 031	1 554	492	1 661
In households	15 183	15 183	8 442	2 018	3 356	2 015	1 554	485	1 661
Householder	5 490	5 490	3 098	658	1 286	719	534	140	533
Family householder	3 557	3 557	1 926	510	808	498	350	118	405
Nonfamily householder	1 933	1 933	1 172	148	478	221	184	22	128
Living alone	1 488	1 488	896	119	371	190	145	15	92
Spouse	1 589	1 589	784	310	332	172	118	59	177
Child	5 871	5 871	3 194	886	1 221	804	616	224	698
Other relatives	1 099	1 099	697	70	235	233	147	33	143
Nonrelatives	1 134	1 134	669	94	282	87	139	29	110
Institutionalized persons	175	175	31	—	136	—	—	7	—
Other persons in group quarters	1 201	1 201	533	—	667	16	—	—	—
Persons per household	2.75	2.75	2.72	3.12	2.56	2.79	2.92	3.36	3.12
Persons per family	3.41	3.41	3.44	3.55	3.16	3.41	3.55	3.61	3.52
Persons 65 years and over	868	868	585	40	208	269	86	15	67
In households	822	822	570	40	185	269	86	10	67
Householder	612	612	427	27	138	207	62	6	40
Nonfamily householder	319	319	222	14	73	102	29	1	11
Living alone	294	294	201	14	69	91	26	1	10
Spouse	113	113	78	7	25	41	9	2	9
Other relatives	69	69	44	6	15	12	10	1	17
Nonrelatives	28	28	21	—	7	9	5	1	1
Institutionalized persons	45	45	14	—	23	—	—	5	—
Other persons in group quarters	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	3 557	3 557	1 926	510	808	498	350	118	405
With own children under 18 years	2 298	2 298	1 208	385	494	278	219	83	267
Number of own children under 18 years	4 685	4 685	2 503	770	957	620	468	175	548
Married-couple families	1 707	1 707	840	354	328	172	129	60	190
With own children under 18 years	989	989	467	251	153	60	73	41	123
Number of own children under 18 years	2 030	2 030	1 000	487	289	147	170	89	274
Female householder, no husband present	1 571	1 571	912	136	417	284	181	46	177
With own children under 18 years	1 154	1 154	647	119	307	199	123	36	121
Number of own children under 18 years	2 406	2 406	1 352	256	617	444	260	77	234
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	5 467	5 467	3 018	634	1 358	538	527	148	522
Never married	2 787	2 787	1 640	183	765	236	269	62	243
Now married, except separated	1 860	1 860	901	370	395	182	135	63	208
Separated	184	184	108	15	46	20	35	6	15
Widowed	125	125	79	4	35	35	16	3	12
Divorced	511	511	290	62	117	65	72	14	44
Females 15 years and over	6 322	6 322	3 429	649	1 792	793	550	170	602
Never married	3 040	3 040	1 630	201	1 029	332	242	72	230
Now married, except separated	1 712	1 712	860	324	360	193	131	61	188
Separated	257	257	150	20	71	32	34	5	31
Widowed	525	525	343	17	138	134	54	5	47
Divorced	788	788	446	87	194	102	89	27	106

Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.							
	Tract 10	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 14	Tract 53	Tract 54	Tract 56	Tract 101
AGE								
All persons	405	863	438	513	1 656	732	523	675
Under 5 years	55	79	39	11	147	127	77	87
5 to 9 years	62	88	39	14	131	92	62	93
10 to 14 years	42	88	58	12	158	77	51	75
15 to 19 years	30	95	37	283	156	62	37	49
20 to 24 years	37	62	20	153	118	66	60	59
25 to 34 years	86	143	64	18	239	172	114	118
35 to 44 years	46	149	85	19	188	84	65	92
45 to 54 years	25	74	57	3	191	27	31	49
55 to 64 years	11	42	27	—	176	15	15	36
65 to 74 years	7	24	6	—	94	7	6	13
75 to 84 years	4	16	2	—	46	1	3	—
85 years and over	—	3	4	—	12	2	2	—
3 and 4 years	16	39	10	6	58	43	27	40
16 years and over	240	588	295	474	1 191	422	328	411
18 years and over	226	545	277	466	1 129	400	311	387
21 years and over	206	500	261	118	1 031	366	286	360
60 years and over	17	65	26	—	236	15	18	28
62 years and over	13	59	20	—	206	12	11	24
Median	21.6	26.5	30.1	19.6	30.3	21.0	23.3	23.1
Female	237	454	225	240	899	385	298	337
Under 5 years	29	47	22	4	74	61	37	44
5 to 9 years	31	41	18	9	65	50	29	45
10 to 14 years	21	39	29	7	77	35	28	34
15 to 19 years	14	49	16	117	84	31	23	22
20 to 24 years	23	30	13	78	64	40	33	34
25 to 34 years	64	75	36	11	135	97	76	63
35 to 44 years	26	81	45	13	107	41	36	46
45 to 54 years	14	38	28	1	107	14	19	23
55 to 64 years	7	23	11	—	97	10	7	19
65 to 74 years	5	17	2	—	53	4	6	5
75 to 84 years	3	12	2	—	28	1	2	—
85 years and over	—	2	3	—	8	1	2	—
3 and 4 years	7	24	8	1	27	21	11	22
16 years and over	153	316	154	219	670	230	200	212
18 years and over	146	295	145	215	637	217	190	201
21 years and over	138	272	137	72	585	206	174	187
60 years and over	11	42	12	—	138	10	13	13
62 years and over	10	38	10	—	119	8	10	11
Median	25.1	28.6	30.3	19.7	31.5	22.7	24.9	23.7
Male	168	409	213	273	757	347	225	338
Median age	17.0	24.8	29.8	19.5	28.1	19.1	20.8	22.3
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP								
All persons	405	863	438	513	1 656	732	523	675
In households	394	863	426	96	1 625	677	523	675
Householder	155	293	138	29	570	255	188	241
Family householder	91	222	112	24	407	168	143	167
Nonfamily householder	64	71	26	5	163	87	45	74
Living alone	56	59	23	5	133	72	32	63
Spouse	28	117	80	9	178	41	56	71
Child	164	370	179	50	582	311	221	300
Other relatives	29	42	14	5	178	31	30	25
Nonrelatives	18	41	15	3	117	39	28	38
Institutionalized persons	11	—	12	—	28	55	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	417	3	—	—	—
Persons per household	2.49	2.95	3.20	3.21	2.84	2.58	2.76	2.83
Persons per family	3.34	3.40	3.62	3.58	3.28	3.18	3.12	3.42
Persons 65 years and over	11	43	12	—	152	10	11	17
In households	11	43	4	—	133	9	11	17
Householder	9	29	3	—	99	8	9	13
Nonfamily householder	5	18	2	—	46	5	7	7
Living alone	5	16	2	—	42	5	7	7
Spouse	1	9	—	—	19	—	—	2
Other relatives	1	2	1	—	10	—	2	2
Nonrelatives	—	3	—	—	5	1	—	—
Institutionalized persons	—	—	8	—	19	1	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN								
Families	91	222	112	24	407	168	143	167
With own children under 18 years	71	139	83	22	186	138	106	123
Number of own children under 18 years	145	289	145	40	381	281	192	265
Married-couple families	27	126	90	11	178	43	52	86
With own children under 18 years	19	68	66	10	63	28	28	54
Number of own children under 18 years	37	147	109	20	117	52	58	116
Female householder, no husband present	59	81	18	12	191	118	84	70
With own children under 18 years	49	64	14	11	120	103	74	61
Number of own children under 18 years	103	127	32	18	234	220	131	131
MARITAL STATUS								
Males 15 years and over	90	281	146	256	537	197	129	206
Never married	43	117	40	242	230	113	59	71
Now married, except separated	30	128	93	12	192	53	59	92
Separated	3	11	3	—	20	9	1	6
Widowed	—	1	3	—	30	2	1	3
Divorced	14	24	7	2	65	20	9	34
Females 15 years and over	156	327	156	220	683	239	204	214
Never married	84	141	48	199	254	131	91	75
Now married, except separated	33	124	81	9	194	43	54	73
Separated	10	15	4	3	36	14	15	11
Widowed	8	30	9	—	93	9	14	7
Divorced	21	47	14	9	106	42	30	48

Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.		Champaign city, Champaign County					
	Tract 102.03	Tract 103	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 6	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	
AGE								
All persons	563	707	2 031	458	1 542	1 586	405	
Under 5 years	52	96	322	37	160	134	55	
5 to 9 years	56	106	205	44	132	188	62	
10 to 14 years	57	86	173	40	183	202	42	
15 to 19 years	61	56	177	45	171	169	30	
20 to 24 years	38	52	169	59	118	117	37	
25 to 34 years	105	199	259	110	272	262	86	
35 to 44 years	71	97	180	65	201	267	46	
45 to 54 years	58	13	131	18	129	121	25	
55 to 64 years	44	—	146	24	90	65	11	
65 to 74 years	17	1	167	12	63	38	7	
75 to 84 years	4	—	83	3	17	18	4	
85 years and over	—	1	19	1	6	5	—	
3 and 4 years	18	42	117	18	54	66	16	
16 years and over	383	408	1 294	331	1 036	1 027	240	
18 years and over	362	381	1 228	313	969	961	226	
21 years and over	327	357	1 118	283	878	866	206	
60 years and over	35	2	356	29	122	92	17	
62 years and over	26	2	328	26	108	75	13	
Median	27.0	21.6	24.2	25.4	25.3	24.3	21.6	
Female	280	349	1 123	231	779	825	237	
Under 5 years	25	49	138	21	75	68	29	
5 to 9 years	23	57	102	19	66	82	31	
10 to 14 years	32	35	90	20	93	103	21	
15 to 19 years	32	30	96	26	78	80	14	
20 to 24 years	24	27	107	25	66	48	23	
25 to 34 years	46	107	162	54	137	155	64	
35 to 44 years	34	39	94	34	111	149	26	
45 to 54 years	33	4	77	9	60	71	14	
55 to 64 years	19	—	91	14	49	35	7	
65 to 74 years	9	1	97	7	34	19	5	
75 to 84 years	3	—	55	1	6	14	3	
85 years and over	—	—	14	1	4	1	—	
3 and 4 years	9	26	61	8	19	33	7	
16 years and over	192	202	777	168	532	553	153	
18 years and over	180	185	746	157	505	524	146	
21 years and over	162	176	674	140	457	484	138	
60 years and over	19	1	216	20	67	52	11	
62 years and over	15	1	200	17	58	42	10	
Median	26.0	21.5	26.3	25.8	26.2	27.9	25.1	
Male	283	358	908	227	763	761	168	
Median age	28.0	21.7	20.2	24.9	24.5	21.1	17.0	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP								
All persons	563	707	2 031	458	1 542	1 586	405	
In households	563	707	2 015	456	1 542	1 586	394	
Householder	200	198	719	199	525	498	155	
Family householder	134	194	498	95	349	384	91	
Nonfamily householder	66	4	221	104	176	114	64	
Living alone	49	4	190	87	138	80	56	
Spouse	78	154	172	28	118	165	28	
Child	227	330	804	154	614	677	164	
Other relatives	28	12	233	42	147	141	29	
Nonrelatives	30	13	87	33	138	105	18	
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	16	2	—	—	—	
Persons per household	2.89	3.67	2.79	2.30	2.95	3.19	2.49	
Persons per family	3.57	3.68	3.41	3.40	3.55	3.56	3.34	
Persons 65 years and over	21	2	269	16	86	61	11	
In households	21	2	269	16	86	61	11	
Householder	14	—	207	12	62	36	9	
Nonfamily householder	7	—	102	5	29	9	5	
Living alone	7	—	91	4	26	8	5	
Spouse	5	—	41	3	9	8	1	
Other relatives	2	2	12	—	10	16	1	
Nonrelatives	—	—	9	1	5	1	—	
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN								
Families	134	194	498	95	349	384	91	
With own children under 18 years	88	165	278	61	218	257	71	
Number of own children under 18 years	171	312	620	118	466	533	145	
Married-couple families	90	171	172	36	129	176	27	
With own children under 18 years	54	142	60	23	73	119	19	
Number of own children under 18 years	91	276	147	37	170	267	37	
Female householder, no husband present	37	20	284	47	180	173	59	
With own children under 18 years	29	20	199	32	122	118	49	
Number of own children under 18 years	74	32	444	75	258	231	103	
MARITAL STATUS								
Males 15 years and over	198	211	538	166	522	490	90	
Never married	74	29	236	96	265	228	43	
Now married, except separated	95	176	182	36	135	193	30	
Separated	6	3	20	8	35	14	3	
Widowed	1	—	35	2	16	12	—	
Divorced	22	3	65	24	71	43	14	
Females 15 years and over	200	208	793	171	545	572	156	
Never married	75	37	332	90	237	219	84	
Now married, except separated	80	161	193	34	131	175	33	
Separated	8	1	32	9	34	31	10	
Widowed	9	1	134	14	54	44	8	
Divorced	28	8	102	24	89	103	21	

Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County—Con.		Rantoul village, Champaign County			Urbana city, Champaign County			
	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 59
AGE									
All persons	863	417	667	563	707	1 625	526	472	742
Under 5 years	79	—	87	52	96	143	99	72	2
5 to 9 years	88	—	91	56	106	129	72	54	1
10 to 14 years	88	—	74	57	86	156	56	43	—
15 to 19 years	95	270	49	61	56	154	48	29	419
20 to 24 years	62	146	59	38	52	112	53	56	288
25 to 34 years	143	1	115	105	199	234	118	106	21
35 to 44 years	149	—	91	71	97	183	54	60	6
45 to 54 years	74	—	49	58	13	191	14	28	4
55 to 64 years	42	—	35	44	—	172	6	13	1
65 to 74 years	24	—	13	17	1	94	4	6	—
75 to 84 years	16	—	4	4	—	45	1	3	—
85 years and over	3	—	—	—	1	12	—	2	—
3 and 4 years	39	—	40	18	42	57	33	26	1
16 years and over	588	417	406	383	408	1 168	288	299	739
18 years and over	545	414	382	362	381	1 107	272	286	725
21 years and over	500	74	355	327	357	1 010	243	266	177
60 years and over	65	—	27	35	2	232	10	18	—
62 years and over	59	—	24	26	2	205	8	11	—
Median	26.5	19.6	23.0	27.0	21.6	30.4	19.1	23.8	19.8
Female									
All persons	454	184	334	280	349	885	279	268	476
Under 5 years	47	—	44	25	49	73	46	33	1
5 to 9 years	41	—	44	23	57	64	36	26	1
10 to 14 years	39	—	33	32	35	77	24	25	—
15 to 19 years	49	108	22	32	30	82	25	19	289
20 to 24 years	30	76	34	24	27	61	33	30	172
25 to 34 years	75	—	62	46	107	133	71	69	9
35 to 44 years	81	—	46	34	39	105	29	33	2
45 to 54 years	38	—	23	33	4	107	8	17	1
55 to 64 years	23	—	19	19	—	95	4	6	1
65 to 74 years	17	—	5	9	1	53	2	6	—
75 to 84 years	12	—	2	3	—	27	1	2	—
85 years and over	2	—	—	—	—	8	—	2	—
3 and 4 years	24	—	22	9	26	27	16	11	1
16 years and over	316	184	211	192	202	658	165	181	474
18 years and over	295	183	200	180	185	626	156	172	463
21 years and over	272	46	186	162	176	575	146	160	97
60 years and over	42	—	13	19	1	135	6	13	1
62 years and over	38	—	11	15	1	118	5	10	—
Median	28.6	19.7	23.8	26.0	21.5	31.6	21.8	25.1	19.6
Male									
All persons	409	233	333	283	358	740	247	204	266
Median age	24.8	19.5	22.1	28.0	21.7	28.4	15.8	21.8	20.0
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	863	417	667	563	707	1 625	526	472	742
In households	863	—	667	563	707	1 594	471	472	79
Householder	293	—	236	200	198	557	180	177	37
Family householder	222	—	165	134	194	402	122	132	2
Nonfamily householder	71	—	71	66	4	155	58	45	35
Living alone	59	—	60	49	4	128	47	32	18
Spouse	117	—	71	78	154	177	17	51	—
Child	370	—	297	227	330	573	237	194	4
Other relatives	42	—	25	28	12	176	11	23	—
Nonrelatives	41	—	38	30	13	111	26	27	38
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	28	55	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	417	—	—	—	3	—	—	663
Persons per household	2.95	—	2.84	2.89	3.67	2.85	2.55	2.64	1.73
Persons per family	3.40	—	3.42	3.57	3.68	3.27	3.06	3.00	4.00
Persons 65 years and over	43	—	17	21	2	151	6	11	—
In households	43	—	17	21	2	132	5	11	—
Householder	29	—	13	14	—	98	4	9	—
Nonfamily householder	18	—	7	7	—	45	2	7	—
Living alone	16	—	7	7	—	41	2	7	—
Spouse	9	—	2	5	—	19	—	—	—
Other relatives	2	—	2	2	2	10	—	2	—
Nonrelatives	3	—	—	—	—	5	1	—	—
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	19	1	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	222	—	165	134	194	402	122	132	2
With own children under 18 years	139	—	121	88	165	182	108	98	2
Number of own children under 18 years	289	—	262	171	312	373	222	172	3
Married-couple families	126	—	86	90	171	177	17	47	1
With own children under 18 years	68	—	54	54	142	62	11	26	1
Number of own children under 18 years	147	—	116	91	276	115	27	51	—
Female householder, no husband present	81	—	69	37	20	188	99	78	1
With own children under 18 years	64	—	60	29	20	103	91	68	1
Number of own children under 18 years	127	—	129	74	32	228	187	118	3
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	281	233	202	198	211	526	126	119	265
Never married	117	232	68	74	29	222	81	54	253
Now married, except separated	128	1	92	95	176	191	24	54	9
Separated	11	—	6	6	3	20	7	1	1
Widowed	1	—	3	1	—	30	1	1	—
Divorced	24	—	33	22	3	63	13	9	2
Females 15 years and over	327	184	213	200	208	671	173	184	474
Never married	111	184	74	75	37	247	108	80	466
Now married, except separated	124	—	73	80	161	193	19	49	4
Separated	15	—	11	8	1	35	11	14	2
Widowed	30	—	7	9	1	91	3	14	—
Divorced	47	—	48	28	8	105	32	27	2

Table 4. **General Characteristics of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990**

[The above table was omitted because there were no qualifying areas]

Table 5. General Characteristics of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Champaign County		
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 14
AGE								
All persons	8 033	8 033	2 608	418	4 259	684	706	437
Under 5 years.....	568	568	97	53	329	5	—	46
5 to 9 years.....	419	419	86	40	226	2	6	8
10 to 14 years.....	261	261	67	33	109	1	—	2
15 to 19 years.....	1 070	1 070	392	20	608	47	118	165
20 to 24 years.....	1 832	1 832	862	52	875	338	361	83
25 to 34 years.....	2 418	2 418	663	97	1 455	241	183	112
35 to 44 years.....	809	809	249	63	386	35	32	10
45 to 54 years.....	339	339	94	26	141	8	5	4
55 to 64 years.....	220	220	70	25	84	5	1	7
65 to 74 years.....	68	68	20	7	33	2	—	—
75 to 84 years.....	21	21	6	1	11	—	—	—
85 years and over	8	8	2	1	2	—	—	—
3 and 4 years.....	204	204	32	23	120	—	—	15
16 years and over	6 742	6 742	2 342	287	3 582	676	700	380
18 years and over	6 625	6 625	2 308	279	3 534	671	697	377
21 years and over	5 153	5 153	1 722	266	2 688	557	473	168
60 years and over	187	187	62	18	78	5	—	2
62 years and over	145	145	47	13	64	3	—	—
Median	24.4	24.4	23.2	25.8	24.8	23.8	22.3	20.0
Female								
Under 5 years.....	3 756	3 756	1 125	266	1 989	232	318	175
5 to 9 years.....	267	267	46	24	150	1	—	24
10 to 14 years.....	191	191	40	21	99	1	—	2
15 to 19 years.....	125	125	29	14	59	—	—	1
20 to 24 years.....	481	481	148	13	301	19	47	57
25 to 34 years.....	805	805	353	32	401	114	168	26
35 to 44 years.....	1 135	1 135	283	68	680	79	87	55
45 to 54 years.....	400	400	126	47	165	14	13	4
55 to 64 years.....	170	170	46	20	66	2	2	3
65 to 74 years.....	127	127	40	21	42	2	1	3
75 to 84 years.....	36	36	8	5	18	—	—	—
85 years and over	15	15	5	1	7	—	—	—
3 and 4 years.....	4	4	1	—	1	—	—	—
16 years and over	98	98	17	8	55	—	—	9
18 years and over	3 155	3 155	1 003	203	1 675	230	318	148
21 years and over	3 108	3 108	989	199	1 657	228	317	147
60 years and over	2 438	2 438	765	189	1 235	185	220	79
62 years and over	107	107	34	15	42	2	—	—
Median	82	82	24	10	36	1	—	—
Male	25.1	25.1	24.0	29.5	24.7	23.3	22.3	20.3
Median age	4 277	4 277	1 483	152	2 270	452	388	262
Median age	23.9	23.9	22.8	21.2	25.0	23.9	22.3	19.9
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP								
All persons	8 033	8 033	2 608	418	4 259	684	706	437
In households.....	6 350	6 350	2 002	418	3 185	673	353	195
Householder.....	2 379	2 379	849	91	1 212	357	180	70
Family householder.....	1 325	1 325	293	66	776	65	12	66
Nonfamily householder.....	1 054	1 054	556	25	436	292	168	4
Living alone.....	679	679	371	21	259	190	104	4
Spouse.....	1 371	1 371	287	153	739	46	10	57
Child.....	1 526	1 526	330	152	761	12	1	62
Other relatives.....	222	222	83	13	103	25	4	3
Nonrelatives.....	852	852	453	9	370	233	158	3
Institutionalized persons.....	5	5	—	—	3	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	1 678	1 678	606	—	1 071	11	353	242
Persons per household	2.46	2.46	2.16	2.74	2.52	1.74	1.88	2.80
Persons per family.....	3.10	3.10	3.12	3.26	2.99	2.22	2.08	2.91
Persons 65 years and over								
In households.....	97	97	28	9	46	2	—	—
Householder.....	94	94	28	9	45	2	—	—
Family householder.....	37	37	10	4	17	1	—	—
Nonfamily householder.....	11	11	2	2	3	1	—	—
Living alone.....	11	11	2	2	3	1	—	—
Spouse.....	13	13	4	2	7	—	—	—
Other relatives.....	41	41	13	3	20	1	—	—
Nonrelatives.....	3	3	1	—	1	—	—	—
Institutionalized persons.....	3	3	—	—	1	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN								
Families	1 325	1 325	293	66	776	65	12	66
With own children under 18 years.....	758	758	136	45	441	9	1	45
Number of own children under 18 years.....	1 342	1 342	274	135	696	9	1	58
Married-couple families.....	1 153	1 153	233	46	700	41	8	60
With own children under 18 years.....	688	688	120	31	411	6	1	41
Number of own children under 18 years.....	1 248	1 248	254	117	654	6	1	54
Female householder, no husband present.....	100	100	32	16	39	10	1	4
With own children under 18 years.....	55	55	12	11	22	1	—	4
Number of own children under 18 years.....	69	69	13	14	31	1	—	4
MARITAL STATUS								
Males 15 years and over.....	3 612	3 612	1 348	85	1 914	446	382	233
Never married.....	2 187	2 187	1 026	28	1 063	377	345	169
Now married, except separated.....	1 362	1 362	297	53	828	63	33	62
Separated.....	17	17	9	—	7	2	2	—
Widowed.....	12	12	5	—	5	2	—	—
Divorced.....	34	34	11	4	11	2	2	2
Females 15 years and over.....	3 173	3 173	1 010	207	1 681	230	318	148
Never married.....	1 524	1 524	654	23	809	174	297	82
Now married, except separated.....	1 499	1 499	312	156	821	52	19	62
Separated.....	17	17	4	2	7	—	—	1
Widowed.....	57	57	13	10	24	—	—	—
Divorced.....	76	76	27	16	20	4	2	3

Table 5. General Characteristics of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.		Champaign city, Champaign County		Urbana city, Champaign County		
	Tract 57	Tract 60	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 59	Tract 60 (pt.)
AGE							
All persons	524	1 351	684	706	493	1 579	1 341
Under 5 years	36	231	5	—	35	28	230
5 to 9 years	50	128	2	6	49	6	128
10 to 14 years	41	44	1	—	37	4	44
15 to 19 years	39	16	47	118	34	516	16
20 to 24 years	25	28	338	361	23	593	28
25 to 34 years	101	660	241	183	99	371	655
35 to 44 years	93	183	35	32	88	44	182
45 to 54 years	73	33	8	5	65	11	32
55 to 64 years	40	20	5	1	38	5	18
65 to 74 years	19	5	2	—	18	1	5
75 to 84 years	6	3	—	—	6	—	3
85 years and over	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
3 and 4 years	15	82	—	—	15	7	81
16 years and over	393	942	676	700	369	1 541	933
18 years and over	372	937	671	697	350	1 528	928
21 years and over	351	931	557	473	332	771	922
60 years and over	36	16	5	—	34	5	15
62 years and over	34	13	3	—	32	5	13
Median	32.0	29.5	23.8	22.3	31.6	20.9	29.5
Female	265	656	232	318	249	743	650
Under 5 years	17	103	1	—	16	14	103
5 to 9 years	22	53	1	—	22	2	53
10 to 14 years	22	25	—	—	18	1	25
15 to 19 years	16	9	19	47	15	260	9
20 to 24 years	16	22	114	168	15	283	22
25 to 34 years	52	351	79	87	51	156	348
35 to 44 years	51	61	14	13	48	19	60
45 to 54 years	38	14	2	2	34	4	13
55 to 64 years	18	13	2	1	17	3	12
65 to 74 years	7	4	—	—	7	1	4
75 to 84 years	5	1	—	—	5	—	1
85 years and over	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
3 and 4 years	9	32	—	—	9	4	32
16 years and over	203	471	230	318	192	726	465
18 years and over	192	469	228	317	182	724	463
21 years and over	184	465	185	220	174	343	459
60 years and over	16	10	2	—	16	4	10
62 years and over	16	8	1	—	16	4	8
Median	32.3	28.7	23.3	22.3	32.2	20.8	28.7
Male	259	695	452	388	244	836	691
Median age	31.4	30.4	23.9	22.3	31.0	21.1	30.4
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP							
All persons	524	1 351	684	706	493	1 579	1 341
In households	524	1 351	673	353	493	513	1 341
Householder	165	469	357	180	157	251	466
Family householder	143	428	65	12	135	89	425
Nonfamily householder	22	41	292	168	22	162	41
Living alone	21	33	190	104	21	91	33
Spouse	145	410	46	10	137	78	407
Child	184	424	12	1	172	38	423
Other relatives	14	32	25	4	14	12	29
Nonrelatives	16	16	233	158	13	134	16
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	11	353	—	1 066	—
Persons per household	2.98	2.87	1.74	1.88	2.96	1.99	2.87
Persons per family	3.27	3.01	2.22	2.08	3.26	2.42	3.01
Persons 65 years and over	26	8	2	—	25	1	8
In households	26	8	2	—	25	1	8
Householder	12	1	1	—	11	—	1
Nonfamily householder	2	—	1	—	2	—	—
Living alone	2	—	1	—	2	—	—
Spouse	5	1	—	—	5	—	1
Other relatives	9	6	1	—	9	1	6
Nonrelatives	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN							
Families	143	428	65	12	135	89	425
With own children under 18 years	80	281	9	1	75	29	280
Number of own children under 18 years	149	413	9	1	141	37	412
Married-couple families	136	403	41	8	128	77	401
With own children under 18 years	78	266	6	1	73	25	265
Number of own children under 18 years	145	393	6	1	137	32	392
Female householder, no husband present	3	15	10	1	3	9	14
With own children under 18 years	2	12	1	—	2	2	12
Number of own children under 18 years	4	16	1	—	4	2	16
MARITAL STATUS							
Males 15 years and over	193	473	446	382	179	815	470
Never married	42	27	377	345	37	690	27
Now married, except separated	148	443	63	33	139	124	440
Separated	1	2	2	2	1	1	2
Widowed	1	1	2	—	1	—	1
Divorced	1	—	2	2	1	—	—
Females 15 years and over	204	475	230	318	193	726	469
Never married	36	20	174	297	34	613	20
Now married, except separated	153	449	52	19	144	104	443
Separated	1	1	—	—	1	1	1
Widowed	9	5	—	—	9	4	5
Divorced	5	—	4	2	5	4	—

Table 6. General Characteristics of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

(Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County		Rantoul village, Champaign County	Urbana city, Champaign County
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 103	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 59	
AGE									
All persons	3 485	3 485	1 238	863	999	667	667	404	
Under 5 years	224	224	54	64	62	45	45	4	
5 to 9 years	197	197	54	51	51	34	34	3	
10 to 14 years	155	155	41	50	27	28	28	—	
15 to 19 years	650	650	293	80	245	62	62	211	
20 to 24 years	899	899	430	184	251	161	161	141	
25 to 34 years	718	718	212	212	211	177	177	30	
35 to 44 years	378	378	83	151	89	123	123	11	
45 to 54 years	140	140	32	48	30	37	37	3	
55 to 64 years	69	69	22	16	16	—	—	1	
65 to 74 years	36	36	8	6	12	—	—	—	
75 to 84 years	18	18	9	1	4	—	—	—	
85 years and over	1	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	
3 and 4 years	87	87	19	27	24	21	21	2	
16 years and over	2 885	2 885	1 082	695	852	558	558	397	
18 years and over	2 819	2 819	1 063	682	835	555	555	393	
21 years and over	1 945	1 945	634	569	517	458	458	122	
60 years and over	79	79	24	15	24	—	—	—	
62 years and over	68	68	20	13	20	—	—	—	
Median	21.9	21.9	21.1	25.1	21.3	25.1	25.1	19.9	
Female	1 474	1 474	519	254	502	157	157	201	
Under 5 years	108	108	27	29	30	19	19	2	
5 to 9 years	94	94	24	23	22	16	16	—	
10 to 14 years	71	71	17	22	13	11	11	—	
15 to 19 years	277	277	99	31	135	23	23	115	
20 to 24 years	343	343	175	41	114	33	33	64	
25 to 34 years	310	310	100	57	107	39	39	12	
35 to 44 years	143	143	38	31	44	12	12	6	
45 to 54 years	57	57	20	6	16	4	4	1	
55 to 64 years	36	36	11	10	8	—	—	—	
65 to 74 years	22	22	3	3	9	—	—	—	
75 to 84 years	12	12	5	1	3	—	—	—	
85 years and over	1	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	
3 and 4 years	40	40	8	13	12	10	10	1	
16 years and over	1 185	1 185	444	179	431	110	110	199	
18 years and over	1 153	1 153	437	174	418	108	108	196	
21 years and over	800	800	281	139	260	80	80	53	
60 years and over	46	46	10	9	16	—	—	—	
62 years and over	42	42	10	7	15	—	—	—	
Median	21.7	21.7	21.4	22.0	21.3	21.2	21.2	19.7	
Male	2 011	2 011	719	609	497	510	510	203	
Median age	22.1	22.1	20.9	25.9	21.3	26.2	26.2	20.0	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	3 485	3 485	1 238	863	999	667	667	404	
in households	2 302	2 302	830	418	669	222	222	84	
Householder	788	788	317	107	248	50	50	37	
Family householder	421	421	118	97	128	50	50	8	
Nonfamily householder	367	367	199	10	120	—	—	29	
Living alone	215	215	110	8	71	—	—	13	
Spouse	402	402	105	98	128	54	54	7	
Child	705	705	193	198	164	112	112	7	
Other relatives	54	54	23	5	11	4	4	1	
Nonrelatives	353	353	192	10	118	2	2	32	
Institutionalized persons	8	8	1	—	7	—	—	—	
Other persons in group quarters	1 175	1 175	407	445	323	445	445	320	
Persons per household	2.57	2.57	2.32	3.36	2.47	3.82	3.82	2.19	
Persons per family	3.23	3.23	3.20	3.49	3.04	3.76	3.76	2.25	
Persons 65 years and over	55	55	17	7	17	—	—	—	
in households	55	55	17	7	17	—	—	—	
Householder	34	34	11	5	8	—	—	—	
Nonfamily householder	15	15	4	1	4	—	—	—	
Living alone	15	15	4	1	4	—	—	—	
Spouse	9	9	1	1	4	—	—	—	
Other relatives	8	8	5	—	2	—	—	—	
Nonrelatives	4	4	—	1	3	—	—	—	
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	421	421	118	97	128	50	50	8	
With own children under 18 years	256	256	61	73	72	45	45	2	
Number of own children under 18 years	621	621	160	179	149	110	110	7	
Married-couple families	339	339	89	79	106	47	47	6	
With own children under 18 years	202	202	45	60	55	42	42	1	
Number of own children under 18 years	499	499	125	155	110	107	107	6	
Female householder, no husband present	59	59	20	12	18	3	3	1	
With own children under 18 years	43	43	13	8	15	3	3	1	
Number of own children under 18 years	106	106	32	16	37	3	3	1	
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	1 708	1 708	638	518	422	449	449	198	
Never married	1 082	1 082	508	228	289	198	198	189	
Now married, except separated	512	512	107	224	118	190	190	8	
Separated	17	17	5	6	4	6	6	—	
Widowed	3	3	2	—	1	—	—	1	
Divorced	94	94	16	60	10	55	55	—	
Females 15 years and over	1 201	1 201	451	180	437	111	111	199	
Never married	656	656	310	52	263	40	40	187	
Now married, except separated	436	436	104	113	140	67	67	10	
Separated	18	18	7	2	6	1	1	1	
Widowed	29	29	9	3	9	—	—	—	
Divorced	62	62	21	10	19	3	3	—	

Table 7. General Characteristics of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County	Rantoul village, Champaign County	Urbano city, Champaign County
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbano city	Tract 103	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 59
AGE								
All persons	144 760	144 760	50 567	13 865	26 945	5 590	5 590	5 890
Under 5 years	9 309	9 309	2 715	1 245	1 297	690	690	16
5 to 9 years	8 840	8 840	2 420	1 151	1 150	548	548	7
10 to 14 years	7 483	7 483	1 855	976	829	331	331	8
15 to 19 years	13 710	13 710	5 638	995	3 475	433	433	2 532
20 to 24 years	22 358	22 358	11 747	1 454	5 883	857	857	2 741
25 to 34 years	26 720	26 720	8 902	3 198	5 098	1 672	1 672	377
35 to 44 years	20 202	20 202	6 320	2 045	3 053	858	858	62
45 to 54 years	12 055	12 055	3 388	1 037	1 642	190	190	57
55 to 64 years	9 989	9 989	3 043	829	1 518	6	6	33
65 to 74 years	7 970	7 970	2 589	631	1 478	4	4	35
75 to 84 years	4 539	4 539	1 481	242	1 037	1	1	18
85 years and over	1 585	1 585	469	62	485	-	-	4
3 and 4 years	3 674	3 674	1 060	503	482	266	266	5
16 years and over	117 664	117 664	43 217	10 345	23 508	3 981	3 981	5 856
18 years and over	114 784	114 784	42 471	10 049	23 168	3 918	3 918	5 830
21 years and over	99 413	99 413	34 665	9 216	18 393	3 421	3 421	2 101
60 years and over	18 947	18 947	6 085	1 331	3 800	7	7	70
62 years and over	16 959	16 959	5 457	1 159	3 488	5	5	63
Median	28.8	28.8	25.8	28.2	26.2	24.5	24.5	20.3
Female	71 596	71 596	24 289	6 297	13 822	2 047	2 047	3 162
Under 5 years	4 504	4 504	1 329	567	668	315	315	4
5 to 9 years	4 348	4 348	1 164	562	567	262	262	2
10 to 14 years	3 624	3 624	892	476	391	163	163	5
15 to 19 years	6 417	6 417	2 331	422	1 886	151	151	1 442
20 to 24 years	10 217	10 217	5 032	616	2 850	301	301	1 477
25 to 34 years	12 797	12 797	4 233	1 365	2 326	617	617	123
35 to 44 years	9 860	9 860	3 149	819	1 467	204	204	20
45 to 54 years	6 147	6 147	1 756	487	878	27	27	34
55 to 64 years	5 121	5 121	1 590	438	801	3	3	17
65 to 74 years	4 470	4 470	1 495	352	887	3	3	23
75 to 84 years	2 888	2 888	970	148	699	1	1	13
85 years and over	1 203	1 203	348	45	402	-	-	2
3 and 4 years	1 766	1 766	502	245	240	138	138	1
16 years and over	58 402	58 402	20 735	4 623	12 125	1 288	1 288	3 149
18 years and over	56 973	56 973	20 371	4 483	11 951	1 261	1 261	3 133
21 years and over	49 917	49 917	17 200	4 155	9 329	1 099	1 099	989
60 years and over	11 086	11 086	3 617	748	2 421	4	4	47
62 years and over	10 082	10 082	3 314	665	2 248	4	4	42
Median	30.1	30.1	28.1	28.6	26.9	22.6	22.6	20.2
Male	73 164	73 164	26 278	7 568	13 123	3 543	3 543	2 728
Median age	27.6	27.6	24.2	27.9	25.7	25.8	25.8	20.5
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP								
All persons	144 760	144 760	50 567	13 865	26 945	5 590	5 590	5 890
In households	130 962	130 962	44 127	12 116	21 775	3 841	3 841	1 469
Householder	55 161	55 161	19 877	4 589	10 454	1 116	1 116	729
Family householder	33 260	33 260	9 689	3 448	4 913	1 093	1 093	103
Nonfamily householder	21 901	21 901	10 188	1 141	5 541	23	23	626
Living alone	15 912	15 912	6 872	965	3 972	18	18	305
Spouse	28 270	28 270	8 185	2 828	4 031	986	986	80
Child	34 469	34 469	9 259	4 169	4 244	1 685	1 685	45
Other relatives	2 338	2 338	798	165	369	27	27	19
Nonrelatives	10 724	10 724	6 008	365	2 677	27	27	596
Institutionalized persons	1 209	1 209	289	-	496	-	-	-
Other persons in group quarters	12 589	12 589	6 151	1 749	4 674	1 749	1 749	4 421
Persons per household	2.39	2.39	2.24	2.68	2.11	3.53	3.53	2.05
Persons per family	2.97	2.97	2.90	3.13	2.79	3.56	3.56	2.38
Persons 65 years and over	14 094	14 094	4 539	935	3 000	5	5	57
In households	13 111	13 111	4 333	935	2 633	5	5	54
Householder	9 183	9 183	3 053	647	1 943	1	1	40
Nonfamily householder	4 486	4 486	1 549	293	1 139	-	-	24
Living alone	4 368	4 368	1 503	287	1 105	-	-	20
Spouse	3 373	3 373	1 088	239	602	-	-	11
Other relatives	456	456	148	36	71	3	3	2
Nonrelatives	99	99	44	13	17	1	1	1
Institutionalized persons	972	972	199	-	364	-	-	-
Other persons in group quarters	11	11	7	-	3	-	-	3
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN								
Families	33 260	33 260	9 689	3 448	4 913	1 093	1 093	103
With own children under 18 years	16 123	16 123	4 374	2 033	2 088	877	877	20
Number of own children under 18 years	28 539	28 539	7 643	3 687	3 531	1 653	1 653	34
Married-couple families	28 409	28 409	8 186	2 902	4 093	1 035	1 035	79
With own children under 18 years	13 218	13 218	3 574	1 633	1 621	820	820	18
Number of own children under 18 years	24 253	24 253	6 497	3 068	2 897	1 560	1 560	32
Female householder, no husband present	3 632	3 632	1 162	427	615	35	35	16
With own children under 18 years	2 289	2 289	653	316	372	35	35	1
Number of own children under 18 years	3 395	3 395	939	480	503	56	56	1
MARITAL STATUS								
Males 15 years and over	60 008	60 008	22 673	5 801	11 473	2 714	2 714	2 708
Never married	25 184	25 184	12 640	1 595	6 356	842	842	2 575
Now married, except seporated	29 714	29 714	8 426	3 505	4 283	1 598	1 598	106
Separated	489	489	150	82	82	31	31	4
Widowed	883	883	247	66	171	1	1	1
Divorced	3 738	3 738	1 210	553	581	242	242	22
Females 15 years and over	59 120	59 120	20 904	4 692	12 196	1 307	1 307	3 151
Never married	19 081	19 081	8 815	777	5 647	191	191	3 009
Now married, except seporated	29 089	29 089	8 427	2 941	4 226	1 053	1 053	102
Separated	571	571	189	73	110	11	11	5
Widowed	5 091	5 091	1 636	368	1 185	5	5	16
Divorced	5 288	5 288	1 837	533	1 028	47	47	19

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Champaign County									
	Champaign-Urbana Non total, IL MSA	Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 12 01	Tract 12 02
RACE														
All persons	173 025	173 025	63 502	17 212	36 344	2 130	5 710	8 042	3 684	1 700	6 838	4 780	6 770	8 737
White	146 506	146 506	51 254	14 065	27 527	1 78	4 542	7 032	2 064	1 174	4 990	4 298	5 669	8 000
Black	16 559	16 559	9 006	2 018	4 159	2 031	383	1 197	1 554	661	1 661	405	863	438
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	331	331	113	73	55	3	9	7	13	4	12	8	22	13
American Indian	319	319	106	73	50	3	9	6	13	4	12	8	18	13
Eskimo	5	5	1	—	4	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aleut	7	7	6	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander	8 033	8 033	2 608	418	4 259	15	684	706	37	28	133	51	4	265
Asian	7 973	7 973	2 589	402	4 245	15	682	699	36	28	133	51	196	264
Chinese	2 540	2 540	799	177	1 549	5	296	196	7	—	27	13	19	88
Filipino	580	580	231	147	114	—	64	77	1	6	8	2	10	8
Japanese	665	665	203	98	311	—	49	50	6	3	12	8	16	16
Asian Indian	1 219	1 219	428	10	689	—	149	85	4	—	32	7	29	48
Korean	1 534	1 534	398	54	848	—	79	132	2	2	32	7	15	81
Vietnamese	369	369	147	19	147	10	16	10	8	6	35	3	42	3
Cambodian	21	21	2	—	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hmong	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian	153	153	65	7	28	—	—	—	2	12	9	—	46	—
Thai	123	123	58	23	30	—	4	24	2	2	3	—	12	4
Other Asian	769	769	258	27	450	—	25	125	6	4	4	4	8	16
Pacific Islander	60	60	19	16	14	—	2	7	1	—	—	—	7	—
Hawaiian	24	24	7	7	4	—	2	2	—	—	—	—	2	—
Samoa	14	14	8	1	3	—	—	3	1	—	—	—	—	—
Guamanian	16	16	4	8	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	2	—
Other Pacific Islander	6	6	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race	1 596	1 596	521	638	344	3	92	100	16	2	42	17	20	21
HISPANIC ORIGIN														
All persons	173 025	173 025	63 502	17 212	36 344	2 130	5 710	8 042	3 684	1 700	6 838	4 780	6 770	8 737
Hispanic origin (of any race)	3 485	3 485	1 238	863	999	4	182	771	43	17	90	39	102	59
Mexican	1 265	1 265	550	201	344	2	101	131	17	—	48	16	32	29
Puerto Rican	289	289	98	64	86	1	1	13	—	—	16	4	13	5
Cuban	127	127	48	32	43	—	5	22	2	—	2	1	2	2
Other Hispanic	1 804	1 804	542	586	529	—	65	105	20	16	24	18	55	23
Not of Hispanic origin	169 540	169 540	62 264	16 349	35 345	2 126	5 528	7 271	3 641	1 683	6 748	4 741	6 668	8 678
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN														
All persons	173 025	173 025	63 502	17 212	36 344	2 130	5 710	8 042	3 684	1 700	6 838	4 780	6 770	8 737
White	146 506	146 506	51 254	14 065	27 527	1 78	4 542	7 032	2 064	1 174	4 990	4 298	5 669	8 000
Hispanic origin	1 746	1 746	687	200	582	—	94	160	21	8	52	28	66	43
Not of Hispanic origin	144 760	144 760	50 567	13 865	26 945	78	4 448	6 872	2 043	1 166	4 938	4 270	5 603	7 957
Black	16 559	16 559	9 006	2 018	4 159	2 031	383	1 197	1 554	492	1 661	405	863	438
Hispanic origin	144	144	47	27	61	—	3	3	10	5	10	—	1	6
Not of Hispanic origin	16 415	16 415	8 959	1 991	4 098	2 031	380	194	1 544	487	1 651	405	862	432
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	331	331	113	73	55	3	9	7	13	4	12	9	22	13
Hispanic origin	32	32	12	5	—	—	—	1	—	—	3	—	—	1
Not of Hispanic origin	299	299	101	68	46	2	2	6	13	4	9	—	22	12
Asian or Pacific Islander	8 033	8 033	2 608	418	4 259	15	684	706	37	28	133	51	196	265
Hispanic origin	137	137	48	11	56	—	2	10	—	2	2	1	20	2
Not of Hispanic origin	7 896	7 896	2 560	407	4 203	14	682	696	36	26	131	50	176	263
Other race	1 596	1 596	521	638	344	3	92	100	16	2	42	17	20	21
Hispanic origin	1 426	1 426	444	620	291	2	81	97	11	—	23	10	15	7
Not of Hispanic origin	170	170	77	18	53	2	11	3	5	—	19	7	5	14

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Champaign County—Con.														
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 53	Tract 54	Tract 55	Tract 56	Tract 57	Tract 60	Tract 101	Tract 102.01	Tract 102.02	Tract 102.03	Tract 103
RACE														
All persons		8 603	4 678	2 938	7 338	5 436	5 191	6 657	2 354	5 097	990	318	3 716	7 185
White		7 956	3 569	1 161	6 473	4 959	4 439	5 837	1 820	4 257	952	245	3 004	5 690
Black		312	513	1 656	732	375	523	263	149	675	23	58	563	707
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut		9	9	6	26	3	11	10	—	7	1	—	15	50
American Indian		9	8	6	25	3	11	10	—	7	1	—	15	50
Eskimo		—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aleut		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander		308	437	105	92	84	181	524	1 351	119	14	10	97	181
Asian		308	437	105	92	83	181	521	1 347	119	14	10	89	173
Chinese		111	79	6	12	25	28	194	532	5	—	—	7	4
Filipino		19	34	—	3	—	5	14	6	26	2	8	32	82
Japanese		36	14	4	12	8	35	62	65	46	7	2	17	26
Asian Indian		77	47	12	26	4	10	143	161	26	4	—	—	2
Korean		34	188	5	8	8	27	76	399	13	—	—	11	30
Vietnamese		10	6	54	20	19	39	7	—	9	—	—	10	—
Cambodian		—	—	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hmong		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thai		4	3	4	10	15	23	—	—	6	—	—	1	11
Other Asian		17	64	3	1	4	13	5	2	4	—	—	6	18
Pacific Islander		—	—	—	—	—	—	20	179	4	—	—	8	8
Hawaiian		—	—	—	—	—	—	3	4	—	—	—	4	3
Samoan		—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
Guamanian		—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Pacific Islander		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	4	—
Other race		18	150	10	15	15	37	23	34	39	—	5	37	557
HISPANIC ORIGIN														
All persons		8 603	4 678	2 938	7 338	5 436	5 191	6 657	2 354	5 097	990	318	3 716	7 185
Hispanic origin (of any race)		87	283	43	79	55	78	93	161	86	21	5	84	667
Mexican		45	110	22	33	24	27	17	13	43	10	4	53	91
Puerto Rican		4	29	1	14	6	10	3	12	11	—	—	9	44
Cuban		10	8	—	4	—	2	8	2	7	—	—	—	4
Other Hispanic		28	136	20	28	16	39	65	134	25	11	—	22	528
Not of Hispanic origin		8 516	4 395	2 895	7 259	5 381	5 113	6 564	2 193	5 011	969	313	3 632	6 518
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN														
All persons		8 603	4 678	2 938	7 338	5 436	5 191	6 657	2 354	5 097	990	318	3 716	7 185
White		7 956	3 569	1 161	6 473	4 959	4 439	5 837	1 820	4 257	952	245	3 004	5 690
Hispanic origin		68	125	19	56	32	43	78	119	39	20	—	41	100
Not of Hispanic origin		7 888	3 444	1 142	6 417	4 927	4 396	5 759	701	4 218	932	245	2 963	5 590
Black		312	513	1 656	732	375	523	263	149	675	23	58	563	707
Hispanic origin		1	6	10	6	6	6	263	11	8	—	—	8	11
Not of Hispanic origin		311	507	1 646	726	369	517	263	138	667	23	58	555	696
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut		9	9	6	26	3	11	10	—	7	1	—	15	50
Hispanic origin		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	3
Not of Hispanic origin		9	9	6	26	2	8	9	—	7	1	—	13	47
Asian or Pacific Islander		308	437	105	92	84	181	524	1 351	119	14	10	97	181
Hispanic origin		2	3	7	9	5	1	2	2	4	1	—	—	6
Not of Hispanic origin		306	434	98	83	79	180	522	1 349	115	13	10	97	175
Other race		18	150	10	15	15	37	23	34	39	—	5	37	557
Hispanic origin		16	149	7	8	11	25	12	29	35	—	5	33	547
Not of Hispanic origin		2	1	3	7	4	12	11	5	4	—	—	4	10

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County													
	Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Champaign County - Con													
	Tract 104	Tract 106.02	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12.01 (pt.)
RACE														
All persons	5 443	6 599	481	2 130	5 710	8 042	3 718	3 348	3 624	558	5 766	4 780	3 864	6 769
White	5 288	6 444	384	78	4 542	7 032	3 405	2 812	2 018	377	4 029	4 298	3 735	5 668
Black	75	119	67	2 031	383	197	212	458	1 542	174	1 586	405	57	863
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	5	5	3	3	9	6	4	10	12	—	9	8	6	22
American Indian	7	5	3	3	9	6	4	10	12	—	9	8	6	18
Eskimo	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aleut	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander	55	24	24	15	684	706	75	42	36	6	102	51	57	196
Asian	51	22	24	15	682	699	73	42	36	6	102	51	57	189
Chinese	2	—	13	5	296	196	20	7	7	—	25	13	33	19
Filipino	5	3	6	—	64	77	5	2	1	1	7	2	1	10
Japanese	6	2	—	—	49	50	20	12	6	—	2	8	7	8
Asian Indian	1	—	—	—	149	85	12	3	4	—	6	12	3	29
Korean	2	9	2	—	79	132	4	7	—	—	21	7	9	15
Vietnamese	3	2	—	10	16	10	8	9	8	—	27	3	—	42
Cambodian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hmong	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian	15	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	1	—	46
Thai	9	—	—	—	4	24	1	—	—	—	9	1	1	12
Other Asian	8	—	1	—	25	125	3	2	6	—	3	2	2	8
Pacific Islander	4	2	—	—	—	7	2	—	—	—	—	4	—	7
Hawaiian	1	2	—	—	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Samoan	—	—	—	—	—	3	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Guamanian	1	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Other Pacific Islander	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Other race	18	7	3	3	92	100	22	26	16	1	40	17	9	20
HISPANIC ORIGIN														
All persons	5 443	6 599	481	2 130	5 710	8 042	3 718	3 348	3 624	558	5 766	4 780	3 864	6 769
Hispanic origin (of any race)	38	35	6	4	182	271	56	56	43	12	72	39	45	102
Mexican	16	21	1	2	101	131	19	26	17	—	44	16	9	32
Puerto Rican	—	—	—	1	11	13	6	6	4	—	12	4	4	13
Cuban	—	—	—	—	5	22	1	2	2	—	1	1	2	2
Other Hispanic	22	14	5	1	65	105	30	22	20	12	15	18	30	55
Not of Hispanic origin	5 405	6 564	475	2 126	5 528	7 771	3 662	3 292	3 581	546	5 694	4 741	3 819	6 667
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN														
All persons	5 443	6 599	481	2 130	5 710	8 042	3 718	3 348	3 624	558	5 766	4 780	3 864	6 769
White	5 288	6 444	384	78	4 542	7 032	3 405	2 812	2 018	377	4 029	4 298	3 735	5 668
Hispanic origin	11	28	4	—	94	160	35	31	21	6	37	28	35	66
Not of Hispanic origin	5 277	6 416	380	78	4 448	6 872	3 370	2 781	1 997	371	3 992	4 270	3 700	5 602
Black	75	119	67	2 031	383	197	212	458	1 542	174	1 586	405	57	863
Hispanic origin	1	3	—	—	3	3	1	2	10	4	10	—	—	1
Not of Hispanic origin	74	116	67	2 031	380	194	211	456	1 532	170	1 576	405	57	862
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	7	5	3	3	9	6	4	10	12	—	9	8	6	22
American Indian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	7	5	3	3	9	6	4	10	12	—	9	8	6	22
Asian or Pacific Islander	55	24	24	15	684	706	75	42	36	6	102	51	57	196
Hispanic origin	10	—	—	1	2	10	3	—	35	5	100	20	57	176
Not of Hispanic origin	45	24	24	14	682	696	72	42	35	1	92	50	57	176
Other race	18	7	3	3	92	100	22	26	16	1	40	17	9	20
Hispanic origin	16	4	2	1	81	97	17	22	11	1	21	10	6	15
Not of Hispanic origin	2	3	1	2	11	3	5	4	5	—	19	7	3	5

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County—Con.					Rantoul village, Champaign County					Urbana city, Champaign County		
	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 106.02 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.01 (pt.)	Tract 102.02 (pt.)	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)
RACE													
All persons	5 196	6 104	3 382	27	3	5 014	979	318	3 716	7 185			
White	4 661	5 631	2 571	10	3	4 185	941	245	3 004	5 690			
Black	351	250	417	13		667	23	58	563	707			
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	3	9	7			7	1		15	50			
American Indian		9	6										
Eskimo													
Aleut													
Asian or Pacific Islander	169	199	242	4		116	14	10	97	181			
Asian	168	199	242	4		116	14	10	89	173			
Chinese	48	63	54			5			7	4			
Filipino	7	14	34			23	2	8	32	82			
Japanese	33	28	6			46	7	2	17	26			
Asian Indian	33	48	42			4	4		2				
Korean	62	27	33			13			11	30			
Vietnamese	1	4	5	4		9			10				
Cambodian			1										
Hmong													
Laotian													
Thai						6			1				
Other Asian		4	2			6			6	11			
Pacific Islander	6	11	64			4			5	18			
Hawaiian	1								8	3			
Samoan									4				
Guamanian										1			
Other Pacific Islander									4	4			
Other race	12	15	145			39		5	37	557			
HISPANIC ORIGIN													
All persons	5 196	6 104	3 382	27	3	5 014	979	318	3 716	7 185			
Hispanic origin (of any race)	37	68	245			86	21	5	84	667			
Mexican	20	39	93			43	10	4	53	91			
Puerto Rican	3	2	19			11			9	44			
Cuban		3	7			7		1		4			
Other Hispanic	14	24	126			25	11		22	528			
Not of Hispanic origin	5 159	6 036	3 137	27	3	4 928	958	313	3 632	6 518			
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN													
All persons	5 196	6 104	3 382	27	3	5 014	979	318	3 716	7 185			
White	4 661	5 631	2 571	10	3	4 185	941	245	3 004	5 690			
Hispanic origin	27	51	92			39	20		41	100			
Not of Hispanic origin	4 634	5 580	2 479	10	3	4 146	921	245	2 963	5 590			
Black	351	250	417	13		667	23	58	563	707			
Hispanic origin	6	1	6			8			8	11			
Not of Hispanic origin	345	249	411	13		659	23	58	555	696			
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	3	9	7			7	1		15	50			
Hispanic origin									2	3			
Not of Hispanic origin	3	9	7			7	1		13	47			
Asian or Pacific Islander	169	199	242	4		116	14	10	97	181			
Hispanic origin	2	2	3			4	1			6			
Not of Hispanic origin	167	197	239	4		112	13	10	97	175			
Other race	12	15	145			39		5	37	557			
Hispanic origin	2	14	144			35		5	33	547			
Not of Hispanic origin	10	1	1			4			4	10			

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering
Area

	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 51	Tract 52	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 55 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 58	Tract 59	Tract 60 (pt.)	Tract 106.02 (pt.)
RACE												
All persons	207	2 214	2 746	2 362	3 037	4 582	6 217	4 128	8 582	2 268	1	
White	146	1 755	1 016	1 776	2 821	3 899	5 445	3 849	6 075	744		
Black	53	123	1 625	526	165	472	10	248	742	149		
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	-	1	6	9	9	9	10	7	13	-		
American Indian	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	5	12	-		
Eskimo	-	1	6	1	-	-	-	1	1	-		
Aleut	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Asian or Pacific Islander	8	299	93	46	40	171	493	189	1 579	1 341		
Asian	7	299	93	46	39	171	490	188	1 575	1 337		
Chinese	2	117	6	6	11	28	172	86	598	523		
Filipino	-	21	-	3	-	11	14	114	11	6		
Japanese	-	30	4	6	3	34	62	23	85	6		
Asian Indian	4	95	9	14	4	10	136	30	226	161		
Korean	-	26	3	4	4	27	76	25	284	399		
Vietnamese	-	2	50	12	12	30	7	2	29	3		
Cambodian	-	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Hmong	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Laotian	-	-	4	-	1	23	-	-	-	-		
Thao	-	2	-	-	3	1	3	2	-	2		
Other Asian	-	6	-	1	4	13	20	9	217	179		
Pacific Islander	1	-	-	-	1	-	3	1	4	4		
Powhatan	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	1		
Samoan	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-		
Guamanian	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-		
Other Pacific Islander	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3		
Other race	-	36	6	5	11	31	21	27	173	34		
HISPANIC ORIGIN												
All persons	207	2 214	2 746	2 362	3 037	4 582	6 217	4 128	8 582	2 268	1	
Hispanic origin (of any race)	4	87	38	35	23	69	92	86	404	161		
Mexican	1	34	20	13	11	22	17	22	189	13		
Puerto Rican	-	1	1	6	3	9	2	6	36	12		
Cuban	2	7	-	-	2	1	8	3	15	2		
Other Hispanic	1	35	17	14	7	37	45	55	164	134		
Not of Hispanic origin	203	2 127	2 708	2 327	3 014	4 513	6 125	4 042	8 178	2 107	1	
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN												
All persons	207	2 214	2 746	2 362	3 037	4 582	6 217	4 128	8 582	2 268	1	
White	146	1 755	1 016	1 776	2 821	3 899	5 445	3 849	6 075	744		
Hispanic origin	1	46	17	21	13	40	78	62	185	119		
Not of Hispanic origin	145	1 709	999	1 755	2 808	3 859	5 367	3 787	5 890	625		
Black	53	123	1 625	526	165	472	10	248	742	149		
Hispanic origin	2	5	10	6	3	5	-	-	19	1		
Not of Hispanic origin	51	118	1 615	520	162	467	248	56	723	138		
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	-	1	6	9	9	9	10	7	13	-		
Hispanic origin	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	5	-		
Not of Hispanic origin	-	1	6	-	-	7	9	6	8	-		
Asian or Pacific Islander	8	299	93	46	40	171	493	189	1 579	1 341		
Hispanic origin	1	3	7	4	-	1	2	4	32	2		
Not of Hispanic origin	7	296	86	42	40	170	491	185	1 547	1 339		
Other race	-	36	6	5	11	31	21	27	173	34		
Hispanic origin	-	33	4	4	7	21	11	19	163	29		
Not of Hispanic origin	-	3	2	1	4	10	10	8	10	5		

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County													
	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 55 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)
RACE														
All persons	60	1 142	1 072	1 072	—	1	3 541	2 499	1 296	165	4 976	2 399	609	440
White	46	797	961	961	—	1	3 339	2 325	998	135	4 697	2 138	540	392
Black	12	318	75	75	—	—	87	62	96	18	206	210	51	15
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	2	—	17	3	2	—
American Indian	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Eskimo	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aleut	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander	1	22	31	31	—	—	96	109	195	8	46	44	10	31
Asian	—	22	31	31	—	—	96	109	195	8	46	44	10	31
Chinese	—	—	—	—	—	—	40	48	25	—	6	14	—	22
Filipino	—	5	1	1	—	—	1	5	8	—	—	—	—	—
Japanese	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian Indian	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	29	5	3	6	5	1	7
Korean	—	2	11	11	—	—	19	7	155	2	12	4	—	—
Vietnamese	—	6	8	8	—	—	2	6	1	2	8	7	9	—
Cambodian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hmong	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thai	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	14	—	2
Other Asian	—	2	2	2	—	—	10	6	1	3	—	—	—	—
Pacific Islander	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hawaiian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Samoan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Pacific Islander	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race	—	1	2	2	—	—	9	3	5	4	10	4	6	2
HISPANIC ORIGIN														
All persons	60	1 142	1 072	1 072	—	1	3 541	2 499	1 296	165	4 976	2 399	609	440
Hispanic origin (of any race)	—	5	18	18	—	—	22	19	38	5	44	32	9	1
Mexican	—	—	4	4	—	—	9	6	17	2	18	13	5	—
Puerto Rican	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	10	—	8	3	1	—
Cuban	—	1	1	1	—	—	2	7	1	—	—	7	1	—
Other Hispanic	—	4	9	9	—	—	9	4	10	3	14	9	2	—
Not of Hispanic origin	60	1 137	1 054	1 054	—	1	3 519	2 480	1 258	160	4 932	2 367	600	439
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN														
All persons	60	1 142	1 072	1 072	—	1	3 541	2 499	1 296	165	4 976	2 399	609	440
White	46	797	961	961	—	1	3 339	2 325	998	135	4 697	2 138	540	392
Hispanic origin	—	5	18	18	—	—	22	19	38	5	44	32	9	1
Not of Hispanic origin	60	1 137	1 054	1 054	—	1	3 323	2 308	965	133	4 662	2 119	537	392
Black	12	318	75	75	—	—	87	62	96	18	206	210	51	15
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	12	317	75	75	—	—	87	62	96	18	206	207	50	15
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	1	4	3	3	—	—	10	—	2	—	17	3	2	—
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	1	4	3	3	—	—	9	—	2	—	17	2	1	—
Asian or Pacific Islander	1	22	31	31	—	—	96	109	195	8	46	44	10	31
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	1	21	31	31	—	—	96	109	195	8	41	39	10	31
Other race	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 8 Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area

Remainder of Champaign County—Con.

	Tract 60 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102 01 (pt.)	Tract 102 02 (pt.)	Tract 102 03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105	Tract 106 01	Tract 106 02 (pt.)	Tract 107	Tract 108	Tract 109
RACE													
All persons	86	83	11	—	—	—	5 443	3 690	4 512	6 595	5 565	4 400	7 382
White	76	72	11	—	—	—	5 288	3 672	4 472	6 440	5 535	4 381	7 344
Black	—	8	—	—	—	—	75	3	—	119	10	4	9
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	7	10	5	10	4	5
American Indian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Eskimo	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aleut	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander	10	3	—	—	—	—	55	6	—	24	11	6	20
Asian	10	3	—	—	—	—	51	6	18	22	11	6	18
Asian	9	—	—	—	—	—	2	4	—	—	3	—	—
Chinese	—	3	—	—	—	—	5	—	4	3	—	—	—
Filipino	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Japanese	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Korean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Korean Indian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Malay	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Asian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pacific Islander	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hawaiian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Samoan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Pacific Islander	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race	—	—	—	—	—	—	18	2	10	7	5	1	4
HISPANIC ORIGIN													
All persons	86	83	11	—	—	—	5 443	3 690	4 512	6 595	5 565	4 400	7 382
Hispanic origin (of any race)	—	—	—	—	—	—	38	18	24	35	21	27	29
Mexican	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	12	7	21	18	5	17
Puerto Rican	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	1	3	1
Cuban	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Hispanic	—	—	—	—	—	—	22	6	11	—	—	—	2
Not of Hispanic origin	86	83	11	—	—	—	5 405	3 672	4 488	6 560	5 544	4 373	7 353
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN													
All persons	86	83	11	—	—	—	5 443	3 690	4 512	6 595	5 565	4 400	7 382
White	76	72	11	—	—	—	5 288	3 672	4 472	6 440	5 535	4 381	7 344
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	16	14	28	17	24	25
Not of Hispanic origin	76	72	11	—	—	—	5 277	3 656	4 458	6 412	5 518	4 357	7 319
Black	—	8	—	—	—	—	75	3	—	119	10	4	9
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	—	8	—	—	—	—	74	3	—	116	10	4	9
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander	10	3	—	—	—	—	55	6	—	24	11	6	20
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	10	3	—	—	—	—	45	6	20	24	10	6	20
Other race	—	—	—	—	—	—	18	2	10	7	5	1	4
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	2	10	4	3	—	4
Not of Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	3	2	—	—

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign--Urban--Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Champaign County				
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbano city	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 7	Tract 8
All housing units.....	68 416	68 416	25 996	6 059	14 006	835	2 990	1 844	1 720	673
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Occupied housing units.....	63 900	63 900	24 173	5 461	13 210	754	2 785	1 754	1 492	633
Owner-occupied housing units.....	34 857	34 857	11 408	2 358	5 216	320	47	15	862	315
Percent of occupied housing units.....	54.5	54.5	47.2	43.2	39.5	42.4	1.7	.9	57.8	49.8
White.....	32 390	32 390	10 113	2 149	4 610	13	35	13	631	258
Black.....	1 886	1 886	1 094	160	437	307	6	1	214	53
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	51	51	14	3	5	—	—	—	2	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	487	487	176	34	154	—	6	1	12	4
Other race.....	43	43	11	12	10	—	—	—	3	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	230	230	82	32	47	—	1	—	9	—
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	32 227	32 227	10 053	2 129	4 578	13	34	13	627	258
Renter-occupied housing units.....	29 043	29 043	12 765	3 103	7 994	434	2 738	1 739	630	318
White.....	23 260	23 260	9 957	2 493	6 009	18	2 137	1 463	302	227
Black.....	3 604	3 604	2 004	498	849	412	204	72	320	87
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	78	78	33	16	19	1	4	2	3	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	1 892	1 892	673	57	1 058	3	351	179	5	3
Other race.....	209	209	98	39	59	—	42	23	—	1
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	558	558	235	75	201	—	86	56	2	4
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	22 934	22 934	9 824	2 460	5 876	18	2 094	1 430	302	225
VACANCY STATUS										
Vacant housing units.....	4 516	4 516	1 823	598	796	81	205	90	228	40
For sale only.....	778	778	321	46	89	3	—	—	40	1
For rent.....	2 485	2 485	1 038	454	461	49	172	79	143	31
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	438	438	157	34	99	3	6	1	13	2
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	170	170	59	7	40	3	5	6	4	—
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	645	645	248	57	107	23	22	4	28	6
Barred up.....	140	140	91	8	18	7	3	—	6	—
ROOMS										
1 room.....	1 540	1 540	1 139	33	321	4	577	295	68	1
2 rooms.....	3 524	3 524	1 750	168	1 322	15	478	295	98	32
3 rooms.....	7 073	7 073	3 019	498	2 559	96	576	329	181	29
4 rooms.....	13 539	13 539	4 975	1 219	3 227	176	631	398	495	210
5 rooms.....	14 443	14 443	5 650	1 655	2 319	263	407	159	446	184
6 rooms.....	11 919	11 919	4 232	1 324	1 732	153	187	248	263	141
7 rooms.....	7 473	7 473	2 413	616	1 113	67	62	69	99	47
8 or more rooms.....	8 905	8 905	2 818	546	1 413	61	72	51	70	29
Median, all housing units.....	5.1	5.1	4.9	5.2	4.4	5.0	3.3	3.5	4.5	4.9
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.3	5.3	5.0	5.3	4.7	5.1	3.4	3.6	4.6	5.0
Median, occupied housing units.....	5.2	5.2	4.9	5.3	4.4	5.0	3.2	3.5	4.7	4.9
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	6.1	6.1	6.1	5.8	6.1	5.7	5.6	6.3	5.1	5.7
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	4.0	4.0	3.8	4.9	3.6	4.5	3.2	3.5	4.0	4.2
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										
1, detached.....	36 742	36 742	12 675	2 795	5 884	473	136	83	1 026	385
1, attached.....	3 311	3 311	1 204	787	581	30	8	2	15	109
2.....	2 616	2 616	898	338	790	30	34	26	62	95
3 or 4.....	2 866	2 866	1 067	449	785	40	85	64	38	9
5 to 9.....	4 794	4 794	2 031	711	1 298	120	230	200	56	44
10 to 19.....	7 170	7 170	4 080	241	2 286	135	895	558	66	10
20 to 49.....	4 148	4 148	2 693	—	1 284	—	1 379	590	130	—
50 or more.....	1 646	1 646	756	—	698	—	207	307	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	4 734	4 734	429	701	300	—	—	—	322	18
Other.....	389	389	163	37	100	7	16	14	5	3
Occupied housing units.....	63 900	63 900	24 173	5 461	13 210	754	2 785	1 754	1 492	633
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person.....	18 329	18 329	8 268	1 114	4 682	200	1 296	725	492	133
2 persons.....	21 040	21 040	7 621	1 655	4 451	211	717	403	427	229
3 persons.....	10 527	10 527	3 649	1 045	1 971	120	463	224	256	116
4 persons.....	9 194	9 194	3 046	1 049	1 388	100	224	319	162	93
5 persons.....	3 349	3 349	1 025	426	481	63	56	52	82	42
6 or more persons.....	1 461	1 461	564	172	237	60	29	31	73	20
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.15	2.15	2.00	2.48	1.93	2.34	1.63	1.88	2.09	2.30
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.32	2.32	2.25	2.30	2.19	2.13	1.89	1.71	2.11	2.31
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	1.89	1.89	1.70	2.72	1.74	2.54	1.63	1.88	2.07	2.29
PERSONS PER ROOM										
1.00 or less.....	62 356	62 356	23 653	5 318	12 654	700	2 706	1 704	1 400	608
1.01 to 1.50.....	1 065	1 065	353	100	340	42	30	35	64	19
1.51 or more.....	479	479	167	43	216	12	49	15	28	6
Mean.....	.46	.46	.46	.51	.46	.55	.59	.62	.52	.52
VALUE										
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	27 651	27 651	10 009	1 852	4 389	282	33	10	607	282
Less than \$20,000.....	447	447	92	39	48	22	1	—	29	9
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	3 174	3 174	1 057	345	520	115	7	1	276	57
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	7 386	7 386	2 976	575	1 172	98	12	4	264	162
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	7 082	7 082	2 641	510	955	38	5	1	36	47
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	4 202	4 202	1 461	246	771	8	4	2	2	4
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	3 445	3 445	1 065	117	692	—	4	1	—	1
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	1 176	1 176	411	16	171	—	—	1	—	1
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	381	381	162	4	37	—	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	189	189	74	—	16	—	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more.....	169	169	70	—	7	1	—	—	—	1
Median (dollars).....	67 500	67 500	66 200	58 600	69 000	40 600	50 800	62 500	39 900	47 000
Mean (dollars).....	78 700	78 700	78 400	62 500	77 600	43 900	61 900	77 500	39 600	50 300
CONTRACT RENT										
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	28 273	28 273	12 677	3 038	7 899	423	2 737	1 737	612	313
Median contract rent (dollars).....	334	334	345	303	338	158	342	431	253	335
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	360	360	379	304	363	179	411	496	261	332
With meals included in rent.....	307	307	199	7	70	1	9	174	1	37
Median contract rent (dollars).....	676	676	635	350	689	50	719	648	237	337
No meals included in rent.....	26 802	26 802	12 328	2 411	7 728	408	2 718	1 554	592	307
No cash rent.....	1 164	1 164	150	620	101	14	10	9	19	5

Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.									
	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 53	Tract 54	Tract 55	Tract 56
All housing units.....	3 194	2 291	2 736	3 193	3 724	573	1 181	3 528	2 423	2 356
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Occupied housing units.....	2 867	2 180	2 620	3 083	3 450	541	1 072	3 254	2 265	2 277
Owner-occupied housing units.....	1 589	1 134	1 461	2 609	2 525	98	609	1 893	1 368	1 199
Percent of occupied housing units.....	55.4	52.0	55.8	84.6	73.2	18.1	56.8	58.2	60.4	52.7
White.....	1 335	1 113	1 288	2 441	2 402	87	223	1 824	1 317	1 142
Black.....	232	18	136	95	54	5	361	48	35	34
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	2	1	3	7	1	—	1	9	1	2
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	20	2	31	65	66	6	24	12	12	20
Other race.....	—	—	3	1	2	—	—	—	3	1
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	13	5	19	10	14	2	6	16	11	6
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	1 325	1 108	1 276	2 434	2 391	85	221	1 810	1 311	1 138
Renter-occupied housing units.....	1 278	1 046	1 159	474	925	443	463	1 361	897	1 078
White.....	941	882	976	425	823	353	234	1 124	805	872
Black.....	301	137	157	43	66	24	209	207	79	154
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	4	4	5	—	4	1	2	4	—	2
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	25	21	18	5	29	64	14	24	12	41
Other race.....	7	2	3	1	3	1	4	2	1	9
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	13	7	15	3	15	10	8	14	9	20
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	934	878	964	423	812	344	229	1 115	798	861
VACANCY STATUS										
Vacant housing units.....	327	111	116	110	274	32	109	274	158	79
For sale only.....	70	30	38	53	83	1	7	65	46	7
For rent.....	149	47	55	28	144	29	46	165	58	44
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	22	4	7	16	31	—	31	15	18	14
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	11	3	4	6	6	1	1	6	4	5
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	75	27	12	7	10	1	24	23	32	9
Boarded up.....	66	2	1	—	—	—	6	1	7	1
ROOMS										
1 room.....	10	25	2	1	2	—	12	21	34	1
2 rooms.....	111	103	61	21	41	37	50	104	103	50
3 rooms.....	323	297	240	107	103	98	93	504	268	300
4 rooms.....	631	502	428	264	725	260	328	1 415	472	554
5 rooms.....	1 128	512	858	541	686	91	313	730	703	656
6 rooms.....	642	386	574	747	558	36	226	343	467	443
7 rooms.....	215	228	248	586	552	16	85	201	218	201
8 or more rooms.....	134	238	325	926	1 057	35	74	210	158	151
Median all housing units.....	5.0	4.9	5.2	6.4	6.0	4.1	4.8	4.3	5.0	4.9
Median all housing units.....	5.0	5.1	5.4	6.6	6.3	4.4	5.0	4.6	5.0	5.0
Median owner-occupied housing units.....	5.0	4.9	5.3	6.4	6.2	4.1	4.9	4.4	5.0	4.9
Median owner-occupied housing units.....	5.4	6.0	5.9	6.7	7.0	6.3	5.2	4.9	5.5	5.7
Median renter-occupied housing units.....	4.3	3.9	4.4	4.5	4.3	3.9	4.4	3.8	4.1	4.0
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										
1 detached.....	1 683	1 319	1 828	2 469	2 203	72	691	906	1 644	1 463
1 attached.....	402	55	67	341	476	83	38	202	32	183
2.....	39	123	88	77	82	5	58	102	145	113
3 or 4.....	165	71	30	67	212	18	34	82	140	121
5 to 9.....	210	100	134	45	329	234	52	395	91	81
10 to 19.....	391	504	366	60	233	156	56	249	79	177
20 to 49.....	180	99	53	—	21	—	6	356	48	91
50 or more.....	—	—	148	—	141	—	51	—	—	111
Mobile home or trailer.....	106	1	6	122	2	—	186	1 219	228	3
Other.....	18	19	16	12	25	5	9	17	16	13
Occupied housing units.....	2 867	2 180	2 620	3 083	3 450	541	1 072	3 254	2 265	2 277
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person.....	803	792	629	509	871	135	318	1 102	740	699
2 persons.....	1 044	752	851	987	1 301	210	315	1 149	754	793
3 persons.....	482	312	482	603	518	94	182	518	356	406
4 persons.....	373	203	427	665	535	64	135	311	278	258
5 persons.....	117	87	151	243	166	29	69	128	92	84
6 or more persons.....	88	34	80	76	59	9	53	46	45	37
Median occupied housing units.....	2.10	1.90	2.30	2.58	2.16	2.15	2.19	1.96	2.02	2.05
Median owner-occupied housing units.....	2.18	2.13	2.52	2.72	2.32	2.38	2.19	2.15	2.15	2.27
Median renter-occupied housing units.....	1.99	1.59	2.01	2.06	1.72	2.10	2.20	1.67	1.76	1.76
PERSONS PER ROOM										
0.00 or less.....	2 786	2 161	2 567	3 057	3 434	493	1 000	3 164	2 223	2 243
0.01 to 1.50.....	62	15	43	26	12	39	58	70	28	30
1.51 or more.....	19	4	10	—	4	9	14	20	14	4
Mean.....	48	42	47	42	38	54	51	47	45	45
VALUE										
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	1 383	1 015	1 365	2 309	2 180	71	426	717	1 089	1 119
Less than \$20,000.....	10	3	1	7	3	3	15	14	20	6
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	287	123	93	38	8	—	133	108	233	112
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	545	391	764	247	150	8	199	132	516	555
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	352	259	438	630	343	2	65	185	164	351
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	175	137	60	483	410	1	6	132	92	68
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	11	71	5	373	839	18	3	99	55	20
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	2	16	4	304	265	28	—	29	6	4
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	—	6	—	120	87	—	3	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	1	2	—	51	49	2	1	8	1	3
\$300,000 or more.....	—	7	—	56	26	2	1	3	1	—
Median (dollars).....	52 500	59 500	54 500	87 200	109 600	154 000	45 600	71 800	49 000	56 100
Mean (dollars).....	56 600	69 200	56 900	114 100	120 300	152 200	48 900	79 800	55 700	58 700
CONTRACT RENT										
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	1 266	1 032	1 149	460	918	440	455	1 301	889	1 058
Median contract rent (dollars).....	353	335	399	423	430	333	313	363	320	346
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	370	320	380	463	474	336	354	356	324	330
With meals included in rent.....	1	—	5	2	24	—	1	3	1	2
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	363	487	382	263	1 193	—	187	346	463	70
No meals included in rent.....	1 244	1 014	1 131	447	880	437	425	1 272	869	1 041
No cash rent.....	2	17	13	11	14	3	29	26	19	15
CENSUS TRACTS AND BLOCK NUMBERING AREAS										

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.								
	Tract 57	Tract 60	Tract 101	Tract 102.01	Tract 102.02	Tract 102.03	Tract 103	Tract 104	Tract 106.02
All housing units.....	3 097	850	2 412	436	175	1 670	1 418	2 213	2 585
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER									
Occupied housing units.....	2 974	820	2 065	409	140	1 491	1 396	2 023	2 441
Owner-occupied housing units.....	1 752	20	1 028	326	46	884	84	1 473	1 860
Percent of occupied housing units.....	58.9	2.4	49.8	79.7	32.9	59.3	6.0	72.8	76.2
White.....	1 618	19	948	319	44	771	77	1 447	1 841
Black.....	28	—	55	5	—	93	6	12	8
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	1	—	—	—	—	3	—	1	4
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	102	1	18	2	—	14	—	11	6
Other race.....	3	—	7	—	1	3	1	2	1
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	14	—	11	4	—	14	2	5	6
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	1 606	19	942	315	44	762	76	1 447	1 836
Renter-occupied housing units.....	1 222	800	1 037	83	94	607	1 312	550	581
White.....	1 058	268	822	80	73	479	1 064	530	537
Black.....	94	56	186	1	17	107	192	14	40
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	5	—	3	—	—	4	9	2	1
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	63	468	16	2	3	14	—	3	2
Other race.....	2	8	10	—	1	3	25	1	1
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	14	52	20	—	1	6	48	6	3
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	1 046	228	815	80	73	477	1 040	527	537
VACANCY STATUS									
Vacant housing units.....	123	30	347	27	35	179	22	190	144
For sale only.....	26	—	18	5	—	19	—	24	49
For rent.....	55	26	292	12	19	123	18	108	51
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	15	2	12	—	5	17	—	20	21
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	18	1	3	1	—	3	—	9	1
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	9	1	22	9	7	17	4	29	22
Boarded up.....	—	—	2	—	2	1	3	9	—
ROOMS									
1 room.....	5	49	12	2	2	17	—	5	2
2 rooms.....	132	239	55	5	17	70	21	37	10
3 rooms.....	442	269	292	18	33	137	34	114	85
4 rooms.....	643	229	622	57	45	431	79	403	547
5 rooms.....	337	38	629	82	31	449	466	490	609
6 rooms.....	418	7	391	112	13	307	507	509	507
7 rooms.....	443	6	225	76	16	134	170	341	371
8 or more rooms.....	677	13	186	84	18	125	141	314	454
Median, all housing units.....	5.5	3.0	4.9	6.0	4.3	4.9	5.7	5.6	5.6
Median, all housing units.....	5.6	3.1	5.1	6.1	4.7	5.0	5.8	5.8	5.9
Median, occupied housing units.....	5.5	3.0	5.1	6.1	4.5	5.0	5.7	5.7	5.7
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	6.9	7.0	5.9	6.4	6.3	5.5	4.8	5.9	6.0
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	3.8	3.0	4.2	4.5	3.9	4.2	5.8	4.9	4.6
UNITS IN STRUCTURE									
1, detached.....	1 643	52	1 185	380	85	1 062	105	1 523	1 460
1, attached.....	225	17	58	13	6	22	688	30	35
2.....	200	7	98	5	21	51	163	29	21
3 or 4.....	7	132	179	—	21	100	150	53	11
5 to 9.....	135	107	428	15	13	62	206	44	6
10 to 19.....	251	532	183	1	—	70	3	86	27
20 to 49.....	282	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	121
50 or more.....	327	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	1	1	268	19	24	298	92	440	900
Other.....	26	2	13	3	5	5	11	8	4
Occupied housing units.....	2 974	820	2 065	409	140	1 491	1 396	2 023	2 441
PERSONS IN UNIT									
1 person.....	999	88	556	96	52	401	22	442	439
2 persons.....	1 049	275	692	169	42	478	284	669	835
3 persons.....	398	253	334	56	26	276	365	342	469
4 persons.....	374	152	325	66	7	206	446	373	477
5 persons.....	116	44	115	16	7	88	203	135	167
6 or more persons.....	38	8	43	6	42	6	62	62	54
Median, occupied housing units.....	1.97	2.69	2.19	2.14	1.93	2.22	3.56	2.35	2.44
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.29	2.00	2.27	2.18	2.24	2.35	3.03	2.39	2.50
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	1.50	2.71	2.09	1.91	1.67	2.00	3.59	2.22	2.22
PERSONS PER ROOM									
1.00 or less.....	2 944	560	2 024	408	132	1 441	1 353	1 982	2 402
1.01 to 1.50.....	25	149	30	—	6	37	27	34	33
1.51 or more.....	5	111	11	1	2	13	16	7	6
Mean.....	.39	.89	.47	.39	.47	.48	.61	.45	.45
VALUE									
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	1 492	16	847	300	39	668	4	919	1 039
Less than \$20,000.....	—	—	7	2	—	29	1	34	10
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	3	—	107	25	8	206	—	170	71
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	50	—	235	69	13	258	2	304	167
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	265	—	279	78	12	142	—	241	280
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	499	4	158	57	5	26	—	105	192
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	502	3	54	55	1	7	1	49	190
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	114	3	6	10	—	—	—	12	85
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	25	1	1	4	—	—	—	1	25
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	17	2	—	—	—	—	—	3	10
\$300,000 or more.....	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	97 100	120 000	65 200	73 200	58 500	46 400	47 500	55 000	79 400
Mean (dollars).....	110 000	147 700	67 000	81 300	58 300	48 900	60 400	61 800	94 700
CONTRACT RENT									
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	1 212	793	1 028	80	93	598	1 265	459	512
Median contract rent (dollars).....	372	270	275	258	207	273	369	255	296
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	379	285	270	299	233	275	386	256	307
With meals included in rent.....	58	1	3	—	—	4	—	1	—
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	773	313	326	—	—	369	—	1 250	—
No meals included in rent.....	1 132	790	999	77	90	581	687	426	481
No cash rent.....	22	2	26	3	3	13	578	32	31

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990**—Con.

(For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County									
	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)
All housing units	406	835	2 990	1 844	2 072	2 046	1 648	225	2 692	2 291
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Occupied housing units	334	754	2 785	1 754	1 874	1 871	1 446	198	2 400	2 180
Owner-occupied housing units	36	320	47	15	855	560	861	42	1 292	1 134
Percent of occupied housing units	10.8	42.4	1.7	.9	45.6	29.9	59.5	21.2	53.8	52.0
White	32	13	35	13	825	523	630	28	1 058	1 113
Black	4	307	6	1	20	33	214	14	216	18
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	—	—	—	—	1	1	2	—	—	1
Asian or Pacific Islander	—	—	6	1	9	2	12	—	18	2
Other race	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	—	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race)	1	—	1	—	5	5	9	—	9	5
White, not of Hispanic origin	31	13	34	13	820	520	626	28	1 051	1 108
Renter-occupied housing units	298	434	2 738	1 739	1 019	1 311	585	156	1 108	1 046
White	235	18	2 137	1 463	920	1 119	268	118	799	882
Black	47	412	204	72	70	166	311	36	282	137
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	3	1	4	2	—	4	2	—	4	4
Asian or Pacific Islander	11	3	351	179	23	13	4	1	17	21
Other race	2	—	42	23	6	9	—	1	6	2
Hispanic origin (of any race)	4	—	86	56	18	17	2	3	11	7
White, not of Hispanic origin	233	18	2 094	1 430	908	1 111	268	116	793	878
VACANCY STATUS										
Vacant housing units	72	81	205	90	198	175	202	27	292	111
For sale only	—	3	—	—	16	17	40	—	64	30
For rent	62	49	172	79	124	96	118	27	123	47
Rented or sold, not occupied	—	3	6	1	42	24	13	—	20	4
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use	2	3	5	6	6	12	3	—	10	3
For migrant workers	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant	8	23	22	4	10	26	28	—	75	27
Boarded up	—	7	3	—	1	5	6	—	66	2
ROOMS										
1 room	33	4	577	295	47	79	64	—	5	25
2 rooms	94	15	478	295	223	273	56	4	97	103
3 rooms	150	96	576	329	292	481	156	6	259	297
4 rooms	62	176	631	398	401	468	495	134	540	502
5 rooms	44	263	407	159	355	263	446	48	1 005	512
6 rooms	14	153	187	248	275	184	263	21	528	386
7 rooms	4	67	62	69	210	119	98	9	162	228
8 or more rooms	5	61	72	51	269	179	70	3	96	238
Median, all housing units	3.0	5.0	3.3	3.5	4.7	3.9	4.6	4.3	4.9	4.9
Mean, all housing units	3.2	5.1	3.4	3.6	5.0	4.3	4.7	4.5	4.9	5.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units	2.9	5.0	3.2	3.5	4.8	3.9	4.7	4.3	5.0	4.9
Median, owner-occupied housing units	4.6	5.7	5.6	6.3	6.4	6.1	5.1	5.9	5.3	6.0
Median, renter-occupied housing units	2.7	4.5	3.2	3.5	3.6	3.3	4.2	4.1	4.4	3.9
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										
1 detached	25	473	136	83	1 042	599	1 025	55	1 367	1 319
1 attached	1	30	8	2	23	12	15	96	386	55
2	28	30	34	26	154	160	62	63	24	123
3 or 4	41	40	85	64	146	247	33	1	151	71
5 to 9	92	120	230	200	229	337	40	7	176	100
10 to 19	85	135	895	558	338	546	60	—	303	504
20 to 49	28	—	1 379	590	130	127	86	—	180	99
50 or more	94	—	207	307	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer	—	—	—	—	—	—	322	—	91	1
Other	12	7	16	14	10	18	5	3	14	19
Occupied housing units	334	754	2 785	1 754	1 874	1 871	1 446	198	2 400	2 180
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person	254	200	1 296	725	810	1 048	457	45	674	792
2 persons	61	211	717	403	642	491	419	58	871	752
3 persons	11	120	463	224	189	162	253	48	388	312
4 persons	3	100	224	319	152	95	162	35	281	203
5 persons	2	63	56	52	56	44	82	11	105	87
6 or more persons	3	60	29	31	25	31	73	1	81	34
Median, occupied housing units	1.50	2.34	1.63	1.88	1.70	1.50	2.13	2.43	2.10	1.90
Median, owner-occupied housing units	1.50	2.13	1.89	1.71	2.06	1.93	2.11	2.50	2.14	2.13
Median, renter-occupied housing units	1.50	2.54	1.63	1.88	1.50	1.50	2.18	2.41	2.05	1.59
PERSONS PER ROOM										
1.00 or less	321	700	2 706	1 704	1 855	1 843	1 356	191	2 329	2 161
.01 to 1.50	5	42	30	35	14	16	63	5	56	15
.51 or more	8	12	49	15	5	12	27	2	15	4
Mean	44	.55	.59	.62	.39	41	.52	.56	48	.42
VALUE										
Specified owner-occupied housing units	6	282	33	10	776	393	606	37	1 122	1 015
Less than \$20 000	—	22	1	—	5	12	29	—	9	3
\$20 000 to \$39 999	2	115	7	1	44	47	276	8	279	123
\$40 000 to \$59 999	3	98	12	4	181	125	264	27	513	391
\$60 000 to \$79 999	—	38	5	1	215	132	36	1	212	259
\$80 000 to \$99 999	1	8	4	2	172	41	1	—	102	137
\$100 000 to \$149 999	—	—	4	1	103	18	—	—	5	71
\$150 000 to \$199 999	—	—	—	1	34	7	—	1	1	16
\$200 000 to \$249 999	—	—	—	—	14	3	—	—	—	6
\$250 000 to \$299 999	—	—	—	—	4	4	—	—	1	2
\$300 000 or more	—	1	—	—	4	4	—	—	—	7
Median (dollars)	42 500	40 600	50 800	62 500	74 700	61 700	39 900	43 500	48 500	59 500
Mean (dollars)	47 900	43 900	61 900	77 500	84 200	69 900	39 500	47 100	52 600	69 200
CONTRACT RENT										
Specified renter-occupied housing units	296	423	2 737	1 737	1 015	1 309	567	154	1 099	1 032
Median contract rent (dollars)	227	158	342	431	334	305	255	345	354	335
Mean contract rent (dollars)	233	179	411	496	359	310	264	344	372	320
With meals included in rent	—	—	9	174	2	1	1	1	1	1
Mean contract rent (dollars)	—	50	719	648	1 063	163	237	337	363	487
No meals included in rent	295	408	2 718	1 554	1 001	1 292	547	152	1 082	1 014
No cash rent	1	14	10	9	12	16	19	1	16	17

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County—Con.							Rantoul village, Champaign County		
	Tract 11	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 106.02 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.01 (pt.)	Tract 102.02 (pt.)
All housing units.....	1 703	2 735	1 809	2 687	—	12	1	2 365	431	175
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Occupied housing units.....	1 654	2 619	1 758	2 533	—	12	1	2 029	405	140
Owner-occupied housing units.....	1 400	1 461	1 554	1 821	—	9	1	1 018	326	46
Percent of occupied housing units.....	84.6	55.8	88.4	71.9	—	75.0	100.0	50.2	80.5	32.9
White.....	1 374	1 288	1 436	1 741	—	3	1	938	319	44
Black.....	2	136	76	38	—	4	—	55	5	1
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	2	3	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	15	31	38	40	—	2	—	18	2	—
Other race.....	2	3	1	1	—	—	—	7	—	1
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	11	19	7	10	—	—	—	11	4	1
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	1 365	1 276	1 431	1 733	—	3	1	932	315	44
Renter-occupied housing units.....	254	1 158	204	712	—	3	—	1 011	79	94
White.....	231	975	173	618	—	1	—	801	76	73
Black.....	18	157	28	62	—	2	—	181	1	17
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	5	—	4	—	—	—	3	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	3	18	3	26	—	—	—	16	2	3
Other race.....	2	3	—	2	—	—	—	10	—	1
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	4	15	1	11	—	—	—	20	—	1
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	229	963	172	610	—	1	—	794	76	73
VACANCY STATUS										
Vacant housing units.....	49	116	51	154	—	—	—	336	26	35
For sale only.....	23	38	29	61	—	—	—	18	5	4
For rent.....	14	55	12	60	—	—	—	282	12	19
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	7	7	6	24	—	—	—	12	—	5
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	—	4	2	3	—	—	—	3	1	—
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	5	12	2	6	—	—	—	21	8	7
Boarded up.....	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	2
ROOMS										
1 room.....	7	2	—	1	—	—	—	12	2	2
2 rooms.....	16	61	—	33	—	2	—	55	5	17
3 rooms.....	52	240	17	66	—	2	—	277	17	33
4 rooms.....	159	428	77	501	—	3	—	607	57	45
5 rooms.....	342	857	385	561	—	2	1	627	82	31
6 rooms.....	401	574	565	432	—	1	—	388	109	13
7 rooms.....	360	248	389	387	—	1	—	220	76	16
8 or more rooms.....	366	325	376	706	—	1	—	179	83	18
Median, all housing units.....	6.2	5.2	6.3	5.9	—	4.2	5.0	4.9	6.0	4.3
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	6.3	5.4	6.5	6.2	—	4.6	5.0	5.1	6.1	4.7
Median, occupied housing units.....	6.2	5.3	6.3	6.0	—	4.2	5.0	5.1	6.1	4.5
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	6.5	5.9	6.4	6.8	—	3.7	5.0	5.9	6.4	6.3
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	4.3	4.4	5.1	4.3	—	6.0	—	4.2	4.4	3.9
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										
1, detached.....	1 537	1 827	1 644	1 540	—	3	—	1 168	375	85
1, attached.....	12	67	101	396	—	—	—	58	13	6
2.....	23	88	25	58	—	—	—	98	5	21
3 or 4.....	16	30	4	138	—	—	—	178	—	21
5 to 9.....	59	134	22	285	—	—	—	415	15	13
10 to 19.....	51	366	8	231	—	—	—	167	1	—
20 to 49.....	—	53	—	21	—	—	—	—	—	—
50 or more.....	—	148	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	—	6	—	—	—	9	—	268	19	24
Other.....	5	16	5	18	—	—	1	13	3	5
Occupied housing units.....	1 654	2 619	1 758	2 533	—	12	1	2 029	405	140
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person.....	404	628	271	660	—	4	—	543	96	52
2 persons.....	697	851	492	952	—	4	—	683	168	42
3 persons.....	250	482	371	374	—	1	1	325	53	26
4 persons.....	220	427	434	388	—	3	—	324	66	7
5 persons.....	67	151	142	107	—	—	—	112	16	7
6 or more persons.....	16	80	48	52	—	—	—	42	6	6
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.11	2.30	2.81	2.14	—	2.00	3.00	2.19	2.13	1.93
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.16	2.52	2.85	2.28	—	1.67	3.00	2.27	2.18	2.24
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	1.69	2.01	2.50	1.80	—	3.75	—	2.09	1.84	1.67
PERSONS PER ROOM										
1.00 or less.....	1 647	2 566	1 744	2 519	—	10	1	1 988	404	132
1.01 to 1.50.....	3	43	14	10	—	2	—	30	—	6
1.51 or more.....	4	10	—	4	—	—	—	11	1	2
Mean.....	.37	.47	.45	.38	—	.49	.60	.47	.39	.47
VALUE										
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	1 334	1 365	1 461	1 568	—	1	—	841	300	39
Less than \$20,000.....	5	1	4	1	—	—	—	7	2	—
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	21	93	36	5	—	—	—	106	25	8
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	232	764	239	123	—	—	—	233	69	13
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	420	438	590	293	—	1	—	278	78	12
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	252	60	396	285	—	—	—	158	57	5
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	243	5	102	513	—	—	—	53	55	1
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	78	4	59	210	—	—	—	6	10	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	36	—	27	76	—	—	—	—	4	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	17	—	6	40	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more.....	30	—	2	22	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	79 400	54 500	76 500	106 800	—	72 500	—	65 300	73 200	58 500
Mean (dollars).....	99 800	56 900	83 000	120 900	—	72 500	—	66 800	81 300	58 300
CONTRACT RENT										
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	251	1 148	200	707	—	2	—	1 004	78	93
Median contract rent (dollars).....	386	399	479	421	—	300	—	275	256	207
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	402	380	477	451	—	300	—	270	299	233
With meals included in rent.....	—	5	1	2	—	—	—	3	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	—	382	313	569	—	—	—	326	—	—
No meals included in rent.....	247	1 130	193	693	—	2	—	977	76	90
No cash rent.....	4	13	6	12	—	—	—	24	2	3

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Rantoul village, Champaign County—Con.			Urbana city, Champaign County						
	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 51	Tract 52	Tract 53 (pt.)
All housing units.....	1 670	1 418	—	—	—	—	—	112	1 219	1 101
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Occupied housing units.....	1 491	1 396	—	—	—	—	—	91	1 147	1 003
Owner-occupied housing units.....	884	84	—	—	—	—	—	22	89	593
Percent of occupied housing units.....	59.3	6.0	—	—	—	—	—	24.2	7.8	59.1
White.....	771	77	—	—	—	—	—	21	83	214
Black.....	93	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	356
American Indian, Eskimo or Aleut.....	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	22
Other race.....	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	14	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	6
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	762	76	—	—	—	—	—	21	83	212
Renter-occupied housing units.....	607	1 312	—	—	—	—	—	69	1 058	410
White.....	479	1 064	—	—	—	—	—	62	834	195
Black.....	107	192	—	—	—	—	—	5	63	201
American Indian, Eskimo or Aleut.....	4	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	14	22	—	—	—	—	—	2	147	10
Other race.....	3	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	2
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	6	48	—	—	—	—	—	1	37	5
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	477	1 040	—	—	—	—	—	61	813	191
VACANCY STATUS										
Vacant housing units.....	179	22	—	—	—	—	—	21	72	98
For sale only.....	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	7
For rent.....	123	18	—	—	—	—	—	21	50	39
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	30
For seasonal, recreational or occasional use.....	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	1
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	17	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	21
Boarded up.....	1	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	6
ROOMS										
1 room.....	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	43	11
2 rooms.....	70	21	—	—	—	—	—	43	266	48
3 rooms.....	137	34	—	—	—	—	—	34	333	90
4 rooms.....	431	79	—	—	—	—	—	16	262	322
5 rooms.....	449	466	—	—	—	—	—	5	158	295
6 rooms.....	307	507	—	—	—	—	—	2	74	187
7 rooms.....	134	170	—	—	—	—	—	—	30	80
8 or more rooms.....	125	141	—	—	—	—	—	—	53	68
Median, all housing units.....	4.9	5.7	—	—	—	—	—	2.5	3.4	4.8
Mean, all housing units.....	5.0	5.8	—	—	—	—	—	2.7	3.7	4.9
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.0	5.7	—	—	—	—	—	2.8	3.4	4.8
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.5	4.8	—	—	—	—	—	3.1	6.2	5.2
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	4.2	5.8	—	—	—	—	—	2.6	3.3	4.2
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										
1 detached.....	1 062	105	—	—	—	—	—	8	152	679
1 attached.....	22	688	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	38
2.....	51	163	—	—	—	—	—	4	76	58
3 or 4.....	100	150	—	—	—	—	—	12	121	34
5 to 9.....	62	206	—	—	—	—	—	7	222	52
10 to 19.....	70	3	—	—	—	—	—	54	386	56
20 to 49.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	26	160	—
50 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	84	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	298	92	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	176
Other.....	5	11	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	8
Occupied housing units.....	1 491	1 396	—	—	—	—	—	91	1 147	1 003
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person.....	401	22	—	—	—	—	—	74	484	304
2 persons.....	478	284	—	—	—	—	—	10	415	301
3 persons.....	276	365	—	—	—	—	—	4	151	167
4 persons.....	206	446	—	—	—	—	—	3	68	110
5 persons.....	88	203	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	68
6 or more persons.....	42	76	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	53
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.22	3.56	—	—	—	—	—	1.50-	1.72	2.16
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.35	3.03	—	—	—	—	—	1.50-	1.91	2.20
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	2.00	3.59	—	—	—	—	—	1.50-	1.70	2.09
PERSONS PER ROOM										
1.00 or less.....	1 441	1 353	—	—	—	—	—	87	1 123	933
1.01 to 1.50.....	37	27	—	—	—	—	—	2	15	56
1.51 or more.....	13	16	—	—	—	—	—	2	9	14
Mean.....	48	61	—	—	—	—	—	46	52	51
VALUE										
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	668	4	—	—	—	—	—	5	66	419
Less than \$20,000.....	29	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	206	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	12	133
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	258	2	—	—	—	—	—	2	19	198
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	142	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	21	64
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	26	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	4
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	7	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	2
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
\$300,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Median (dollars).....	46 400	47 500	—	—	—	—	—	47 500	60 900	45 400
Mean (dollars).....	48 900	60 400	—	—	—	—	—	51 500	69 000	47 700
CONTRACT RENT										
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	598	1 265	—	—	—	—	—	69	1 056	403
Median contract rent (dollars).....	273	369	—	—	—	—	—	260	361	308
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	275	386	—	—	—	—	—	275	390	316
With meals included in rent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	369	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	187
No meals included in rent.....	581	687	—	—	—	—	—	68	1 053	374
No cash rent.....	13	578	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	28

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Urbano city, Champaign County—Con.							
	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 55 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 58	Tract 59	Tract 60 (pt.)	Tract 106.02 (pt.)
All housing units.....	1 308	1 471	2 135	2 964	1 776	1 107	812	1
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER								
Occupied housing units.....	1 173	1 356	2 058	2 842	1 701	1 056	782	1
Owner-occupied housing units.....	247	674	1 026	1 630	866	67	1	1
Percent of occupied housing units.....	21.1	49.7	49.9	57.4	50.9	6.3	.1	100.0
White.....	239	659	976	1 506	847	64	—	1
Black.....	5	11	30	27	4	—	—	—
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	2	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	1	2	19	94	10	3	1	—
Other race.....	—	2	1	2	4	—	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	4	3	5	14	14	—	—	—
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	236	658	972	1 494	837	64	—	1
Renter-occupied housing units.....	926	682	1 032	1 212	835	989	781	—
White.....	730	618	834	1 048	751	685	252	—
Black.....	175	53	147	94	18	37	56	—
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	3	—	2	5	3	4	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	18	11	40	63	54	248	465	—
Other race.....	—	—	9	2	9	15	8	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	9	6	19	14	21	37	52	—
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	722	613	824	1 036	739	665	212	—
VACANCY STATUS								
Vacant housing units.....	135	115	77	122	75	51	30	—
For sale only.....	3	31	7	26	11	1	—	—
For rent.....	115	42	44	55	31	38	26	—
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	6	12	13	15	13	4	2	—
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	—	2	5	17	4	5	1	—
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	11	28	8	9	16	3	1	—
Boarded up.....	—	7	—	—	1	—	—	—
ROOMS								
1 room.....	15	25	1	5	38	122	49	—
2 rooms.....	78	96	50	132	106	265	238	—
3 rooms.....	398	221	296	441	223	256	267	—
4 rooms.....	498	297	533	641	246	189	223	—
5 rooms.....	194	380	578	330	223	123	33	—
6 rooms.....	66	253	391	406	300	51	1	1
7 rooms.....	28	118	169	421	238	29	—	—
8 or more rooms.....	31	81	117	588	402	72	1	—
Median, all housing units.....	3.8	4.8	4.8	5.3	5.7	3.2	2.9	6.0
Mean, all housing units.....	4.0	4.8	4.9	5.5	5.7	3.6	3.0	6.0
Median, occupied housing units.....	3.8	4.8	4.9	5.4	5.7	3.2	2.9	6.0
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.0	5.5	5.7	6.8	7.0	7.5	2.0	6.0
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	3.6	3.8	4.0	3.8	4.0	3.0	2.9	—
UNITS IN STRUCTURE								
1, detached.....	278	934	1 274	1 514	926	89	29	1
1, attached.....	77	18	174	223	22	—	14	—
2.....	14	136	96	198	179	29	—	—
3 or 4.....	28	127	121	7	170	33	132	—
5 to 9.....	230	91	77	135	242	135	107	—
10 to 19.....	232	73	177	251	168	361	528	—
20 to 49.....	356	48	91	282	50	271	—	—
50 or more.....	—	—	111	327	—	176	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	87	33	2	1	1	—	—	—
Other.....	6	11	12	26	18	13	2	—
Occupied housing units.....	1 173	1 356	2 058	2 842	1 701	1 056	782	1
PERSONS IN UNIT								
1 person.....	544	562	660	989	556	428	80	1
2 persons.....	393	429	726	994	559	369	255	—
3 persons.....	124	184	354	377	227	133	250	—
4 persons.....	53	122	222	344	232	88	146	—
5 persons.....	40	40	66	109	78	20	43	—
6 or more persons.....	19	19	30	29	49	18	8	—
Median, occupied housing units.....	1.61	1.77	2.01	1.93	2.03	1.77	2.72	1.50
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	1.96	1.99	2.23	2.28	2.24	2.24	2.00	1.50
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	1.50	1.50	1.73	1.50	1.75	1.72	2.73	—
PERSONS PER ROOM								
1.00 or less.....	1 135	1 332	2 030	2 813	1 686	992	522	1
1.01 to 1.50.....	27	15	24	25	8	19	149	—
1.51 or more.....	11	9	4	4	7	45	111	—
Mean.....	.48	.43	.45	.39	.41	.56	.95	.17
VALUE								
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	172	594	962	1 390	724	56	—	1
Less than \$20,000.....	6	20	6	—	1	—	—	—
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	76	163	110	3	22	—	—	—
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	48	291	488	48	76	2	—	—
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	14	100	282	263	195	13	—	1
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	10	15	61	496	170	11	—	—
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	8	3	12	478	165	18	—	—
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	9	—	2	82	66	8	—	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	1	1	1	11	20	2	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	—	—	—	5	8	2	—	—
\$300,000 or more.....	—	1	—	4	1	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	41 100	46 500	55 000	95 200	87 800	104 200	—	72 500
Mean (dollars).....	54 200	48 700	57 200	103 100	100 100	116 800	—	72 500
CONTRACT RENT								
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	878	679	1 013	1 207	831	987	776	—
Median contract rent (dollars).....	365	307	343	372	367	351	270	—
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	353	313	328	378	435	424	283	—
With meals included in rent.....	3	1	2	58	1	4	—	—
Median contract rent (dollars).....	346	463	70	773	213	338	—	—
No meals included in rent.....	870	664	997	1 129	821	976	776	—
No cash rent.....	5	14	14	20	9	7	—	—

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County								
	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)
All housing units.....	—	72	448	502	—	1	1 384	1 037	573
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER									
Occupied housing units.....	—	46	435	467	—	1	1 325	917	541
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	1	273	297	—	—	1 055	704	98
Percent of occupied housing units.....	—	2.2	62.8	63.6	—	—	79.6	76.8	18.1
White.....	—	1	230	277	—	—	1 005	661	87
Black.....	—	—	39	16	—	—	19	16	5
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	—	4	2	—	—	27	26	6
Other race.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	—	—	—	4	—	—	3	4	2
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	—	1	230	274	—	—	1 003	658	85
Renter-occupied housing units.....	—	45	162	170	—	1	270	213	443
White.....	—	34	109	142	—	1	252	205	353
Black.....	—	9	51	19	—	—	15	4	24
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	1	2	8	—	—	2	3	64
Other race.....	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	1	1
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	—	—	1	2	—	—	2	4	10
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	—	34	109	141	—	1	251	202	344
VACANCY STATUS									
Vacant housing units.....	—	26	13	35	—	—	59	120	32
For sale only.....	—	—	1	6	—	—	24	22	1
For rent.....	—	25	4	26	—	—	16	84	29
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	—	—	2	2	—	—	10	7	—
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	—	1	—	1	—	—	4	3	1
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	—	—	6	—	—	—	5	4	1
Boarded up.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ROOMS									
1 room.....	—	4	1	5	—	—	1	1	—
2 rooms.....	—	42	28	14	—	—	21	8	37
3 rooms.....	—	25	23	64	—	—	90	37	98
4 rooms.....	—	—	76	91	—	—	187	224	260
5 rooms.....	—	—	136	123	—	1	156	125	91
6 rooms.....	—	—	120	114	—	—	182	126	36
7 rooms.....	—	1	38	53	—	—	197	165	16
8 or more rooms.....	—	—	26	38	—	—	550	351	35
Median, all housing units.....	—	2.3	5.2	5.1	—	5.0	6.8	6.5	4.1
Mean, all housing units.....	—	2.4	5.2	5.2	—	5.0	6.8	6.5	4.4
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	—	2.2	5.2	5.2	—	5.0	6.8	6.7	4.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	—	7.0	5.7	5.8	—	—	7.4	7.4	6.3
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	—	2.2	4.2	3.7	—	5.0	4.1	4.1	3.9
UNITS IN STRUCTURE									
1 detached.....	—	1	330	316	—	1	825	663	72
1 attached.....	—	—	13	16	—	—	240	80	83
2.....	—	—	32	15	—	—	52	24	5
3 or 4.....	—	5	8	14	—	—	63	74	18
5 to 9.....	—	16	37	34	—	—	23	44	234
10 to 19.....	—	6	10	88	—	—	52	2	156
20 to 49.....	—	44	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	141	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	—	—	18	15	—	—	122	2	—
Other.....	—	—	—	4	—	—	7	7	5
Occupied housing units.....	—	46	435	467	—	1	1 325	917	541
PERSONS IN UNIT									
1 person.....	—	35	88	129	—	1	238	211	135
2 persons.....	—	8	171	173	—	—	495	349	210
3 persons.....	—	3	68	94	—	—	232	144	94
4 persons.....	—	—	58	52	—	—	231	147	64
5 persons.....	—	—	31	12	—	—	101	59	29
6 or more persons.....	—	—	19	7	—	—	28	7	9
Median, occupied housing units.....	—	1.50—	2.26	2.10	—	1.50—	2.36	2.21	2.15
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	—	3.00	2.29	2.39	—	—	2.51	2.42	2.38
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	—	1.50—	2.19	1.66	—	1.50—	1.83	1.50—	2.10
PERSONS PER ROOM									
1.00 or less.....	—	44	417	457	—	1	1 313	915	493
1.01 to 1.50.....	—	1	14	6	—	—	12	2	39
1.51 or more.....	—	1	4	4	—	—	—	—	9
Mean.....	—	56	50	44	—	20	.39	.37	.54
VALUE									
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	—	1	245	261	—	—	848	612	71
Less than \$20,000.....	—	—	9	1	—	—	3	2	3
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	—	—	49	8	—	—	2	3	—
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	—	—	135	32	—	—	8	27	8
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	—	—	46	140	—	—	40	50	2
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	—	1	4	73	—	—	87	125	1
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	—	—	1	6	—	—	271	326	18
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	—	—	—	1	—	—	245	55	28
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	93	11	7
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	45	9	2
\$300,000 or more.....	—	—	1	—	—	—	54	4	2
Median (dollars).....	—	85 000	48 200	74 900	—	—	152 500	113 900	154 000
Mean (dollars).....	—	85 000	50 800	74 000	—	—	167 700	118 700	152 200
CONTRACT RENT									
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	—	45	159	167	—	1	260	211	440
Median contract rent (dollars).....	—	234	320	349	—	413	409	466	333
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	—	226	321	358	—	413	453	552	336
With meals included in rent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	22	—
Median contract rent (dollars).....	—	—	—	—	—	—	213	1 250	—
No meals included in rent.....	—	45	155	162	—	1	254	187	437
No cash rent.....	—	—	4	5	—	—	5	2	3

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County—Con.								
	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 55 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 60 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.01 (pt.)	Tract 102.02 (pt.)
All housing units.....	68	2 220	952	221	133	38	47	5	—
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER									
Occupied housing units.....	57	2 081	909	219	132	38	36	4	—
Owner-occupied housing units.....	7	1 646	694	173	122	19	10	—	—
Percent of occupied housing units.....	12.3	79.1	76.3	79.0	92.4	50.0	27.8	—	—
White.....	6	1 585	658	166	112	19	10	—	—
Black.....	1	43	24	4	1	—	—	—	—
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	7	1	2	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	11	10	1	8	—	—	—	—
Other race.....	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	—	12	8	1	—	—	—	—	—
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	6	1 574	653	166	112	19	10	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....	50	435	215	46	10	19	26	4	—
White.....	38	394	187	38	10	16	21	4	—
Black.....	6	32	26	7	—	—	5	—	—
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	4	6	1	1	—	3	—	—	—
Other race.....	2	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	3	5	3	1	—	—	—	—	—
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	37	393	185	37	10	16	21	4	—
VACANCY STATUS									
Vacant housing units.....	11	139	43	2	1	—	11	1	—
For sale only.....	—	62	15	—	—	—	—	—	—
For rent.....	7	50	16	—	—	—	10	—	—
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	1	9	6	1	—	—	—	—	—
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	—	6	2	—	1	—	—	—	—
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	3	12	4	1	—	—	1	1	—
Boarded up.....	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
ROOMS									
1 room.....	1	6	9	—	—	—	—	—	—
2 rooms.....	—	26	7	—	—	1	—	—	—
3 rooms.....	1	106	47	4	1	2	15	1	—
4 rooms.....	3	917	175	21	2	6	15	—	—
5 rooms.....	16	536	323	78	7	5	2	—	—
6 rooms.....	38	277	214	52	12	6	3	3	—
7 rooms.....	4	173	100	32	22	6	5	—	—
8 or more rooms.....	5	179	77	34	89	12	7	1	—
Median, all housing units.....	5.8	4.6	5.2	5.6	8.2	6.3	4.1	6.0	—
Mean, all housing units.....	5.9	5.0	5.4	6.0	8.3	6.5	4.9	6.2	—
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.9	4.7	5.3	5.6	8.2	6.3	4.3	6.2	—
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	8.0	4.9	5.4	5.9	8.3	7.3	7.5	—	—
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	5.8	4.1	5.0	4.8	7.2	5.1	3.9	6.2	—
UNITS IN STRUCTURE									
1, detached.....	9	628	710	189	129	23	17	5	—
1, attached.....	—	125	14	9	2	3	—	—	—
2.....	—	88	9	17	2	7	—	—	—
3 or 4.....	—	54	13	—	—	—	1	—	—
5 to 9.....	—	165	—	4	—	—	13	—	—
10 to 19.....	—	17	6	—	—	4	16	—	—
20 to 49.....	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50 or more.....	51	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	1	1 132	195	1	—	1	—	—	—
Other.....	1	11	5	1	—	—	—	—	—
Occupied housing units.....	57	2 081	909	219	132	38	36	4	—
PERSONS IN UNIT									
1 person.....	10	558	178	39	10	8	13	—	—
2 persons.....	10	756	325	67	55	20	9	1	—
3 persons.....	14	394	172	52	21	3	9	3	—
4 persons.....	22	258	156	36	30	6	1	—	—
5 persons.....	1	88	52	18	7	1	3	—	—
6 or more persons.....	—	27	26	7	9	—	1	—	—
Median, occupied housing units.....	3.11	2.14	2.35	2.57	2.55	2.05	2.06	2.83	—
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.00	2.18	2.31	2.56	2.50	2.00	2.50	—	—
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	3.27	1.99	2.49	2.58	2.83	2.11	1.93	2.83	—
PERSONS PER ROOM									
1.00 or less.....	57	2 029	891	213	131	38	36	4	—
1.01 to 1.50.....	—	43	13	6	—	—	—	—	—
1.51 or more.....	—	9	5	—	1	—	—	—	—
Mean.....	.49	.46	.48	.46	.36	.35	.43	.39	—
VALUE									
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	6	545	495	157	102	16	6	—	—
Less than \$20,000.....	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	—	32	70	2	—	—	1	—	—
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	1	84	225	67	2	—	2	—	—
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	—	171	64	69	2	—	1	—	—
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	2	122	77	7	3	4	—	—	—
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	1	91	52	8	24	6	1	—	—
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	—	20	6	2	32	3	—	—	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	2	6	—	2	14	1	1	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	—	8	1	—	12	2	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more.....	—	3	—	—	13	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	112 500	77 800	52 700	61 500	171 700	120 000	55 000	—	—
Mean (dollars).....	135 000	87 900	64 200	68 000	205 000	147 700	92 100	—	—
CONTRACT RENT									
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	50	423	210	45	5	17	24	2	—
Median contract rent (dollars).....	796	358	375	394	513	381	263	313	—
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	647	364	361	379	750	383	251	313	—
With meals included in rent.....	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	—	—	—	—	—	313	—	—	—
No meals included in rent.....	49	402	205	44	3	14	22	1	—
No cash rent.....	1	21	5	1	2	2	2	1	—

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County—Con.								
	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105	Tract 106.01	Tract 106.02 (pt.)	Tract 107	Tract 108	Tract 109
All housing units.....	—	—	2 213	1 451	1 584	2 583	2 154	1 765	2 904
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER									
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	—	2 023	1 358	1 512	2 439	2 048	1 666	2 802
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	—	1 473	1 046	1 250	1 858	1 665	1 292	2 192
Percent of occupied housing units.....	—	—	72.8	77.0	82.7	76.2	81.3	77.6	78.2
White.....	—	—	1 447	1 044	1 243	1 839	1 659	1 285	2 184
Black.....	—	—	12	—	—	8	—	6	1
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	—	1	—	—	4	2	—	3
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	—	11	1	3	6	2	1	4
Other race.....	—	—	2	1	1	1	2	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	—	—	5	6	5	6	2	6	5
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	—	—	1 447	1 039	1 239	1 834	1 659	1 279	2 179
Renter-occupied housing units.....	—	—	550	312	262	581	383	374	610
White.....	—	—	530	310	258	537	382	373	607
Black.....	—	—	14	—	—	40	—	—	1
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	—	2	1	1	1	1	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	—	3	1	2	2	—	—	1
Other race.....	—	—	1	—	1	1	—	—	1
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	—	—	6	—	2	3	1	1	3
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	—	—	527	310	257	537	381	372	605
VACANCY STATUS									
Vacant housing units.....	—	—	190	93	72	144	106	99	102
For sale only.....	—	—	24	19	21	49	24	21	33
For rent.....	—	—	108	26	12	51	29	17	22
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	—	—	20	11	33	21	10	9	6
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	—	—	9	3	—	1	12	16	4
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	—	—	29	34	6	22	31	36	37
Boarded up.....	—	—	9	5	1	—	—	3	3
ROOMS									
1 room.....	—	—	5	1	3	2	1	2	5
2 rooms.....	—	—	37	6	6	10	7	11	23
3 rooms.....	—	—	114	49	37	85	56	41	101
4 rooms.....	—	—	403	165	142	547	252	211	421
5 rooms.....	—	—	490	270	318	608	487	394	653
6 rooms.....	—	—	509	369	425	506	553	442	644
7 rooms.....	—	—	341	289	295	371	402	327	494
8 or more rooms.....	—	—	314	302	358	454	396	337	563
Median, all housing units.....	—	—	5.6	6.1	6.2	5.6	6.0	6.0	5.9
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	—	—	5.8	6.3	6.4	5.9	6.2	6.2	6.1
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	—	—	5.7	6.2	6.2	5.7	6.0	6.1	5.9
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	—	—	5.9	6.4	6.4	6.0	6.2	6.2	6.1
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	—	—	4.9	5.4	4.8	4.6	4.8	5.4	4.7
UNITS IN STRUCTURE									
1 detached.....	—	—	1 523	1 250	1 412	1 459	1 904	1 572	2 350
1 attached.....	—	—	30	6	22	35	22	13	26
2.....	—	—	29	12	63	21	100	58	56
3 or 4.....	—	—	53	41	50	11	41	33	86
5 to 9.....	—	—	44	34	10	6	1	—	89
10 to 19.....	—	—	86	12	17	27	23	—	41
20 to 49.....	—	—	—	—	—	121	—	—	—
50 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	—	—	440	93	7	900	54	78	245
Other.....	—	—	8	3	3	3	9	11	11
Occupied housing units.....	—	—	2 023	1 358	1 512	2 439	2 048	1 666	2 802
PERSONS IN UNIT									
1 person.....	—	—	442	256	211	438	354	326	585
2 persons.....	—	—	669	463	413	835	710	616	958
3 persons.....	—	—	342	229	318	468	405	285	512
4 persons.....	—	—	373	273	376	477	394	278	479
5 persons.....	—	—	135	107	158	167	139	109	200
6 or more persons.....	—	—	62	30	36	54	46	52	68
Median, occupied housing units.....	—	—	2.35	2.41	2.92	2.44	2.44	2.32	2.35
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	—	—	2.39	2.44	3.01	2.50	2.46	2.30	2.41
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	—	—	2.22	2.29	2.47	2.22	2.35	2.43	2.11
PERSONS PER ROOM									
.00 or less.....	—	—	1 982	1 351	1 508	2 400	2 032	1 644	2 775
1.01 to 1.50.....	—	—	34	7	4	33	14	20	24
1.51 or more.....	—	—	7	—	—	6	2	2	3
Mean.....	—	—	45	43	47	45	44	42	43
VALUE									
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	—	—	919	778	1 173	1 038	1 431	1 006	1 691
Less than \$20 000.....	—	—	34	37	7	10	25	74	55
\$20 000 to \$39 999.....	—	—	170	127	44	71	136	264	273
\$40 000 to \$59 999.....	—	—	304	180	178	167	401	316	526
\$60 000 to \$79 999.....	—	—	241	221	392	279	518	220	520
\$80 000 to \$99 999.....	—	—	105	101	343	192	229	73	175
\$100 000 to \$149 999.....	—	—	49	94	172	190	106	45	110
\$150 000 to \$199 999.....	—	—	12	15	29	85	12	13	20
\$200 000 to \$249 999.....	—	—	—	3	3	25	1	1	8
\$250 000 to \$299 999.....	—	—	1	—	3	—	3	—	4
\$300 000 or more.....	—	—	3	—	2	10	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	—	—	55 000	63 400	78 500	79 400	65 000	49 900	59 600
Mean (dollars).....	—	—	61 800	67 300	82 700	94 700	67 300	54 200	62 900
CONTRACT RENT									
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	—	—	459	239	251	512	312	299	528
Median contract rent (dollars).....	—	—	255	233	367	296	286	238	289
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	—	—	256	239	372	307	290	248	288
With meals included in rent.....	—	—	1	1	—	—	1	1	3
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	—	—	1 250	137	—	—	213	113	271
No meals included in rent.....	—	—	426	206	240	481	280	241	480
No cash rent.....	—	—	32	32	11	31	31	57	45

Table 10. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County						
	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10
Occupied housing units -----	55 650	55 650	20 070	4 642	10 619	2 172	1 476	933	485	2 276	1 995
TENURE											
Owner-occupied housing units -----	32 390	32 390	10 113	2 149	4 610	35	13	631	258	1 335	1 113
Percent of occupied housing units -----	58.2	58.2	50.4	46.3	43.4	1.6	9	67.6	53.2	58.7	55.8
Renter-occupied housing units -----	23 260	23 260	9 957	2 493	6 009	2 137	1 463	302	227	941	882
Percent of occupied housing units -----	41.8	41.8	49.6	53.7	56.6	98.4	99.1	32.4	46.8	41.3	44.2
ROOMS											
1 room -----	894	894	683	21	156	347	167	24	1	9	13
2 rooms -----	2 415	2 415	1 334	106	780	352	245	35	25	87	90
3 rooms -----	5 167	5 167	2 192	315	1 875	409	272	59	16	223	255
4 rooms -----	10 132	10 132	3 576	778	2 303	478	335	280	139	424	414
5 rooms -----	11 781	11 781	4 264	1 297	1 815	314	131	291	131	797	436
6 rooms -----	10 405	10 405	3 480	1 122	1 462	198	224	148	121	479	351
7 rooms -----	6 739	6 739	2 064	526	976	56	60	60	30	165	211
8 or more rooms -----	8 117	8 117	2 457	477	1 252	38	42	36	22	92	225
Median, occupied housing units -----	5.3	5.3	5.0	5.3	4.6	3.4	3.7	4.7	5.0	5.0	5.0
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	6.1	6.1	6.1	5.8	6.1	5.8	6.3	5.0	5.7	6.0	6.0
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.1	4.1	3.8	5.0	3.7	3.4	3.6	4.0	4.1	4.1	3.8
UNITS IN STRUCTURE											
1, detached -----	32 127	32 127	10 325	2 399	4 931	98	73	624	290	1 168	1 235
1, attached -----	2 513	2 513	903	629	369	7	1	3	58	313	30
2 -----	2 090	2 090	690	222	665	26	20	22	70	29	108
3 or 4 -----	2 158	2 158	786	344	537	63	49	6	6	120	55
5 to 9 -----	3 381	3 381	1 424	390	947	167	152	15	32	136	83
10 to 19 -----	5 068	5 068	3 052	134	1 442	662	469	12	9	279	397
20 to 49 -----	2 989	2 989	1 921	—	944	981	487	49	—	140	73
50 or more -----	1 189	1 189	581	—	511	158	217	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer -----	3 830	3 830	272	496	192	—	—	201	18	75	1
Other -----	305	305	116	28	81	10	8	1	2	16	13
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person -----	16 046	16 046	6 939	970	4 017	971	567	337	117	695	721
2 persons -----	18 852	18 852	6 604	1 463	3 649	557	344	305	191	902	711
3 persons -----	8 949	8 949	2 841	884	1 409	375	201	148	91	354	276
4 persons -----	7 970	7 970	2 506	871	1 032	193	286	88	60	228	183
5 persons -----	2 797	2 797	939	339	354	50	49	39	19	66	76
6 persons -----	1 036	1 036	325	115	158	26	29	16	7	31	28
7 or more persons -----	212	212	197	242	185	171	200	192	216	199	189
Median, occupied housing units -----	2.30	2.30	2.22	2.28	2.15	1.82	1.86	1.98	2.20	2.12	2.12
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	1.82	1.82	1.63	2.64	1.58	1.70	2.00	1.78	2.09	1.82	1.54
PERSONS PER ROOM											
1.00 or less -----	54 963	54 963	19 858	4 562	10 459	2 131	1 443	907	479	2 252	1 985
1.01 to 1.50 -----	517	517	147	55	114	16	26	20	6	19	7
1.51 or more -----	170	170	65	25	46	25	7	6	—	5	3
Mean -----	.44	.44	.43	.48	.42	.57	.61	.46	.46	.44	.41
VALUE											
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	25 647	25 647	8 903	1 703	3 886	26	10	460	228	1 149	996
Less than \$20,000 -----	387	387	57	30	35	1	—	23	9	6	3
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	2 731	2 731	765	311	419	5	1	209	47	216	120
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	6 671	6 671	2 563	534	984	9	4	202	129	445	382
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	6 703	6 703	2 428	473	872	3	1	25	36	310	256
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	4 035	4 035	1 382	227	712	4	2	4	4	162	135
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	3 298	3 298	1 017	108	637	4	1	—	1	8	69
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	1 130	1 130	398	16	162	—	1	—	1	1	16
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	359	359	154	4	37	—	—	—	—	—	6
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	176	176	72	—	15	—	—	—	—	—	2
\$300,000 or more -----	157	157	67	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	2
Median (dollars) -----	68 600	68 600	68 300	59 000	71 200	52 500	62 500	39 900	46 900	54 000	59 600
Mean (dollars) -----	79 700	79 700	81 100	62 900	79 400	65 200	77 500	39 600	50 500	57 900	69 400
CONTRACT RENT											
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	22 609	22 609	9 904	2 447	5 975	2 136	1 461	296	225	934	869
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	344	344	357	302	355	344	463	244	331	348	339
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	371	371	397	302	378	428	518	255	330	375	334
With meals included in rent -----	268	268	171	4	64	7	152	—	1	—	1
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	688	688	638	416	713	730	643	—	337	—	487
No meals included in rent -----	21 319	21 319	9 612	2 120	5 833	2 122	1 300	282	219	915	853
No cash rent -----	1 022	1 022	121	533	78	7	9	14	5	19	15

Table 10. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990 —Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County - Con.												
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Tract 12 01	Tract 12 02	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 53	Tract 54	Tract 55	Tract 56	Tract 57	Tract 60	Tract 101	
Occupied housing units	2 264	2 866	3 225	440	457	2 948	2 122	2 014	2 676	287	1 770	
TENURE												
Owner-occupied housing units	1 288	2 441	2 402	87	223	1 824	1 317	1 142	1 618	19	948	
Percent of occupied housing units	56.9	85.2	74.5	19.8	48.8	61.9	62.1	56.7	60.5	6.6	53.6	
Renter-occupied housing units	823	976	823	353	234	1 124	805	872	1 058	268	822	
Percent of occupied housing units	43.1	14.8	25.5	80.2	51.2	38.1	37.9	43.3	39.5	93.4	46.4	
ROOMS												
1 room	2	1	1	-	8	13	25	1	4	10	10	
2 rooms	53	17	31	8	15	81	83	39	116	46	37	
3 rooms	202	89	202	81	41	389	220	251	368	90	189	
4 rooms	330	237	554	199	155	1 125	397	411	514	83	352	
5 rooms	707	471	559	70	115	640	617	547	292	33	475	
6 rooms	491	668	510	35	78	311	422	418	376	6	334	
7 rooms	206	540	513	15	24	188	208	183	399	6	204	
8 or more rooms	273	843	968	32	21	201	150	144	607	13	169	
Median, occupied housing units	5.3	6.4	6.2	4.2	4.6	4.4	5.0	5.0	5.6	3.5	5.1	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	5.9	6.7	7.0	6.4	4.8	4.9	5.5	5.7	6.9	7.3	5.9	
Median, renter-occupied housing units	4.3	4.5	4.3	4.0	4.4	3.8	4.2	4.0	3.8	3.4	4.2	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
1, detached	1 547	2 228	2 017	68	209	831	1 480	1 351	1 467	48	1 043	
1, attached	51	294	399	54	16	129	25	107	192	7	38	
2, detached	72	72	76	3	26	88	126	97	187	7	63	
3 or 4	22	35	186	11	17	61	117	76	117	5	146	
5 to 9	89	35	257	165	21	340	68	59	102	44	194	
10 to 19	283	49	183	135	25	192	51	133	194	35	94	
20 to 49	45	-	20	-	5	242	44	76	242	-	-	
50 or more	142	-	65	-	32	-	-	105	299	-	-	
Mobile home or trailer	3	116	2	-	101	15	197	2	-	-	181	
Other	10	9	20	4	5	-	14	8	25	1	11	
PERSONS IN UNIT												
1 person	561	483	826	126	175	1 011	713	648	912	42	484	
2 persons	767	947	1 226	182	142	1 076	723	709	968	112	621	
3 persons	408	553	475	57	62	448	330	346	347	69	280	
4 persons	361	610	494	45	49	273	248	215	316	41	267	
5 persons	114	210	150	23	22	106	78	70	100	19	87	
6 or more persons	53	63	54	7	7	34	30	26	33	4	31	
Median, occupied housing units	2.24	2.51	2.14	2.02	1.88	1.93	1.98	2.01	1.94	2.41	2.15	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	2.47	2.67	2.30	2.29	1.91	2.14	2.13	2.25	2.24	2.00	2.25	
Median, renter-occupied housing units	1.93	1.99	1.68	1.96	1.84	1.58	1.68	1.61	1.50	2.45	1.99	
PERSONS PER ROOM												
1.00 or less	2 239	2 847	3 217	421	441	2 888	2 104	1 998	2 658	233	1 752	
1.01 to 1.50	21	19	7	16	14	45	12	14	16	39	13	
1.51 or more	4	-	1	3	2	15	6	2	2	15	5	
Mean	.46	.42	.37	.50	.46	.45	.43	.43	.38	69	.45	
VALUE												
Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 204	2 157	2 077	64	117	701	1 045	1 065	1 373	16	791	
Less than \$20,000	1	4	3	1	2	14	20	6	-	-	5	
\$20,000 to \$39,999	79	34	8	-	41	106	226	108	3	-	106	
\$40,000 to \$59,999	685	224	142	6	51	127	486	527	48	-	222	
\$60,000 to \$79,999	378	594	329	2	16	181	160	332	251	-	262	
\$80,000 to \$99,999	54	449	400	1	2	131	89	66	89	4	143	
\$100,000 to \$149,999	4	356	787	18	2	97	55	19	453	6	46	
\$150,000 to \$199,999	3	291	256	27	2	28	6	4	106	3	4	
\$200,000 to \$249,999	-	107	82	7	3	6	1	3	24	1	1	
\$250,000 or more	-	47	46	-	-	8	1	-	15	2	-	
Median (dollars)	54 400	87 500	109 000	154 800	44 800	72 200	49 000	56 000	96 700	120 000	64 500	
Mean (dollars)	56 700	114 300	119 900	155 800	51 900	79 800	55 900	58 700	109 500	147 700	66 500	
CONTRACT RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units	967	412	817	351	232	1 106	798	862	1 049	263	814	
Median contract rent (dollars)	401	421	434	345	351	368	321	350	379	280	271	
Mean contract rent (dollars)	380	464	477	342	410	367	326	335	382	306	267	
With meals included in rent	4	2	22	-	-	1	1	1	57	1	2	
Median contract rent (dollars)	400	263	1 188	-	-	337	463	90	764	313	444	
Mean contract rent (dollars)	951	399	783	348	221	1 080	778	846	971	260	786	
No meals included in rent	12	11	12	3	11	25	19	15	21	2	26	

Table 10. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990 — Con.

[Threshold and complementarity threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Champaign city, Champaign County									
Totals for split tracts (BNA's in Champaign County—Con.)		Tract 102.03	Tract 103	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 6	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 12.02 (pt.)
Occupied housing units -----		1 250	1 141	2 172	1 476	1 642	898	1 857	1 995	2 263	1 609
TENURE											
Owner-occupied housing units -----		771	77	35	13	323	630	1 058	1 113	1 288	1 436
Percent of occupied housing units -----		61.7	6.7	1.6	.9	31.9	70.2	57.0	55.8	56.9	89.2
Renter-occupied housing units -----		479	1 064	2 137	1 463	1 119	268	799	882	975	173
Percent of occupied housing units -----		38.3	93.3	98.4	99.1	68.1	29.8	43.0	44.2	43.1	10.8
ROOMS											
1 room -----		7	—	347	167	65	22	5	13	2	—
2 rooms -----		42	13	352	245	211	15	75	90	53	—
3 rooms -----		83	25	409	272	385	47	176	255	202	10
4 rooms -----		301	62	478	335	359	280	383	414	330	63
5 rooms -----		351	367	514	331	478	291	685	436	706	332
6 rooms -----		233	423	318	224	154	148	376	351	491	316
7 rooms -----		107	134	56	60	100	59	115	211	206	350
8 or more rooms -----		106	134	36	42	130	38	225	273	273	338
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----		5.0	5.7	3.4	3.7	3.9	4.8	3.0	3.0	3.3	6.3
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----		5.5	4.9	3.8	6.3	6.0	5.0	5.3	6.0	5.9	6.4
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----		4.2	5.8	3.4	3.6	3.3	4.2	4.2	3.8	4.3	5.2
UNITS IN STRUCTURE											
1, detached -----		855	88	98	73	488	623	884	1 235	1 546	1 471
1, attached -----		15	564	7	1	11	3	300	30	51	86
2 -----		40	104	26	20	125	22	19	108	24	2
3 or 4 -----		57	131	63	49	191	5	112	55	22	2
5 to 9 -----		23	168	167	152	261	6	105	83	89	17
10 to 19 -----		43	3	662	469	446	9	222	397	283	5
20 to 49 -----		—	—	981	487	105	28	140	45	142	—
50 or more -----		—	—	158	217	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer -----		215	74	—	—	—	201	63	1	3	—
Other -----		2	9	10	8	15	1	12	13	10	4
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person -----		338	18	971	567	947	310	583	721	560	256
2 persons -----		424	228	557	344	443	299	741	711	767	448
3 persons -----		230	307	325	201	124	146	269	276	408	338
4 persons -----		166	367	193	286	74	88	180	163	361	391
5 persons -----		170	170	49	49	32	36	54	76	114	118
6 or more persons -----		26	51	26	29	22	16	27	28	53	38
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----		2.18	3.55	1.71	2.00	1.90	1.96	1.96	2.25	2.24	2.74
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----		2.32	2.97	1.82	1.86	1.90	1.98	2.03	2.12	2.47	2.79
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----		1.91	3.58	1.70	2.00	1.50	1.93	1.85	1.54	1.93	2.32
PERSONS PER ROOM											
1.00 or less -----		1 219	1 113	2 131	1 443	1 626	873	1 838	1 985	2 238	1 601
1.01 to 1.50 -----		22	18	16	26	11	19	16	7	21	8
1.51 or more -----		9	.59	25	.61	5	6	3	4	4	—
Mean -----		.46		.57		.39	.45	.44	.41	.46	.44
VALUE											
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----		584	3	26	10	358	459	905	996	1 204	1 352
Less than \$20,000 -----		23	—	1	—	9	23	5	3	1	2
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----		173	—	5	1	39	209	208	120	79	32
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----		231	2	9	4	113	202	416	382	685	217
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----		126	—	3	1	121	25	178	256	378	356
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----		24	—	4	2	40	—	95	135	54	363
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----		7	1	4	1	18	—	2	69	4	99
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----		—	—	—	—	7	—	—	16	3	57
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----		—	—	—	—	3	—	—	6	—	21
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----		—	—	—	—	4	—	—	2	—	5
\$300,000 or more -----		—	—	—	—	4	—	—	7	—	—
Median (dollars) -----		46 900	48 800	52 500	62 500	62 700	39 800	49 400	59 600	54 400	76 300
Mean (dollars) -----		49 400	77 500	65 200	77 500	71 800	39 500	53 500	69 400	56 700	82 600
CONTRACT RENT											
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----		472	1 031	2 136	1 461	1 117	262	795	869	966	170
Median contract rent (dollars) -----		271	367	428	518	305	246	348	339	401	482
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----		2	387	478	152	311	259	377	380	380	480
With meals included in rent -----		387	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	4	313
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----		437	538	730	643	163	—	781	487	400	313
No cash rent -----		11	493	2 122	1 300	102	248	853	853	900	163
No cash rent -----		—	—	—	—	14	14	14	15	12	6

Table 10. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990 —Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County —			Rantoul village, Champaign County			Urbana city, Champaign County					
	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102 03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 52	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 59	Tract 60 (pt.)
Occupied housing units	2 359	—	1 739	1 250	1 141	917	409	969	1 810	2 554	749	252
TENURE												
Owner-occupied housing units	1 741	—	938	771	77	83	214	239	976	1 506	64	—
Percent of occupied housing units	73.8	—	53.9	61.7	6.7	9.1	52.3	24.7	53.9	59.0	8.5	—
Renter-occupied housing units	618	—	801	479	1 064	834	195	730	834	1 048	685	252
Percent of occupied housing units	26.2	—	46.1	38.3	93.3	90.9	47.7	75.3	46.1	41.0	91.5	100.0
ROOMS												
1 room	—	—	10	7	—	25	7	8	1	4	42	10
2 rooms	24	—	37	42	13	179	15	59	39	116	142	46
3 rooms	56	—	183	83	25	240	39	307	250	367	190	89
4 rooms	402	—	342	301	62	204	152	343	391	512	141	78
5 rooms	465	—	475	367	367	351	105	142	498	287	95	28
6 rooms	394	—	331	253	423	63	54	56	366	365	47	—
7 rooms	359	—	199	107	134	27	20	24	154	378	28	—
8 or more rooms	659	—	162	106	117	45	17	30	111	525	64	1
Median, owner-occupied housing units	6.1	—	5.1	5.0	5.7	3.6	4.4	3.8	4.9	5.5	3.5	3.3
Median, owner-occupied housing units	6.8	—	5.9	5.5	4.9	6.2	4.7	5.0	5.7	6.8	7.6	—
Median, renter-occupied housing units	4.3	—	4.2	4.2	5.8	3.4	4.2	3.5	3.9	3.8	3.3	3.3
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
1. detached	1 422	—	1 027	855	88	129	203	245	1 170	1 349	85	25
2. attached	328	—	38	15	564	10	16	13	104	190	—	4
3. mobile home or trailer	53	—	63	40	104	54	26	11	82	185	21	—
4. other	122	—	145	57	131	92	17	15	76	5	30	44
5 to 9	218	—	186	23	168	159	21	192	55	102	101	35
10 to 19	181	—	88	43	3	286	25	177	133	194	267	143
20 to 49	20	—	—	—	—	117	—	242	76	205	195	—
50 or more	—	—	—	—	—	67	—	—	105	299	40	—
Median, owner-occupied housing units	—	—	181	215	74	—	97	70	1	—	—	—
Median, renter-occupied housing units	15	—	11	2	9	3	4	4	8	25	10	1
PERSONS IN UNIT												
1 person	618	—	474	338	18	388	168	484	609	902	310	34
2 persons	891	—	612	424	228	324	130	338	245	645	249	93
3 persons	341	—	272	230	307	53	53	75	297	327	86	67
4 persons	362	—	266	166	367	58	29	36	183	291	36	18
5 persons	99	—	85	66	170	16	22	25	53	94	16	—
6 or more persons	48	—	30	26	51	10	7	11	23	25	14	4
Median, owner-occupied housing units	2.13	—	2.15	2.18	3.55	1.72	1.78	1.50	1.96	1.91	1.76	2.49
Median, owner-occupied housing units	2.27	—	2.25	2.32	2.97	1.86	1.90	1.95	2.21	2.22	2.22	—
Median, renter-occupied housing units	1.76	—	1.99	1.91	3.58	1.71	1.65	1.50	1.58	1.50	1.69	2.49
PERSONS PER ROOM												
1.00 or less	2 352	—	1 721	1 219	1 113	909	394	950	1 796	2 536	739	198
1.01 to 1.50	6	—	13	22	18	4	13	13	12	16	3	39
1.51 or more	1	—	5	9	10	4	2	6	2	2	7	15
Mean	38	—	46	46	59	49	45	44	43	38	50	80
VALUE												
Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 500	—	785	584	3	61	111	168	915	1 280	55	—
Less than \$20,000	1	—	5	23	—	—	2	6	6	—	—	—
\$20,000 to \$39,999	5	—	105	173	—	12	41	75	107	3	—	—
\$40,000 to \$59,999	117	—	220	231	2	17	16	45	463	3	2	—
\$60,000 to \$79,999	281	—	261	126	—	19	16	14	266	249	12	—
\$80,000 to \$99,999	276	—	143	24	—	4	4	10	59	456	11	—
\$100,000 to \$149,999	479	—	45	7	1	5	1	8	11	429	18	—
\$150,000 to \$199,999	206	—	6	—	—	4	—	9	2	77	8	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999	74	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	11	2	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999	39	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—
\$300,000 or more	22	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—
Median (dollars)	106 600	—	64 600	46 900	48 800	60 800	44 200	40 800	55 000	94 000	105 200	—
Mean (dollars)	121 300	—	66 300	49 400	77 500	68 800	47 400	54 500	57 100	103 000	117 700	—
CONTRACT RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units	614	—	795	472	1 031	832	193	724	825	1 044	683	249
Median contract rent (dollars)	425	—	271	271	370	368	339	372	378	371	374	277
Mean contract rent (dollars)	455	—	268	274	387	398	361	371	332	381	444	300
With meals included in rent	2	—	2	2	—	—	—	1	1	57	3	—
Mean contract rent (dollars)	569	—	444	387	—	—	—	337	90	764	321	—
No meals included in rent	601	—	769	459	538	829	183	719	810	968	674	249
No cash rent	11	—	24	11	483	3	10	4	14	19	6	—

Table 11. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA		Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County					
	Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 2	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 12 01		
Occupied housing units	5 490	3 098	658	1 286	719	534	140	533	155	293		
TENURE												
Owner-occupied housing units.....	1 886	1 094	160	437	307	214	53	232	18	136		
Percent of occupied housing units.....	34.4	35.3	24.3	34.4	42.7	40.1	37.9	43.5	11.6	46.4		
Renter-occupied housing units.....	3 604	2 004	498	849	412	320	87	301	137	157		
Percent of occupied housing units.....	65.6	64.7	75.7	66.0	57.3	59.9	62.1	56.5	88.4	53.6		
ROOMS												
1 room.....	129	102	3	21	4	23	—	—	4	—		
2 rooms.....	318	177	29	96	14	30	6	10	8	6		
3 rooms.....	683	403	47	185	84	70	10	52	25	25		
4 rooms.....	1 279	645	135	377	143	133	38	78	46	50		
5 rooms.....	1 445	825	201	296	220	122	48	218	43	85		
6 rooms.....	858	502	133	163	142	86	19	108	18	61		
7 rooms.....	382	218	60	74	59	37	12	32	5	29		
8 or more rooms.....	396	226	50	74	53	33	7	35	6	37		
Median, occupied housing units.....	4.7	4.8	5.1	4.4	5.0	4.6	4.8	5.1	4.4	5.3		
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.8	5.8	5.9	5.7	5.8	5.7	5.9	5.5	6.2	6.2		
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	4.2	4.2	4.8	3.9	4.5	4.1	4.3	4.8	4.2	4.6		
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
1, detached.....	2 563	1 603	218	547	413	314	83	403	28	190		
1, attached.....	129	129	112	134	25	10	26	28	16	9		
2.....	233	98	58	50	21	26	17	3	8	10		
3 or 4.....	266	130	44	75	32	20	3	9	4	6		
5 to 9.....	551	296	115	106	106	20	9	22	13	31		
10 to 19.....	728	483	40	179	118	24	1	53	67	31		
20 to 49.....	304	191	—	104	—	39	—	7	15	7		
50 or more.....	98	57	—	35	—	—	—	—	—	6		
Mobile home or trailer.....	292	87	66	—	—	78	—	6	—	1		
Other.....	43	24	5	12	4	3	1	2	4	2		
PERSONS IN UNIT												
1 person.....	1 488	896	119	371	190	145	15	92	56	59		
2 persons.....	1 392	769	146	369	204	116	38	128	31	73		
3 persons.....	1 012	555	125	257	116	103	22	118	32	61		
4 persons.....	804	433	147	147	95	72	31	99	20	52		
5 persons.....	437	234	76	79	57	42	22	46	10	31		
6 or more persons.....	357	211	45	63	57	56	12	50	6	17		
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.40	2.35	3.01	2.24	2.33	2.56	3.27	2.89	2.19	2.74		
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.61	2.61	2.42	2.42	2.64	2.78	3.79	2.93	2.75	2.89		
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	2.30	2.21	3.12	2.14	2.51	2.43	3.00	2.86	2.13	2.55		
PERSONS PER ROOM												
1.00 or less.....	5 072	2 873	607	1 190	667	470	123	483	146	277		
1.01 to 1.50.....	313	165	35	75	40	43	12	37	8	15		
1.51 or more.....	105	57	59	21	12	21	5	11	1	1		
Mean.....	.57	.57	.59	.57	.55	.62	.70	.60	.57	.54		
VALUE												
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	1 577	948	123	376	273	144	50	215	16	132		
Less than \$20,000.....	53	33	7	13	20	6	—	4	—	—		
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	419	284	35	97	112	64	8	70	3	12		
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	639	377	29	173	98	62	32	94	8	63		
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	279	163	28	61	35	11	10	34	2	49		
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	94	53	16	15	7	1	—	10	1	6		
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	64	29	8	13	—	—	—	3	2	—		
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	18	5	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—		
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	6	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
\$300,000 or more.....	3	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Median (dollars).....	48 200	46 300	52 500	47 900	40 700	40 300	47 500	44 400	47 500	56 500		
Mean (dollars).....	55 000	51 900	58 100	52 500	43 800	39 900	49 900	48 700	61 100	58 700		
CONTRACT RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	3 491	1 969	479	791	402	308	85	296	136	156		
Median contract rent (dollars).....	306	304	308	303	153	261	343	364	247	380		
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	297	292	307	294	174	267	337	356	225	368		
With meals included in rent.....	13	5	2	4	1	1	—	1	—	1		
Median contract rent (dollars).....	418	308	227	234	50	237	—	363	—	313		
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	3 371	1 938	419	766	388	303	85	293	135	154		
No meals included in rent.....	107	26	58	21	13	4	—	2	—	1		
No cash rent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		

Table 11. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990 —Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Totals for split tracts/BMA's in Champaign County - Con							Champaign city, Champaign County		
Tract 12 02	Tract 14	Tract 53	Tract 54	Tract 56	Tract 101	Tract 102 03	Tract 103	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 6	Tract 7 (pt.)	
Occupied housing units											
138	29	570	255	188	241	200	198	719	199	525	
TENURE											
95	5	361	48	34	55	93	6	307	33	214	
68.8	17.2	63.3	18.8	18.1	22.8	46.5	3.0	42.7	16.6	40.8	
43	24	209	207	154	186	107	192	412	166	311	
31.2	82.8	36.7	81.2	81.9	77.2	53.5	97.0	57.3	83.4	59.2	
ROOMS											
2	—	2	5	—	2	1	—	4	8	21	
10	2	19	18	5	13	9	5	14	22	25	
3	1	20	37	20	27	13	6	14	48	68	
11	11	126	109	74	63	53	12	143	61	133	
33	14	162	60	56	82	52	67	220	15	122	
34	1	123	14	14	31	39	60	142	18	86	
17	—	55	8	12	12	19	27	59	13	37	
28	1	49	4	7	11	14	21	53	13	33	
5.8	4.6	5.1	4.1	4.4	4.7	5.0	5.6	5.0	3.9	4.6	
5.3	5.3	5.6	4.9	5.9	6.1	5.8	4.8	5.8	6.7	5.3	
4.6	4.5	4.4	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.3	5.7	4.5	3.6	4.1	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE											
104	1	430	27	54	80	117	11	413	60	314	
14	10	18	60	51	10	2	100	25	1	10	
3	2	23	12	12	10	3	14	21	10	26	
3 or 4	1	12	16	23	14	16	12	32	28	20	
5 to 9	11	24	30	12	79	14	24	106	30	30	
10 to 19	3	17	18	20	27	15	24	118	61	32	
20 to 49	—	4	48	6	—	—	—	7	—	—	
50 or more	—	38	46	—	20	31	6	—	78	3	
Mobile home or trailer	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Other	1	4	2	4	1	2	1	4	2	—	
PERSONS IN UNIT											
23	5	133	72	32	63	49	4	190	87	138	
22	4	166	62	61	55	44	41	204	40	115	
33	8	107	64	48	42	37	43	116	33	102	
31	6	75	28	28	45	36	65	95	19	72	
22	4	44	18	10	24	22	27	57	12	42	
5 persons	2	45	11	9	12	12	18	57	8	56	
6 or more persons	2	45	11	9	12	12	18	57	8	56	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	3.19	2.42	2.40	2.52	2.56	2.69	3.67	2.33	1.81	2.59	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	4.75	2.32	2.50	2.78	2.42	2.78	3.17	2.13	2.57	2.78	
Median, renter-occupied housing units	3.00	2.63	2.38	2.46	2.62	2.62	3.69	2.51	1.60	2.48	
PERSONS PER ROOM											
133	26	524	231	178	219	188	186	667	188	462	
1.00 or less	3	38	20	9	16	8	7	40	4	43	
1.01 to 1.50	—	8	4	1	6	4	5	12	7	20	
1.51 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Mean	52	54	64	59	60	55	61	55	55	62	
VALUE											
83	3	308	9	32	45	72	—	273	31	144	
Less than \$20,000	—	13	2	—	—	5	—	20	3	6	
\$20,000 to \$39,999	3	91	2	3	1	28	—	112	8	64	
\$40,000 to \$59,999	22	148	2	17	11	23	—	98	11	62	
\$60,000 to \$79,999	19	49	2	11	11	14	—	35	8	11	
\$80,000 to \$99,999	21	4	1	1	13	2	—	7	—	—	
\$100,000 to \$149,999	7	1	1	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	
\$150,000 to \$199,999	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
\$200,000 to \$249,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
\$250,000 to \$299,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
\$300,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Median (dollars)	78,600	45,900	66,300	55,000	75,800	42,100	—	40,700	50,600	40,300	
Mean (dollars)	92,500	47,900	79,700	58,500	74,800	45,900	—	43,800	48,200	39,900	
CONTRACT RENT											
42	24	203	166	146	185	105	178	402	166	299	
Median contract rent (dollars)	320	284	327	298	320	285	323	153	264	264	
Mean contract rent (dollars)	329	283	286	293	276	282	382	174	301	269	
With meals included in rent	—	1	2	1	1	1	—	1	—	1	
Median contract rent (dollars)	—	187	350	50	90	363	—	50	—	237	
Mean contract rent (dollars)	—	184	163	145	184	104	120	388	164	294	
No cash rent	42	18	1	—	—	—	58	13	2	4	

Table 11. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990 — Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County—Con.				Rantoul village, Champaign County			Urbana city, Champaign County		
	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)
Occupied housing units -----	498	155	293	-	236	200	198	557	180	177
TENURE										
Owner-occupied housing units -----	216	18	136	-	55	93	6	356	5	30
Percent of occupied housing units -----	43.4	11.6	46.4	-	23.3	46.5	3.0	63.9	2.8	16.9
Renter-occupied housing units -----	282	137	157	-	181	107	192	201	175	147
Percent of occupied housing units -----	56.6	88.4	53.6	-	76.7	53.5	97.0	36.1	97.2	83.1
ROOMS										
1 room -----	-	4	-	-	2	1	-	2	5	-
2 rooms -----	10	8	6	-	13	9	5	19	16	5
3 rooms -----	43	25	25	-	24	13	6	33	34	19
4 rooms -----	71	46	50	-	62	53	12	124	74	74
5 rooms -----	211	43	85	-	81	52	67	160	41	48
6 rooms -----	102	18	61	-	31	39	60	118	8	14
7 rooms -----	31	5	29	-	12	19	27	54	2	11
8 or more rooms -----	30	29	37	-	11	14	21	47	-	6
Median, occupied housing units -----	5.1	4.4	5.3	-	4.7	5.0	5.6	5.1	4.0	4.4
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.5	6.5	6.2	-	6.1	5.8	4.8	5.6	3.8	5.9
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.8	4.2	4.6	-	4.4	4.3	5.7	4.4	4.0	4.2
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										
1, detached -----	385	28	190	-	80	117	11	425	12	50
1, attached -----	26	16	9	-	10	2	100	18	59	46
2 -----	7	4	10	-	10	3	44	23	10	23
3 or 4 -----	20	13	6	-	14	16	12	12	11	23
5 to 9 -----	44	67	31	-	76	14	24	24	24	12
10 to 19 -----	20	15	15	-	25	15	-	17	17	20
20 to 49 -----	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	6
50 or more -----	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Mobile home or trailer -----	5	1	1	-	20	31	6	34	7	-
Other -----	2	4	2	-	1	2	1	4	2	4
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person -----	80	56	59	-	60	49	4	128	47	32
2 persons -----	116	31	73	-	55	44	41	164	51	59
3 persons -----	111	32	61	-	41	37	43	105	47	13
4 persons -----	96	20	52	-	45	36	65	72	15	25
5 persons -----	46	10	31	-	23	22	27	43	12	10
6 or more persons -----	49	6	17	-	12	12	18	45	8	5
Median, occupied housing units -----	2.98	2.19	2.74	-	2.57	2.69	3.67	2.42	2.34	2.46
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	3.01	2.75	2.89	-	2.42	2.78	3.17	2.78	1.75	2.83
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	2.95	2.13	2.55	-	2.64	2.62	3.69	2.60	2.37	2.39
PERSONS PER ROOM										
1.00 or less -----	450	146	277	-	214	188	186	511	164	170
1.01 to 1.50 -----	37	8	15	-	16	8	7	38	12	6
1.51 or more -----	11	1	1	-	6	4	5	8	1	1
Mean -----	.62	.57	.54	-	.60	.55	.61	.54	.67	.58
VALUE										
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	201	16	132	-	45	72	-	307	1	28
Less than \$20,000 -----	4	-	-	-	2	5	-	13	-	-
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	70	3	12	-	1	28	-	91	1	2
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	93	8	63	-	11	23	-	148	-	16
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	27	2	14	-	11	49	-	48	-	9
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	4	1	6	-	13	2	-	4	-	1
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	3	2	1	-	7	-	-	1	-	-
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$300,000 or more -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars) -----	43 500	47 500	56 500	-	75 800	42 100	-	45 800	22 500	54 400
Mean (dollars) -----	46 700	61 100	58 700	-	74 800	45 900	-	47 800	22 500	56 700
CONTRACT RENT										
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	277	136	156	-	180	105	178	196	134	139
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	367	247	380	-	284	285	365	281	319	297
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	358	225	368	-	277	282	382	272	258	295
With meals included in rent -----	1	-	1	-	1	1	-	1	2	1
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	363	-	313	-	90	363	-	187	350	50
No meals included in rent -----	274	135	154	-	179	104	120	177	131	138
No cash rent -----	2	1	1	-	-	-	58	18	1	-

Table 12. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990**

[The above table was omitted because there were no qualifying areas.]

Table 13. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA		Champaign County			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County			
	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 14	
Occupied housing units -----	2 379		849	91	1 212	357	180	70	
TENURE									
Owner-occupied housing units-----	487		176	34	154	6	1	6	
Percent of occupied housing units-----	20.5		20.7	37.4	12.7	1.7	.6	8.6	
Renter-occupied housing units-----	1 892		673	57	1 058	351	179	64	
Percent of occupied housing units-----	79.5		79.3	62.6	87.3	98.3	99.4	91.4	
ROOMS									
1 room-----	364		230	3	130	142	79	-	
2 rooms-----	512		119	5	353	59	27	29	
3 rooms-----	484		147	16	294	73	25	10	
4 rooms-----	443		119	18	255	45	19	22	
5 rooms-----	193		85	21	82	25	10	7	
6 rooms-----	134		59	16	57	9	12	-	
7 rooms-----	90		41	7	36	1	5	-	
8 or more rooms-----	159		49	5	55	3	3	2	
Median, occupied housing units-----	3.1		3.0	4.7	2.9	2.1	1.9	3.1	
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	6.1		6.0	5.1	6.1	3.5	1.5	4.2	
Median, renter-occupied housing units-----	2.7		2.5	4.4	2.7	2.1	1.9	2.8	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE									
1, detached-----	439		162	34	144	7	3	2	
1, attached-----	82		22	9	26	-	-	18	
2-----	52		17	5	24	2	-	1	
3 or 4-----	141		21	5	103	7	6	4	
5 to 9-----	258		76	16	132	34	16	31	
10 to 19-----	722		191	4	506	95	36	14	
20 to 49-----	373		250	-	122	190	49	-	
50 or more-----	214		86	15	124	18	68	-	
Mobile home or trailer-----	78		10	3	26	-	2	-	
Other-----	20		-	-	5	4	-	-	
PERSONS IN UNIT									
1 person-----	679		371	21	259	190	104	4	
2 persons-----	691		210	24	408	95	32	23	
3 persons-----	488		125	20	285	53	13	28	
4 persons-----	365		89	15	199	15	27	13	
5 persons-----	102		33	6	45	3	3	2	
6 or more persons-----	54		21	5	16	1	1	-	
Median, occupied housing units-----	2.24		1.75	2.35	2.35	1.50	1.50	2.79	
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	3.37		3.27	2.39	3.41	2.50	1.50	2.50	
Median, renter-occupied housing units-----	2.04		1.50	2.60	2.25	1.50	1.50	2.81	
PERSONS PER ROOM									
1.00 or less-----	1 961		773	84	921	330	164	44	
1.01 to 1.50-----	221		39	6	143	9	9	20	
1.51 or more-----	197		37	1	148	18	7	6	
Mean-----	.75		.69	.98	.81	.77	.75	.85	
VALUE									
Specified owner-occupied housing units-----	363		139	18	116	2	-	4	
Less than \$20,000-----	6		2	1	-	-	-	2	
\$20,000 to \$39,999-----	14		4	4	2	-	-	2	
\$40,000 to \$59,999-----	55		28	3	11	2	-	-	
\$60,000 to \$79,999-----	78		45	6	20	-	-	-	
\$80,000 to \$99,999-----	68		25	3	35	-	-	-	
\$100,000 to \$149,999-----	81		18	1	41	-	-	-	
\$150,000 to \$199,999-----	28		8	-	7	-	-	-	
\$200,000 to \$249,999-----	15		5	-	-	-	-	-	
\$250,000 to \$299,999-----	11		2	-	-	-	-	2	
\$300,000 or more-----	7		2	-	-	-	-	-	
Median (dollars)-----	87 100		77 400	66 000	93 800	42 500	-	130 000	
Mean (dollars)-----	106 600		93 500	61 500	98 000	42 500	-	142 000	
CONTRACT RENT									
Specified renter-occupied housing units-----	1 886		673	57	1 055	351	179	63	
Median contract rent (dollars)-----	302		297	298	304	286	263	294	
Mean contract rent (dollars)-----	344		362	331	333	348	384	304	
With mobile home or trailer-----	26		23	1	2	2	21	-	
Median contract rent (dollars)-----	680		682	337	819	681	683	683	
No rents included in rent-----	1 843		643	44	1 055	348	158	63	
No cash rent-----	17		3	12	2	1	-	-	

Table 13. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990 — Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Totals for split tracts (RMA's in Champaign County — Con)		Champaign city, Champaign County		Urbana city, Champaign County	
		Tract 5/	Tract 6/	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5/ (pt.)	Tract 6/ (pt.)
Occupied housing units		165	469	357	180	157	466
TENURE							
Owner-occupied housing units		107	1	6	1	94	1
Percent of occupied housing units		61.8	2	1.7	6	59.9	2
Renter-occupied housing units		63	468	351	179	63	465
Percent of occupied housing units		38.2	99.8	98.3	99.4	40.1	99.8
ROOMS							
1 room		9	38	147	79	9	38
2 rooms		19	174	59	27	91	173
3 rooms		35	140	73	25	19	139
4 rooms		14	114	45	19	35	113
5 rooms		20	3	25	10	14	3
6 rooms		22	—	9	12	19	—
7 rooms		46	—	1	5	21	—
8 or more rooms		5.8	2.7	3	3	40	2.7
Median, owner-occupied housing units		7.3	2.0	3.5	1.9	5.6	2.0
Median, renter-occupied housing units		3.8	2.7	2.1	1.9	3.8	2.7
UNITS IN STRUCTURE							
1, detached		102	2	7	3	94	2
2, attached		10	—	—	—	10	—
3 or 4		5	62	7	6	5	62
5 to 9		6	—	34	16	6	—
10 to 19		15	335	95	36	15	332
20 to 49		23	—	190	49	23	—
50 or more		3	—	18	68	3	—
Mobile home or trailer		1	—	—	—	1	—
Other		—	1	4	2	—	1
PERSONS IN UNIT							
1 person		21	33	190	104	21	33
2 persons		47	146	95	32	45	145
3 persons		34	164	53	13	33	163
4 persons		47	104	15	27	43	103
5 persons		12	19	3	3	11	19
6 or more persons		4	3	1	1	4	3
Median, owner-occupied housing units		2.93	2.84	1.50	1.50	2.88	2.84
Median, owner-occupied housing units		3.50	2.80	2.50	1.50	3.46	2.80
Median, renter-occupied housing units		2.10	2.84	1.50	1.50	2.10	2.84
PERSONS PER ROOM							
1.00 or less		156	279	330	164	148	276
1.01 to 1.50		8	97	9	9	8	97
1.51 or more		55	106	18	7	1	93
Mean		—	—	77	75	56	106
VALUE							
Specified owner-occupied housing units		93	—	2	—	86	—
Less than \$20,000		—	—	—	—	—	—
\$20,000 to \$29,999		—	—	—	—	—	—
\$30,000 to \$39,999		—	—	—	—	—	—
\$40,000 to \$49,999		11	—	—	—	1	—
\$50,000 to \$59,999		31	—	—	—	31	—
\$60,000 to \$69,999		—	—	—	—	—	—
\$70,000 to \$79,999		6	—	—	—	4	—
\$80,000 to \$89,999		1	—	—	—	—	—
\$90,000 to \$99,999		2	—	—	—	—	—
\$100,000 to \$149,999		—	—	—	—	—	—
\$150,000 to \$199,999		—	—	—	—	—	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999		—	—	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999		—	—	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more		—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)		101,200	—	42,500	—	100,000	—
Mean (dollars)		117,800	—	42,500	—	104,700	—
CONTRACT RENT							
Specified renter-occupied housing units		63	468	351	179	63	465
Median contract rent (dollars)		397	267	286	263	397	267
Mean contract rent (dollars)		432	274	348	364	432	274
With meals included in rent		1	—	2	—	1	—
Mean contract rent (dollars)		1,250	683	681	683	1,250	683
No meals included in rent		62	468	348	158	62	465

Table 14. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County	Rantoul village, Champaign County	Tract 103 (pt.)	Urbana city, Champaign County	Tract 59
		Champaign city		Rantoul village										
Occupied housing units -----	788	317		107	248	50	50	37						
TENURE														
Owner-occupied housing units -----	230	82		32	47	2	2	2						
Percent of occupied housing units -----	29.2	25.9		29.9	19.0	4.0	4.0	4.0						
Renter-occupied housing units -----	558	235		75	201	48	48	37						
Percent of occupied housing units -----	70.8	74.1		70.1	81.0	96.0	96.0	100.0						
ROOMS														
1 room -----	46	33		-	13	-	-	3						
2 rooms -----	92	37		6	46	2	2	11						
3 rooms -----	135	63		5	59	1	1	14						
4 rooms -----	180	71		11	60	1	1	4						
5 rooms -----	116	35		38	21	19	19	2						
6 rooms -----	102	36		29	20	17	17	1						
7 rooms -----	51	18		11	12	7	7	2						
8 or more rooms -----	66	24		7	17	3	3	-						
Median, occupied housing units -----	4.2	3.9		5.3	3.6	5.6	5.6	2.8						
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.9	6.0		5.3	6.2	3.5	3.5	-						
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	3.7	3.3		5.4	3.3	5.7	5.7	2.8						
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached -----	245	91		35	62	5	5	-						
1, attached -----	56	14		25	12	24	24	1						
2 -----	27	8		7	9	6	6	3						
3 or 4 -----	56	11		10	33	8	8	2						
5 to 9 -----	90	36		16	23	-	-	10						
10 to 19 -----	157	77		5	67	-	-	15						
20 to 49 -----	85	55		-	30	-	-	6						
50 or more -----	29	18		-	8	-	-	-						
Mobile home or trailer -----	38	4		9	3	1	1	-						
Other -----	5	3		-	1	-	-	-						
PERSONS IN UNIT														
1 person -----	215	110		8	71	-	-	13						
2 persons -----	236	101		25	78	7	7	13						
3 persons -----	131	42		24	42	12	12	5						
4 persons -----	129	42		29	34	19	19	4						
5 persons -----	47	10		13	17	7	7	1						
6 or more persons -----	30	12		8	6	5	5	1						
Median, occupied housing units -----	2.26	1.98		3.35	2.18	3.82	3.82	1.92						
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.88	2.47		3.33	3.20	4.00	4.00	-						
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	2.09	1.76		3.36	2.07	3.79	3.79	1.92						
PERSONS PER ROOM														
1.00 or less -----	734	303		103	214	48	48	34						
1.01 to 1.50 -----	31	6		3	22	1	1	2						
1.51 or more -----	23	8		1	12	.78	.78	.74						
Mean -----	.66	.63		.73	.68									
VALUE														
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	180	72		23	40	1	1	-						
Less than \$20,000 -----	5	3		1	-	-	-	-						
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	20	8		5	4	-	-	-						
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	47	21		6	8	-	-	-						
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	37	17		6	7	-	-	-						
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	29	7		4	10	-	-	-						
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	26	6		1	9	-	-	-						
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	13	1		-	2	-	-	-						
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	1	-		-	-	-	-	-						
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	2	1		-	-	-	-	-						
\$300,000 or more -----	70 000	45 000		54 200	81 700	10 000-	10 000-	-						
Mean (dollars) -----	81 000	78 800		59 700	85 900	9 000	9 000	-						
CONTRACT RENT														
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	553	234		73	199	46	46	37						
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	337	337		328	324	367	367	356						
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	380	392		324	383	379	379	466						
With meals included in rent -----	6	6		-	-	-	-	-						
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	673	673		-	-	-	-	-						
No meals included in rent -----	522	228		48	199	21	21	37						
No cash rent -----	25	-		25	-	25	25	-						

Table 15. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County		Rantoul village, Champaign County	Urbano city, Champaign County
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbano city	Tract 103	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 59
Occupied housing units	55 161	55 161	19 877	4 589	10 454	1 116	1 116	729
TENURE								
Owner occupied housing units	32 227	32 227	10 053	2 129	4 578	76	76	64
Percent of occupied housing units	58.4	58.4	50.6	46.4	43.8	6.8	6.8	8.8
Renter occupied housing units	22 934	22 934	9 824	2 460	5 876	1 040	1 040	665
Percent of occupied housing units	41.6	41.6	49.4	53.6	56.2	93.2	93.2	91.2
ROOMS								
1 room	873	873	671	21	147	-	-	40
2 rooms	2 356	2 356	1 314	104	745	13	13	137
3 rooms	5 092	5 092	2 155	314	1 842	24	24	182
4 rooms	10 013	10 013	3 545	773	2 263	61	61	139
5 rooms	11 717	11 717	4 245	1 280	1 861	357	357	94
6 rooms	10 339	10 339	3 455	1 105	1 451	414	414	47
7 rooms	6 702	6 702	2 053	519	965	131	131	26
8 or more rooms	8 069	8 069	2 439	473	1 240	116	116	64
Median, owner-occupied housing units	5.3	5.3	5.0	5.3	4.6	5.7	5.7	3.5
Median, owner-occupied housing units	6.1	6.1	6.1	5.8	6.1	4.9	4.9	7.6
Median, renter-occupied housing units	4.1	4.1	3.8	5.0	3.7	5.8	5.8	3.4
UNITS IN STRUCTURE								
1 detached	31 957	31 957	10 260	2 378	4 889	85	85	85
1 attached	2 477	2 477	892	612	363	548	548	21
2 or 3	2 071	2 071	684	220	657	103	103	28
3 or 4	2 125	2 125	778	341	516	129	129	101
5 to 9	3 332	3 332	1 402	387	935	166	166	261
10 to 19	4 971	4 971	3 010	132	1 392	3	3	187
20 to 49	2 945	2 945	1 895	-	926	-	-	36
50 or more	1 172	1 172	571	-	505	-	-	10
Mobile home or trailer	3 810	3 810	271	491	191	73	73	9
Other	301	301	114	28	80	9	9	18
PERSONS IN UNIT								
1 person	15 912	15 912	6 872	965	3 972	18	18	305
2 persons	18 696	18 696	6 534	1 455	3 594	227	227	239
3 persons	8 881	8 881	2 923	872	1 385	301	301	84
4 persons	7 889	7 889	2 481	852	1 010	354	354	73
5 persons	2 761	2 761	748	331	339	166	166	15
6 or more persons	1 022	1 022	319	114	154	50	50	13
Median, occupied housing units	2.12	2.12	1.97	2.41	1.85	3.53	3.53	1.75
Median, owner-occupied housing units	2.30	2.30	2.22	2.27	2.15	2.94	2.94	2.22
Median, renter-occupied housing units	1.81	1.81	1.63	2.62	1.57	3.56	3.56	1.68
PERSONS PER ROOM								
1.00 or less	54 503	54 503	19 670	4 509	10 317	1 088	1 088	721
1.01 to 1.50	501	501	144	55	101	18	18	3
1.51 or more	157	157	63	25	36	10	10	5
Mean	.44	.44	.43	.48	.42	.59	.59	.50
VALUE								
Specified owner-occupied housing units	25 516	25 516	8 849	1 687	3 858	3	3	55
Less than \$20,000	383	383	54	30	35	-	-	-
\$20,000 to \$29,999	2 721	2 721	54	309	417	-	-	-
\$30,000 to \$39,999	6 641	6 641	2 551	529	979	2	2	2
\$40,000 to \$49,999	6 677	6 677	2 414	469	867	-	-	12
\$50,000 to \$59,999	4 010	4 010	1 377	223	711	-	-	11
\$60,000 to \$69,999	3 276	3 276	1 009	107	631	1	1	18
\$70,000 to \$79,999	1 118	1 118	392	161	161	-	-	8
\$80,000 to \$89,999	358	358	154	4	36	-	-	2
\$90,000 to \$99,999	176	176	72	-	6	-	-	2
\$100,000 to \$149,999	156	156	66	-	-	-	-	-
\$150,000 to \$199,999	68 600	68 600	81 000	58 900	71 100	48 800	48 800	105 200
\$200,000 to \$249,999	79 700	79 700	81 000	62 900	79 300	77 500	77 500	117 700
\$250,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mean (dollars)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CONTRACT RENT								
Specified renter-occupied housing units	22 286	22 286	9 772	2 416	5 842	1 009	1 009	663
Median contract rent (dollars)	344	344	357	301	355	369	369	373
Mean contract rent (dollars)	371	371	397	302	378	387	387	443
With meals included in rent	262	262	165	4	64	-	-	3
Median contract rent (dollars)	688	688	636	416	713	-	-	321
Mean contract rent (dollars)	21 017	21 017	9 486	1 894	5 700	531	531	654
No meals included in rent	1 007	1 007	121	518	78	478	478	6
No cash rent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign County					Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County									
	Champaign County					Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	
	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city										
ANCESTRY															
All persons-----	173 025	173 025	63 502	17 211	36 363	2 152	5 731	8 042	3 733	1 700	6 758	4 780	6 769	8 758	
Ancestry specified-----	155 677	155 677	58 084	13 825	33 541	1 992	5 322	7 358	3 156	1 459	6 154	4 550	6 166	8 004	
Single ancestry-----	93 324	93 324	34 340	8 429	21 250	1 831	3 383	3 711	2 454	967	4 014	2 222	3 829	4 166	
Multiple ancestry-----	62 353	62 353	23 744	5 396	12 291	1 161	1 939	3 647	702	492	2 140	2 128	2 337	3 838	
Ancestry unclassified or not reported-----	17 348	17 348	5 418	3 386	2 822	160	409	684	577	241	604	430	603	754	
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS															
Total ancestries reported-----	346 050	346 050	127 004	34 422	72 726	4 304	11 462	16 084	7 466	3 400	13 516	9 560	13 538	17 516	
Arab-----	692	692	266	28	303	—	43	—	7	—	156	—	—	8	
Austrian-----	479	479	247	32	159	—	43	78	—	7	6	20	—	—	
Belgian-----	365	365	99	32	115	—	14	22	—	—	—	31	—	19	
Canadian-----	191	191	49	12	70	—	—	8	—	6	10	—	—	9	
Czech-----	809	809	386	53	165	—	46	133	—	14	6	27	8	35	
Danish-----	1 067	1 067	453	78	280	—	27	85	7	—	6	19	15	114	
Dutch-----	4 942	4 942	1 764	451	935	—	271	201	37	47	271	274	209	237	
English-----	27 988	27 988	10 239	2 124	5 414	55	422	946	345	147	1 058	963	1 200	2 175	
Finnish-----	206	206	85	10	72	—	—	10	—	—	—	21	7	10	
French (except Basque)-----	6 779	6 779	2 126	699	1 386	—	161	230	75	77	279	185	272	405	
French Canadian-----	950	950	375	71	208	—	34	31	12	14	44	21	54	44	
German-----	62 161	62 161	21 231	5 668	10 225	93	1 789	2 753	645	422	2 102	1 834	2 552	3 770	
Greek-----	916	916	541	42	228	—	90	115	—	—	9	76	19	9	
Hungarian-----	841	841	273	96	258	—	20	25	8	12	31	15	63	50	
Irish-----	29 495	29 495	10 949	2 868	4 991	109	783	1 338	414	333	1 014	1 213	1 273	1 597	
Italian-----	5 645	5 645	2 271	507	1 280	7	358	584	42	73	97	125	253	358	
Lithuanian-----	969	969	479	55	256	—	121	108	17	5	36	18	17	42	
Norwegian-----	2 373	2 373	963	240	556	7	578	176	5	9	86	61	163	69	
Polish-----	6 090	6 090	2 992	423	1 545	7	578	899	5	22	59	10	82	209	
Portuguese-----	159	159	61	44	9	—	—	—	—	—	8	10	—	8	
Romanian-----	184	184	69	13	88	—	16	24	5	—	—	—	—	—	
Russian-----	1 913	1 913	1 103	21	597	—	152	407	24	6	7	34	28	92	
Scotch-Irish-----	4 257	4 257	1 372	280	56	4	56	84	63	15	111	134	228	183	
Scottish-----	4 478	4 478	1 961	275	833	—	169	139	51	16	288	164	200	311	
Slovak-----	958	958	415	112	268	—	72	104	—	—	20	26	—	80	
Subsaharan African-----	596	596	213	82	281	—	46	—	27	—	43	—	—	10	
Swedish-----	4 840	4 840	1 956	281	1 080	8	178	373	20	32	130	232	178	271	
Swiss-----	848	848	244	29	302	—	25	61	7	7	10	33	51	7	
Ukrainian-----	298	298	109	15	98	—	23	24	—	—	8	—	—	24	
United States or American-----	7 686	7 686	1 880	787	759	14	129	61	296	47	275	103	209	336	
Welsh-----	1 495	1 495	597	30	428	—	17	44	39	5	22	28	99	62	
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)-----	128	128	49	44	18	—	13	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	
Yugoslavian-----	214	214	137	66	66	—	33	32	—	—	—	—	7	18	
Other ancestries-----	159 873	159 873	58 866	18 630	36 742	3 976	5 614	6 532	5 253	2 084	7 251	3 750	6 243	6 712	
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS															
Dominican (Dominican Republic)-----	16	16	—	—	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Central American-----	211	211	53	42	75	—	—	39	—	—	21	—	—	8	
Costa Rican-----	27	27	—	—	27	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Guatemalan-----	34	34	27	—	27	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Honduran-----	36	36	12	—	24	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Nicaraguan-----	15	15	—	—	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Panamanian-----	66	66	14	31	15	—	—	—	—	—	21	—	—	8	
Salvadoran-----	33	33	—	11	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Central American, origin not specified-----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
South American-----	460	460	256	5	192	—	28	69	—	—	—	—	15	—	
Argentinean-----	133	133	58	5	75	—	10	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Chilean-----	18	18	13	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Colombian-----	98	98	60	—	38	—	8	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Ecuadorian-----	22	22	22	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Peruvian-----	120	120	69	—	51	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Venezuelan-----	10	10	10	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Other South American-----	59	59	46	—	6	—	—	31	—	—	—	—	15	—	

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Champaign County—Con.														
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 53	Tract 54	Tract 55	Tract 56	Tract 57	Tract 60	Tract 101	Tract 102.01	Tract 102.02	Tract 102.03	Tract 103
ANCESTRY														
All persons		8 597	4 637	2 881	7 449	5 343	5 222	6 674	2 311	5 108	997	301	3 729	7 185
Ancestry specified		8 169	4 494	2 593	6 330	4 414	4 747	6 341	2 252	4 565	953	280	3 486	4 650
Single ancestry		4 233	2 706	2 113	4 052	2 510	2 820	3 593	2 003	3 065	551	133	2 185	2 589
Multiple ancestry		3 936	1 788	480	2 278	1 904	1 927	2 748	249	1 500	402	147	1 301	2 061
Ancestry unclassified or not reported		418	163	288	1 119	929	475	333	59	543	44	21	243	2 535
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS														
Total ancestries reported		17 174	9 314	5 762	14 898	10 686	10 444	13 348	4 622	10 216	1 994	602	7 458	14 370
Arab		—	63	—	23	—	—	146	37	10	—	—	18	—
Austrian		16	56	—	4	—	—	24	20	14	—	—	6	—
Belgian		24	7	—	45	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	19
Canadian		6	—	—	16	—	—	26	—	—	—	—	—	15
Czech		72	30	—	49	—	12	37	10	6	7	—	25	—
Danish		34	50	—	11	—	41	54	5	20	—	6	12	—
Dutch		355	62	71	343	195	71	185	13	176	52	6	67	150
English		2 127	450	236	866	952	913	1 593	108	629	241	38	525	705
Finnish		9	—	—	20	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—
French (except Basque)		472	140	51	281	282	242	354	14	175	20	13	200	291
French Canadian		32	40	7	40	70	28	9	—	—	—	14	10	47
German		3 474	1 546	354	2 569	1 717	1 702	2 236	294	1 954	533	135	1 211	1 890
Greek		98	45	8	37	—	—	37	—	—	27	—	10	5
Hungarian		56	11	22	12	7	46	57	20	17	—	—	59	—
Irish		1 653	728	246	1 273	925	955	946	60	854	247	89	841	847
Italian		128	317	45	282	60	231	97	28	181	36	—	81	222
Lithuanian		48	46	—	22	54	23	78	9	33	—	—	22	—
Norwegian		127	116	23	82	35	112	155	6	89	12	19	34	105
Polish		412	486	32	207	120	136	115	46	141	19	42	202	202
Portuguese		9	—	—	10	—	—	9	—	5	—	—	26	13
Romanian		12	—	—	—	—	9	54	—	8	—	—	—	5
Russian		187	55	9	14	31	58	209	6	—	—	—	9	12
Scottish-Irish		354	117	21	167	187	241	297	5	136	20	6	36	82
Scottish		371	61	35	145	96	120	264	12	81	6	9	52	127
Slovak		43	38	27	53	22	12	10	44	50	13	—	8	41
Subsaharan African		68	6	20	205	199	177	177	108	69	—	—	—	13
Swedish		325	168	16	42	27	37	174	26	82	44	—	108	463
Swiss		66	11	8	9	19	37	128	11	—	5	—	24	24
Ukrainian		40	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
United States or American		197	123	199	527	186	124	174	20	325	33	35	15	238
Welsh		165	36	—	12	79	99	112	—	6	—	—	9	15
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)		—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	44
Yugoslavian		—	31	—	—	—	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other ancestries		5 836	4 214	4 302	7 431	5 006	4 679	5 392	3 601	5 074	679	232	3 775	8 964
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS														
Dominican (Dominican Republic)		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Costa Rican		—	—	—	—	—	24	16	—	14	17	—	—	11
Guatemalan		—	—	—	—	—	—	16	—	—	—	—	—	—
Honduran		—	—	—	—	—	24	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nicaraguan		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Panamanian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	17	—	—	11
Salvadoran		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American, origin not specified		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South American		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Argentinian		—	65	—	—	—	19	39	68	—	—	—	—	5
Chilean		—	13	—	—	—	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colombian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	26	—	—	—	—	5
Ecuadorian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Peruvian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Venezuelan		—	52	—	—	—	—	—	42	—	—	—	—	—
Other South American		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area															Champaign city, Champaign County														
Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Champaign County—Con.																													
Tract 104															Tract 106.02														
ANCESTRY																													
All persons																													
Ancestry specified																													
Single ancestry																													
Multiple ancestry																													
Ancestry undesignated or not reported																													
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS																													
Total ancestries reported																													
Arab																													
Austrian																													
Belgian																													
Canadian																													
Czech																													
Danish																													
Dutch																													
English																													
Finnish																													
French (except Basque)																													
French Canadian																													
German																													
Greek																													
Hungarian																													
Irish																													
Italian																													
Lithuanian																													
Latvian																													
Norwegian																													
Polish																													
Portuguese																													
Romanian																													
Russian																													
Scotch-Irish																													
Scottish																													
Slovak																													
Subsaharan African																													
Swedish																													
Swiss																													
Ukrainian																													
United States or American																													
Welsh																													
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)																													
Yugoslavian																													
Other ancestries																													
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS																													
Dominican (Dominican Republic)																													
Central American																													
Costa Rican																													
Guatemalan																													
Honduran																													
Nicaraguan																													
Panamanian																													
Salvadoran																													
Central American, origin not specified																													
South American																													
Argentinian																													
Chilean																													
Colombian																													
Ecuadorian																													
Peruvian																													
Venezuelan																													
Other South American																													

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County—Con.				Rantoul village, Champaign County					Urbana city, Champaign County				
	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 106.02 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.01 (pt.)	Tract 102.02 (pt.)	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)
ANCESTRY														
All persons	5 196	6 165	3 326	25	—	5 021	975	301	3 729	7 185	—	—	—	—
Ancestry specified	4 721	5 875	3 241	25	—	4 478	931	280	3 486	4 650	—	—	—	—
Single ancestry	2 526	2 971	1 993	25	—	2 985	537	133	2 185	2 589	—	—	—	—
Multiple ancestry	2 195	2 904	1 248	—	—	1 493	394	147	1 301	2 061	—	—	—	—
Ancestry unclassified or not reported	475	290	85	—	—	543	44	21	243	2 535	—	—	—	—
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS														
Total ancestries reported	10 392	12 330	6 652	50	—	10 042	1 950	602	7 458	14 370	—	—	—	—
Arab	—	—	21	—	—	10	—	—	18	—	—	—	—	—
Austrian	—	16	56	—	—	14	—	—	6	26	—	—	—	—
Belgian	10	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	19	—	—	—	—
Canadian	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Czech	—	47	30	—	—	6	7	—	25	15	—	—	—	—
Danish	82	34	42	—	—	12	—	6	12	40	—	—	—	—
Dutch	121	265	48	—	—	176	52	6	67	150	—	—	—	—
English	1 330	1 560	191	—	—	629	227	38	525	705	—	—	—	—
French	10	9	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
French (except Basque)	208	324	86	—	—	175	20	13	200	291	—	—	—	—
French Canadian	36	23	40	—	—	—	—	14	10	47	—	—	—	—
German	2 182	2 417	1 164	—	—	1 915	517	135	1 211	1 890	—	—	—	—
Greek	9	91	33	—	—	—	27	—	10	5	—	—	—	—
Hungarian	—	29	11	—	—	17	—	—	20	59	—	—	—	—
Irish	922	1 241	487	—	—	844	247	89	841	847	—	—	—	—
Italian	159	89	277	—	—	168	36	—	81	222	—	—	—	—
Lithuanian	35	13	40	—	—	33	—	—	22	—	—	—	—	—
Norwegian	46	117	83	—	—	89	12	—	34	105	—	—	—	—
Polish	115	354	396	—	—	141	19	19	42	202	—	—	—	—
Portuguese	—	9	—	—	—	5	—	—	26	13	—	—	—	—
Romanian	—	12	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
Russian	42	187	42	—	—	—	—	—	9	12	—	—	—	—
Scotch-Irish	81	171	73	—	—	136	20	6	36	82	—	—	—	—
Scottish	150	289	47	—	—	81	6	9	52	127	—	—	—	—
Slovak	80	34	22	—	—	50	13	—	8	41	—	—	—	—
Subsaharan African	10	68	—	—	—	69	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—
Swedish	176	263	110	—	—	66	44	—	108	63	—	—	—	—
Swiss	7	21	11	—	—	—	5	—	—	24	—	—	—	—
Ukrainian	—	31	11	—	—	—	—	—	15	—	—	—	—	—
United States or American	226	123	30	—	—	309	33	35	172	238	—	—	—	—
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)	7	141	29	—	—	6	—	—	9	15	—	—	—	—
Yugoslavian	18	—	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	44	—	—	—	—
Other ancestries	4 149	4 123	3 076	50	—	4 994	665	232	3 775	8 964	—	—	—	—
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS														
Dominican (Dominican Republic)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American	8	—	—	—	—	14	17	—	—	11	—	—	—	—
Costa Rican	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guatemalan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Honduran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nicaraguan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Panamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Salvadoran	8	—	—	—	—	14	17	—	—	11	—	—	—	—
Central American, origin not specified	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South American	—	—	65	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
Argentinian	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
Chilean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colombian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ecuadorian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Peruvian	—	—	52	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Venezuelan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Urbana city, Champaign County—Con.													
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area													
Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 51	Tract 52	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 55 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 58	Tract 59	Tract 60 (pt.)	Tract 106.02 (pt.)		
ANCESTRY													
All persons.....													
Ancestry specified.....													
Single ancestry.....													
Multiple ancestry.....													
Ancestry unclassified or not reported.....													
218 2 226 2 723 2 441 2 958 4 582 6 236 4 128 8 611 2 240													
174 2 007 2 447 2 061 2 445 4 137 5 953 3 959 8 177 2 181													
109 1 373 1 979 1 415 1 380 2 471 3 399 2 157 4 987 1 980													
65 634 468 646 1 065 1 666 2 554 3 190 201													
44 219 276 380 513 445 283 169 434 59													
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS													
Total ancestries reported.....													
436 4 452 5 446 4 882 5 916 9 164 12 472 8 256 17 222 4 480													
Arab.....													
Austrian.....													
Belgian.....													
Canadian.....													
Czech.....													
Danish.....													
Dutch.....													
English.....													
Finnish.....													
French (except Basque).....													
French Canadian.....													
German.....													
Greek.....													
Hungarian.....													
Irish.....													
Italian.....													
Lithuanian.....													
Norwegian.....													
Polish.....													
Portuguese.....													
Romanian.....													
Russian.....													
Scotch-Irish.....													
Scottish.....													
Slovak.....													
Subsaharan African.....													
Swedish.....													
Swiss.....													
Ukrainian.....													
United States or American.....													
Welsh.....													
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups).....													
Yugoslavian.....													
Other ancestries.....													
251 2 446 4 096 2 770 2 720 4 176 5 079 2 987 8 639 3 578													
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS													
Dominican (Dominican Republic).....													
Central American.....													
Costa Rican.....													
Guatemalan.....													
Honduran.....													
Nicaraguan.....													
Panamanian.....													
Salvadoran.....													
Central American, origin not specified.....													
South American.....													
Argentinean.....													
Chilean.....													
Colombian.....													
Ecuadorian.....													
Peruvian.....													
Venezuelan.....													
Other South American.....													

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County													
	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 55 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)
ANCESTRY														
All persons	22	1 229	1 229	992	—	—	3 562	2 422	1 331	133	5 008	2 385	640	438
Ancestry specified	22	1 099	1 099	934	—	—	3 283	2 294	1 253	121	4 269	1 969	610	388
Single ancestry	11	799	799	519	—	—	1 640	1 262	713	109	2 637	1 130	349	194
Multiple ancestry	11	300	300	415	—	—	1 643	1 032	540	12	1 632	839	261	194
Ancestry unclassified or not reported	—	130	130	58	—	—	279	128	78	12	739	416	30	50
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS														
Total ancestries reported	44	2 458	2 458	1 984	—	—	7 124	4 844	2 662	266	10 016	4 770	1 280	876
Arab	—	—	—	8	—	—	8	—	42	—	14	—	—	—
Austrian	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	17	7	—	11	—	—	—
Belgian	—	7	7	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canadian	—	—	—	—	—	—	35	25	—	—	—	21	—	—
Czech	—	8	8	—	—	—	32	—	8	—	—	45	—	7
Danish	—	—	—	—	—	—	116	90	14	—	188	65	8	8
Dutch	—	38	38	69	—	—	845	567	259	—	619	341	67	82
English	—	93	93	258	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
French	—	—	—	—	—	—	197	148	54	—	176	130	31	14
French (except Basque)	—	45	45	108	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
French Canadian	—	14	14	36	—	—	8	9	—	7	15	24	—	—
German	6	322	322	368	—	—	1 588	1 057	382	19	1 985	941	191	214
Greek	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	12	8	5	—	—	—
Hungarian	—	7	7	7	—	—	50	27	241	13	12	—	—	11
Irish	—	—	208	19	—	—	675	412	40	—	894	398	276	63
Italian	—	68	68	19	—	—	199	39	40	—	232	42	11	—
Lithuanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	35	6	—	10	47	—	—
Lithuanian	—	—	—	22	—	—	23	10	33	8	64	7	—	7
Norwegian	—	—	—	23	—	—	94	58	90	—	109	57	20	14
Polish	5	16	16	23	—	—	8	—	—	—	10	—	—	—
Portuguese	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Romanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14
Russian	—	6	6	7	—	—	50	—	13	—	14	—	—	29
Scotch-Irish	—	5	5	—	—	—	102	183	44	—	119	56	48	8
Scottish	—	7	7	11	—	—	161	82	14	—	103	23	—	24
Slovak	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	16	4	44	—	—	—
Subsaharan African	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	14	—	—	—	—
Swedish	—	—	32	33	—	—	95	62	58	—	141	62	18	28
Swiss	—	7	7	10	—	—	—	45	—	8	11	18	—	10
Ukrainian	—	—	—	—	—	—	24	9	—	—	—	19	—	—
United States or American	—	20	20	8	—	—	110	74	93	29	464	129	25	30
Welsh	—	5	5	—	—	—	55	24	7	—	—	17	16	—
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yugoslavian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other ancestries	27	1 550	1 550	788	—	—	2 563	1 713	1 138	156	4 661	2 286	503	313
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS														
Dominican (Dominican Republic)	—	—	—	21	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Costa Rican	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guatemalan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Honduran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nicaraguan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Panamanian	—	—	—	21	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Salvadoran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American, origin not specified	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Argentinian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chilean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colombian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ecuadorian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Peruvian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Venezuelan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Remainder of Champaign County—Con.														
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Tract 60 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.01 (pt.)	Tract 102.02 (pt.)	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105	Tract 106.01	Tract 106.02 (pt.)	Tract 107	Tract 108	Tract 109
ANCESTRY														
All persons		71	87	22	—	—	—	5 371	3 748	4 532	6 625	5 565	4 414	7 352
Ancestry specified		71	87	22	—	—	—	4 954	3 227	4 107	5 961	5 002	3 984	6 570
Single ancestry		23	80	14	—	—	—	3 161	1 980	2 174	3 453	2 732	2 383	3 732
Multiple ancestry		48	7	8	—	—	—	1 793	1 247	1 933	2 508	2 060	1 601	2 838
Ancestry unclassified or not reported		—	—	—	—	—	—	417	521	425	664	563	430	782
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS														
Total ancestries reported		142	174	44	—	—	—	10 742	7 496	9 064	13 250	11 130	8 828	14 704
Arab		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	6	—	—	14	—
Austrian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	28	5	—	2	—
Belgian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	12	11	7	—	—
Canadian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	9	—	—
Czech		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	29	34	2	2	16	—
Danish		5	—	—	—	—	—	4	25	34	22	12	38	—
Dutch		—	—	—	—	—	—	148	102	173	145	163	146	319
English		41	—	14	—	—	—	749	568	934	1 355	1 121	902	1 396
Finnish		—	—	—	—	—	—	14	2	—	—	4	19	—
French (except Basque)		—	—	—	—	—	—	267	139	202	224	232	180	421
French Canadian		—	—	—	—	—	—	12	22	25	59	7	13	45
German		38	39	16	—	—	—	2 794	1 836	2 141	2 766	2 928	2 106	3 300
Greek		—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	42	11	7	—	9
Hungarian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	7	20	13	7	51
Irish		13	10	—	—	—	—	1 090	670	868	980	1 141	938	1 595
Italian		—	—	—	—	—	—	125	119	180	229	115	37	119
Lithuanian		9	—	2	—	—	—	14	17	13	2	4	3	12
Norwegian		—	—	—	—	—	—	46	10	111	156	31	21	72
Polish		—	—	—	—	—	—	71	30	65	221	96	60	101
Portuguese		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	6	7	—	13	—
Rumanian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Russian		—	—	—	—	—	—	2	9	17	16	2	3	18
Scottish-Irish		—	—	—	—	—	—	69	118	171	118	151	128	259
Scottish		—	—	—	—	—	—	78	121	153	183	101	123	225
Slovak		7	—	—	—	—	—	10	10	29	9	2	2	21
Subsaharan African		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Swedish		—	16	—	—	—	—	112	81	195	140	151	118	181
Swiss		—	—	—	—	—	—	13	58	18	26	13	34	—
Ukrainian		—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	7	—	4	11
United States or American		6	16	—	—	—	—	427	282	309	1 160	351	364	363
Welsh		—	—	—	—	—	—	50	15	19	46	73	91	—
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yugoslavian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other ancestries		23	80	14	—	—	—	4 555	3 183	3 215	5 216	4 329	3 491	5 831
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS														
Dominican (Dominican Republic)		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American		—	—	—	—	—	—	16	—	4	—	—	—	—
Costa Rican		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guatemalan		—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	4	—	—	—	—
Honduran		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nicaraguan		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Panamanian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Salvadoran		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American, origin not specified		—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	—
South American		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Argentinean		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chilean		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colombian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ecuadorian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Peruvian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Venezuelan		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other South American		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County				
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 7	Tract 8
PLACE OF BIRTH										
All persons	173 025	173 025	63 502	17 211	36 363	2 152	5 731	8 042	3 733	1 700
Native	162 471	162 471	60 044	16 404	31 139	2 145	4 933	7 308	3 698	1 666
Foreign born	10 554	10 554	3 458	807	5 224	7	798	734	35	34
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH										
Linguistically isolated households	1 143	1 143	393	32	554	10	153	35	7	14
Persons 5 years and over	161 203	161 203	59 740	15 607	34 205	1 821	5 722	8 034	3 406	1 550
In linguistically isolated households	2 111	2 111	596	98	1 043	10	249	45	39	48
Speak a language other than English	14 562	14 562	4 900	1 442	5 942	48	935	1 012	172	82
Do not speak English "very well"	4 416	4 416	1 281	516	1 997	29	329	244	53	64
Speak Spanish	3 174	3 174	1 020	657	964	15	111	185	29	13
Do not speak English "very well"	889	889	217	281	281	15	18	37	9	5
Linguistically isolated	214	214	76	13	94	10	18	—	—	5
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	5 286	5 286	1 576	388	2 809	7	435	411	45	59
Do not speak English "very well"	2 436	2 436	683	151	1 299	7	244	161	39	59
Linguistically isolated	1 543	1 543	414	70	783	—	201	36	39	43
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	67 446	67 446	29 167	5 075	18 115	667	4 762	7 598	951	386
Preprimary school	3 233	3 233	1 046	392	575	29	—	—	43	31
Public school	2 138	2 138	611	310	407	29	—	—	29	31
Elementary or high school	23 043	23 043	7 051	2 984	3 240	514	30	50	720	263
Public school	21 523	21 523	6 388	2 854	3 028	507	30	50	702	255
College	41 170	41 170	21 070	1 699	14 300	124	4 732	7 548	188	92
Public college	39 784	39 784	20 634	1 299	14 027	109	4 686	7 454	165	84
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Persons 25 years and over	95 971	95 971	31 868	9 641	18 575	1 054	1 319	759	2 292	1 055
Less than 9th grade	4 417	4 417	1 456	313	743	228	61	—	366	96
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	7 580	7 580	2 302	625	1 264	318	54	23	389	161
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	25 214	25 214	6 948	3 093	3 138	252	141	12	774	429
Some college, no degree	19 128	19 128	6 256	2 927	2 626	173	202	119	455	198
Associate degree	6 942	6 942	2 161	947	810	25	58	55	125	78
Bachelor's degree	15 648	15 648	6 305	1 190	3 680	45	384	263	94	72
Graduate or professional degree	17 042	17 042	6 440	546	6 314	13	419	287	89	21
Percent high school graduate or higher	87.5	87.5	88.2	90.3	89.2	48.2	91.3	97.0	67.1	75.6
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	34.1	34.1	40.0	18.0	53.8	5.5	60.9	72.5	8.0	8.8
FERTILITY										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	161	161	106	534	96	1 385	—	2	670	694
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 138	1 138	950	1 629	853	2 319	240	113	1 808	1 537
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 807	1 807	1 743	2 104	1 537	2 586	190	—	1 806	2 107
RESIDENCE IN 1985										
Persons 5 years and over	161 203	161 203	59 740	15 607	34 205	1 821	5 722	8 034	3 406	1 550
Same house	64 448	64 448	20 164	5 098	10 640	1 009	210	245	1 607	621
Different house in United States	91 275	91 275	38 151	9 387	21 002	812	5 077	7 428	1 783	911
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	27 084	27 084	12 109	2 587	5 876	632	496	411	1 143	432
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	11 421	11 421	2 400	476	961	72	99	90	196	172
Different MSA/PMSA	38 647	38 647	18 225	4 523	11 312	80	3 624	6 067	336	190
Not in an MSA/PMSA	14 123	14 123	5 417	1 801	2 853	28	858	860	108	117
Abroad	5 480	5 480	1 425	1 122	2 563	—	435	361	16	18
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE										
Urban population	140 855	140 855	63 502	17 211	36 363	2 152	5 731	8 042	3 733	1 455
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	78 999	78 999	34 473	10 456	15 490	958	263	275	3 025	986
Rural population	32 170	32 170	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	245
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	20 861	20 861	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	186
On farms	3 073	3 073	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	25
JOURNEY TO WORK										
Workers 16 years and over	89 190	89 190	31 972	9 708	17 843	532	2 737	3 384	1 702	860
Car, truck, or van	69 665	69 665	23 240	8 606	10 588	306	823	1 259	1 378	751
Drove alone	59 236	59 236	19 970	6 991	9 030	243	713	1 015	1 082	666
Carpooled	10 429	10 429	3 270	1 615	1 558	63	110	244	296	85
Public transportation (including taxicab)	4 085	4 085	1 998	60	1 707	93	279	238	134	38
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	3 969	3 969	1 964	17	1 690	86	279	238	134	38
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	47	47	16	—	17	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	10 194	10 194	4 855	831	3 980	104	1 467	1 640	91	36
Other means	2 253	2 253	874	125	991	8	101	161	25	7
Worked at home	2 993	2 993	1 005	86	577	21	67	86	74	28
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.09	1.09	1.08	1.11	1.08	1.12	1.07	1.12	1.13	1.07
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	15.0	15.0	13.8	11.3	13.4	13.1	11.2	10.5	14.0	17.0
Departure time for work:										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	3 715	3 715	763	1 066	355	46	35	52	65	84
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	11 403	11 403	3 039	1 997	1 188	62	86	115	248	192
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	29 375	29 375	9 852	3 366	4 804	95	269	300	440	229
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	14 338	14 338	5 660	695	3 947	100	419	390	225	68
All other times	27 366	27 366	11 653	2 498	6 972	208	1 861	2 441	650	259
Worked in MSA of residence	85 413	85 413	30 737	9 508	17 311	532	2 670	3 131	1 669	827
Champaign city	33 681	33 681	17 466	863	5 161	284	1 182	1 732	983	448
Urbana city	29 802	29 802	10 390	551	11 032	169	1 403	1 269	483	160
Rantoul village	6 656	6 656	212	4 998	117	7	16	7	—	28
Talona village	339	339	14	—	10	—	—	—	—	—
Savoy village	1 021	1 021	425	12	152	9	8	21	13	8
Remainder of Champaign County	13 914	13 914	2 230	3 084	839	63	61	102	190	183
Worked outside MSA of residence	3 777	3 777	1 235	200	532	—	67	253	33	33
Gibson city	101	101	11	—	7	—	—	—	6	5
Paxton city	146	146	25	58	8	—	—	13	—	—
Remainder of Ford County	94	94	27	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Danville city	291	291	86	13	72	—	—	18	16	5
Remainder of Vermillion County	372	372	111	—	46	—	—	9	11	—
Villa Grove city	38	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Douglas County	243	243	59	—	27	—	—	11	—	—
Monticello city	98	98	36	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Piatt County	97	97	29	—	5	—	—	—	—	4
Clinton city	4	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Farmer City city	7	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of De Witt County	110	110	18	—	9	—	—	—	—	—
Bloomington-Normal, IL MSA	313	313	68	—	103	—	—	—	—	—
Decatur, IL MSA	246	246	101	—	26	—	—	6	—	—
Worked elsewhere	1 617	1 617	664	124	229	—	67	196	—	19

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Champaign County—Con.									
	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 53	Tract 54	Tract 55	Tract 56
PLACE OF BIRTH										
All persons	6 758	4 780	6 769	8 758	8 587	4 657	2 881	7 449	5 343	5 222
Native	6 546	4 637	6 554	8 481	7 970	4 206	2 762	7 306	5 137	4 901
Foreign born	212	143	215	277	617	451	119	143	206	321
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH										
Linguistically isolated households	17	19	13	13	54	31	40	32	57	60
Persons 5 years and over	6 256	4 398	6 218	7 987	8 052	4 482	2 651	6 860	4 852	4 797
In linguistically isolated households	25	19	23	38	95	65	72	55	118	161
Speak a language other than English	300	173	414	432	611	721	223	259	292	382
Do not speak English "very well"	80	31	99	54	183	147	112	80	164	161
Speak Spanish	65	56	115	79	17	191	66	57	43	124
Do not speak English "very well"	34	12	10	—	7	20	12	8	15	24
Linguistically isolated	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	8	24
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	53	9	165	247	178	233	79	56	89	128
Do not speak English "very well"	14	9	56	48	95	90	72	47	89	115
Linguistically isolated	14	9	15	38	77	65	60	47	89	92
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 867	1 295	2 082	2 679	2 372	3 963	883	1 968	1 302	1 532
Preprimary school	66	133	188	292	261	35	43	111	112	97
Public school	58	79	129	163	96	28	43	83	94	91
Elementary or high school	947	647	1 188	1 578	1 274	175	455	1 090	646	760
Public school	931	547	1 144	1 396	1 035	175	455	1 047	639	732
College	854	515	706	809	837	753	385	767	544	675
Public college	815	507	706	752	794	3 673	352	725	532	659
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Persons 25 years and over	4 115	3 119	4 185	5 649	5 967	705	1 726	4 563	3 681	3 413
Less than 9th grade	184	89	175	93	58	—	180	188	266	143
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	313	146	477	216	111	31	326	535	361	366
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	1 394	947	1 084	1 095	769	46	499	1 524	935	1 007
Some college, no degree	993	559	1 031	1 138	1 123	120	376	922	735	667
Associate degree	333	213	421	337	335	22	101	328	339	243
Bachelor's degree	621	591	551	1 329	1 456	201	159	563	596	475
Graduate or professional degree	277	574	446	1 441	2 115	285	85	503	449	512
Percent high school graduate or higher	87.9	92.5	84.4	94.5	97.2	95.6	70.7	84.2	83.0	85.1
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	21.8	37.4	23.8	49.0	59.8	68.9	14.1	23.4	28.4	28.9
FERTILITY										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	183	251	73	42	88	31	496	535	455	231
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 057	746	1 231	1 156	612	1 143	1 826	1 119	991	1 242
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 139	1 678	1 696	1 774	1 751	1 818	2 271	1 449	1 413	1 925
RESIDENCE IN 1985										
Persons 5 years and over	6 256	4 398	6 218	7 987	8 052	4 482	2 651	6 860	4 852	4 797
Same house	2 392	2 217	2 962	3 613	3 775	408	1 548	2 477	2 342	2 373
Different house in United States	3 798	2 157	3 192	4 340	4 107	3 892	1 090	4 302	2 483	2 323
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	1 550	931	1 730	2 073	1 943	249	634	1 584	1 121	961
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	513	279	368	605	307	60	21	918	537	333
Different MSA/PMSA	1 016	510	549	1 021	1 468	3 019	289	1 115	569	751
Not in an MSA/PMSA	719	437	545	641	389	564	146	685	256	278
Abroad	66	24	64	34	170	182	13	81	27	101
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE										
Urban population	6 507	4 780	6 769	7 483	8 537	4 657	2 867	7 213	5 250	4 658
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	4 431	3 292	5 216	6 883	6 737	496	1 951	4 359	4 190	3 263
Rural population	251	—	—	1 275	50	—	14	236	93	564
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	139	—	—	1 059	50	—	14	126	8	455
On farms	—	—	—	61	—	—	—	29	—	—
JOURNEY TO WORK										
Workers 16 years and over	3 813	2 600	3 706	4 706	4 677	1 797	1 138	4 192	2 936	2 723
Car, truck, or van	3 407	2 201	3 359	4 436	4 229	671	874	3 890	2 318	2 214
Drove alone	2 956	1 950	2 818	3 973	3 623	573	750	3 236	1 991	1 850
Carpooled	451	251	541	463	606	98	124	654	327	364
Public transportation (including taxicab)	108	159	125	80	176	169	69	125	186	188
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	108	159	117	72	176	169	69	108	186	188
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	8	8	—	—	9	—	—	—
Walked	124	69	70	22	55	822	115	56	142	142
Other means	21	74	34	58	81	73	52	19	170	61
Worked at home	153	97	118	110	136	62	28	102	120	118
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.07	1.06	1.10	1.06	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.10	1.08	1.09
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	14.5	15.2	15.7	17.1	14.0	12.3	13.7	16.4	15.5	14.6
Departure time for work:										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	159	106	90	127	41	5	33	217	157	92
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	535	195	517	673	434	88	141	666	373	279
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	1 419	897	1 523	2 072	2 091	374	379	1 595	1 050	956
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	509	646	557	897	1 075	283	115	650	572	457
All other times	1 038	659	901	827	900	985	442	962	664	821
Worked in MSA of residence	3 681	2 505	3 509	4 410	4 496	1 737	1 122	4 005	2 856	2 648
Champaign city	2 201	1 477	2 327	2 462	2 425	762	500	1 417	1 080	730
Urbana city	869	815	707	1 352	1 533	854	491	1 981	1 382	1 610
Rantoul village	30	36	53	90	78	—	28	88	55	12
Tolono village	6	—	—	8	—	—	10	—	—	—
Savoy village	111	25	67	77	102	27	20	19	23	27
Remainder of Champaign County	464	152	355	429	350	94	73	500	316	269
Worked outside MSA of residence	132	95	197	296	181	60	16	187	80	75
Gibson city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Poxton city	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Ford County	—	—	—	24	10	—	—	—	—	—
Danville city	—	16	12	6	—	—	10	18	9	8
Remainder of Vermilion County	38	8	16	29	10	5	—	11	6	20
Villo Grove city	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Douglas County	26	—	—	64	22	7	—	15	—	—
Monticello city	—	—	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Piatt County	9	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Clinton city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Former City city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of De Witt County	9	—	9	8	—	—	—	10	—	—
Bloomington—Normal, IL MSA	—	—	19	17	20	7	—	40	29	—
Decatur, IL MSA	7	6	28	36	33	—	6	—	21	11
Worked elsewhere	43	65	79	105	76	41	—	93	15	36

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.								
	Tract 57	Tract 60	Tract 101	Tract 102.01	Tract 102.02	Tract 102.03	Tract 103	Tract 104	Tract 106.02
PLACE OF BIRTH									
All persons	6 674	2 311	5 108	997	301	3 729	7 185	5 371	6 625
Native	5 890	686	4 792	982	294	3 559	6 886	5 295	6 566
Foreign born	784	1 625	316	15	7	170	299	76	59
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH									
Linguistically isolated households	36	193	16	—	—	9	7	53	—
Persons 5 years and over	6 165	1 966	4 751	927	282	3 423	6 317	4 988	6 043
In linguistically isolated households	42	421	69	—	—	9	20	119	—
Speak a language other than English	765	1 593	430	54	—	190	768	455	180
Do not speak English "very well"	159	721	156	5	—	60	295	141	3
Speak Spanish	146	61	70	20	—	72	495	68	82
Do not speak English "very well"	27	61	29	5	—	18	229	40	3
Linguistically isolated	—	54	—	—	—	—	13	29	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	263	868	170	—	—	69	149	58	22
Do not speak English "very well"	50	460	94	—	—	26	31	31	—
Linguistically isolated	19	321	61	—	—	9	—	50	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 793	1 282	1 421	223	92	1 042	2 310	1 302	1 703
Preprimary school	153	101	64	19	—	—	232	70	102
Public school	97	52	58	13	—	66	173	62	62
Elementary or high school	811	297	940	150	87	661	1 159	999	1 210
Public school	746	227	913	135	87	607	1 125	931	1 156
College	829	884	417	54	5	304	919	233	391
Public college	805	872	362	54	5	276	602	227	354
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT									
Persons 25 years and over	4 763	1 444	3 118	686	156	2 236	3 502	3 469	4 162
Less than 9th grade	120	—	164	27	5	131	13	394	168
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	169	21	292	34	18	251	30	381	473
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	628	39	1 118	278	26	958	721	1 417	1 372
Some college, no degree	607	76	769	73	55	507	1 530	718	921
Associate degree	226	15	226	91	14	188	434	288	366
Bachelor's degree	953	427	417	123	31	143	476	185	489
Graduate or professional degree	2 060	866	132	60	7	58	298	86	373
Percent high school graduate or higher	93.9	98.5	85.4	91.1	85.3	82.9	98.8	77.7	84.6
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	63.3	89.5	17.6	26.7	24.4	9.0	22.1	7.8	20.7
FERTILITY									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	149	323	386	107	259	386	767	231	442
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	975	869	1 621	1 543	3 000	1 604	1 644	1 856	1 278
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 587	1 826	1 997	1 653	2 033	2 344	2 092	1 805	1 641
RESIDENCE IN 1985									
Persons 5 years and over	6 165	1 966	4 751	927	282	3 423	6 317	4 988	6 043
Same house	3 053	219	2 301	544	107	1 651	525	2 979	2 978
Different house in United States	3 011	494	2 205	378	175	1 676	5 016	1 941	3 065
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	1 390	141	1 116	179	99	827	379	587	842
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	210	20	140	113	13	194	29	524	1 110
Different MSA/PMSA	1 029	283	518	44	25	414	3 522	251	711
Not in an MSA/PMSA	382	50	431	42	38	241	1 086	579	402
Abroad	101	1 253	245	5	—	96	776	68	—
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE									
Urban population	6 236	2 240	5 021	975	301	3 729	7 185	—	3 026
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	4 230	92	3 460	897	204	3 127	2 768	—	2 396
Rural population	438	71	87	22	—	—	—	—	3 599
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	363	41	—	—	—	—	—	3 321	2 204
On farms	21	—	—	—	—	—	—	741	400
JOURNEY TO WORK									
Workers 16 years and over	3 425	851	2 613	582	164	1 952	4 447	2 635	3 453
Car, truck, or van	2 952	442	2 480	576	114	1 789	3 690	2 430	3 247
Drove alone	2 507	299	2 178	484	99	1 442	2 815	2 073	2 809
Carpooled	445	143	302	92	15	347	875	357	438
Public transportation (including taxicab)	215	312	32	—	7	15	6	12	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	215	312	6	—	—	5	6	12	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	70	51	65	—	43	45	685	33	45
Other means	56	46	11	6	—	64	44	28	17
Worked at home	132	—	25	—	39	—	22	132	144
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.09	1.22	1.07	1.09	1.07	1.11	1.14	1.09	1.08
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	14.6	14.6	12.5	11.9	9.7	14.4	9.3	19.2	18.3
Departure time for work:									
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	62	—	273	30	19	195	549	243	151
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	299	6	479	84	48	391	1 010	567	543
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	1 387	166	875	239	38	517	1 710	745	1 377
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	915	335	256	64	33	204	144	227	446
All other times	630	344	705	165	26	606	1 012	721	792
Worked in MSA of residence	3 307	839	2 500	558	164	1 931	4 405	2 457	3 225
Champaign city	1 059	165	290	62	20	255	236	393	1 405
Urbana city	1 953	641	126	64	10	156	195	394	722
Rantoul village	15	—	1 509	372	81	1 030	2 051	693	58
Talons village	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Savoy village	35	—	4	—	—	—	8	2	58
Remainder of Champaign County	245	33	571	60	53	490	1 915	975	982
Worked outside MSA of residence	118	12	113	24	—	21	42	178	228
Gibson city	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10
Paxton city	8	—	35	11	—	5	7	24	—
Remainder of Ford County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	13
Danville city	20	—	—	7	—	—	6	14	4
Remainder of Vermilion County	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	31	7
Villa Grove city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Douglas County	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	2
Monticello city	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	5
Remainder of Piatt County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	28
Clinton city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Former City city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	2
Remainder of De Witt County	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13
Bloomington-Normal, IL MSA	34	—	—	—	—	—	—	19	18
Decatur, IL MSA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	30
Worked elsewhere	14	12	78	6	—	11	29	58	92

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County									
	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH										
All persons	438	2 152	5 731	8 042	3 761	3 305	3 711	471	5 766	4 780
Native	400	2 145	4 933	7 308	3 531	3 151	3 676	471	5 564	4 637
Foreign born	38	7	798	734	210	154	35	—	202	143
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH										
Linguistically isolated households	20	10	153	35	22	28	7	5	17	19
Persons 5 years and over	410	1 821	5 722	8 034	3 533	3 107	3 384	428	5 339	4 398
In linguistically isolated households	20	10	249	45	22	33	39	5	25	19
Speak a language other than English	70	48	935	1 012	299	142	167	10	269	173
Do not speak English "very well"	28	29	329	244	56	76	48	5	80	31
Speak Spanish	5	15	111	185	113	67	29	5	34	56
Do not speak English "very well"	—	15	18	37	11	46	9	5	34	12
Linguistically isolated	—	10	18	—	11	21	—	5	11	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	8	7	435	411	24	17	45	—	53	9
Do not speak English "very well"	8	7	244	161	9	12	39	—	14	9
Linguistically isolated	—	—	201	36	—	12	39	—	14	9
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	116	667	4 762	7 598	1 291	1 073	951	104	1 655	1 295
Preprimary school	—	29	—	—	56	56	43	4	47	133
Public school	—	29	—	—	34	30	29	4	47	79
Elementary or high school	—	514	30	50	397	229	720	79	856	647
Public school	—	507	30	50	318	192	702	79	856	547
College	116	124	4 732	7 548	838	788	188	21	752	515
Public college	109	109	4 686	7 454	796	769	165	21	722	507
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Persons 25 years and over	337	1 054	1 319	759	2 520	2 312	2 281	300	3 400	3 119
Less than 9th grade	48	228	61	—	68	70	366	20	184	89
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	39	318	54	23	69	90	389	41	294	146
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	64	252	141	12	377	355	768	84	1 219	947
Some college, no degree	51	173	202	119	403	401	455	101	725	559
Associate degree	6	25	58	55	149	226	120	13	246	213
Bachelor's degree	52	45	384	263	681	630	94	24	482	591
Graduate or professional degree	77	13	419	287	773	540	89	17	250	574
Percent high school graduate or higher	74.2	48.2	91.3	97.0	94.6	93.1	66.9	79.7	85.9	92.5
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	38.3	5.5	60.9	72.5	57.7	50.6	8.0	13.7	21.5	37.4
FERTILITY										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	386	1 385	—	2	143	170	686	522	211	251
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	266	2 319	240	113	705	438	1 837	1 317	1 150	746
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	—	2 586	190	—	1 444	1 249	1 806	2 000	2 242	1 678
RESIDENCE IN 1985										
Persons 5 years and over	410	1 821	5 722	8 034	3 533	3 107	3 384	428	5 339	4 398
Same house	160	1 009	210	245	1 577	857	1 590	81	1 992	2 217
Different house in United States	226	812	5 077	7 428	1 821	2 201	1 778	337	3 281	2 157
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	73	632	496	411	900	951	1 143	108	1 376	931
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	—	72	99	90	68	199	196	85	402	279
Different MSA/PMSA	123	80	3 624	6 067	587	711	331	97	900	510
Not in an MSA/PMSA	30	28	858	860	266	340	108	47	603	437
Abroad	24	—	435	361	135	49	16	10	66	24
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE										
Urban population	438	2 152	5 731	8 042	3 761	3 305	3 711	471	5 766	4 780
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	65	958	263	275	2 520	1 364	3 025	215	4 001	3 292
Rural population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
On farms	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
JOURNEY TO WORK										
Workers 16 years and over	220	532	2 737	3 384	2 318	2 083	1 686	228	3 182	2 600
Car, truck, or van	93	306	823	1 259	1 722	1 527	1 362	194	2 827	2 201
Drove alone	80	243	713	1 015	1 488	1 324	1 071	171	2 431	1 950
Carpooled	13	63	110	244	234	203	291	23	396	251
Public transportation (including taxicab)	69	93	279	238	197	262	134	10	91	159
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	69	86	279	238	186	262	134	10	91	159
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	46	104	1 467	1 640	157	155	91	13	124	69
Other means	5	8	101	161	134	130	25	—	21	74
Worked at home	7	21	67	86	108	9	74	11	119	97
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.08	1.12	1.07	1.12	1.08	1.07	1.13	1.07	1.08	1.06
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	13.9	13.1	11.2	10.5	14.4	13.4	14.0	20.4	14.5	15.2
Departure time for work:										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	12	46	35	52	39	8	65	23	142	106
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	17	62	86	115	165	147	243	39	471	195
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	43	95	269	300	651	743	434	74	1 121	897
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	29	100	419	390	602	411	225	20	453	646
All other times	112	208	1 861	2 441	753	765	645	61	876	659
Worked in MSA of residence	207	532	2 670	3 131	2 227	2 066	1 653	208	3 084	2 505
Champaign city	111	284	1 182	1 732	1 278	1 154	978	125	1 863	1 477
Urbana city	80	169	1 403	1 269	778	766	478	46	756	815
Rantoul village	—	7	16	7	7	—	—	—	—	36
Tolono village	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Savoy village	16	9	8	21	36	33	7	—	82	25
Remainder of Champaign County	—	63	61	102	128	113	190	37	383	152
Worked outside MSA of residence	13	—	67	253	91	17	33	20	98	95
Gibson city	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	5	—	—
Paxton city	—	—	—	13	12	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Ford County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Donville city	13	—	—	18	—	—	16	5	—	16
Remainder of Vermilion County	—	—	—	9	6	—	11	—	30	8
Villa Grove city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Douglas County	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	8	—
Monticello city	—	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Piatt County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	9	—
Clinton city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Former City city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of De Witt County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—
Bloomington—Normal, IL MSA	—	—	—	—	11	10	—	—	—	6
Decatur, IL MSA	—	—	—	6	20	—	—	—	7	—
Worked elsewhere	—	—	67	196	31	7	—	6	35	65

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County—Con.							Rantoul village, Champaign County		
	Tract 11	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 106.02 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.01 (pt.)	Tract 102.02 (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH										
All persons	3 864	6 769	5 196	6 165	3 326	25	—	5 021	975	301
Native	3 764	6 554	5 044	5 704	3 127	15	—	4 705	960	294
Foreign born	100	215	152	461	199	10	—	316	15	7
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH										
Linguistically isolated households	13	13	5	36	—	10	—	16	—	—
Persons 5 years and over	3 595	6 218	4 666	5 734	3 326	25	—	4 672	913	282
In linguistically isolated households	20	23	21	55	—	10	—	69	—	—
Speak a language other than English	191	414	267	458	435	10	—	430	54	—
Do not speak English "very well"	42	99	37	136	31	10	—	156	5	—
Speak Spanish	61	115	45	10	169	—	—	70	20	—
Do not speak English "very well"	7	10	—	—	13	—	—	29	5	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	13	165	163	108	108	10	—	170	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	13	56	31	62	8	10	—	94	—	—
Linguistically isolated	13	15	21	44	—	10	—	61	—	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	888	2 082	1 634	1 725	3 326	—	—	1 408	223	92
Preprimary school	113	188	189	188	—	—	—	64	19	—
Public school	62	129	99	69	—	—	—	58	13	—
Elementary or high school	437	1 188	1 002	902	—	—	—	927	150	87
Public school	334	1 144	897	732	—	—	—	900	135	87
College	338	706	443	635	3 326	—	—	417	54	5
Public college	312	706	405	618	3 255	—	—	362	54	5
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Persons 25 years and over	2 835	4 185	3 202	4 220	—	25	—	3 075	672	156
Less than 9th grade	31	175	77	14	—	25	—	137	27	5
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	98	477	174	90	—	—	—	292	34	18
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	482	1 084	627	536	—	—	—	1 118	270	26
Some college, no degree	519	1 031	713	804	—	—	—	762	73	55
Associate degree	180	421	203	246	—	—	—	226	85	14
Bachelor's degree	701	551	759	1 048	—	—	—	417	123	31
Graduate or professional degree	824	446	649	1 482	—	—	—	123	60	7
Percent high school graduate or higher	95.4	84.4	92.2	97.5	—	—	—	86.0	90.9	85.3
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	53.8	23.8	44.0	60.0	—	—	—	17.6	27.2	24.4
FERTILITY										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	151	73	73	112	—	—	—	397	107	259
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 052	1 231	1 183	587	—	—	—	1 615	1 512	3 000
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 530	1 696	1 784	1 813	—	—	—	1 997	1 653	2 033
RESIDENCE IN 1985										
Persons 5 years and over	3 595	6 218	4 666	5 734	3 326	25	—	4 672	913	282
Same house	2 329	2 962	2 546	2 546	194	15	—	2 271	544	107
Different house in United States	1 248	3 192	2 486	3 026	3 071	10	—	2 156	364	175
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	594	1 730	1 231	1 524	9	—	—	1 103	179	99
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	130	368	255	157	—	—	—	127	113	13
Different MSA/PMSA	302	549	556	1 116	2 662	10	—	518	44	25
Not in an MSA/PMSA	222	545	444	229	400	—	—	408	28	38
Abroad	18	64	—	162	61	—	—	245	5	—
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE										
Urban population	3 864	6 769	5 196	6 165	3 326	25	—	5 021	975	301
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	3 614	5 216	4 868	4 772	—	25	—	3 460	897	204
Rural population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
On farms	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
JOURNEY TO WORK										
Workers 16 years and over	2 087	3 706	2 673	3 495	1 031	10	—	2 577	568	164
Car, truck, or van	1 867	3 359	2 495	3 118	77	10	—	2 451	562	114
Drove alone	1 690	2 818	2 250	2 650	66	10	—	2 165	470	99
Carpooled	177	541	245	468	11	—	—	286	92	15
Public transportation (including taxicab)	58	125	66	159	58	—	—	32	—	7
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	58	117	58	159	58	—	—	6	—	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	8	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	55	70	—	48	816	—	—	58	—	43
Other means	24	34	41	62	54	—	—	11	6	—
Worked at home	83	118	71	108	26	—	—	25	—	—
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.06	1.10	1.06	1.08	1.08	1.00	—	1.07	1.09	1.07
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	12.7	15.7	17.1	13.9	9.4	30.0	—	12.5	11.8	9.7
Departure time for work:										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	29	90	84	32	—	—	—	273	30	19
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	198	517	394	331	59	—	—	472	76	48
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	854	1 523	1 221	1 557	70	—	—	862	239	38
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	464	557	477	766	101	—	—	256	58	33
All other times	459	901	426	701	775	10	—	689	165	26
Worked in MSA of residence										
Champaign city	2 052	3 509	2 516	3 377	990	10	—	2 464	544	164
Urbana city	1 222	2 327	1 380	1 883	460	10	—	290	62	20
Rantoul village	613	707	834	1 188	488	—	—	126	64	10
Tolono village	5	53	38	43	—	—	—	1 478	358	81
Savoy village	6	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Champaign County	26	67	46	49	—	—	—	4	—	—
Worked outside MSA of residence	180	355	218	206	42	—	—	566	60	53
Gibson city	35	197	157	118	41	—	—	113	24	—
Paxton city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Ford County	—	—	17	10	—	—	—	35	11	—
Danville city	—	12	6	—	—	—	—	—	7	—
Remainder of Vermilion County	—	16	21	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
Villa Grove city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Douglas County	—	—	28	12	—	—	—	—	—	—
Monticello city	—	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Piatt County	7	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Clinton city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Farmer City city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of De Witt County	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bloomington-Normal, IL MSA	—	19	8	20	—	—	—	—	—	—
Decatur, IL MSA	—	28	10	24	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere	28	79	67	42	41	—	—	78	6	—

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Rantoul village, Champaign County—Con.			Urbana city, Champaign County						
	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 51	Tract 52	Tract 53 (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH										
All persons	3 729	7 185	—	—	—	—	—	218	2 226	2 723
Native	3 559	6 886	—	—	—	—	—	208	1 773	2 627
Foreign born	170	299	—	—	—	—	—	10	453	96
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH										
Linguistically isolated households	9	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	41	30
Persons 5 years and over	3 423	6 317	—	—	—	—	—	218	2 177	2 493
In linguistically isolated households	9	20	—	—	—	—	—	—	53	62
Speak a language other than English	190	768	—	—	—	—	—	27	506	191
Do not speak English "very well"	60	295	—	—	—	—	—	6	99	102
Speak Spanish	72	495	—	—	—	—	—	—	139	62
Do not speak English "very well"	18	229	—	—	—	—	—	—	41	12
Linguistically isolated	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	69	149	—	—	—	—	—	6	169	69
Do not speak English "very well"	26	31	—	—	—	—	—	—	46	62
Linguistically isolated	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	46	50
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 042	2 310	—	—	—	—	—	53	1 479	790
Preprimary school	77	232	—	—	—	—	—	—	26	43
Public school	66	173	—	—	—	—	—	—	19	43
Elementary or high school	661	1 159	—	—	—	—	—	36	75	455
Public school	607	1 125	—	—	—	—	—	29	75	455
College	304	919	—	—	—	—	—	17	1 378	292
Public college	276	602	—	—	—	—	—	17	1 378	263
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Persons 25 years and over	2 236	3 502	—	—	—	—	—	130	1 008	1 669
Less than 9th grade	131	13	—	—	—	—	—	26	14	155
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	251	30	—	—	—	—	—	15	40	312
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	958	721	—	—	—	—	—	36	43	499
Some college, no degree	507	1 530	—	—	—	—	—	19	119	369
Associate degree	188	434	—	—	—	—	—	—	26	97
Bachelor's degree	143	476	—	—	—	—	—	7	292	152
Graduate or professional degree	58	298	—	—	—	—	—	27	474	85
Percent high school graduate or higher	82.9	98.8	—	—	—	—	—	68.5	94.6	72.0
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	9.0	22.1	—	—	—	—	—	26.2	76.0	14.2
FERTILITY										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	386	767	—	—	—	—	—	—	80	544
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 604	1 644	—	—	—	—	—	—	93	1 853
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 344	2 092	—	—	—	—	—	2 923	1 233	2 271
RESIDENCE IN 1985										
Persons 5 years and over	3 423	6 317	—	—	—	—	—	218	2 177	2 493
Same house	1 651	525	—	—	—	—	—	76	294	1 505
Different house in United States	1 676	5 016	—	—	—	—	—	142	1 606	975
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	827	379	—	—	—	—	—	39	477	626
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	194	29	—	—	—	—	—	9	38	21
Different MSA/PMSA	414	3 522	—	—	—	—	—	45	894	213
Not in an MSA/PMSA	241	1 086	—	—	—	—	—	49	197	115
Abroad	96	776	—	—	—	—	—	—	277	13
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE										
Urban population	3 729	7 185	—	—	—	—	—	218	2 226	2 723
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	3 127	2 768	—	—	—	—	—	12	472	1 926
Rural population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
On farms	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
JOURNEY TO WORK										
Workers 16 years and over	1 952	4 447	—	—	—	—	—	43	1 368	1 068
Car, truck, or van	1 789	3 690	—	—	—	—	—	9	478	812
Drove alone	1 442	2 815	—	—	—	—	—	9	436	696
Carpooled	347	875	—	—	—	—	—	—	42	116
Public transportation (including taxicab)	15	6	—	—	—	—	—	9	129	69
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	5	6	—	—	—	—	—	9	129	69
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	45	685	—	—	—	—	—	12	610	115
Other means	64	44	—	—	—	—	—	13	143	44
Worked at home	39	22	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	28
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.11	1.14	—	—	—	—	—	1.00	1.05	1.08
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	14.4	9.3	—	—	—	—	—	16.2	12.2	13.9
Departure time for work										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	195	549	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	33
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	391	1 010	—	—	—	—	—	4	87	141
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	517	1 710	—	—	—	—	—	14	203	349
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	204	144	—	—	—	—	—	19	239	115
All other times	606	1 012	—	—	—	—	—	6	818	402
Worked in MSA of residence	1 931	4 405	—	—	—	—	—	43	1 340	1 052
Champaign city	255	236	—	—	—	—	—	38	358	464
Urbana city	156	195	—	—	—	—	—	—	932	462
Rantoul village	1 030	2 051	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	28
Tolono village	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10
Savoy village	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	20
Remainder of Champaign County	490	1 915	—	—	—	—	—	5	32	68
Worked outside MSA of residence	21	42	—	—	—	—	—	—	28	16
Gibson city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Poxton city	5	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Ford County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Donville city	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10
Remainder of Vermilion County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Villa Grove city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Douglas County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Monticello city	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Piatt County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Clinton city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Farmer City city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of De Witt County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bloomington-Normal, IL MSA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Decatur, IL MSA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere	11	29	—	—	—	—	—	—	28	—

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Urbana city, Champaign County—Con.						
	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 55 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 58	Tract 59	Tract 106.02 (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH							
All persons	2 441	2 958	4 582	6 236	4 128	8 611	2 240
Native	2 401	2 814	4 268	5 470	3 753	7 210	615
Foreign born	40	144	314	766	375	1 401	1 625
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH							
Linguistically isolated households	20	45	60	36	3	126	193
Persons 5 years and over	2 271	2 720	4 198	5 727	3 935	8 571	1 895
In linguistically isolated households	31	76	161	42	5	192	421
Speak a language other than English	81	213	382	724	374	1 857	1 587
Do not speak English "very well"	36	102	161	159	3	614	715
Speak Spanish	22	37	124	136	45	338	61
Do not speak English "very well"	8	15	24	27	—	93	61
Linguistically isolated	8	8	24	—	—	—	54
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	23	47	128	263	143	1 093	868
Do not speak English "very well"	23	47	115	50	—	496	460
Linguistically isolated	23	47	92	19	—	185	321
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL							
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	758	558	1 367	1 665	2 086	8 097	1 262
Preprimary school	31	52	77	153	82	10	101
Public school	31	46	71	97	48	—	52
Elementary or high school	349	245	620	716	432	24	288
Public school	333	238	602	657	388	24	227
College	378	261	670	796	1 572	8 063	873
Public college	371	254	654	778	1 517	7 934	861
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT							
Persons 25 years and over	1 343	2 210	3 002	4 436	2 290	1 099	1 388
Less than 9th grade	52	233	143	71	18	31	—
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	121	235	325	169	26	—	21
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	438	428	847	609	188	17	33
Some college, no degree	171	441	559	591	235	67	55
Associate degree	70	139	198	176	89	—	15
Bachelor's degree	245	416	443	904	462	339	420
Graduate or professional degree	246	318	487	1 916	1 272	645	844
Percent high school graduate or higher	87.1	78.8	84.4	94.6	98.1	97.2	98.5
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	36.6	33.2	31.0	63.6	75.7	89.5	91.1
FERTILITY							
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	595	1 011	215	157	51	—	357
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 082	752	1 087	989	484	135	867
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	741	902	1 889	1 578	1 429	462	1 913
RESIDENCE IN 1985							
Persons 5 years and over	2 271	2 720	4 198	5 727	3 935	8 571	1 895
Same house	559	1 278	2 018	2 755	1 459	492	204
Different house in United States	1 681	1 424	2 079	2 871	2 379	7 407	438
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	565	762	866	1 290	760	380	111
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	166	170	249	192	70	46	—
Different MSA/PMSA	743	336	731	1 015	1 144	5 914	277
Not in an MSA/PMSA	207	156	233	374	405	1 067	50
Abroad	31	18	101	101	97	672	1 253
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE							
Urban population	2 441	2 958	4 582	6 236	4 128	8 611	2 240
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	832	2 029	3 187	4 230	2 346	364	92
Rural population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
On farms	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
JOURNEY TO WORK							
Workers 16 years and over	1 320	1 562	2 401	3 211	2 533	3 542	795
Car, truck, or van	1 193	1 120	1 934	2 779	1 256	612	395
Drove alone	952	1 033	1 646	2 362	1 099	545	252
Carpooled	241	87	288	417	157	67	143
Public transportation (including taxicab)	76	152	188	208	165	399	312
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	76	152	188	208	148	399	312
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	17	—	—
Walked	31	127	124	60	693	2 166	42
Other means	—	133	54	46	351	161	46
Worked at home	20	30	101	118	68	204	—
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.12	1.05	1.08	1.09	1.07	1.06	1.25
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	16.4	16.0	14.3	14.7	12.0	10.2	15.0
Departure time for work:							
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	47	75	71	62	40	14	—
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	167	159	212	278	75	59	6
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	455	573	860	1 313	536	360	141
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	236	408	439	845	742	594	310
All other times	395	317	718	595	1 072	2 311	338
Worked in MSA of residence							
Champaign city	1 269	1 502	2 326	3 093	2 421	3 482	783
Urbana city	433	558	602	1 004	783	780	141
Rantoul village	677	870	1 463	1 818	1 529	2 663	618
Talons village	26	23	12	15	8	—	—
Savoy village	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Champaign County	9	—	19	35	41	15	—
Worked outside MSA of residence	124	51	230	221	60	24	24
Gibson city	51	60	75	118	112	60	12
Paxton city	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
Remainder of Ford County	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
Danville city	8	9	8	20	17	—	—
Remainder of Vermilion County	—	6	20	8	5	7	—
Villa Grove city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Douglas County	—	—	—	18	—	9	—
Monticello city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Piatt County	—	—	—	—	5	—	—
Clinton city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Farmer City city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of De Witt County	—	—	—	9	—	—	—
Bloomington-Normal, IL MSA	22	29	—	34	10	8	—
Decatur, IL MSA	—	9	11	—	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere	21	7	36	14	75	36	12

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County								
	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH									
All persons	—	22	1 229	992	—	—	3 562	2 422	1 331
Native	—	22	1 195	982	—	—	3 437	2 266	1 079
Foreign born	—	—	34	10	—	—	125	156	252
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH									
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	9	—	—	—	8	18	31
Persons 5 years and over	—	22	1 122	917	—	—	3 321	2 318	1 156
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	43	—	—	—	17	40	65
Speak a language other than English	—	5	72	31	—	—	165	153	286
Do not speak English "very well"	—	5	59	—	—	—	17	47	116
Speak Spanish	—	—	8	31	—	—	34	7	22
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	7
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	—	59	—	—	—	84	70	125
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	59	—	—	—	17	33	82
Linguistically isolated	—	—	43	—	—	—	17	33	65
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	—	—	282	212	—	—	1 045	647	637
Preprimary school	—	—	27	19	—	—	103	73	35
Public school	—	—	27	11	—	—	64	27	28
Elementary or high school	—	—	184	91	—	—	576	372	175
Public school	—	—	176	75	—	—	499	303	175
College	—	—	71	102	—	—	366	202	427
Public college	—	—	63	93	—	—	347	176	418
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT									
Persons 25 years and over	—	11	755	715	—	—	2 447	1 747	705
Less than 9th grade	—	—	76	—	—	—	16	44	—
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	—	—	120	19	—	—	42	21	31
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	—	6	345	175	—	—	468	233	46
Some college, no degree	—	—	97	268	—	—	425	319	120
Associate degree	—	5	65	87	—	—	134	89	22
Bachelor's degree	—	—	48	139	—	—	570	408	201
Graduate or professional degree	—	—	4	27	—	—	792	633	285
Percent high school graduate or higher	—	100.0	74.0	97.3	—	—	97.6	96.3	95.6
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	—	—	6.9	23.2	—	—	55.7	59.6	68.9
FERTILITY									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	—	—	741	—	—	—	—	—	276
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	—	—	1 690	618	—	—	1 116	722	1 143
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	—	—	2 138	1 706	—	—	1 756	1 573	1 818
RESIDENCE IN 1985									
Persons 5 years and over	—	22	1 122	917	—	—	3 321	2 318	1 156
Same house	—	17	540	400	—	—	1 433	1 229	214
Different house in United States	—	5	574	517	—	—	1 854	1 081	821
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	—	—	324	174	—	—	842	419	240
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	—	—	87	111	—	—	350	150	60
Different MSA/PMSA	—	5	93	116	—	—	465	352	357
Not in an MSA/PMSA	—	—	70	116	—	—	197	160	164
Abroad	—	—	8	—	—	—	34	8	121
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE									
Urban population	—	22	984	741	—	—	2 287	2 372	1 331
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	771	430	—	—	2 015	1 965	496
Rural population	—	—	245	251	—	—	1 275	50	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	186	139	—	—	1 059	50	—
On farms	—	—	25	—	—	—	61	—	—
JOURNEY TO WORK									
Workers 16 years and over	—	16	632	631	—	—	2 033	1 182	766
Car, truck, or van	—	16	557	580	—	—	1 941	1 111	594
Drove alone	—	11	495	525	—	—	1 723	973	507
Carpooled	—	5	62	55	—	—	218	138	87
Public transportation (including taxicab)	—	—	28	17	—	—	14	17	111
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	—	28	17	—	—	14	17	111
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	—	—	23	—	—	—	22	7	6
Other means	—	—	7	—	—	—	17	19	19
Worked at home	—	—	17	34	—	—	39	28	36
Persons per car, truck, or van	—	1.19	1.07	1.05	—	—	1.06	1.07	1.08
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	—	11.9	15.7	14.5	—	—	17.2	14.1	16.2
Departure time for work:									
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	—	—	61	17	—	—	43	9	5
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	—	5	153	64	—	—	279	103	29
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	—	6	155	298	—	—	851	534	304
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	—	—	48	56	—	—	420	309	182
All other times	—	5	198	162	—	—	401	199	210
Worked in MSA of residence	—	16	619	597	—	—	1 894	1 119	747
Champaign city	—	5	323	338	—	—	1 082	542	302
Urbana city	—	5	114	113	—	—	518	345	366
Rantoul village	—	—	28	30	—	—	52	35	—
Tolono village	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
Savoy village	—	6	8	29	—	—	31	53	27
Remainder of Champaign County	—	—	146	81	—	—	211	144	52
Worked outside MSA of residence	—	—	13	34	—	—	139	63	19
Gibson city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Paxton city	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
Remainder of Ford County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Danville city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Vermilion County	—	—	—	8	—	—	8	—	5
Villa Grove city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—
Remainder of Douglas County	—	—	—	18	—	—	36	10	7
Mantichella city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Piatt County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Clinton city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Farmer City city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of De Witt County	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—
Bloomington-Normal, IL MSA	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	7
Decatur, IL MSA	—	—	—	—	—	—	26	9	—
Worked elsewhere	—	—	13	8	—	—	38	34	—

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County—Con.								
	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 55 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 60 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.01 (pt.)	Tract 102.02 (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH									
All persons	133	5 008	2 385	640	438	71	87	22	—
Native	120	4 905	2 323	633	420	71	87	22	—
Foreign born	13	103	62	7	18	—	—	—	—
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH									
Linguistically isolated households	—	12	12	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons 5 years and over	133	4 589	2 132	599	438	71	79	14	—
In linguistically isolated households	—	24	42	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak a language other than English	22	178	79	—	41	6	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	44	62	—	—	6	—	—	—
Speak Spanish	4	35	6	—	10	—	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	33	42	—	—	—	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	24	42	—	—	—	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	24	42	—	—	—	—	—	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	93	1 210	744	165	128	20	13	—	—
Preprimary school	—	80	60	20	—	—	—	—	—
Public school	—	52	48	20	—	—	—	—	—
Elementary or high school	—	741	401	140	95	9	13	—	—
Public school	—	714	401	130	89	—	13	—	—
College	93	389	283	5	33	11	—	—	—
Public college	89	354	278	5	27	11	—	—	—
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT									
Persons 25 years and over	32	3 220	1 471	411	327	56	43	14	—
Less than 9th grade	—	136	33	—	49	—	27	—	—
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	14	414	126	41	—	—	—	—	—
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	—	1 086	507	160	19	6	—	8	—
Some college, no degree	7	751	294	108	16	21	7	—	—
Associate degree	4	258	200	45	50	—	—	6	—
Bachelor's degree	7	318	180	32	49	7	—	—	—
Graduate or professional degree	—	257	131	25	144	22	9	—	—
Percent high school graduate or higher	56.3	82.9	89.2	90.0	85.0	100.0	37.2	100.0	—
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	21.9	17.9	21.1	13.9	59.0	51.8	20.9	—	—
FERTILITY									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	129	486	232	450	—	—	—	—	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	—	1 142	1 304	2 360	—	923	2 000	2 000	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	—	1 694	1 888	2 204	1 711	—	—	—	—
RESIDENCE IN 1985									
Persons 5 years and over	133	4 589	2 132	599	438	71	79	14	—
Same house	28	1 918	1 064	355	298	15	30	—	—
Different house in United States	105	2 621	1 059	244	140	56	49	14	—
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	8	1 019	359	95	100	30	13	—	—
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	—	752	367	84	18	20	13	—	—
Different MSA/PMSA	66	372	233	20	14	6	—	—	—
Not in an MSA/PMSA	31	478	100	45	8	—	23	14	—
Abroad	—	50	9	—	—	—	—	—	—
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE									
Urban population	119	4 772	2 292	76	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	3 527	2 161	76	—	—	—	—	—
Rural population	14	236	93	564	438	71	87	22	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	14	126	8	455	363	41	—	—	—
On farms	—	29	—	—	21	—	—	—	—
JOURNEY TO WORK									
Workers 16 years and over	60	2 872	1 374	322	214	56	36	14	—
Car, truck, or van	52	2 697	1 198	280	173	47	29	14	—
Drove alone	44	2 284	958	204	145	47	13	14	—
Carpooled	8	413	240	76	28	—	16	—	—
Public transportation (including taxicab)	—	49	34	—	7	—	—	—	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	32	34	—	7	—	—	—	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	—	25	15	18	10	9	7	—	—
Other means	8	19	37	7	10	—	—	—	—
Worked at home	—	82	90	17	14	—	—	—	—
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.08	1.09	1.12	1.16	1.10	1.00	1.38	1.00	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	7.8	16.3	14.9	16.5	13.0	8.4	8.1	16.4	—
Departure time for work:									
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	—	170	82	21	—	—	—	—	—
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	—	499	214	67	21	—	7	8	—
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	30	1 140	477	96	74	25	13	—	—
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	—	414	164	18	70	25	—	6	—
All other times	30	567	347	103	35	6	16	—	—
Worked in MSA of residence	60	2 736	1 354	322	214	56	36	14	—
Champaign city	26	984	522	128	55	24	—	—	—
Urbana city	29	1 304	512	147	135	23	—	—	—
Rantoul village	—	62	32	—	—	—	31	14	—
Tolono village	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Savoy village	—	10	23	8	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Champaign County	5	376	265	39	24	9	5	—	—
Worked outside MSA of residence	—	136	20	—	—	—	—	—	—
Gibson city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Paxton city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Ford County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Danville city	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Vermilion County	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Villa Grove city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Douglas County	—	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Monticello city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Platt County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Clinton city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Farmer City city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of De Witt County	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bloomington-Normal, IL MSA	—	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Decatur, IL MSA	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere	—	72	8	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County—Con.								
	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105	Tract 106.01	Tract 106.02 (pt.)	Tract 107	Tract 108	Tract 109
PLACE OF BIRTH									
All persons	—	—	5 371	3 748	4 532	6 625	5 565	4 414	7 352
Native	—	—	5 295	3 710	4 506	6 566	5 537	4 393	7 315
Foreign born	—	—	76	38	26	59	28	21	37
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH									
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	53	2	—	—	5	2	12
Persons 5 years and over	—	—	4 988	3 454	4 147	6 043	5 198	4 065	6 845
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	119	2	—	—	8	2	12
Speak a language other than English	—	—	455	84	68	180	186	44	223
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	141	2	9	3	43	15	53
Speak Spanish	—	—	68	18	24	82	44	20	120
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	40	—	3	3	17	9	24
Linguistically isolated	—	—	29	—	—	—	—	2	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	—	58	2	—	22	2	—	16
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	31	2	—	—	—	—	13
Linguistically isolated	—	—	50	2	—	—	—	—	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	—	—	1 302	939	1 449	1 703	1 620	1 041	1 839
Preprimary school	—	—	70	96	146	102	104	123	162
Public school	—	—	62	65	66	62	72	90	116
Elementary or high school	—	—	999	657	981	1 210	1 156	719	1 249
Public school	—	—	931	651	967	1 156	1 139	711	1 123
College	—	—	233	186	322	391	360	199	428
Public college	—	—	227	168	292	354	331	197	394
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT									
Persons 25 years and over	—	—	3 469	2 406	2 689	4 162	3 569	2 920	4 718
Less than 9th grade	—	—	394	131	78	168	215	282	256
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	—	—	381	363	191	473	288	281	584
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	—	—	1 417	899	774	1 372	1 409	1 134	1 971
Some college, no degree	—	—	718	463	592	921	849	586	757
Associate degree	—	—	288	174	287	366	270	255	419
Bachelor's degree	—	—	185	289	458	489	320	236	537
Graduate or professional degree	—	—	86	87	309	373	218	146	194
Percent high school graduate or higher	—	—	77.7	79.5	90.0	84.6	85.9	80.7	82.2
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	—	—	7.8	15.6	28.5	20.7	15.1	13.1	15.5
FERTILITY									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	—	—	231	491	126	442	145	319	107
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	—	—	1 856	1 759	1 622	1 278	1 246	1 513	1 312
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	—	—	1 805	2 289	2 045	1 641	2 150	1 942	2 060
RESIDENCE IN 1985									
Persons 5 years and over	—	—	4 988	3 454	4 147	6 043	5 198	4 065	6 845
Same house	—	—	2 979	2 336	2 208	2 978	3 621	2 618	4 265
Different house in United States	—	—	1 941	1 118	1 933	3 065	1 575	1 430	2 533
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	—	—	587	226	287	842	277	282	388
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	—	—	524	592	735	1 110	799	640	1 172
Different MSA/PMSA	—	—	251	144	559	711	230	187	406
Not in an MSA/PMSA	—	—	579	156	352	402	269	321	567
Abroad	—	—	68	—	6	—	2	17	47
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE									
Urban population	—	—	—	—	2 784	3 026	—	—	2 973
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	2 410	2 396	—	—	2 333
Rural population	—	—	5 371	3 748	1 748	3 599	5 565	4 414	4 379
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	3 321	1 977	1 332	2 204	4 011	2 856	2 719
On farms	—	—	741	465	82	400	397	451	401
JOURNEY TO WORK									
Workers 16 years and over	—	—	2 635	1 934	2 389	3 453	2 870	2 140	4 038
Car, truck, or van	—	—	2 430	1 750	2 245	3 247	2 595	1 921	3 754
Drove alone	—	—	2 073	1 477	1 882	2 809	2 210	1 586	3 265
Carpooled	—	—	357	273	363	438	385	335	489
Public transportation (including taxicab)	—	—	12	3	2	—	14	2	10
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	—	12	—	2	—	12	2	10
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	3	—	—	2	—	—
Walked	—	—	33	58	37	45	78	66	69
Other means	—	—	28	14	10	17	8	16	27
Worked at home	—	—	132	109	95	144	175	135	178
Persons per car, truck, or van	—	—	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.08	1.09	1.10	1.07
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	—	—	19.2	20.6	19.5	18.3	18.7	23.8	20.4
Departure time for work:									
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	—	—	243	136	92	151	129	133	239
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	—	—	567	427	485	543	609	794	690
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	—	—	745	679	952	1 377	1 212	812	1 573
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	—	—	227	215	312	446	314	243	567
All other times	—	—	721	368	453	792	431	408	791
Worked in MSA of residence	—	—	2 457	1 775	2 171	3 225	2 680	1 973	3 792
Champaign city	—	—	393	460	826	1 405	794	632	1 350
Urbana city	—	—	394	254	530	722	828	524	966
Rantoul village	—	—	693	155	36	58	61	18	24
Tolono village	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	307
Savoy village	—	—	2	10	16	58	15	30	106
Remainder of Champaign County	—	—	975	896	763	982	982	767	1 039
Worked outside MSA of residence	—	—	178	159	218	228	190	167	246
Gibson city	—	—	2	62	9	10	—	—	—
Paxton city	—	—	24	11	—	—	3	—	10
Remainder of Ford County	—	—	16	21	8	13	—	2	—
Danville city	—	—	14	6	6	4	34	24	22
Remainder of Vermilion County	—	—	31	4	2	4	67	75	—
Villa Grove city	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	11	10
Remainder of Douglas County	—	—	11	—	7	2	2	10	39
Monticello city	—	—	—	—	11	5	—	4	37
Remainder of Piatt County	—	—	—	—	16	28	—	—	19
Clinton city	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—
Farmer City city	—	—	3	—	2	2	—	—	—
Remainder of De Witt County	—	—	—	13	39	13	—	—	—
Bloomington-Normal, IL MSA	—	—	19	7	35	18	24	3	2
Decatur, IL MSA	—	—	—	—	12	30	4	2	24
Worked elsewhere	—	—	58	35	67	92	56	36	83

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts /BNA's in Champaign County				
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 7	Tract 8
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	138 979	138 979	53 024	12 697	30 994	1 354	5 693	8 034	2 795	1 273
In labor force	95 044	95 044	34 603	10 086	19 099	690	3 137	3 815	1 961	922
Percent of persons 16 years and over	68.4	68.4	65.3	79.4	61.6	51.0	55.1	47.5	70.2	72.4
Civilian labor force	90 973	90 973	34 412	6 401	19 057	690	3 137	3 715	1 954	922
Employed	87 114	87 114	32 714	6 124	18 293	550	2 895	3 439	1 762	890
Unemployed	3 859	3 859	1 698	277	764	140	242	276	192	32
Percent of civilian labor force	4.2	4.2	4.9	4.3	4.0	20.3	7.7	7.4	9.8	3.5
Not in labor force	43 935	43 935	18 421	2 611	11 895	664	2 556	4 219	834	351
Institutionalized persons	1 320	1 320	245	-	621	-	79	-	29	45
Enrolled in school	19 138	19 138	10 259	397	6 750	108	2 201	4 175	94	19
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	11 511	11 511	3 963	870	2 441	227	67	21	370	133
Females 16 years and over	68 951	68 951	25 531	5 690	15 939	879	2 101	3 109	1 433	653
In labor force	42 905	42 905	15 729	3 769	9 012	404	1 099	1 540	930	422
Percent of females 16 years and over	62.2	62.2	61.6	66.2	56.5	46.0	52.3	49.5	64.9	64.6
Civilian labor force	42 492	42 492	15 689	3 421	9 007	404	1 099	1 527	930	422
Employed	40 877	40 877	14 981	3 263	8 663	311	1 013	1 395	870	422
Unemployed	1 615	1 615	708	158	344	93	86	132	60	-
Percent of civilian labor force	3.8	3.8	4.5	4.6	3.8	23.0	7.8	8.6	6.5	-
With own children under 6 years	9 713	9 713	2 871	1 441	1 689	241	13	11	225	155
In labor force	6 418	6 418	1 785	936	1 016	67	-	11	149	83
With own children 6 to 17 years only	9 754	9 754	3 007	1 094	1 321	140	10	-	229	112
In labor force	7 762	7 762	2 422	858	1 019	100	-	-	185	104
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	13 713	13 713	4 226	1 873	2 455	340	24	8	347	184
All parents present in household in labor force	8 698	8 698	2 498	1 199	1 386	99	-	8	242	101
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	22 510	22 510	6 717	2 973	3 118	413	14	-	607	278
All parents present in household in labor force	16 801	16 801	4 893	2 289	2 203	232	-	-	439	233
Persons 16 to 19 years	15 751	15 751	6 911	1 136	4 782	145	328	1 826	238	95
Not enrolled in school	1 873	1 873	644	465	171	59	-	21	135	67
Unemployed or not in labor force	496	496	198	106	64	42	-	-	53	13
Not high school graduate	507	507	185	65	88	55	-	8	43	20
Employed	240	240	95	10	41	13	-	-	20	7
Unemployed	98	98	13	22	37	7	-	-	-	6
Not in labor force	161	161	69	33	10	35	-	-	23	7
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES										
Employed persons 16 years and over	87 114	87 114	32 714	6 124	18 293	550	2 895	3 439	1 762	890
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	9 848	9 848	3 911	692	1 596	21	106	250	125	66
Professional specialty occupations	19 355	19 355	7 958	748	6 076	36	819	815	108	26
Technicians and related support occupations	4 771	4 771	1 808	168	1 568	22	373	237	39	33
Sales occupations	8 874	8 874	3 481	757	1 435	29	317	358	190	100
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	14 158	14 158	5 660	1 031	2 692	53	507	755	266	140
Private household occupations	348	348	100	29	80	-	-	-	20	-
Protective service occupations	859	859	293	72	93	16	13	35	13	5
Service occupations, except protective and household	10 978	10 978	4 339	878	2 399	238	478	714	524	150
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	1 869	1 869	317	52	182	5	27	74	7	21
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	6 476	6 476	1 810	581	836	19	29	70	118	83
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	3 615	3 615	1 068	619	566	49	53	48	164	135
Transportation and material moving occupations	2 991	2 991	972	207	361	30	37	48	52	65
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	2 972	2 972	997	290	409	32	136	35	136	66
Construction	3 579	3 579	1 029	191	484	4	41	52	63	17
Manufacturing	8 862	8 862	2 854	1 300	1 174	68	86	116	259	244
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	4 623	4 623	1 587	433	659	21	26	129	98	35
Wholesale and retail trade	18 435	18 435	7 200	1 509	2 996	106	775	900	537	285
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4 067	4 067	1 571	305	563	31	87	109	34	24
Business and repair services	2 780	2 780	1 064	239	454	35	78	112	56	50
Professional and related services	36 120	36 120	14 624	1 281	10 800	195	1 640	1 724	551	185
CLASS OF WORKER										
Employed persons 16 years and over	87 114	87 114	32 714	6 124	18 293	550	2 895	3 439	1 762	890
Private wage and salary workers	55 190	55 190	20 967	4 346	9 539	443	1 661	2 129	1 297	735
Government workers	26 545	26 545	10 225	1 501	8 080	86	1 207	1 273	344	133
Local government workers	4 922	4 922	1 792	410	979	22	28	47	130	49
Self-employed workers	5 137	5 137	1 459	272	654	21	9	37	121	17
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	113 589	113 589	43 735	10 777	25 111	673	4 954	7 384	2 093	1 004
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	77 600	77 600	28 210	8 391	14 950	421	2 342	3 405	1 611	752
50 to 52 weeks	50 493	50 493	16 500	5 803	8 412	320	388	228	1 149	581
40 to 49 weeks	8 388	8 388	2 854	1 038	1 706	29	200	229	182	46
27 to 39 weeks	4 787	4 787	1 893	602	966	8	244	305	102	51
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	16 807	16 807	7 047	1 157	4 471	98	1 331	1 416	231	98
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	119 528	119 528	47 626	8 023	27 412	1 027	5 539	7 913	2 350	1 080
With a mobility or self-care limitation	2 934	2 934	1 095	406	455	86	50	113	181	47
With a mobility limitation	1 365	1 365	606	108	243	45	42	21	114	27
In labor force	434	434	223	36	51	8	10	-	60	18
With a self-care limitation	2 225	2 225	822	365	292	86	24	113	128	47
With a work disability	5 984	5 984	2 353	502	1 124	164	140	119	295	105
In labor force	2 931	2 931	1 153	257	529	24	43	36	145	46
Prevented from working	2 434	2 434	964	185	448	130	57	53	118	54
No work disability	113 544	113 544	45 273	7 521	26 288	863	5 399	7 794	2 055	975
In labor force	85 627	85 627	32 326	6 031	18 072	579	3 094	3 679	1 770	861
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	14 060	14 060	4 962	989	2 919	327	75	21	409	148
With a mobility or self-care limitation	2 364	2 364	971	104	448	82	7	10	117	29
With a mobility limitation	1 888	1 888	775	98	380	53	7	10	95	29
With a self-care limitation	1 250	1 250	514	54	176	69	7	-	59	16
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989										
No workers	3 082	3 082	1 128	216	678	188	22	19	70	57
Mean family income (dollars)	20 968	20 968	21 251	24 659	17 640	9 040	22 945	23 274	12 992	15 299
1 worker	10 163	10 163	3 216	1 207	2 066	230	75	-	309	59
Mean family income (dollars)	35 289	35 289	38 391	23 854	33 253	13 209	8 131	-	18 504	21 066
2 or more workers	25 712	25 712	7 815	2 744	4 081	137	134	48	535	306
Mean family income (dollars)	47 707	47 707	52 654	36 394	44 101	37 582	17 609	19 111	31 787	34 398

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Champaign County—Con.									
	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 53	Tract 54	Tract 55	Tract 56
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	5 357	3 730	5 099	6 393	6 846	4 290	2 230	5 852	4 276	3 953
In labor force	4 050	2 762	3 932	4 940	4 895	1 964	1 309	4 452	3 110	2 933
Percent of persons 16 years and over	75.6	74.0	77.1	77.3	71.5	45.8	58.7	76.1	72.7	74.2
Civilian labor force	4 015	2 755	3 923	4 920	4 895	1 956	1 309	4 412	3 110	2 916
Employed	3 847	2 636	3 798	4 766	4 857	1 856	1 185	4 247	2 954	2 782
Unemployed	168	119	125	154	38	100	124	165	156	134
Percent of civilian labor force	4.2	4.3	3.2	3.1	0.8	5.1	9.5	3.7	5.0	4.6
Not in labor force	1 307	968	1 167	1 453	1 951	2 326	921	1 400	1 166	1 020
Institutionalized persons	—	21	—	71	225	—	157	200	254	—
Enrolled in school	311	124	249	324	354	2 246	200	282	124	253
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	447	488	468	359	645	8	230	362	446	465
Females 16 years and over	2 813	2 021	2 682	3 319	3 536	1 874	1 248	3 077	2 358	2 135
In labor force	1 999	1 361	1 868	2 245	2 184	970	669	2 191	1 535	1 492
Percent of females 16 years and over	71.1	67.3	69.6	67.6	61.8	51.8	53.6	71.2	65.1	69.9
Civilian labor force	1 991	1 354	1 868	2 245	2 184	970	669	2 186	1 535	1 492
Employed	1 909	1 299	1 824	2 169	2 162	954	604	2 130	1 459	1 437
Unemployed	82	55	44	76	22	16	65	56	76	55
Percent of civilian labor force	4.1	4.1	2.4	3.4	1.0	1.6	9.7	2.6	5.0	3.7
With own children under 6 years	383	276	364	635	486	155	181	423	318	371
In labor force	226	213	251	419	275	75	117	255	243	294
With own children 6 to 17 years only	419	296	578	734	598	73	117	405	337	352
In labor force	328	247	503	572	425	67	82	307	283	329
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	559	432	594	958	653	203	221	688	501	559
All parents present in household in labor force	320	326	382	584	343	97	133	418	359	421
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	921	625	1 170	1 580	1 224	203	430	980	580	776
All parents present in household in labor force	556	463	976	1 206	748	171	341	685	433	660
Persons 16 to 19 years	489	200	378	413	386	2 489	186	338	209	194
Not enrolled in school	172	71	63	53	45	—	25	48	36	21
Unemployed or not in labor force	50	9	15	28	—	—	12	24	22	12
Not high school graduate	26	11	7	21	18	—	12	19	18	12
Employed	26	11	7	—	18	—	6	9	7	—
Unemployed	—	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	11	12
Not in labor force	—	—	—	15	—	—	—	8	—	—
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES										
Employed persons 16 years and over	3 847	2 636	3 798	4 766	4 857	1 856	1 185	4 247	2 954	2 782
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	411	328	463	834	918	194	92	435	330	285
Professional specialty occupations	557	647	667	1 343	1 810	413	135	752	577	597
Technicians and related support occupations	93	154	146	174	231	105	59	187	193	176
Sales occupations	589	287	430	545	499	177	97	536	251	252
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	703	542	707	760	630	449	168	666	451	386
Private household occupations	12	—	8	9	10	9	21	—	—	20
Protective service occupations	30	—	45	33	40	49	—	47	23	32
Service occupations, except protective and household	555	239	373	378	273	329	331	631	391	391
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	15	28	26	46	17	15	5	32	50	24
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	302	203	374	315	176	52	81	457	276	307
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	224	48	140	114	62	9	89	160	169	115
Transportation and material moving occupations	209	93	243	141	79	22	38	168	123	85
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	147	67	176	74	112	33	69	155	120	112
Construction	116	139	186	138	165	46	81	230	166	127
Manufacturing	479	224	507	524	327	95	111	543	292	208
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	255	168	331	315	177	31	58	237	204	117
Wholesale and retail trade	1 071	508	933	868	852	343	317	1 073	578	594
Finance, insurance, and real estate	239	130	230	351	311	6	233	125	104	104
Business and repair services	210	110	122	131	126	13	51	105	84	134
Professional and related services	1 064	1 179	1 207	2 024	2 487	1 154	430	1 489	1 253	1 236
CLASS OF WORKER										
Employed persons 16 years and over	3 847	2 636	3 798	4 766	4 857	1 856	1 185	4 247	2 954	2 782
Private wage and salary workers	2 956	1 694	2 734	2 966	2 753	1 063	882	3 142	1 776	1 635
Government workers	688	751	857	1 536	1 780	736	273	878	1 010	911
Local government workers	224	135	227	361	387	74	52	155	200	253
Self-employed workers	197	174	200	264	315	43	30	214	162	225
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	4 291	2 941	4 204	5 413	5 305	3 912	1 523	4 800	3 225	3 182
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	3 344	2 145	3 350	4 079	3 876	1 555	1 129	3 698	2 442	2 352
50 to 52 weeks	2 560	1 642	2 464	3 115	2 995	343	715	2 864	1 943	1 701
40 to 49 weeks	254	208	455	410	465	132	136	371	181	320
27 to 39 weeks	262	117	183	237	203	89	57	103	96	94
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	464	436	531	674	800	620	184	585	518	476
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	4 778	3 096	4 560	5 782	5 765	4 274	1 785	5 147	3 501	3 372
With a mobility or self-care limitation	101	77	166	162	76	77	162	139	96	57
With a mobility limitation	66	51	95	64	36	26	63	61	55	57
In labor force	10	8	32	38	29	26	—	17	28	22
With a self-care limitation	51	56	121	146	40	58	120	101	50	30
With a work disability	414	236	247	279	153	65	148	286	316	264
In labor force	206	105	123	198	137	46	25	151	193	125
Prevented from working	184	119	102	66	16	—	119	124	109	100
No work disability	4 364	2 860	4 313	5 503	5 612	4 209	1 637	4 861	3 185	3 108
In labor force	3 712	2 532	3 738	4 580	4 561	1 910	1 226	4 158	2 852	2 692
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	544	606	530	520	856	8	288	465	521	564
With a mobility or self-care limitation	115	87	181	41	127	—	31	60	62	147
With a mobility limitation	115	52	156	10	109	—	13	60	52	124
With a self-care limitation	26	54	86	31	73	—	31	9	29	43
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989										
No workers	189	101	102	43	158	6	76	213	114	151
Mean family income (dollars)	13 812	27 166	13 768	34 845	32 854	—	14 843	16 112	17 368	12 344
1 worker	422	389	379	594	666	129	217	552	316	381
Mean family income (dollars)	24 458	34 935	23 776	62 113	74 532	21 189	15 129	23 027	26 901	22 908
2 or more workers	1 079	686	1 310	1 856	1 635	218	351	1 186	920	900
Mean family income (dollars)	44 965	51 250	41 379	60 983	74 743	30 392	33 466	39 514	37 632	39 363

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.								
	Tract 57	Tract 60	Tract 101	Tract 102.01	Tract 102.02	Tract 102.03	Tract 103	Tract 104	Tract 106.02
LABOR FORCE STATUS									
Persons 16 years and over	5 358	1 624	3 920	786	198	2 776	5 097	4 098	4 903
In labor force	3 554	891	2 760	590	175	2 092	4 519	2 808	3 721
Percent of persons 16 years and over	66.3	54.9	70.4	75.1	88.4	75.4	88.7	68.5	75.9
Civilian labor force	3 546	891	2 526	576	161	1 952	1 231	2 725	3 712
Employed	3 463	874	2 443	568	150	1 827	1 181	2 592	3 515
Unemployed	83	17	83	8	11	125	50	133	197
Percent of civilian labor force	2.3	1.9	3.3	1.4	6.8	6.4	4.1	4.9	5.3
Not in labor force	1 804	733	1 160	196	23	684	578	1 290	1 182
Institutionalized persons	54	—	—	—	—	—	—	81	—
Enrolled in school	232	408	141	21	5	92	138	117	180
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	992	14	565	84	6	240	5	498	398
Females 16 years and over	2 912	728	2 095	408	94	1 443	1 695	2 114	2 475
In labor force	1 650	294	1 296	289	71	958	1 179	1 295	1 639
Percent of females 16 years and over	56.7	40.4	61.9	70.8	75.5	66.4	69.6	61.3	66.2
Civilian labor force	1 650	294	1 252	289	71	926	907	1 277	1 639
Employed	1 615	283	1 204	289	67	870	857	1 206	1 594
Unemployed	35	11	48	—	4	56	50	71	45
Percent of civilian labor force	2.1	3.7	3.8	—	5.6	6.0	5.5	5.6	2.7
With own children under 6 years	374	297	317	63	21	235	811	321	461
In labor force	270	71	205	57	9	187	484	252	301
With own children 6 to 17 years only	371	121	371	83	37	256	347	431	570
In labor force	274	46	282	77	37	184	278	359	432
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	568	396	404	80	25	377	1 003	432	703
All parents present in household in labor force	387	53	266	68	15	261	605	332	407
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	808	303	914	169	79	644	1 180	962	1 190
All parents present in household in labor force	591	81	698	155	74	499	876	749	941
Persons 16 to 19 years	195	51	352	50	22	215	502	333	312
Not enrolled in school	6	13	100	8	13	81	268	102	27
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	—	21	8	—	10	63	18	—
Not high school graduate	—	13	10	—	4	20	31	22	11
Employed	—	13	—	—	—	10	—	11	11
Unemployed	—	—	10	—	4	—	8	3	—
Not in labor force	—	—	—	—	—	10	23	8	—
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES									
Employed persons 16 years and over	3 463	874	2 443	568	150	1 827	1 181	2 592	3 515
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	495	76	360	79	13	168	72	255	397
Professional specialty occupations	1 595	463	243	90	32	170	213	193	482
Technicians and related support occupations	252	111	49	11	7	26	75	108	161
Sales occupations	243	17	253	64	6	210	241	258	326
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	393	66	430	113	20	253	215	341	588
Private household occupations	17	19	—	—	—	12	13	45	13
Protective service occupations	9	—	34	7	—	25	13	49	36
Service occupations, except protective and household	201	83	269	67	36	310	196	355	357
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	38	6	18	4	—	22	8	190	117
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	96	9	283	58	20	214	27	311	437
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	64	11	290	18	12	231	68	232	187
Transportation and material moving occupations	45	13	92	38	—	72	5	118	183
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	15	—	122	19	—	114	35	137	231
Construction	77	—	76	24	6	65	20	144	340
Manufacturing	140	20	645	59	35	466	102	523	508
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	93	38	197	98	5	122	19	151	246
Wholesale and retail trade	349	62	588	80	31	486	347	566	862
Finance, insurance, and real estate	176	11	155	63	6	52	36	97	168
Business and repair services	51	9	89	7	7	78	58	84	73
Professional and related services	2 336	702	430	164	25	320	342	486	975
CLASS OF WORKER									
Employed persons 16 years and over	3 463	874	2 443	568	150	1 827	1 181	2 592	3 515
Private wage and salary workers	1 447	283	1 833	394	106	1 381	677	1 829	2 536
Government workers	1 783	566	509	138	37	349	468	500	680
Local government workers	282	23	187	81	12	123	7	119	162
Self-employed workers	233	25	96	36	7	97	36	254	289
WORK STATUS IN 1989									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	3 988	1 072	3 005	653	180	2 296	4 702	3 158	4 016
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	2 890	517	2 377	467	158	1 793	3 655	2 394	3 124
50 to 52 weeks	2 039	284	1 783	334	119	1 324	2 276	1 778	2 355
40 to 49 weeks	414	88	173	52	—	221	598	262	381
27 to 39 weeks	206	49	167	37	20	89	289	126	169
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	523	334	267	107	7	232	544	385	464
DISABILITY									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	4 125	1 610	3 078	660	178	2 348	1 804	3 337	4 405
With a mobility or self-care limitation	70	29	270	35	12	77	12	208	127
With a mobility limitation	24	6	68	15	—	25	—	56	63
In labor force	—	—	22	9	—	5	—	2	—
With a self-care limitation	46	23	244	20	12	77	12	179	109
With a work disability	186	6	234	37	21	182	28	285	244
In labor force	71	6	115	19	21	90	12	122	107
Prevented from working	79	—	79	18	—	81	7	140	132
No work disability	3 939	1 604	2 844	623	157	2 166	1 776	3 052	4 161
In labor force	3 303	885	2 368	529	140	1 820	1 219	2 504	3 517
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	1 171	14	608	112	6	288	5	597	489
With a mobility or self-care limitation	162	—	74	6	—	24	—	117	58
With a mobility limitation	124	—	74	—	—	24	—	78	41
With a self-care limitation	84	—	31	6	—	17	—	84	43
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989									
No workers	126	114	94	38	5	79	—	131	110
Mean family income (dollars)	45 324	1 633	20 200	40 140	2 832	23 899	—	16 997	17 028
1 worker	521	308	521	59	27	256	359	389	475
Mean family income (dollars)	67 124	15 854	28 506	37 819	16 809	23 072	18 696	23 227	46 288
2 or more workers	1 251	298	837	222	370	658	1 001	954	1 331
Mean family income (dollars)	63 198	24 313	41 228	56 831	40 990	36 594	27 412	42 828	44 844
CENSUS TRACTS AND BLOCK NUMBERING AREAS									

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County									
	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	410	1 354	5 693	8 034	3 128	2 889	2 773	355	4 550	3 730
In labor force	233	690	3 137	3 815	2 410	2 163	1 939	251	3 411	2 762
Percent of persons 16 years and over	56.8	51.0	55.1	47.5	77.0	74.9	69.9	70.7	75.0	74.0
Civilian labor force	233	690	3 137	3 715	2 398	2 157	1 932	251	3 386	2 755
Employed	233	550	2 895	3 439	2 335	2 095	1 746	245	3 218	2 636
Unemployed	—	140	242	276	63	62	186	6	168	119
Percent of civilian labor force	—	20.3	7.7	7.4	2.6	2.9	9.6	2.4	5.0	4.3
Not in labor force	177	664	2 556	4 219	718	726	834	104	1 139	968
Institutionalized persons	—	—	79	—	—	—	29	45	—	21
Enrolled in school	27	108	2 201	4 175	148	167	94	10	293	124
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	110	227	67	21	387	279	370	—	389	488
Females 16 years and over	249	879	2 101	3 109	1 564	1 510	1 421	189	2 366	2 021
In labor force	111	404	1 099	1 540	1 099	1 010	918	113	1 672	1 361
Percent of females 16 years and over	44.6	46.0	52.3	49.5	70.3	66.9	64.6	59.8	70.7	67.3
Civilian labor force	111	404	1 099	1 527	1 087	1 010	918	113	1 664	1 354
Employed	111	311	1 013	1 395	1 069	1 002	864	113	1 582	1 299
Unemployed	—	93	86	132	18	8	54	—	82	55
Percent of civilian labor force	—	23.0	7.8	8.6	1.7	0.8	5.9	—	4.9	4.1
With own children under 6 years	21	241	13	11	198	162	225	36	302	276
In labor force	21	67	—	11	160	78	149	15	164	213
With own children 6 to 17 years only	—	140	10	—	148	115	229	45	362	296
In labor force	—	100	—	—	133	83	185	45	281	247
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	28	340	24	8	271	205	347	47	454	432
All parents present in household in labor force	28	99	—	8	189	94	242	26	245	326
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	—	413	14	—	402	209	607	86	841	625
All parents present in household in labor force	—	232	—	—	350	122	439	62	496	463
Persons 16 to 19 years	—	145	328	1 826	113	102	238	17	478	200
Not enrolled in school	—	59	—	21	9	15	135	7	161	71
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	42	—	—	—	—	53	—	50	9
Not high school graduate	—	55	—	8	—	—	43	—	26	11
Employed	—	13	—	—	—	—	20	—	26	11
Unemployed	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	—	35	—	—	—	—	23	—	—	—
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES										
Employed persons 16 years and over	233	550	2 895	3 439	2 335	2 095	1 746	245	3 218	2 636
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	18	21	106	250	378	313	119	11	367	328
Professional specialty occupations	43	36	819	815	764	654	108	10	442	647
Technicians and related support occupations	11	22	373	237	125	148	39	20	65	154
Sales occupations	33	29	317	358	214	188	185	48	497	287
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	53	53	507	755	324	253	266	49	561	542
Private household occupations	11	—	—	—	7	—	20	—	12	—
Protective service occupations	—	16	13	35	15	9	13	5	13	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	22	238	478	714	183	226	524	29	491	239
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	—	5	27	74	55	44	7	4	9	28
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	12	19	29	70	106	95	118	25	250	203
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	11	49	53	48	64	83	159	7	200	48
Transportation and material moving occupations	7	30	37	48	61	47	52	17	186	93
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	12	32	136	35	39	35	136	20	125	67
Construction	11	4	41	52	70	70	63	4	78	139
Manufacturing	10	68	86	116	172	156	254	48	422	224
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	29	21	26	129	88	92	98	16	200	168
Wholesale and retail trade	38	106	775	900	428	367	537	81	905	508
Finance, insurance, and real estate	21	31	87	109	105	91	29	16	210	130
Business and repair services	6	35	78	112	19	81	50	4	177	110
Professional and related services	73	195	1 640	1 724	1 258	1 044	551	61	887	1 179
CLASS OF WORKER										
Employed persons 16 years and over	233	550	2 895	3 439	2 335	2 095	1 746	245	3 218	2 636
Private wage and salary workers	150	443	1 661	2 129	1 298	1 297	1 281	200	2 535	1 694
Government workers	65	86	1 207	1 273	891	739	344	39	531	751
Local government workers	7	22	28	47	127	197	130	10	168	135
Self-employed workers	18	21	9	37	146	59	121	6	146	174
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	265	673	4 954	7 394	2 586	2 311	2 071	289	3 598	2 941
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	145	421	2 342	3 405	1 830	1 815	1 589	247	2 759	2 145
50 to 52 weeks	101	320	388	228	1 330	1 242	1 138	196	2 061	1 642
40 to 49 weeks	20	29	200	229	192	332	177	14	238	208
27 to 39 weeks	15	8	244	305	107	61	96	9	232	117
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	75	98	1 331	1 416	460	311	231	—	417	436
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	294	1 027	5 539	7 913	2 591	2 594	2 328	310	4 058	3 098
With a mobility or self-care limitation	7	86	50	113	24	107	181	32	101	77
With a mobility limitation	7	45	42	21	—	51	114	27	66	51
In labor force	7	8	10	—	—	7	60	18	10	8
With a self-care limitation	7	86	24	113	24	83	128	32	51	56
With a work disability	41	164	140	119	104	170	295	38	365	226
In labor force	19	24	43	36	90	69	145	10	177	103
Prevented from working	22	130	57	53	9	80	118	28	164	115
No work disability	253	863	5 399	7 794	2 487	2 424	2 033	272	3 693	2 860
In labor force	208	579	3 094	3 679	2 184	2 078	1 748	241	3 131	2 532
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	116	327	75	21	525	289	409	—	467	606
With a mobility or self-care limitation	47	82	7	10	79	69	117	—	93	87
With a mobility limitation	35	53	7	10	72	57	95	—	93	52
With a self-care limitation	27	69	7	—	23	43	59	—	15	54
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989										
No workers	—	188	22	19	81	49	70	7	189	101
Mean family income (dollars)	—	9 040	22 945	23 274	30 543	18 601	12 992	250	13 812	27 166
1 worker	14	230	75	—	217	195	309	8	337	389
Mean family income (dollars)	14 005	13 209	8 131	—	38 054	40 167	18 504	6 725	24 532	34 932
2 or more workers	25	137	134	48	542	330	535	86	916	684
Mean family income (dollars)	25 537	37 582	17 609	19 111	55 115	50 872	31 787	34 335	45 414	51 250

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County—Con.							Rantoul village, Champaign County		
	Tract 11	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 106.02 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.01 (pt.)	Tract 102.02 (pt.)
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	3 142	5 099	3 628	4 888	3 326	25	—	3 854	772	198
In labor force	2 214	3 932	2 812	3 647	1 177	10	—	2 724	576	175
Percent of persons 16 years and over	70.5	77.1	77.5	74.6	35.4	40.0	—	70.7	74.6	88.4
Civilian labor force	2 209	3 923	2 792	3 647	1 177	10	—	2 495	562	161
Employed	2 119	3 798	2 690	3 615	1 090	10	—	2 412	554	150
Unemployed	90	125	102	32	87	—	—	83	8	11
Percent of civilian labor force	4.1	3.2	3.7	0.9	7.4	—	—	3.3	1.4	6.8
Not in labor force	928	1 167	816	1 241	2 149	15	—	1 130	196	23
Institutionalized persons	—	—	71	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enrolled in school	114	249	165	235	2 149	—	—	141	21	5
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	535	468	157	450	—	15	—	535	84	6
Females 16 years and over	1 659	2 682	1 872	2 555	1 339	15	—	2 056	402	94
In labor force	1 043	1 868	1 300	1 620	571	—	—	1 278	283	71
Percent of females 16 years and over	62.9	69.6	69.4	63.4	42.6	—	—	62.2	70.4	75.5
Civilian labor force	1 043	1 868	1 300	1 620	571	—	—	1 234	283	71
Employed	993	1 824	1 240	1 604	561	—	—	1 186	283	67
Unemployed	50	44	60	16	10	—	—	48	—	4
Percent of civilian labor force	4.8	2.4	4.6	1.0	1.8	—	—	3.9	—	5.6
With own children under 6 years	243	364	390	389	—	—	—	317	57	21
In labor force	208	251	233	215	—	—	—	205	51	9
With own children 6 to 17 years only	220	578	459	405	—	—	—	371	83	37
In labor force	184	503	383	278	—	—	—	282	77	37
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	307	594	645	524	—	—	—	396	72	25
All parents present in household in labor force	254	382	341	264	—	—	—	258	60	15
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	473	1 170	1 028	849	—	—	—	901	169	79
All parents present in household in labor force	428	976	819	506	—	—	—	685	155	74
Persons 16 to 19 years	160	378	218	282	2 426	—	—	347	50	22
Not enrolled in school	20	63	38	45	—	—	—	95	8	13
Unemployed or not in labor force	9	15	20	—	—	—	—	21	8	4
Not high school graduate	4	7	13	18	—	—	—	10	—	4
Employed	—	7	—	18	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unemployed	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	10	—	4
Not in labor force	4	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES										
Employed persons 16 years and over	2 119	3 798	2 690	3 615	1 090	10	—	2 412	554	150
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	369	463	427	664	77	—	—	360	79	13
Professional specialty occupations	749	667	690	1 409	105	—	—	243	90	32
Technicians and related support occupations	121	146	150	187	10	—	—	49	11	7
Sales occupations	191	430	275	294	135	—	—	242	58	6
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	305	707	443	497	345	—	—	430	113	20
Private household occupations	14	8	9	10	9	—	—	—	—	4
Protective service occupations	28	45	27	32	42	—	—	27	7	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	116	373	238	200	268	—	—	269	67	36
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	—	26	11	17	10	—	—	18	4	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	105	374	210	158	36	—	—	270	50	20
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	53	140	88	46	9	10	—	290	18	12
Transportation and material moving occupations	31	243	62	36	22	—	—	92	38	—
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	37	176	60	65	22	—	—	122	19	—
Construction	99	186	91	110	11	—	—	76	24	6
Manufacturing	171	507	329	245	46	—	—	638	59	35
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	75	331	186	109	19	—	—	197	90	5
Wholesale and retail trade	280	933	477	637	228	—	—	571	74	31
Finance, insurance, and real estate	120	230	197	169	26	—	—	148	63	6
Business and repair services	78	122	75	107	—	10	—	89	7	7
Professional and related services	1 115	1 207	1 100	1 908	682	—	—	430	164	25
CLASS OF WORKER										
Employed persons 16 years and over	2 119	3 798	2 690	3 615	1 090	10	—	2 412	554	150
Private wage and salary workers	1 168	2 734	1 651	1 990	726	10	—	1 802	380	106
Government workers	807	857	891	1 389	355	—	—	509	138	37
Local government workers	161	227	220	283	30	—	—	187	81	12
Self-employed workers	138	200	148	236	—	—	—	96	36	7
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	2 414	4 204	3 100	3 882	3 063	—	—	2 960	639	180
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 865	3 350	2 411	2 837	1 047	—	—	2 332	453	158
50 to 52 weeks	1 313	2 464	1 869	2 199	9	—	—	1 758	326	119
40 to 49 weeks	199	455	227	314	20	—	—	173	46	—
27 to 39 weeks	151	183	114	149	102	—	—	167	37	20
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	355	531	351	579	456	—	—	267	107	7
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	2 414	4 560	3 322	4 244	3 326	10	—	3 047	646	178
With a mobility or self-care limitation	23	166	88	29	11	—	—	270	35	12
With a mobility limitation	7	95	40	29	11	—	—	68	15	—
In labor force	7	32	23	22	11	—	—	22	9	—
With a self-care limitation	16	121	81	—	—	—	—	244	20	12
With a work disability	90	247	191	103	50	—	—	234	37	21
In labor force	60	123	134	87	31	—	—	115	19	21
Prevented from working	24	102	42	16	—	—	—	79	18	—
No work disability	2 324	4 313	3 131	4 141	3 276	10	—	2 813	609	157
In labor force	1 969	3 738	2 609	3 380	1 146	10	—	2 337	515	140
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	723	530	215	644	—	15	—	578	112	6
With a mobility or self-care limitation	74	181	31	94	—	—	—	74	6	—
With a mobility limitation	69	156	—	76	—	—	—	74	—	—
With a self-care limitation	44	86	31	56	—	—	—	31	6	—
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989										
No workers	133	102	37	130	—	—	—	94	38	5
Mean family income (dollars)	40 600	13 768	31 795	28 410	—	—	—	20 200	40 140	2 832
1 worker	264	379	307	492	—	—	—	506	59	27
Mean family income (dollars)	57 322	23 776	41 239	79 467	—	—	—	26 658	37 819	16 809
2 or more workers	782	1 310	1 111	1 173	—	—	—	832	216	37
Mean family income (dollars)	72 418	41 379	50 368	78 646	—	—	—	41 377	57 421	40 990
CENSUS TRACTS AND BLOCK NUMBERING AREAS										

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Rantoul village, Champaign County—Con.			Urbana city, Champaign County						
	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 51	Tract 52	Tract 53 (pt.)
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	2 776	5 097	—	—	—	—	—	196	2 107	2 072
In labor force	2 092	4 519	—	—	—	—	—	51	1 513	1 226
Percent of persons 16 years and over	75.4	88.7	—	—	—	—	—	26.0	71.8	59.2
Civilian labor force	1 952	1 231	—	—	—	—	—	51	1 513	1 226
Employed	1 827	1 181	—	—	—	—	—	43	1 441	1 115
Unemployed	125	50	—	—	—	—	—	8	72	111
Percent of civilian labor force	6.4	4.1	—	—	—	—	—	15.7	4.8	9.1
Not in labor force	684	578	—	—	—	—	—	145	594	846
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	104	—	157
Enrolled in school	92	138	—	—	—	—	—	5	503	158
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	240	5	—	—	—	—	—	14	34	215
Females 16 years and over	1 443	1 695	—	—	—	—	—	50	707	1 187
In labor force	958	1 179	—	—	—	—	—	26	537	642
Percent of females 16 years and over	66.4	69.6	—	—	—	—	—	52.0	76.0	54.1
Civilian labor force	926	907	—	—	—	—	—	26	537	642
Employed	870	857	—	—	—	—	—	26	515	577
Unemployed	56	50	—	—	—	—	—	—	22	65
Percent of civilian labor force	6.0	5.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4.1	10.1
With own children under 6 years	235	811	—	—	—	—	—	—	37	181
In labor force	187	484	—	—	—	—	—	—	27	117
With own children 6 to 17 years only	256	347	—	—	—	—	—	9	30	117
In labor force	184	278	—	—	—	—	—	4	23	82
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	377	1 003	—	—	—	—	—	—	56	221
All parents present in household in labor force	261	605	—	—	—	—	—	—	37	133
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	644	1 180	—	—	—	—	—	22	75	430
All parents present in household in labor force	499	876	—	—	—	—	—	11	68	341
Persons 16 to 19 years	215	502	—	—	—	—	—	20	58	180
Not enrolled in school	81	268	—	—	—	—	—	13	30	25
Unemployed or not in labor force	10	63	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	12
Not high school graduate	20	31	—	—	—	—	—	13	5	12
Employed	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	5	6
Unemployed	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Not in labor force	10	23	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES										
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 827	1 181	—	—	—	—	—	43	1 441	1 115
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	168	72	—	—	—	—	—	—	56	92
Professional specialty occupations	170	213	—	—	—	—	—	13	541	130
Technicians and related support occupations	26	75	—	—	—	—	—	—	180	55
Sales occupations	210	241	—	—	—	—	—	—	122	82
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	253	215	—	—	—	—	—	15	228	156
Private household occupations	12	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	21
Protective service occupations	25	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	31	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	310	196	—	—	—	—	—	—	160	316
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	22	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	5
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	214	27	—	—	—	—	—	10	36	76
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	231	68	—	—	—	—	—	5	28	79
Transportation and material moving occupations	72	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	33	34
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	114	35	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	69
Construction	65	20	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	81
Manufacturing	466	102	—	—	—	—	—	7	107	106
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	122	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	51	54
Wholesale and retail trade	486	347	—	—	—	—	—	9	240	287
Finance, insurance, and real estate	52	36	—	—	—	—	—	—	62	6
Business and repair services	78	58	—	—	—	—	—	5	31	37
Professional and related services	320	342	—	—	—	—	—	22	855	413
CLASS OF WORKER										
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 827	1 181	—	—	—	—	—	43	1 441	1 115
Private wage and salary workers	1 381	677	—	—	—	—	—	36	728	824
Government workers	349	468	—	—	—	—	—	7	700	265
Local government workers	123	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	36	52
Self-employed workers	97	36	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	26
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	2 296	4 702	—	—	—	—	—	150	1 918	1 419
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 793	3 655	—	—	—	—	—	111	1 039	1 062
50 to 52 weeks	1 324	2 276	—	—	—	—	—	25	526	702
40 to 49 weeks	221	598	—	—	—	—	—	18	126	120
27 to 39 weeks	89	289	—	—	—	—	—	17	99	57
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	232	544	—	—	—	—	—	12	526	174
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	2 348	1 804	—	—	—	—	—	78	2 068	1 642
With a mobility or self-care limitation	77	12	—	—	—	—	—	10	44	162
With a mobility limitation	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	25	63
In labor force	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
With a self-care limitation	77	12	—	—	—	—	—	10	26	120
With a work disability	182	28	—	—	—	—	—	4	64	144
In labor force	90	12	—	—	—	—	—	4	44	25
Prevented from working	81	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	20	115
No work disability	2 166	1 776	—	—	—	—	—	74	2 004	1 498
In labor force	1 820	1 219	—	—	—	—	—	47	1 464	1 143
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	288	5	—	—	—	—	—	14	39	273
With a mobility or self-care limitation	24	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	20	31
With a mobility limitation	24	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	20	13
With a self-care limitation	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	6	31
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989										
No workers	79	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	20	76
Mean family income (dollars)	23 899	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3 375	14 843
1 worker	256	359	—	—	—	—	—	16	42	210
Mean family income (dollars)	23 072	18 696	—	—	—	—	—	12 539	14 704	14 583
2 or more workers	658	1 001	—	—	—	—	—	5	123	346
Mean family income (dollars)	36 594	27 412	—	—	—	—	—	150 000	44 993	33 570

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Urbana city, Champaign County—Con.							
	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 55 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 58	Tract 59	Tract 60 (pt.)	Tract 106.02 (pt.)
LABOR FORCE STATUS								
Persons 16 years and over	1 928	2 489	3 522	4 989	3 563	8 566	1 562	—
In labor force	1 418	1 615	2 588	3 333	2 648	3 872	835	—
Percent of persons 16 years and over	73.5	64.9	73.5	66.8	74.3	45.2	53.5	—
Civilian labor force	1 401	1 615	2 571	3 325	2 648	3 872	835	—
Employed	1 350	1 575	2 437	3 249	2 584	3 681	818	—
Unemployed	51	40	134	76	64	191	17	—
Percent of civilian labor force	3.6	2.5	5.2	2.3	2.4	4.9	2.0	—
Not in labor force	510	874	934	1 656	915	4 694	727	—
Institutionalized persons	106	254	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enrolled in school	136	58	242	216	457	4 567	408	—
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	91	373	405	947	304	44	14	—
Females 16 years and over	996	1 328	1 892	2 728	1 772	4 581	698	—
In labor force	710	717	1 315	1 566	1 179	2 050	270	—
Percent of females 16 years and over	71.3	54.0	69.5	57.4	66.5	44.8	38.7	—
Civilian labor force	705	717	1 315	1 566	1 179	2 050	270	—
Employed	679	703	1 260	1 531	1 148	1 965	259	—
Unemployed	26	14	55	35	31	85	11	—
Percent of civilian labor force	3.7	2.0	4.2	2.2	2.6	4.1	4.1	—
With own children under 6 years	136	126	320	374	183	35	297	—
In labor force	58	86	243	270	126	18	71	—
With own children 6 to 17 years only	96	167	310	326	151	—	115	—
In labor force	69	127	294	255	119	—	46	—
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	223	238	484	568	229	40	396	—
All parents present in household in labor force	110	139	346	387	159	22	53	—
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	286	230	649	719	408	5	294	—
All parents present in household in labor force	141	163	539	567	287	5	81	—
Persons 16 to 19 years	130	84	183	159	213	3 704	51	—
Not enrolled in school	20	25	21	6	12	6	13	—
Unemployed or not in labor force	15	11	12	6	—	—	—	—
Not high school graduate	15	18	12	—	—	—	13	—
Employed	5	7	—	—	—	—	13	—
Unemployed	8	11	12	—	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES								
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 350	1 575	2 437	3 249	2 584	3 681	818	—
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	77	129	255	437	284	202	64	—
Professional specialty occupations	334	362	556	1 496	1 125	1 068	451	—
Technicians and related support occupations	102	134	169	235	238	360	95	—
Sales occupations	202	129	224	233	123	308	12	—
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	207	232	317	377	293	812	55	—
Private household occupations	—	—	13	17	—	10	19	—
Protective service occupations	5	—	14	9	—	34	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	162	191	332	187	275	693	83	—
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	—	34	24	38	24	36	6	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	90	132	259	96	84	44	9	—
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	62	121	104	64	49	43	11	—
Transportation and material moving occupations	56	63	66	45	31	20	13	—
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	53	48	104	15	58	51	—	—
Construction	35	98	120	59	37	40	—	—
Manufacturing	168	206	208	130	132	90	20	—
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	115	124	105	93	48	36	33	—
Wholesale and retail trade	344	234	496	349	314	666	57	—
Finance, insurance, and real estate	60	48	104	155	42	80	6	—
Business and repair services	25	48	104	51	65	88	—	—
Professional and related services	556	688	1 104	2 185	1 761	2 539	677	—
CLASS OF WORKER								
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 350	1 575	2 437	3 249	2 584	3 681	818	—
Private wage and salary workers	974	868	1 489	1 344	1 058	1 945	273	—
Government workers	339	644	797	1 692	1 421	1 681	534	—
Local government workers	57	119	218	275	140	65	17	—
Self-employed workers	37	63	140	213	105	46	11	—
WORK STATUS IN 1989								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	1 628	1 701	2 827	3 746	3 033	7 673	1 016	—
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 179	1 314	2 063	2 715	1 806	3 181	480	—
50 to 52 weeks	920	1 086	1 504	1 911	1 096	390	252	—
40 to 49 weeks	112	70	270	397	295	215	83	—
27 to 39 weeks	8	59	71	199	130	277	49	—
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	225	241	438	488	618	1 428	321	—
DISABILITY								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 689	1 818	3 012	3 877	3 172	8 508	1 548	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation	17	49	50	38	26	30	29	—
With a mobility limitation	10	32	50	24	18	15	6	—
In labor force	8	11	15	—	12	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	7	26	30	14	14	22	23	—
With a work disability	72	154	250	186	76	168	6	—
In labor force	50	86	118	71	54	71	6	—
Prevented from working	16	68	93	79	16	41	—	—
No work disability	1 617	1 664	2 762	3 691	3 096	8 340	1 542	—
In labor force	1 326	1 485	2 365	3 104	2 518	3 791	829	—
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	116	417	493	1 104	391	58	14	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation	21	40	127	151	52	—	—	—
With a mobility limitation	21	40	104	124	52	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	—	7	43	73	10	—	—	—
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989								
No workers	76	77	131	103	62	19	114	—
Mean family income (dollars)	5 396	17 808	10 742	46 280	36 834	17 848	1 633	—
1 worker	196	—	366	503	193	43	303	—
Mean family income (dollars)	21 761	26 219	23 645	63 648	48 771	26 023	14 086	—
2 or more workers	318	415	774	158	531	140	271	—
Mean family income (dollars)	30 286	34 345	38 757	56 786	60 197	33 802	21 185	—

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County								
	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)
LABOR FORCE STATUS									
Persons 16 years and over	22	918	807	—	—	2 765	1 958	96	—
In labor force	22	671	639	—	—	2 128	1 248	78	—
Percent of persons 16 years and over	100.0	73.1	79.2	—	—	77.0	63.7	81.4	—
Civilian labor force	22	671	629	—	—	2 128	1 248	77	—
Employed	16	645	629	—	—	2 076	1 242	76	—
Unemployed	6	26	—	—	—	52	6	1	—
Percent of civilian labor force	27.3	3.9	—	—	—	2.4	.5	1.1	—
Not in labor force	—	247	168	—	—	637	710	17	—
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	225	—	—
Enrolled in school	—	9	18	—	—	159	119	9	—
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	—	133	58	—	—	202	195	—	—
Females 16 years and over	12	464	447	—	—	1 447	981	53	—
In labor force	12	309	327	—	—	945	564	39	—
Percent of females 16 years and over	100.0	66.6	73.2	—	—	65.3	57.5	74.6	—
Civilian labor force	12	309	327	—	—	945	564	39	—
Employed	6	309	327	—	—	929	558	39	—
Unemployed	6	—	—	—	—	16	6	—	—
Percent of civilian labor force	50.0	—	—	—	—	1.7	1.1	1.1	—
With own children under 6 years	—	119	81	—	—	245	97	15	—
In labor force	—	68	62	—	—	186	60	7	—
With own children 6 to 17 years only	—	67	57	—	—	275	193	7	—
In labor force	—	59	47	—	—	189	147	6	—
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	—	137	105	—	—	313	129	20	—
All parents present in household in labor force	—	75	75	—	—	243	79	9	—
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	—	192	80	—	—	552	375	20	—
All parents present in household in labor force	—	171	60	—	—	387	242	17	—
Persons 16 to 19 years	—	78	11	—	—	195	104	6	—
Not enrolled in school	—	60	11	—	—	15	—	—	—
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	13	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
Not high school graduate	—	20	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
Employed	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unemployed	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	—	7	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES									
Employed persons 16 years and over	16	645	629	—	—	2 076	1 242	76	—
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	6	55	44	—	—	407	254	11	—
Professional specialty occupations	—	16	115	—	—	653	401	30	—
Technicians and related support occupations	—	13	28	—	—	24	44	9	—
Sales occupations	5	52	92	—	—	270	205	4	—
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	—	91	142	—	—	317	133	10	—
Private household occupations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Protective service occupations	—	—	17	—	—	6	8	7	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	—	121	64	—	—	140	73	6	—
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	—	17	6	—	—	35	—	5	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	—	58	52	—	—	105	18	1	—
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	5	128	24	—	—	26	16	—	—
Transportation and material moving occupations	—	48	23	—	—	79	43	—	—
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	—	46	22	—	—	14	47	1	—
Construction	—	13	38	—	—	47	55	3	—
Manufacturing	5	196	57	—	—	195	82	4	—
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	—	19	55	—	—	129	68	1	—
Wholesale and retail trade	—	204	166	—	—	391	215	11	—
Finance, insurance, and real estate	5	8	29	—	—	154	142	8	—
Business and repair services	6	46	33	—	—	56	19	1	—
Professional and related services	—	124	177	—	—	924	579	4	—
CLASS OF WORKER									
Employed persons 16 years and over	16	645	629	—	—	2 076	1 242	76	—
Private wage and salary workers	16	535	421	—	—	1 315	763	3	—
Government workers	—	94	157	—	—	645	391	3	—
Local government workers	—	39	56	—	—	141	104	4	—
Self-employed workers	—	11	51	—	—	116	79	4	—
WORK STATUS IN 1989									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	22	715	693	—	—	2 313	1 423	8	—
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	22	505	585	—	—	1 668	1 037	5	—
50 to 52 weeks	11	385	499	—	—	1 246	796	3	—
40 to 49 weeks	5	32	16	—	—	183	151	6	—
27 to 39 weeks	6	42	30	—	—	123	54	3	—
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	—	98	47	—	—	323	221	1	—
DISABILITY									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	22	770	720	—	—	2 460	1 521	9	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	15	—	—	—	74	47	6	—
With a mobility limitation	—	—	—	—	—	24	7	1	—
In labor force	—	—	—	—	—	15	—	1	—
With a self-care limitation	—	15	—	—	—	65	40	5	—
With a work disability	—	67	49	—	—	88	50	1	—
In labor force	—	36	29	—	—	64	50	1	—
Prevented from working	—	26	20	—	—	24	—	—	—
No work disability	22	703	671	—	—	2 372	1 471	9	—
In labor force	22	620	581	—	—	1 971	1 181	7	—
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	—	148	77	—	—	305	212	8	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	29	22	—	—	10	33	—	—
With a mobility limitation	—	29	22	—	—	10	33	—	—
With a self-care limitation	—	16	11	—	—	—	17	—	—
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989									
No workers	—	50	—	—	—	6	28	6	—
Mean family income (dollars)	—	17 405	—	—	—	53 656	53 485	1	—
1 worker	—	51	85	—	—	287	174	1	—
Mean family income (dollars)	—	23 316	24 162	—	—	84 443	60 578	2	—
2 or more workers	—	220	163	—	—	745	462	1	—
Mean family income (dollars)	—	34 423	42 439	—	—	76 812	64 833	3	—

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County—Con.							
	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 55 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 60 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.01 (pt.) Tract 102.02 (pt.)
LABOR FORCE STATUS								
Persons 16 years and over	133	3 924	1 787	431	369	62	66	14
in labor force	73	3 034	1 495	345	221	56	36	14
Percent of persons 16 years and over	54.9	77.3	83.7	80.0	59.9	90.3	54.5	100.0
Civilian labor force	73	3 011	1 495	345	221	56	31	14
Employed	60	2 897	1 379	345	214	56	31	14
Unemployed	13	114	116	—	7	—	—	—
Percent of civilian labor force	17.8	3.8	7.8	—	3.2	—	—	—
Not in labor force	60	890	292	86	148	6	30	—
Institutionalized persons	—	94	—	—	54	—	—	—
Enrolled in school	42	146	66	11	16	—	—	—
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	—	271	73	60	45	—	30	—
Females 16 years and over	46	2 081	1 030	243	184	30	39	6
in labor force	27	1 481	818	177	84	24	18	6
Percent of females 16 years and over	58.7	71.2	79.4	72.8	45.7	80.0	46.2	100.0
Civilian labor force	27	1 481	818	177	84	24	18	6
Employed	27	1 451	756	177	84	24	18	6
Unemployed	—	30	62	—	—	—	—	—
Percent of civilian labor force	—	2.0	7.6	—	—	—	—	—
With own children under 6 years	—	287	192	51	—	—	—	6
In labor force	—	197	157	51	—	—	—	6
With own children 6 to 17 years only	—	309	170	42	45	6	—	—
In labor force	—	238	156	35	19	—	—	—
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	—	465	263	75	—	—	8	8
All parents present in household in labor force	—	308	220	75	—	—	8	8
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	—	694	350	127	89	9	13	—
All parents present in household in labor force	—	544	270	121	24	—	13	—
Persons 16 to 19 years	6	206	125	11	36	—	5	—
Not enrolled in school	—	28	11	—	—	—	5	—
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	9	11	—	—	—	—	—
Not high school graduate	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
Employed	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unemployed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES								
Employed persons 16 years and over	60	2 897	1 379	345	214	56	31	14
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	—	358	201	30	58	12	—	—
Professional specialty occupations	5	418	215	41	99	12	—	—
Technicians and related support occupations	4	85	59	7	17	16	—	—
Sales occupations	15	334	122	28	10	5	11	6
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	12	459	219	69	16	11	—	—
Private household occupations	—	21	—	7	—	—	—	—
Protective service occupations	—	42	23	18	—	—	7	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	15	469	200	59	14	—	—	—
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	—	32	16	—	—	—	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	5	367	144	48	—	—	13	8
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	—	98	48	11	—	—	—	—
Transportation and material moving occupations	4	112	60	19	—	—	—	—
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	—	102	72	8	—	—	—	—
Construction	—	195	68	7	18	—	—	—
Manufacturing	5	375	86	—	10	—	7	—
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	4	122	80	12	—	5	—	8
Wholesale and retail trade	30	729	344	98	—	5	17	6
Finance, insurance, and real estate	—	173	77	—	21	5	7	—
Business and repair services	4	80	36	30	—	9	—	—
Professional and related services	17	933	565	132	151	25	—	—
CLASS OF WORKER								
Employed persons 16 years and over	60	2 897	1 379	345	214	56	31	14
Private wage and salary workers	48	2 168	908	146	103	10	31	14
Government workers	8	539	366	114	91	32	—	—
Local government workers	—	98	81	35	7	6	—	—
Self-employed workers	4	177	99	85	20	14	—	—
WORK STATUS IN 1989								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	104	3 172	1 524	355	242	56	45	14
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	67	2 519	1 128	289	175	37	45	14
50 to 52 weeks	13	1 944	857	197	128	32	25	8
40 to 49 weeks	16	259	111	50	17	5	—	6
27 to 39 weeks	—	95	37	23	7	—	—	—
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	10	360	277	38	35	13	—	—
DISABILITY								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	133	3 458	1 683	360	248	62	31	14
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	122	47	7	32	—	—	—
With a mobility limitation	—	51	23	7	—	—	—	—
In labor force	—	9	17	7	—	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	—	94	24	—	32	—	—	—
With a work disability	4	214	162	14	—	—	—	—
In labor force	—	101	107	7	—	—	—	—
Prevented from working	4	108	41	7	—	—	—	—
No work disability	129	3 244	1 521	346	248	62	31	14
In labor force	73	2 832	1 367	327	199	56	31	14
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	—	349	104	71	67	—	30	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	39	22	20	11	—	—	—
With a mobility limitation	—	39	12	20	—	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	—	9	22	—	11	—	—	—
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989								
No workers	—	137	37	20	23	—	—	—
Mean family income (dollars)	—	22 056	16 452	22 838	41 043	—	—	—
1 worker	7	356	122	15	18	5	15	—
Mean family income (dollars)	31 503	23 724	27 985	4 924	164 260	123 000	90 831	—
2 or more workers	5	868	505	126	93	27	5	6
Mean family income (dollars)	26 301	42 894	40 333	43 081	143 046	55 704	16 300	35 600

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Can.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County—Can.								
	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105	Tract 106.01	Tract 106.02 (pt.)	Tract 107	Tract 108	Tract 109
LABOR FORCE STATUS									
Persons 16 years and over	—	—	4 098	2 798	3 193	4 903	4 141	3 364	5 547
In labor force	—	—	2 808	1 997	2 507	3 721	2 999	2 229	4 226
Percent of persons 16 years and over	—	—	68.5	71.4	78.5	75.9	72.4	66.3	76.2
Civilian labor force	—	—	2 725	1 996	2 507	3 712	2 999	2 223	4 218
Employed	—	—	2 592	1 944	2 433	3 515	2 907	2 160	4 062
Unemployed	—	—	133	52	74	197	92	63	156
Percent of civilian labor force	—	—	4.9	2.6	3.0	5.3	3.1	2.8	3.7
Not in labor force	—	—	1 290	801	686	1 182	1 142	1 135	1 321
Institutionalized persons	—	—	81	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enrolled in school	—	—	117	109	132	180	218	129	164
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	—	—	498	341	275	398	493	524	633
Females 16 years and over	—	—	2 114	1 390	1 635	2 475	2 148	1 759	2 725
In labor force	—	—	1 295	841	1 163	1 639	1 392	974	1 900
Percent of females 16 years and over	—	—	61.3	60.5	71.1	66.2	64.8	55.4	69.7
Civilian labor force	—	—	1 277	841	1 163	1 639	1 392	974	1 898
Employed	—	—	1 206	824	1 126	1 594	1 350	959	1 846
Unemployed	—	—	71	17	37	45	42	15	52
Percent of civilian labor force	—	—	5.6	2.0	3.2	2.7	3.0	1.5	2.7
With own children under 6 years	—	—	321	276	349	461	288	332	452
In labor force	—	—	252	173	262	301	220	237	374
With own children 6 to 17 years only	—	—	431	293	418	570	522	266	595
In labor force	—	—	359	258	338	432	407	207	505
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	—	—	432	358	477	703	432	420	631
All parents present in household in labor force	—	—	332	232	331	407	309	299	517
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	—	—	962	683	1 006	1 190	1 125	709	1 343
All parents present in household in labor force	—	—	749	544	786	941	813	506	1 074
Persons 16 to 19 years	—	—	333	181	327	312	315	225	387
Not enrolled in school	—	—	102	30	65	27	54	58	127
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	—	18	3	7	—	6	17	36
Not high school graduate	—	—	22	2	10	11	16	18	58
Employed	—	—	11	1	5	11	16	3	36
Unemployed	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	3	14
Not in labor force	—	—	8	1	5	—	—	12	8
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES									
Employed persons 16 years and over	—	—	2 592	1 944	2 433	3 515	2 907	2 160	4 062
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	—	—	255	165	331	397	350	221	388
Professional specialty occupations	—	—	193	176	479	482	334	219	407
Technicians and related support occupations	—	—	108	47	79	161	132	95	213
Sales occupations	—	—	258	171	322	326	338	184	405
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	—	—	341	295	369	588	567	375	667
Private household occupations	—	—	45	15	6	13	—	28	4
Protective service occupations	—	—	49	22	25	36	37	33	71
Service occupations, except protective and household	—	—	355	184	226	357	273	227	524
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	—	—	190	184	30	117	167	208	311
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	—	—	311	262	257	437	376	266	506
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	—	—	232	149	105	187	82	86	165
Transportation and material moving occupations	—	—	118	181	116	183	123	105	237
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	—	—	137	93	88	231	128	113	164
Construction	—	—	144	132	131	340	239	136	277
Manufacturing	—	—	523	339	300	508	297	191	309
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	—	—	151	198	162	246	152	177	344
Wholesale and retail trade	—	—	566	347	556	862	708	500	871
Finance, insurance, and real estate	—	—	97	103	138	132	102	102	259
Business and repair services	—	—	84	59	110	73	97	55	213
Professional and related services	—	—	486	417	830	975	890	593	1 125
CLASS OF WORKER									
Employed persons 16 years and over	—	—	2 592	1 944	2 433	3 515	2 907	2 160	4 062
Private wage and salary workers	—	—	1 829	1 354	1 686	2 536	1 962	1 405	2 751
Government workers	—	—	500	322	528	680	594	460	837
Local government workers	—	—	119	115	207	162	192	112	223
Self-employed workers	—	—	254	243	212	289	324	281	450
WORK STATUS IN 1989									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	—	—	3 158	2 232	2 643	4 016	3 292	2 536	4 562
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	—	—	2 394	1 824	2 059	3 124	2 673	1 913	3 463
50 to 52 weeks	—	—	1 778	1 433	1 602	2 355	2 112	1 424	2 599
40 to 49 weeks	—	—	262	159	231	381	265	201	378
27 to 39 weeks	—	—	126	116	104	169	95	85	177
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	—	—	385	177	315	464	342	330	533
DISABILITY									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	—	—	3 337	2 376	2 873	4 405	3 530	2 730	4 786
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	—	208	35	47	127	57	45	49
With a mobility limitation	—	—	56	20	25	63	45	35	37
In labor force	—	—	2	2	6	2	26	16	—
With a self-care limitation	—	—	179	23	27	109	40	16	24
With no work disability	—	—	285	158	109	244	174	157	215
In labor force	—	—	122	87	53	107	43	54	117
Prevented from working	—	—	140	62	33	132	82	78	80
No work disability	—	—	3 052	2 218	2 764	4 161	3 356	2 573	4 571
In labor force	—	—	2 504	1 829	2 412	3 517	2 850	2 065	3 983
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	—	—	597	421	320	489	611	628	753
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	—	117	51	56	58	141	112	120
With no mobility limitation	—	—	78	36	47	41	99	94	75
With a self-care limitation	—	—	84	40	25	43	88	62	78
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989									
No workers	—	—	131	61	69	110	124	134	124
Mean family income (dollars)	—	—	16 997	25 723	25 483	17 028	22 787	23 380	18 223
1 worker	—	—	389	228	245	475	330	335	408
Mean family income (dollars)	—	—	23 227	33 920	34 296	46 288	30 960	30 447	30 078
2 or more workers	—	—	954	807	966	1 331	1 175	834	1 562
Mean family income (dollars)	—	—	42 828	46 597	51 183	44 844	48 842	44 609	42 621

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County				
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 7	Tract 8
INCOME IN 1989										
Households	63 993	63 993	24 234	5 487	13 247	787	2 809	1 753	1 468	634
Less than \$5,000	4 339	4 339	2 344	170	1 152	221	740	489	100	36
\$5,000 to \$9,999	6 471	6 471	3 233	280	1 720	161	814	509	230	64
\$10,000 to \$14,999	7 009	7 009	2 955	652	1 815	135	613	360	212	60
\$15,000 to \$24,999	12 410	12 410	4 360	1 456	2 770	121	390	302	373	171
\$25,000 to \$34,999	9 887	9 887	3 188	1 206	1 888	68	173	51	238	120
\$35,000 to \$49,999	11 599	11 599	3 923	1 076	1 794	40	34	35	210	113
\$50,000 to \$74,999	8 171	8 171	2 661	457	1 364	35	40	—	79	65
\$75,000 to \$99,999	2 201	2 201	805	121	368	—	5	7	20	5
\$100,000 or more	1 906	1 906	765	69	376	6	—	—	6	—
Median (dollars)	26 541	26 541	22 967	26 205	21 705	10 346	8 555	8 181	19 429	24 103
Mean (dollars)	33 832	33 832	32 401	29 937	29 581	15 428	11 339	10 543	23 609	27 090
Families	38 957	38 957	12 159	4 167	6 825	555	231	67	914	422
Median income (dollars)	35 630	35 630	36 767	28 218	31 133	11 996	13 458	16 397	22 283	26 515
Males 15 years and over, with income	67 393	67 393	26 152	6 932	14 159	413	3 307	4 648	1 278	594
Median income (dollars)	15 286	15 286	10 953	16 589	11 228	9 607	5 667	3 811	13 866	16 553
Percent year-round full-time workers	44.7	44.7	36.1	57.3	35.1	33.7	8.4	4.0	49.1	54.7
Median income (dollars)	26 956	26 956	28 769	20 530	25 844	22 557	12 643	13 625	20 634	20 984
Females 15 years and over, with income	61 897	61 897	23 262	4 914	14 311	814	1 890	2 959	1 312	589
Median income (dollars)	9 112	9 112	8 006	10 519	6 625	6 228	3 770	2 918	8 319	8 856
Percent year-round full-time workers	32.8	32.8	30.3	37.2	24.0	22.2	5.9	1.5	39.8	43.5
Median income (dollars)	17 314	17 314	17 946	15 627	18 184	12 351	9 519	6 019	15 040	16 176
Per capita income (dollars)	13 130	13 130	13 025	11 360	11 439	5 840	5 661	6 013	9 382	10 165
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households	63 993	63 993	24 234	5 487	13 247	787	2 809	1 753	1 468	634
With earnings	56 042	56 042	21 017	5 003	11 314	447	2 578	1 650	1 236	536
Mean earnings (dollars)	31 602	31 602	30 588	26 546	27 254	15 334	10 872	9 833	23 255	27 582
With Social Security income	11 234	11 234	3 931	867	2 219	344	106	25	319	120
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 326	7 326	7 023	6 458	6 733	5 168	3 579	4 088	7 729	7 602
With public assistance income	2 717	2 717	1 117	190	591	288	77	10	157	58
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 732	3 732	3 598	3 217	3 822	4 353	2 090	2 000	4 618	2 569
With retirement income	8 047	8 047	2 724	1 051	1 467	84	64	38	160	60
Mean retirement income (dollars)	11 674	11 674	10 888	12 102	14 326	9 948	5 958	10 033	7 025	12 863
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars)	42 352	42 352	45 968	32 153	38 189	17 813	15 040	20 291	25 857	29 954
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	40 035	40 035	45 270	28 538	33 948	10 613	9 431	35 812	24 474	28 922
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	44 758	44 758	46 636	37 907	42 067	29 825	15 845	17 883	27 228	31 356
Married-couple families (dollars)	46 761	46 761	52 524	34 444	43 513	30 468	14 277	24 806	29 872	32 975
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	46 686	46 686	55 849	31 786	41 114	34 666	9 431	35 812	29 938	34 725
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	46 829	46 829	49 764	38 100	45 337	29 394	15 166	22 604	29 816	31 269
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	19 673	19 673	19 199	20 490	16 891	12 182	24 264	4 000	18 756	19 468
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	15 571	15 571	14 907	15 188	13 203	7 262	—	—	17 218	16 422
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	28 733	28 733	28 121	38 635	24 104	38 609	24 264	4 000	21 044	32 187
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels in 1989										
Families	38 957	38 957	12 159	4 167	6 825	555	231	67	914	422
Householder worked in 1989	33 961	33 961	10 391	3 761	5 807	289	199	48	749	365
With related children under 18 years	20 468	20 468	6 128	2 575	3 417	376	29	9	498	260
With related children under 5 years	8 963	8 963	2 661	1 346	1 655	233	19	9	247	135
Married-couple families	31 979	31 979	9 624	3 442	5 328	162	187	54	561	320
Householder worked in 1989	28 331	28 331	8 433	3 097	4 681	88	155	43	438	280
With related children under 18 years	15 581	15 581	4 423	2 009	2 354	38	29	9	257	175
With related children under 5 years	7 073	7 073	1 967	1 134	1 200	10	19	9	142	85
Female householder, no husband present	5 403	5 403	2 069	597	1 141	344	14	5	291	88
Householder worked in 1989	4 284	4 284	1 572	541	850	181	14	5	259	71
With related children under 18 years	3 979	3 979	1 507	462	829	309	—	—	217	71
With related children under 5 years	1 520	1 520	588	178	379	209	—	—	88	50
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	37 852	37 852	19 484	1 788	9 753	334	5 080	3 967	804	299
Nonfamily householder	25 036	25 036	12 075	1 320	6 422	232	2 578	1 686	554	212
65 years and over	4 975	4 975	1 876	303	1 233	148	59	—	161	30
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	154 934	154 934	55 717	15 029	28 919	2 115	5 572	4 122	3 672	1 655
Persons under 18 years	36 859	36 859	11 228	4 892	5 677	834	61	8	994	469
Related children under 18 years	36 658	36 658	11 153	4 860	5 650	824	38	8	984	469
Related children 5 to 17 years	25 056	25 056	7 469	3 261	3 555	512	29	—	671	319
Persons 65 years and over	14 060	14 060	4 962	989	2 919	327	75	21	409	148
Persons 75 years and over	5 385	5 385	1 915	203	1 265	121	50	—	152	38
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families	3 130	3 130	1 167	308	870	266	47	13	182	39
Percent below poverty level	8.0	8.0	9.6	7.4	12.7	47.9	20.3	19.4	19.9	9.2
Householder worked in 1989	1 801	1 801	601	241	487	105	37	5	122	22
With related children under 18 years	2 483	2 483	919	255	660	259	10	—	129	39
With related children under 5 years	1 498	1 498	560	172	441	183	—	—	96	29
Married-couple families	1 284	1 284	395	136	396	12	47	—	70	7
Householder worked in 1989	726	726	205	87	217	7	37	—	38	7
With related children under 18 years	865	865	259	101	250	5	10	—	45	7
With related children under 5 years	569	569	191	90	175	—	—	—	33	7
Female householder, no husband present	1 606	1 606	684	158	390	254	—	5	87	32
Householder worked in 1989	929	929	344	140	234	9	—	5	69	15
With related children under 18 years	1 454	1 454	609	140	351	254	—	—	75	32
With related children under 5 years	818	818	323	76	238	183	—	—	54	22
Unrelated individuals	13 974	13 974	8 919	300	3 503	143	3 547	3 187	145	74
Nonfamily householder	6 739	6 739	4 051	130	1 811	98	1 608	1 233	59	35
65 years and over	876	876	305	53	223	42	35	—	33	10
Persons	24 127	24 127	12 625	1 347	6 302	1 043	3 660	3 214	725	199
Percent below poverty level	15.6	15.6	22.7	9.0	21.8	49.3	65.7	78.0	19.7	12.0
Persons under 18 years	5 209	5 209	1 852	592	1 370	587	37	—	261	80
Related children under 18 years	5 023	5 023	1 783	564	1 343	577	14	—	257	80
Related children 5 to 17 years	3 070	3 070	1 109	319	756	350	14	—	118	53
Persons 65 years and over	1 168	1 168	412	72	292	49	35	—	70	10
Persons 75 years and over	568	568	192	21	138	24	26	—	29	—
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	11 818	11 818	6 641	438	3 215	523	2 155	1 978	358	107
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	31 173	31 173	15 398	2 210	7 883	1 353	4 234	3 481	974	361
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	53 062	53 062	22 172	6 020	12 442	1 634	4 942	3 768	1 830	732

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.									
	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 53	Tract 54	Tract 55	Tract 56
INCOME IN 1989										
Households	2 915	2 144	2 632	3 084	3 472	540	1 056	3 300	2 274	2 286
Less than \$5,000	179	152	70	50	84	29	83	189	104	205
\$5,000 to \$9,999	255	195	219	60	95	83	212	283	271	255
\$10,000 to \$14,999	267	258	203	108	154	137	144	304	240	285
\$15,000 to \$24,999	722	543	515	302	385	147	249	843	556	417
\$25,000 to \$34,999	402	305	517	413	431	72	162	693	393	418
\$35,000 to \$49,999	571	404	744	721	696	44	136	560	346	465
\$50,000 to \$74,999	408	138	286	916	891	14	57	282	333	221
\$75,000 to \$99,999	83	51	37	281	332	—	13	103	31	7
\$100,000 or more	28	98	41	233	404	14	—	43	—	13
Median (dollars)	25 587	23 593	31 221	47 385	48 219	16 419	18 797	25 491	24 341	24 441
Mean (dollars)	31 573	33 641	32 152	55 202	60 315	22 229	22 195	29 592	28 453	26 562
Families	1 690	1 176	1 791	2 493	2 459	353	644	1 951	1 350	1 432
Median income (dollars)	33 500	33 933	35 159	51 099	57 051	21 250	20 313	29 071	32 619	31 422
Males 15 years and over, with income	2 409	1 630	2 365	3 047	3 246	2 230	905	2 626	1 861	1 764
Median income (dollars)	19 073	19 187	21 105	32 731	37 047	3 082	11 430	19 086	18 987	16 542
Percent year-round full-time workers	54.0	56.3	52.9	66.2	58.5	7.7	37.6	57.6	57.2	50.9
Median income (dollars)	28 586	23 854	27 986	37 368	45 913	18 194	20 385	22 695	22 876	25 938
Females 15 years and over, with income	2 544	1 860	2 449	2 963	3 133	1 711	1 095	2 772	2 079	2 031
Median income (dollars)	12 470	11 556	11 531	14 026	15 300	2 648	7 798	11 607	12 434	11 093
Percent year-round full-time workers	49.3	38.6	49.5	37.1	35.0	9.8	34.2	48.7	42.3	39.6
Median income (dollars)	17 078	16 374	16 250	21 287	23 924	17 958	13 486	17 004	17 061	17 841
Per capita income (dollars)	13 630	15 217	12 411	19 411	25 300	4 661	8 510	13 219	12 427	11 792
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households	2 915	2 144	2 632	3 084	3 472	540	1 056	3 300	2 274	2 286
With earnings	2 538	1 831	2 303	2 927	3 114	534	878	2 984	1 882	1 870
Mean earnings (dollars)	30 977	30 973	32 355	49 704	54 164	20 998	21 434	28 257	27 912	27 085
With Social Security income	425	495	432	387	605	5	234	434	516	496
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 543	7 667	7 124	7 177	8 280	500	6 572	8 533	5 885	7 096
With public assistance income	187	89	94	43	35	—	117	188	135	152
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 337	3 107	2 668	5 740	2 262	—	3 985	3 726	4 098	3 640
With retirement income	371	332	377	393	493	29	137	287	333	251
Mean retirement income (dollars)	11 099	10 954	8 945	14 393	15 179	6 600	11 226	9 885	9 213	8 876
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars)	36 360	43 785	36 081	60 802	71 994	26 512	25 090	32 294	33 409	32 136
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	35 228	39 339	34 368	56 342	63 838	19 217	20 349	28 684	31 415	28 880
Na own children under 18 years (dollars)	37 420	47 882	38 034	66 367	62 104	39 335	28 759	35 549	35 563	35 531
Married-couple families (dollars)	42 125	48 972	39 471	63 845	76 938	28 524	32 860	38 210	37 303	38 311
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	43 454	49 196	39 170	60 426	91 076	19 230	31 685	39 772	36 256	37 372
Na own children under 18 years (dollars)	41 064	48 803	39 789	67 784	65 522	42 202	33 312	37 301	38 311	39 099
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	18 348	21 516	19 909	28 598	15 873	18 765	13 730	13 852	19 672	15 336
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	15 427	12 646	16 596	27 856	15 718	16 730	12 314	10 964	16 789	12 775
Na own children under 18 years (dollars)	23 306	41 261	29 158	31 373	16 088	36 500	16 891	21 853	24 891	20 667
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels in 1989										
Families	1 690	1 176	1 791	2 493	2 459	353	644	1 951	1 350	1 432
Householder worked in 1989	1 384	1 017	1 439	2 376	2 211	335	506	1 678	1 141	1 218
With related children under 18 years	825	589	1 012	1 399	1 135	225	349	959	714	779
With related children under 5 years	363	241	348	502	401	122	165	433	290	339
Married-couple families	1 284	952	1 454	2 247	2 234	262	367	1 411	1 042	1 039
Householder worked in 1989	1 088	822	1 327	2 152	2 051	244	281	1 270	895	937
With related children under 18 years	570	423	781	1 211	1 014	156	131	528	511	480
With related children under 5 years	315	167	265	437	366	105	63	196	221	230
Female householder, no husband present	348	200	254	204	167	68	223	411	222	342
Householder worked in 1989	258	171	229	182	102	68	182	287	181	255
With related children under 18 years	227	149	199	161	97	61	186	321	156	256
With related children under 5 years	33	57	63	51	25	17	96	184	51	91
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	1 793	1 189	1 208	794	1 203	268	698	1 759	1 200	1 080
Nonfamily householder	1 225	968	841	591	1 013	187	412	1 349	924	854
65 years and over	189	161	250	170	298	8	92	124	274	225
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	6 737	4 687	6 742	8 664	8 362	1 331	2 676	7 212	5 003	5 215
Persons under 18 years	1 519	1 064	1 824	2 564	1 894	406	680	1 717	1 107	1 369
Related children under 18 years	1 504	1 064	1 816	2 556	1 894	406	680	1 717	1 081	1 356
Related children 5 to 17 years	1 002	700	1 292	1 792	1 359	231	484	1 131	640	931
Persons 65 years and over	544	606	530	520	856	8	288	465	521	564
Persons 75 years and over	135	256	226	89	296	—	93	156	228	202
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families	163	115	73	37	95	61	152	259	84	147
Percent below poverty level	9.6	9.8	4.1	1.5	3.9	17.3	23.6	13.3	6.2	10.3
Householder worked in 1989	37	95	37	15	28	49	94	105	42	73
With related children under 18 years	117	82	68	37	62	55	124	200	76	123
With related children under 5 years	49	33	29	13	32	28	77	132	76	81
Married-couple families	56	45	27	—	40	48	27	55	30	22
Householder worked in 1989	12	25	4	—	21	36	7	16	14	15
With related children under 18 years	42	20	27	—	33	42	14	17	30	15
With related children under 5 years	42	8	18	—	21	28	14	—	30	8
Female householder, no husband present	94	60	35	37	55	13	116	190	39	90
Householder worked in 1989	25	60	22	15	7	13	82	83	20	40
With related children under 18 years	75	52	30	37	29	13	110	177	39	73
With related children under 5 years	7	15	—	13	11	—	63	126	39	55
Unrelated individuals	439	231	189	101	126	113	298	260	198	292
Nonfamily householder	226	187	77	63	65	66	147	161	111	229
65 years and over	12	16	60	17	7	—	44	29	38	74
Persons	1 068	565	414	229	350	324	837	1 046	472	710
Percent below poverty level	15.9	12.1	6.1	2.6	4.2	24.3	31.3	14.5	9.4	13.6
Persons under 18 years	329	134	108	79	71	99	286	439	159	232
Related children under 18 years	314	134	100	71	71	99	286	436	133	219
Related children 5 to 17 years	261	97	68	50	37	60	184	236	38	111
Persons 65 years and over	29	26	60	17	17	—	58	69	51	74
Persons 75 years and over	—	11	43	17	10	—	23	21	31	15
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	442	184	189	92	228	115	224	533	196	336
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	1 486	691	682	326	441	461	1 057	1 393	661	1 063
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	2 431	1 308	1 700	960	687	828	1 547	2 414	1 478	1 912

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.								
	Tract 57	Tract 60	Tract 101	Tract 102.01	Tract 102.02	Tract 102.03	Tract 103	Tract 104	Tract 106.02
INCOME IN 1989									
Households	2 978	837	2 204	398	128	1 428	1 372	2 004	2 460
Less than \$5,000	105	169	84	5	5	64	12	87	94
\$5,000 to \$9,999	209	124	178	6	6	57	33	120	137
\$10,000 to \$14,999	203	175	224	37	21	178	202	232	181
\$15,000 to \$24,999	431	216	484	60	42	324	558	451	340
\$25,000 to \$34,999	431	52	444	61	35	309	357	319	474
\$35,000 to \$49,999	420	63	486	109	35	354	133	475	668
\$50,000 to \$74,999	670	12	222	50	6	124	55	255	389
\$75,000 to \$99,999	219	—	43	49	—	7	22	—	121
\$100,000 or more	290	26	39	21	—	11	—	18	56
Median (dollars)	37 371	13 561	27 571	38 500	22 917	27 929	21 725	28 531	35 066
Mean (dollars)	50 630	17 769	31 158	44 923	25 951	29 329	25 187	31 749	39 734
Families	1 898	720	1 452	319	69	993	1 360	1 474	1 916
Median income (dollars)	53 201	13 895	31 921	43 698	23 854	31 619	21 589	34 713	37 933
Males 15 years and over, with income	2 408	750	1 782	378	104	1 325	3 378	1 933	2 378
Median income (dollars)	31 923	11 487	20 400	26 579	13 750	18 175	14 026	20 329	22 902
Percent year-round full-time workers	53.6	26.3	59.0	60.8	79.8	58.7	55.0	54.4	61.2
Median income (dollars)	39 676	20 804	24 517	31 316	15 625	22 273	18 218	24 406	30 110
Females 15 years and over, with income	2 622	382	1 812	376	87	1 276	1 408	1 835	2 205
Median income (dollars)	13 339	6 554	12 149	12 682	12 232	11 387	7 294	10 144	10 865
Percent year-round full-time workers	28.2	22.8	40.4	27.7	41.4	42.8	29.6	39.6	40.8
Median income (dollars)	25 893	11 336	18 486	14 408	14 500	14 859	13 380	17 343	16 664
Per capita income (dollars)	22 740	6 624	13 304	17 436	11 244	11 243	9 331	11 824	14 776
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households	2 978	837	2 204	398	128	1 428	1 372	2 004	2 460
With earnings	2 359	704	1 880	354	117	1 313	1 372	1 785	2 236
Mean earnings (dollars)	45 075	18 477	27 213	36 816	23 195	25 679	24 693	29 014	36 755
With Social Security income	820	12	477	111	—	275	23	552	412
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 167	571	7 051	6 008	—	6 383	2 398	7 616	8 913
With public assistance income	115	11	95	14	—	75	6	137	117
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	4 667	1 650	2 792	8 439	—	2 959	984	3 565	3 234
With retirement income	610	27	579	112	18	347	5	351	330
Mean retirement income (dollars)	17 938	17 300	11 766	12 342	14 955	12 214	7 000	8 878	11 466
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars)	63 089	17 103	35 301	51 327	28 763	32 098	25 111	35 360	43 605
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	56 759	15 209	30 616	49 961	28 961	28 794	23 838	32 545	46 101
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	67 874	20 665	40 419	52 650	27 908	35 476	30 449	38 228	40 522
Married-couple families (dollars)	66 544	18 192	40 458	51 089	40 074	35 224	25 981	38 872	47 944
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	63 030	16 497	38 224	56 119	46 664	33 678	24 813	37 813	52 400
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	68 856	21 142	42 345	47 022	27 908	36 444	30 449	39 766	42 710
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	29 630	2 523	20 114	47 550	15 684	15 727	13 118	20 086	20 264
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	20 642	2 523	14 661	20 260	15 684	15 925	13 118	18 763	15 168
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	45 591	—	32 175	90 434	—	14 605	—	24 323	29 646
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels in 1989									
Families	1 898	720	1 452	319	69	993	1 360	1 474	1 916
Householder worked in 1989	1 690	569	1 229	273	64	861	1 360	1 219	1 725
With related children under 18 years	831	473	758	157	56	518	1 098	775	1 070
With related children under 5 years	401	274	320	66	14	254	704	292	429
Married-couple families	1 638	652	1 083	255	37	823	1 264	1 193	1 605
Householder worked in 1989	1 477	525	891	209	37	716	1 264	1 011	1 460
With related children under 18 years	664	417	496	114	24	379	1 002	563	867
With related children under 5 years	330	263	214	54	5	204	663	237	361
Female householder, no husband present	161	33	302	54	32	133	76	227	250
Householder worked in 1989	131	21	271	54	27	113	76	154	213
With related children under 18 years	103	33	208	33	32	113	76	181	173
With related children under 5 years	54	6	85	12	9	44	28	37	68
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	1 253	128	1 012	87	70	613	30	735	709
Nonfamily householder	1 080	117	752	79	59	435	12	530	544
65 years and over	529	—	200	20	6	82	5	179	137
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	6 615	2 240	5 108	997	293	3 717	5 023	5 255	6 597
Persons under 18 years	1 398	704	1 334	249	108	1 040	2 190	1 421	1 901
Related children under 18 years	1 398	704	1 318	249	104	1 028	2 190	1 418	1 893
Related children 5 to 17 years	889	359	961	179	85	727	1 322	1 044	1 323
Persons 65 years and over	1 171	14	608	112	6	288	5	597	489
Persons 75 years and over	535	5	111	40	—	72	—	221	166
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families	71	243	174	—	15	61	64	142	125
Percent below poverty level	3.7	33.8	12.0	—	21.7	6.1	4.7	9.6	6.5
Householder worked in 1989	55	116	129	—	10	44	64	92	93
With related children under 18 years	47	190	135	—	15	47	64	121	113
With related children under 5 years	47	97	90	—	9	28	51	41	70
Married-couple families	36	193	62	—	—	23	51	59	42
Householder worked in 1989	28	90	21	—	—	15	51	41	35
With related children under 18 years	20	140	31	—	—	19	51	44	30
With related children under 5 years	20	86	20	—	—	19	51	18	12
Female householder, no husband present	27	33	100	—	15	30	13	70	83
Householder worked in 1989	27	21	96	—	10	21	13	38	58
With related children under 18 years	27	33	92	—	15	20	13	68	83
With related children under 5 years	27	6	58	—	9	9	—	14	58
Unrelated individuals	199	73	174	5	—	121	—	138	121
Nonfamily householder	168	62	62	5	—	63	—	74	65
65 years and over	73	—	19	—	—	34	—	42	22
Persons	449	861	708	5	45	371	245	645	498
Percent below poverty level	6.8	38.4	13.9	.5	15.4	10.0	4.9	12.3	7.5
Persons under 18 years	118	325	310	—	34	142	127	272	216
Related children under 18 years	118	325	294	—	30	134	127	271	208
Related children 5 to 17 years	67	190	168	—	16	91	57	211	127
Persons 65 years and over	81	14	38	—	—	34	—	42	30
Persons 75 years and over	52	5	—	—	—	21	—	27	29
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	129	508	261	5	28	99	45	286	200
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	556	1 127	895	11	45	558	728	839	661
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	1 080	1 749	1 616	81	158	1 255	2 963	1 433	1 410

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County									
	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)
INCOME IN 1989										
Households	294	787	2 809	1 753	1 852	1 886	1 458	165	2 404	2 144
Less than \$5,000	69	221	740	489	71	161	100	11	147	152
\$5,000 to \$9,999	93	161	814	509	205	336	230	—	228	195
\$10,000 to \$14,999	48	135	613	360	314	299	212	16	190	258
\$15,000 to \$24,999	47	121	390	302	346	382	368	36	633	543
\$25,000 to \$34,999	25	68	173	51	263	299	238	48	344	305
\$35,000 to \$49,999	12	40	34	35	316	243	205	31	425	404
\$50,000 to \$74,999	—	35	40	—	214	100	79	18	326	138
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	—	5	7	37	26	20	5	83	51
\$100,000 or more	—	6	—	—	86	40	6	—	28	98
Median (dollars)	8 695	10 346	8 555	8 181	24 603	17 775	19 406	28 523	25 081	23 593
Mean (dollars)	12 046	15 428	11 339	10 543	34 875	26 602	23 576	30 158	31 882	33 641
Families	39	555	231	67	840	574	914	101	1 442	1 176
Median income (dollars)	18 958	11 996	13 458	16 397	41 570	28 269	22 283	30 625	32 857	33 933
Males 15 years and over, with income	150	413	3 307	4 648	1 546	1 352	1 268	157	2 049	1 630
Median income (dollars)	9 091	9 607	5 667	3 811	18 297	12 937	13 866	17 422	17 998	19 187
Percent year-round full-time workers	43.3	33.7	8.4	4.0	49.6	51.0	49.1	71.3	50.1	56.3
Median income (dollars)	13 456	22 557	12 643	13 625	25 687	19 875	20 543	22 143	29 302	23 854
Females 15 years and over, with income	235	814	1 890	2 959	1 438	1 364	1 300	164	2 137	1 860
Median income (dollars)	7 694	6 228	3 770	2 918	12 104	12 256	8 258	8 088	11 925	11 556
Percent year-round full-time workers	15.3	22.2	5.9	1.5	39.2	40.5	39.7	51.2	48.2	38.6
Median income (dollars)	20 385	12 351	9 519	6 019	19 010	17 261	14 925	16 042	17 413	16 374
Per capita income (dollars)	8 270	5 840	5 661	6 013	17 323	15 209	9 354	10 715	13 314	15 217
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households	294	787	2 809	1 753	1 852	1 886	1 458	165	2 404	2 144
With earnings	180	447	2 578	1 650	1 609	1 583	1 226	153	2 094	1 831
Mean earnings (dollars)	13 797	15 334	10 872	9 833	30 293	25 193	23 214	31 145	31 580	30 973
With Social Security income	96	344	106	25	357	265	319	—	358	495
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 004	5 168	3 579	4 088	6 359	6 761	7 729	—	7 388	7 667
With public assistance income	16	288	77	10	14	117	157	16	156	89
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	2 292	4 353	2 090	2 000	4 847	3 036	4 618	1 887	3 892	3 107
With retirement income	37	84	64	38	254	139	160	5	305	332
Mean retirement income (dollars)	4 205	9 948	5 958	10 033	14 086	7 830	7 025	10 000	11 602	10 954
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars)	21 397	17 813	15 040	20 291	48 338	44 480	25 857	29 786	36 392	43 785
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	17 538	10 613	9 431	35 812	48 748	42 382	24 474	30 660	36 656	39 339
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	26 944	29 825	15 845	17 883	48 054	46 343	27 228	26 243	36 156	47 882
Married-couple families (dollars)	25 537	30 468	14 277	24 806	51 223	50 032	29 872	35 188	42 500	48 972
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	21 559	34 666	9 431	35 812	59 668	53 601	29 938	38 187	45 658	49 196
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	31 504	29 394	15 166	22 604	46 672	47 373	29 816	22 990	40 088	48 803
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	14 005	12 182	24 264	4 000	19 954	23 313	18 756	13 363	18 350	21 516
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	10 000	7 262	—	—	20 752	13 260	17 218	7 703	15 892	12 646
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	19 344	38 609	24 264	4 000	12 280	39 740	21 044	36 000	22 150	41 261
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels in 1989										
Families	39	555	231	67	840	574	914	101	1 442	1 176
Householder worked in 1989	39	289	199	48	710	472	749	94	1 146	1 017
With related children under 18 years	23	376	29	9	344	283	498	81	688	589
With related children under 5 years	23	233	19	9	184	165	247	34	301	241
Married-couple families	25	162	187	54	714	459	561	76	1 081	952
Householder worked in 1989	25	88	155	43	612	389	438	76	895	822
With related children under 18 years	15	38	29	9	250	196	257	61	468	423
With related children under 5 years	15	10	19	9	140	129	142	19	265	167
Female householder, no husband present	14	344	14	5	85	108	291	25	303	200
Householder worked in 1989	14	181	14	5	65	76	259	18	213	171
With related children under 18 years	8	309	—	—	77	80	217	20	192	149
With related children under 5 years	8	209	—	—	35	29	88	15	21	57
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	334	334	5 080	3 967	1 329	1 691	782	95	1 470	1 189
Nonfamily householder	255	232	2 578	1 686	1 012	1 312	544	64	962	968
65 years and over	99	148	59	—	175	144	161	—	124	161
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	438	2 115	5 572	4 122	3 761	3 289	3 650	426	5 745	4 687
Persons under 18 years	28	834	61	8	673	423	994	133	1 334	1 064
Related children under 18 years	28	824	38	8	673	414	984	133	1 319	1 064
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	512	29	—	445	216	671	90	892	700
Persons 65 years and over	116	327	75	21	525	289	409	—	467	606
Persons 75 years and over	60	121	50	—	208	187	152	—	102	256
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families	—	266	47	13	83	82	182	15	163	115
Percent below poverty level	—	47.9	20.3	19.4	9.9	14.3	19.9	14.9	11.3	9.8
Householder worked in 1989	—	105	37	5	72	40	122	8	37	95
With related children under 18 years	—	259	10	—	62	82	129	15	117	82
With related children under 5 years	—	183	—	—	55	55	96	15	49	33
Married-couple families	—	12	47	—	56	42	70	—	56	45
Householder worked in 1989	—	7	37	—	45	16	38	—	12	25
With related children under 18 years	—	5	10	—	35	42	45	—	42	20
With related children under 5 years	—	—	—	—	35	34	33	—	42	8
Female householder, no husband present	—	254	—	5	18	33	87	15	94	60
Householder worked in 1989	—	98	—	5	18	17	69	8	25	60
With related children under 18 years	—	254	—	—	18	33	75	15	75	52
With related children under 5 years	—	183	—	—	11	14	54	15	7	15
Unrelated individuals	153	143	3 547	3 187	364	334	145	13	373	231
Nonfamily householder	93	98	1 608	1 233	186	206	59	—	177	187
65 years and over	46	42	35	—	16	15	33	—	12	16
Persons	153	1 043	3 660	3 214	630	580	725	56	1 002	565
Percent below poverty level	34.9	49.3	65.7	78.0	16.8	17.6	19.9	13.1	17.4	12.1
Persons under 18 years	—	587	37	—	128	103	261	28	329	134
Related children under 18 years	—	577	14	—	128	94	257	28	314	97
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	350	14	—	68	33	118	18	261	94
Persons 65 years and over	46	49	35	—	36	21	70	—	29	26
Persons 75 years and over	18	24	26	—	—	8	29	—	—	11
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	71	523	2 155	1 978	182	252	358	23	403	184
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	217	1 353	4 234	3 481	725	836	974	86	1 351	691
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	314	1 634	4 942	3 768	1 259	1 482	1 819	150	2 114	1 308

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Can.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County—Con.							Rantoul village, Champaign County		
	Tract 11	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 106.02 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.01 (pt.)	Tract 102.02 (pt.)
INCOME IN 1989										
Households	1 653	2 632	1 769	2 603	—	25	—	2 167	392	128
Less than \$5,000	11	70	8	84	—	10	—	84	5	5
\$5,000 to \$9,999	80	219	60	88	—	15	—	178	6	6
\$10,000 to \$14,999	118	203	79	110	—	—	—	214	37	21
\$15,000 to \$24,999	212	515	158	307	—	—	—	472	60	42
\$25,000 to \$34,999	204	517	279	374	—	—	—	444	61	35
\$35,000 to \$49,999	440	744	508	486	—	—	—	480	103	6
\$50,000 to \$74,999	291	286	528	606	—	—	—	222	50	6
\$75,000 to \$99,999	178	37	123	233	—	—	—	43	49	—
\$100,000 or more	119	41	26	315	—	—	—	30	21	7
Median (dollars)	42 150	31 221	43 750	45 881	—	5 100	—	27 655	40 000	22 917
Mean (dollars)	55 099	32 152	44 773	61 973	—	3 000	—	30 844	45 066	25 951
Families	1 179	1 791	1 455	1 795	—	—	—	1 432	313	69
Median income (dollars)	46 775	35 159	46 332	56 098	—	—	—	31 947	44 010	23 854
Males 15 years and over, with income	1 462	2 365	1 714	2 268	1 823	—	—	1 755	370	104
Median income (dollars)	29 947	21 105	31 089	35 174	2 597	—	—	20 475	26 053	13 750
Percent year-round full-time workers	55.5	52.9	69.3	60.9	5	—	—	58.9	60.0	79.8
Median income (dollars)	35 306	27 986	35 455	44 966	11 250	—	—	25 015	31 333	15 625
Females 15 years and over, with income	1 513	2 449	1 640	2 238	1 246	15	—	1 773	370	87
Median income (dollars)	14 651	11 531	15 299	15 873	2 500	6 250	—	12 261	12 818	12 232
Percent year-round full-time workers	33.2	49.5	41.6	36.5	—	—	—	40.9	28.1	41.4
Median income (dollars)	21 984	16 250	21 063	23 631	—	—	—	18 363	14 408	14 500
Per capita income (dollars)	23 476	12 411	15 110	26 364	2 893	3 000	—	13 156	17 549	11 244
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households	1 653	2 632	1 769	2 603	—	25	—	2 167	392	128
With earnings	1 366	2 303	1 681	2 316	—	—	—	1 853	348	117
Mean earnings (dollars)	50 710	32 355	42 335	55 975	—	—	—	26 811	36 837	23 195
With Social Security income	495	432	182	457	—	—	—	458	111	—
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 383	7 124	7 252	8 000	—	—	—	6 816	6 008	—
With public assistance income	30	94	18	35	—	—	—	95	14	—
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 619	2 668	2 644	2 262	—	—	—	2 792	8 439	—
With retirement income	360	377	163	391	—	15	—	549	112	18
Mean retirement income (dollars)	11 265	8 945	12 225	13 798	—	5 000	—	11 942	12 342	14 955
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars)	65 449	36 081	47 970	75 233	—	—	—	34 786	51 628	28 763
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	58 553	34 368	46 326	89 296	—	—	—	30 781	50 532	28 961
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	69 829	38 034	50 619	63 110	—	—	—	39 215	52 650	27 908
Married-couple families (dollars)	69 462	39 471	50 436	82 230	—	—	—	39 693	51 462	40 074
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	62 671	39 170	50 115	99 555	—	—	—	38 224	57 259	46 664
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	73 878	39 789	50 118	67 858	—	—	—	40 965	47 022	27 908
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	34 252	19 909	24 719	14 803	—	—	—	20 114	47 550	15 684
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	26 805	16 596	23 002	15 718	—	—	—	14 663	20 260	15 684
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	37 785	29 158	30 678	13 370	—	—	—	32 175	90 434	—
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels in 1989										
Families	1 179	1 791	1 455	1 795	—	—	—	1 432	313	69
Householder worked in 1989	982	1 639	1 405	1 602	—	—	—	1 209	267	64
With related children under 18 years	467	1 012	898	831	—	—	—	752	151	56
With related children under 5 years	217	348	321	319	—	—	—	314	60	14
Married-couple families	1 043	1 454	1 268	1 588	—	—	—	1 049	249	37
Householder worked in 1989	872	1 327	1 231	1 460	—	—	—	877	203	37
With related children under 18 years	416	781	760	720	—	—	—	496	108	24
With related children under 5 years	211	265	282	294	—	—	—	214	48	5
Female householder, no husband present	115	254	152	159	—	—	—	302	54	32
Householder worked in 1989	94	229	139	94	—	—	—	271	54	27
With related children under 18 years	41	199	118	97	—	—	—	208	33	32
With related children under 5 years	6	63	32	25	—	—	—	85	12	9
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	578	1 208	417	985	—	25	—	988	87	70
Nonfamily householder	474	841	314	808	—	25	—	735	79	59
65 years and over	202	250	87	251	—	15	—	190	20	6
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	3 864	6 742	5 116	6 165	—	25	—	5 021	975	293
Persons under 18 years	797	1 824	1 673	1 382	—	—	—	1 313	241	108
Related children under 18 years	797	1 816	1 673	1 382	—	—	—	1 297	241	104
Related children 5 to 17 years	528	1 292	1 143	951	—	—	—	948	179	85
Persons 65 years and over	723	530	215	644	—	15	—	578	112	6
Persons 75 years and over	302	226	41	195	—	15	—	91	40	—
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families	5	73	28	95	—	—	—	168	—	15
Percent below poverty level	4	4.1	1.9	5.3	—	—	—	11.7	—	21.7
Householder worked in 1989	—	37	15	28	—	—	—	123	—	10
With related children under 18 years	5	68	28	62	—	—	—	129	—	15
With related children under 5 years	—	29	13	32	—	—	—	84	—	9
Married-couple families	—	27	—	40	—	—	—	62	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	4	—	21	—	—	—	21	—	—
With related children under 18 years	—	27	—	33	—	—	—	31	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	18	—	21	—	—	—	20	—	—
Female householder, no husband present	—	35	28	55	—	—	—	100	—	15
Householder worked in 1989	—	22	15	7	—	—	—	96	—	10
With related children under 18 years	—	30	28	29	—	—	—	92	—	15
With related children under 5 years	—	—	13	11	—	—	—	58	—	9
Unrelated individuals	42	189	47	126	—	25	—	174	5	—
Nonfamily householder	14	77	23	65	—	25	—	62	5	—
65 years and over	—	60	8	7	—	15	—	19	—	—
Persons	51	414	157	350	—	25	—	681	5	45
Percent below poverty level	1.3	6.1	3.1	5.7	—	100.0	—	13.6	.5	15.4
Persons under 18 years	4	108	62	71	—	—	—	289	—	34
Related children under 18 years	4	100	62	71	—	—	—	273	—	30
Related children 5 to 17 years	4	68	41	37	—	—	—	155	—	16
Persons 65 years and over	—	60	8	17	—	15	—	38	—	—
Persons 75 years and over	—	43	8	10	—	15	—	—	—	—
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	28	189	57	228	—	10	—	261	5	28
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	92	682	210	441	—	25	—	868	11	45
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	400	1 700	614	643	—	25	—	1 563	81	158

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Rantaul village, Champaign County—Con.			Urbana city, Champaign County						
	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 51	Tract 52	Tract 53 (pt.)
INCOME IN 1989										
Households	1 428	1 372	-	-	-	-	-	76	1 169	991
Less than \$5,000	64	12	-	-	-	-	-	4	130	73
\$5,000 to \$9,999	57	33	-	-	-	-	-	33	237	184
\$10,000 to \$14,999	178	202	-	-	-	-	-	6	250	140
\$15,000 to \$24,999	324	558	-	-	-	-	-	21	259	242
\$25,000 to \$34,999	309	357	-	-	-	-	-	7	116	150
\$35,000 to \$49,999	354	133	-	-	-	-	-	-	112	136
\$50,000 to \$74,999	124	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	43	53
\$75,000 to \$99,999	7	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	13
\$100,000 or more	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	7	-
Median (dollars)	27 929	21 725	-	-	-	-	-	10 417	14 097	19 320
Mean (dollars)	29 329	25 187	-	-	-	-	-	21 502	19 796	22 707
Families	993	1 360	-	-	-	-	-	21	185	632
Median income (dollars)	31 619	21 589	-	-	-	-	-	23 036	28 456	20 045
Males 15 years and over, with income	1 325	3 378	-	-	-	-	-	131	1 363	832
Median income (dollars)	18 175	14 026	-	-	-	-	-	6 836	10 096	12 062
Percent year-round full-time workers	58.7	55.0	-	-	-	-	-	7.6	24.3	40.3
Median income (dollars)	22 273	18 218	-	-	-	-	-	18 750	18 914	20 144
Females 15 years and over, with income	1 276	1 408	-	-	-	-	-	50	641	1 038
Median income (dollars)	11 387	7 294	-	-	-	-	-	7 500	7 630	8 000
Percent year-round full-time workers	42.8	29.6	-	-	-	-	-	30.0	30.4	35.4
Median income (dollars)	14 859	13 380	-	-	-	-	-	15 938	16 486	13 568
Per capita income (dollars)	11 243	9 331	-	-	-	-	-	10 261	10 282	8 659
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households	1 428	1 372	-	-	-	-	-	76	1 169	991
With earnings	1 313	1 372	-	-	-	-	-	66	1 073	838
Mean earnings (dollars)	25 679	24 693	-	-	-	-	-	20 073	19 409	21 720
With Social Security income	275	23	-	-	-	-	-	13	56	234
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	6 383	2 398	-	-	-	-	-	5 679	5 737	6 572
With public assistance income	75	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	117
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	2 959	984	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 028	3 985
With retirement income	347	5	-	-	-	-	-	12	24	110
Mean retirement income (dollars)	12 214	7 000	-	-	-	-	-	8 250	5 822	11 578
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars)	32 098	25 111	-	-	-	-	-	45 268	33 617	25 009
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	28 794	23 838	-	-	-	-	-	83 867	48 494	20 349
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	35 476	30 449	-	-	-	-	-	16 319	23 474	28 739
Married-couple families (dollars)	35 224	25 981	-	-	-	-	-	76 208	36 631	32 886
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	33 678	24 813	-	-	-	-	-	150 000	59 419	31 685
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	36 444	30 449	-	-	-	-	-	23 500	23 438	33 361
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	15 727	13 118	-	-	-	-	-	4 014	10 401	13 730
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	15 925	13 118	-	-	-	-	-	1 200	10 401	12 314
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	14 605	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 266	-	16 891
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels In 1989										
Families	993	1 360	-	-	-	-	-	21	185	632
Householder worked in 1989	861	1 360	-	-	-	-	-	14	165	501
With related children under 18 years	518	1 098	-	-	-	-	-	9	82	349
With related children under 5 years	254	704	-	-	-	-	-	-	41	165
Married-couple families	823	1 264	-	-	-	-	-	12	150	360
Householder worked in 1989	716	1 264	-	-	-	-	-	5	136	281
With related children under 18 years	379	1 002	-	-	-	-	-	5	55	131
With related children under 5 years	204	663	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	63
Female householder, no husband present	133	76	-	-	-	-	-	9	13	223
Householder worked in 1989	113	76	-	-	-	-	-	9	7	182
With related children under 18 years	113	76	-	-	-	-	-	4	13	186
With related children under 5 years	44	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	96
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	613	30	-	-	-	-	-	55	1 736	564
Nonfamily householder	435	12	-	-	-	-	-	55	984	359
65 years and over	82	5	-	-	-	-	-	8	28	77
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	3 717	5 023	-	-	-	-	-	114	2 226	2 518
Persons under 18 years	1 040	2 190	-	-	-	-	-	22	131	680
Related children under 18 years	1 028	2 190	-	-	-	-	-	22	131	680
Related children 5 to 17 years	727	1 322	-	-	-	-	-	22	82	484
Persons 65 years and over	288	5	-	-	-	-	-	14	39	273
Persons 75 years and over	72	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	20	78
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families	61	64	-	-	-	-	-	9	29	152
Percent below poverty level	6.1	4.7	-	-	-	-	-	42.9	15.7	24.1
Householder worked in 1989	44	64	-	-	-	-	-	9	15	94
With related children under 18 years	47	64	-	-	-	-	-	4	6	124
With related children under 5 years	28	51	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	77
Married-couple families	23	51	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	27
Householder worked in 1989	15	51	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	7
With related children under 18 years	19	51	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	14
With related children under 5 years	19	51	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	14
Female householder, no husband present	30	13	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	116
Householder worked in 1989	21	13	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	82
With related children under 18 years	20	13	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	110
With related children under 5 years	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63
Unrelated individuals	121	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	784	187
Nonfamily householder	63	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	329	102
65 years and over	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29
Persons	371	245	-	-	-	-	-	41	848	726
Percent below poverty level	10.0	4.9	-	-	-	-	-	36.0	38.1	28.8
Persons under 18 years	142	127	-	-	-	-	-	11	12	286
Related children under 18 years	134	127	-	-	-	-	-	11	12	286
Related children 5 to 17 years	91	57	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	184
Persons 65 years and over	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	43
Persons 75 years and over	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	8
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	99	45	-	-	-	-	-	15	517	156
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	558	728	-	-	-	-	-	44	1 035	943
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	1 255	2 963	-	-	-	-	-	60	1 364	1 425

Table 19. **Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Urbana city, Champaign County—Con.							
	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 55 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 58	Tract 59	Tract 60 (pt.)	Tract 106.02 (pt.)
INCOME IN 1989								
Households	1 225	1 354	2 062	2 837	1 719	1 009	805	—
Less than \$5,000	98	79	181	105	112	201	169	—
\$5,000 to \$9,999	139	203	255	209	133	203	124	—
\$10,000 to \$14,999	174	174	285	191	196	224	175	—
\$15,000 to \$24,999	323	355	389	424	307	240	210	—
\$25,000 to \$34,999	303	206	343	431	239	48	45	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999	148	200	407	420	272	41	58	—
\$50,000 to \$74,999	28	137	182	625	261	23	12	—
\$75,000 to \$99,999	12	—	7	219	96	6	—	—
\$100,000 or more	—	—	13	213	103	23	12	—
Median (dollars)	21 406	21 371	22 385	36 261	30 820	12 243	13 096	—
Mean (dollars)	22 202	24 830	25 844	47 028	38 718	17 589	15 843	—
Families	590	686	1 271	1 764	786	202	688	—
Median income (dollars)	23 750	31 284	30 156	50 680	47 500	17 763	13 430	—
Males 15 years and over, with income	858	1 104	1 563	2 223	1 751	3 616	718	—
Median income (dollars)	14 427	16 897	16 307	31 229	14 404	3 663	11 324	—
Percent year-round full-time workers	58.4	58.3	50.1	54.2	39.2	8.5	23.8	—
Median income (dollars)	20 069	22 118	25 594	37 321	37 478	12 259	17 350	—
Females 15 years and over, with income	901	1 106	1 806	2 461	1 671	4 279	358	—
Median income (dollars)	11 125	11 546	10 886	13 741	9 408	2 500	6 149	—
Percent year-round full-time workers	46.5	40.0	39.9	28.3	24.5	1.9	22.6	—
Median income (dollars)	18 554	17 391	17 790	26 131	20 281	19 107	11 078	—
Per capita income (dollars)	10 990	11 858	11 796	21 546	16 346	4 207	5 909	—
INCOME TYPE IN 1989								
Households	1 225	1 354	2 062	2 837	1 719	1 009	805	—
With earnings	1 116	1 099	1 691	2 241	1 577	941	672	—
Mean earnings (dollars)	22 135	24 218	26 407	41 934	33 373	15 025	16 798	—
With Social Security income	97	339	436	786	217	29	12	—
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 224	5 941	6 650	6 846	8 017	9 190	571	—
With public assistance income	82	82	152	106	19	9	11	—
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	4 024	3 655	3 640	4 574	3 072	1 000	1 650	—
With retirement income	65	195	212	578	215	38	18	—
Mean retirement income (dollars)	8 338	9 266	9 213	17 756	17 246	25 305	15 000	—
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE								
Families (dollars)	24 248	30 191	31 518	58 129	55 549	30 645	14 819	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	20 598	27 838	27 807	52 210	53 037	42 281	14 050	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	27 522	32 572	35 247	62 736	57 671	28 036	16 422	—
Married-couple families (dollars)	30 915	33 131	37 985	61 873	59 520	33 114	15 713	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	36 091	31 465	36 432	57 693	55 650	42 281	15 195	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	28 713	34 625	39 217	64 653	63 076	30 708	16 719	—
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	11 242	19 365	15 627	29 630	26 689	12 693	2 523	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	8 632	16 521	13 130	20 642	26 204	—	2 523	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	20 102	23 631	20 667	45 591	26 948	12 693	—	—
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989								
All Income Levels in 1989								
Families	590	686	1 271	1 764	786	202	688	—
Householder worked in 1989	495	569	1 077	1 590	686	173	537	—
With related children under 18 years	279	358	685	786	364	37	468	—
With related children under 5 years	127	127	304	401	179	37	274	—
Married-couple families	382	531	893	1 515	687	178	620	—
Householder worked in 1989	360	438	811	1 388	606	163	493	—
With related children under 18 years	114	251	401	619	329	37	412	—
With related children under 5 years	19	96	203	330	168	37	263	—
Female householder, no husband present	189	90	335	161	69	19	33	—
Householder worked in 1989	116	81	248	131	50	5	21	—
With related children under 18 years	146	67	249	103	28	—	33	—
With related children under 5 years	102	13	91	54	11	—	6	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	773	837	972	1 246	1 753	1 689	128	—
Nonfamily householder	635	668	791	1 073	933	807	117	—
65 years and over	37	209	205	529	124	16	—	—
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	2 298	2 662	4 575	6 231	3 981	2 145	2 161	—
Persons under 18 years	512	475	1 154	1 309	654	45	695	—
Related children under 18 years	509	468	1 154	1 309	637	45	695	—
Related children 5 to 17 years	345	253	770	800	444	5	350	—
Persons 65 years and over	116	417	493	1 104	391	58	14	—
Persons 75 years and over	29	206	172	524	200	20	5	—
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level								
Families	124	42	132	71	36	32	243	—
Percent below poverty level	21.0	6.1	10.4	4.0	4.6	15.8	35.3	—
Householder worked in 1989	56	27	58	55	36	21	116	—
With related children under 18 years	106	34	108	47	30	11	190	—
With related children under 5 years	82	34	73	47	14	11	97	—
Married-couple families	18	16	22	36	28	27	193	—
Householder worked in 1989	10	8	15	28	28	16	90	—
With related children under 18 years	—	16	15	20	28	11	140	—
With related children under 5 years	—	16	8	20	14	11	86	—
Female householder, no husband present	100	11	83	27	6	5	33	—
Householder worked in 1989	40	11	33	27	6	5	21	—
With related children under 18 years	100	11	66	27	—	—	33	—
With related children under 5 years	76	11	55	27	—	—	6	—
Unrelated individuals	147	149	251	199	730	968	73	—
Nonfamily householder	74	102	212	168	293	454	62	—
65 years and over	19	38	64	73	—	—	—	—
Persons	525	282	633	449	896	1 041	861	—
Percent below poverty level	22.8	10.6	13.8	7.2	22.5	48.5	39.7	—
Persons under 18 years	240	55	203	118	109	11	325	—
Related children under 18 years	237	48	203	118	92	11	325	—
Related children 5 to 17 years	128	—	105	67	71	—	190	—
Persons 65 years and over	33	51	64	81	—	—	14	—
Persons 75 years and over	21	31	15	52	—	—	5	—
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	347	125	287	129	468	663	508	—
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	648	402	977	556	1 012	1 139	1 127	—
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	976	918	1 762	1 057	1 509	1 622	1 749	—

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County								
	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)
INCOME IN 1989									
Households	—	10	469	511	—	—	1 315	869	540
Less than \$5,000	—	—	25	32	—	—	42	—	29
\$5,000 to \$9,999	—	—	64	27	—	—	—	7	83
\$10,000 to \$14,999	—	—	44	77	—	—	29	44	137
\$15,000 to \$24,999	—	—	—	89	—	—	144	78	147
\$25,000 to \$34,999	—	5	135	58	—	—	134	57	72
\$35,000 to \$49,999	—	—	72	146	—	—	213	210	44
\$50,000 to \$74,999	—	5	82	82	—	—	388	285	14
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	—	47	—	—	—	158	99	—
\$100,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	207	89	14
Median (dollars)	—	28 750	22 607	29 821	—	—	54 265	52 511	16 419
Mean (dollars)	—	28 380	26 011	30 119	—	—	69 231	55 348	22 229
Families	—	—	321	248	—	—	1 038	664	353
Median income (dollars)	—	—	25 486	38 958	—	—	60 622	58 698	21 250
Males 15 years and over, with income	—	10	437	360	—	—	1 333	978	407
Median income (dollars)	—	16 250	16 275	25 417	—	—	36 953	39 200	12 527
Percent year-round full-time workers	—	50.0	48.7	76.4	—	—	62.3	52.9	39.8
Median income (dollars)	—	23 750	20 492	27 232	—	—	44 862	46 337	19 444
Females 15 years and over, with income	—	12	425	407	—	—	1 323	895	465
Median income (dollars)	—	12 500	9 097	13 698	—	—	11 941	13 125	8 903
Percent year-round full-time workers	—	50.0	40.5	55.0	—	—	31.4	31.2	35.9
Median income (dollars)	—	16 250	16 250	15 347	—	—	21 524	25 190	17 958
Per capita income (dollars)	—	13 975	9 954	15 465	—	—	25 686	22 593	9 080
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households	—	10	469	511	—	—	1 315	869	540
With earnings	—	10	383	444	—	—	1 246	798	534
Mean earnings (dollars)	—	28 330	26 158	28 137	—	—	59 645	48 906	20 998
With Social Security income	—	—	120	67	—	—	205	148	5
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	—	—	7 602	8 372	—	—	7 111	9 143	500
With public assistance income	—	—	42	31	—	—	25	—	—
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	—	—	2 829	545	—	—	7 970	—	—
With retirement income	—	—	55	66	—	—	230	102	29
Mean retirement income (dollars)	—	—	13 123	8 775	—	—	15 930	20 473	6 600
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars)	—	—	30 007	36 175	—	—	78 788	63 240	26 512
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	28 052	28 139	—	—	74 848	68 089	19 217
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	31 999	46 092	—	—	82 258	59 526	39 335
Married-couple families (dollars)	—	—	32 286	40 130	—	—	81 212	63 930	28 524
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	32 548	33 341	—	—	78 116	69 118	19 230
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	32 113	46 986	—	—	83 770	60 012	42 202
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	—	—	21 890	18 334	—	—	39 936	37 157	18 765
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	19 841	12 982	—	—	41 178	—	16 730
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	30 598	37 069	—	—	34 000	37 157	36 500
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All income levels in 1989									
Families	—	—	321	248	—	—	1 038	664	353
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	271	238	—	—	971	609	335
With related children under 18 years	—	—	179	137	—	—	501	304	225
With related children under 5 years	—	—	101	62	—	—	181	82	122
Married-couple families	—	—	244	203	—	—	979	646	262
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	204	193	—	—	921	591	244
With related children under 18 years	—	—	114	102	—	—	451	294	156
With related children under 5 years	—	—	66	50	—	—	155	72	105
Female householder, no husband present	—	—	63	45	—	—	52	8	68
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	53	45	—	—	43	8	68
With related children under 18 years	—	—	51	35	—	—	43	—	61
With related children under 5 years	—	—	35	12	—	—	19	—	17
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	—	22	204	323	—	—	377	218	268
Nonfamily householder	—	10	148	263	—	—	277	205	187
65 years and over	—	—	30	65	—	—	83	47	8
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	—	22	1 229	992	—	—	3 548	2 197	1 331
Persons under 18 years	—	—	336	185	—	—	891	512	406
Related children under 18 years	—	—	336	185	—	—	883	512	406
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	—	229	110	—	—	649	408	231
Persons 65 years and over	—	—	148	77	—	—	305	212	8
Persons 75 years and over	—	—	38	33	—	—	48	101	—
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families	—	—	24	—	—	—	9	—	61
Percent below poverty level	—	—	7.5	—	—	—	.9	—	17.3
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	49
With related children under 18 years	—	—	24	—	—	—	9	—	55
With related children under 5 years	—	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	28
Married-couple families	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	48
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	36
With related children under 18 years	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	42
With related children under 5 years	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	28
Female householder, no husband present	—	—	17	—	—	—	9	—	13
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	13
With related children under 18 years	—	—	17	—	—	—	9	—	13
With related children under 5 years	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unrelated individuals	—	—	61	66	—	—	54	—	113
Nonfamily householder	—	—	35	49	—	—	40	—	66
65 years and over	—	—	10	—	—	—	9	—	—
Persons	—	—	143	66	—	—	72	—	324
Percent below poverty level	—	—	11.6	6.7	—	—	2.0	—	24.3
Persons under 18 years	—	—	52	—	—	—	17	—	99
Related children under 18 years	—	—	52	—	—	—	9	—	99
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	—	35	—	—	—	9	—	60
Persons 65 years and over	—	—	10	—	—	—	9	—	—
Persons 75 years and over	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	—	—	84	39	—	—	35	—	115
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	—	—	275	135	—	—	116	—	461
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	—	11	582	317	—	—	346	44	828

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County—Con.								
	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 55 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 60 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.01 (pt.)	Tract 102.02 (pt.)
INCOME IN 1989									
Households	40	2 075	920	224	141	32	37	6	—
Less than \$5,000	—	91	25	24	—	—	—	—	—
\$5,000 to \$9,999	13	144	68	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$10,000 to \$14,999	4	130	66	—	12	—	10	—	—
\$15,000 to \$24,999	7	520	201	28	7	6	12	—	—
\$25,000 to \$34,999	12	390	187	75	—	7	—	—	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999	—	412	146	58	—	5	6	6	—
\$50,000 to \$74,999	4	254	196	39	45	—	—	—	—
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	91	31	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100,000 or more	—	43	—	—	77	14	9	—	—
Median (dollars)	16 071	29 109	30 794	31 316	122 934	44 000	16 771	36 250	—
Mean (dollars)	21 518	33 954	33 785	33 176	123 105	66 219	49 540	35 600	—
Families	12	1 361	664	161	134	32	20	6	—
Median income (dollars)	30 357	31 152	33 864	37 550	128 907	44 000	17 000	36 250	—
Males 15 years and over, with income	73	1 768	757	201	185	32	27	8	—
Median income (dollars)	3 672	21 235	21 635	20 560	63 294	29 000	15 893	31 250	—
Percent year-round full-time workers	6.8	57.2	55.5	56.7	46.5	81.3	66.7	100.0	—
Median income (dollars)	26 250	23 333	25 526	27 333	100 000+	76 569	14 000	31 250	—
Females 15 years and over, with income	42	1 871	973	225	161	24	39	6	—
Median income (dollars)	4 342	11 766	13 250	14 213	5 868	14 643	11 012	6 250	—
Percent year-round full-time workers	19.0	49.8	44.9	36.9	26.1	25.0	17.9	—	—
Median income (dollars)	12 500	16 355	16 661	18 750	22 188	16 250	28 750	—	—
Per capita income (dollars)	6 497	14 305	13 133	11 764	39 738	29 193	21 825	12 436	—
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households	40	2 075	920	224	141	32	37	6	—
With earnings	40	1 868	783	179	118	32	27	6	—
Mean earnings (dollars)	15 443	31 915	33 097	33 491	104 714	53 733	54 777	35 600	—
With Social Security income	—	337	177	60	34	—	—	—	—
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	—	8 910	5 777	10 336	14 586	—	12 719	—	—
With public assistance income	—	106	53	—	9	—	—	—	—
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	—	3 495	4 782	—	5 760	—	—	—	—
With retirement income	12	222	138	39	32	9	10	—	—
Mean retirement income (dollars)	15 783	10 338	9 138	7 043	21 228	21 900	1 800	—	—
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars)	29 336	35 782	36 734	37 011	128 388	66 219	72 199	35 600	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	32 176	34 881	36 146	134 793	123 000	10 000	35 600	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	29 336	39 040	38 875	38 224	125 149	55 704	98 855	—	—
Married-couple families (dollars)	31 503	40 918	41 639	40 308	124 076	66 219	98 855	35 600	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	40 808	40 881	42 075	134 793	123 000	—	35 600	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	31 503	40 989	42 424	38 224	117 892	55 704	98 855	—	—
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	—	16 074	19 881	1 408	—	—	—	—	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	13 146	16 951	1 408	—	—	—	—	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	22 993	25 945	—	—	—	—	—	—
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels in 1989									
Families	12	1 361	664	161	134	32	20	6	—
Householder worked in 1989	5	1 183	572	141	100	32	20	6	—
With related children under 18 years	—	680	356	94	45	5	6	6	—
With related children under 5 years	—	306	163	35	—	—	6	6	—
Married-couple families	7	1 029	511	146	123	32	14	6	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	910	457	126	89	32	14	6	—
With related children under 18 years	—	414	260	79	45	5	6	6	—
With related children under 5 years	—	177	125	27	—	—	6	6	—
Female householder, no husband present	—	222	132	7	—	—	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	171	100	7	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years	—	175	89	7	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	82	38	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	109	986	363	108	7	—	24	—	—
Nonfamily householder	28	714	256	63	7	—	17	—	—
65 years and over	—	87	65	20	—	—	10	—	—
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	133	4 914	2 341	640	384	71	87	22	—
Persons under 18 years	—	1 205	632	215	89	9	21	8	—
Related children under 18 years	—	1 205	613	202	89	9	21	8	—
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	786	387	161	89	9	13	—	—
Persons 65 years and over	—	349	104	71	67	—	30	—	—
Persons 75 years and over	—	127	22	30	11	—	20	—	—
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families	—	135	42	15	—	—	6	—	—
Percent below poverty level	—	9.9	6.3	9.3	—	—	30.0	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	49	15	15	—	—	6	—	—
With related children under 18 years	—	94	42	15	—	—	6	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	50	42	8	—	—	6	—	—
Married-couple families	—	37	14	—	—	—	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	6	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years	—	17	14	—	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—
Female householder, no husband present	—	90	28	7	—	—	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	43	9	7	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years	—	77	28	7	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	50	28	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unrelated individuals	86	113	49	41	—	—	—	—	—
Nonfamily householder	20	87	9	17	—	—	—	—	—
65 years and over	—	10	—	10	—	—	—	—	—
Persons	86	521	190	77	—	—	27	—	—
Percent below poverty level	64.7	10.6	8.1	12.0	—	—	31.0	—	—
Persons under 18 years	—	199	104	29	—	—	21	—	—
Related children under 18 years	—	199	85	16	—	—	21	—	—
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	108	38	6	—	—	13	—	—
Persons 65 years and over	—	36	—	10	—	—	—	—	—
Persons 75 years and over	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	58	186	71	49	—	—	—	—	—
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	89	745	259	86	—	—	27	—	—
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	97	1 438	560	150	23	—	53	—	—

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County—Con.								
	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105	Tract 106.01	Tract 106.02 (pt.)	Tract 107	Tract 108	Tract 109
INCOME IN 1989									
Households			2 004	1 378	1 514	2 460	2 018	1 693	2 769
Less than \$5,000	—	—	87	26	22	94	54	40	82
\$5,000 to \$9,999	—	—	120	103	70	137	88	138	176
\$10,000 to \$14,999	—	—	232	77	66	181	105	151	222
\$15,000 to \$24,999	—	—	451	259	193	340	301	341	560
\$25,000 to \$34,999	—	—	319	237	237	474	391	330	553
\$35,000 to \$49,999	—	—	475	337	364	668	617	380	632
\$50,000 to \$74,999	—	—	255	242	427	389	338	242	442
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	—	47	49	112	121	90	34	75
\$100,000 or more	—	—	18	48	23	56	34	37	27
Median (dollars)	—	—	28 531	33 984	41 324	35 066	36 224	30 913	31 265
Mean (dollars)	—	—	31 749	38 224	43 619	39 734	39 153	35 350	34 093
Families	—	—	1 474	1 096	1 280	1 916	1 629	1 303	2 094
Median income (dollars)	—	—	34 713	38 617	44 858	37 933	39 583	34 004	36 005
Males 15 years and over, with income	—	—	1 933	1 383	1 512	2 378	1 995	1 591	2 782
Median income (dollars)	—	—	20 329	24 311	28 615	22 902	24 883	22 101	21 262
Percent year-round full-time workers	—	—	54.4	63.3	65.3	61.2	61.4	56.3	56.6
Median income (dollars)	—	—	24 406	27 014	34 917	30 110	28 920	27 738	26 220
Females 15 years and over, with income	—	—	1 835	1 214	1 455	2 205	1 930	1 490	2 413
Median income (dollars)	—	—	10 144	11 281	12 807	10 865	11 867	9 342	10 792
Percent year-round full-time workers	—	—	39.6	45.9	42.1	40.8	45.6	35.4	42.4
Median income (dollars)	—	—	17 343	15 903	18 931	16 664	16 112	16 205	16 240
Per capita income (dollars)	—	—	11 824	14 023	14 619	14 776	14 251	13 564	12 881
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households			2 004	1 378	1 514	2 460	2 018	1 693	2 769
With earnings	—	—	1 785	1 234	1 353	2 236	1 752	1 419	2 461
Mean earnings (dollars)	—	—	29 014	35 543	43 326	36 755	37 096	34 400	33 099
With Social Security income	—	—	552	326	258	412	446	484	567
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	—	—	7 616	7 899	7 846	8 913	8 866	7 998	7 384
With public assistance income	—	—	137	67	32	117	60	39	101
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	—	—	3 565	6 392	3 682	3 234	3 991	3 363	4 510
With retirement income	—	—	351	187	189	330	228	221	355
Mean retirement income (dollars)	—	—	8 878	11 656	9 323	11 466	10 592	9 752	8 378
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars)			35 360	42 798	46 565	43 605	43 236	38 784	38 732
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	32 545	39 563	45 968	46 101	41 461	40 084	37 970
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	38 228	46 252	47 494	40 522	45 039	37 689	39 515
Married-couple families (dollars)			38 872	43 859	48 344	47 944	43 987	40 099	40 326
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	37 813	41 710	48 366	52 400	44 063	42 646	40 750
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	39 766	46 065	48 311	42 710	43 914	37 980	39 898
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)			20 086	33 681	21 520	20 264	23 911	28 604	23 195
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	18 763	18 250	18 225	15 168	21 713	16 773	21 860
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	24 323	54 255	29 210	29 646	29 937	36 625	26 107
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels in 1989									
Families			1 474	1 096	1 280	1 916	1 629	1 303	2 094
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	1 219	992	1 175	1 725	1 438	1 109	1 861
With related children under 18 years	—	—	775	585	794	1 070	847	622	1 117
With related children under 5 years	—	—	292	245	292	429	260	281	438
Married-couple families			1 193	987	1 149	1 605	1 475	1 156	1 818
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	1 011	892	1 051	1 460	1 306	976	1 637
With related children under 18 years	—	—	563	507	705	867	741	542	944
With related children under 5 years	—	—	237	227	274	361	235	263	392
Female householder, no husband present			227	77	90	250	116	99	140
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	154	68	85	213	105	87	114
With related children under 18 years	—	—	181	56	63	173	89	48	110
With related children under 5 years	—	—	37	6	8	68	20	11	22
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined			735	318	292	709	473	493	798
Nonfamily householder	—	—	530	282	234	544	389	390	675
65 years and over	—	—	179	117	122	137	159	188	246
Persons for whom poverty status is determined			5 255	3 736	4 512	6 597	5 540	4 390	7 328
Persons under 18 years	—	—	1 421	1 054	1 492	1 901	1 568	1 137	1 980
Related children under 18 years	—	—	1 418	1 053	1 489	1 893	1 562	1 133	1 978
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	—	1 044	761	1 109	1 323	1 195	791	1 476
Persons 65 years and over	—	—	597	421	320	489	611	628	753
Persons 75 years and over	—	—	221	188	122	166	275	260	340
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families			142	43	46	125	35	48	54
Percent below poverty level	—	—	9.6	3.9	3.6	6.5	2.1	3.7	2.6
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	92	31	28	93	20	35	25
With related children under 18 years	—	—	121	38	42	113	23	27	40
With related children under 5 years	—	—	41	3	17	70	11	11	24
Married-couple families			59	32	29	42	33	30	26
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	41	22	16	35	20	22	6
With related children under 18 years	—	—	44	27	25	30	21	16	12
With related children under 5 years	—	—	18	1	13	12	9	6	5
Female householder, no husband present			70	11	17	83	2	16	11
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	38	9	12	58	—	13	2
With related children under 18 years	—	—	68	11	17	83	2	11	11
With related children under 5 years	—	—	14	2	4	58	2	5	11
Unrelated individuals			138	33	48	121	72	101	156
Nonfamily householder	—	—	74	27	21	65	54	65	118
65 years and over	—	—	42	20	8	22	33	43	88
Persons			645	184	223	498	217	237	343
Percent below poverty level	—	—	12.3	4.9	4.9	7.5	3.9	5.4	4.7
Persons under 18 years	—	—	272	76	101	216	68	55	86
Related children under 18 years	—	—	271	75	98	208	65	51	84
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	—	211	70	73	127	48	35	53
Persons 65 years and over	—	—	42	20	12	30	38	60	125
Persons 75 years and over	—	—	27	15	6	29	26	31	74
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	—	—	286	65	66	200	134	49	87
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	—	—	839	361	272	661	282	411	663
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	—	—	1 433	838	608	1 410	862	1 103	1 725

Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Champaign County				
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9
PLACE OF BIRTH										
All persons	146 461	146 461	51 316	14 108	27 452	4 511	7 032	2 018	1 129	4 972
Native	142 430	142 430	49 866	13 779	25 767	4 340	6 811	2 012	1 129	4 848
Foreign born	4 031	4 031	1 450	329	1 685	171	221	6	-	124
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH										
Linguistically isolated households	363	363	164	4	132	40	9	-	5	11
Persons 5 years and over	137 023	137 023	48 549	12 821	26 051	4 511	7 024	1 871	1 048	4 618
Speak a language other than English	6 827	6 827	2 573	487	2 130	344	504	25	18	211
Do not speak English "very well"	1 404	1 404	496	114	512	57	72	-	5	57
In linguistically isolated households	487	487	172	8	215	48	9	-	5	11
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	54 449	54 449	23 313	3 939	12 929	3 863	6 650	334	199	1 224
Preprimary school	2 779	2 779	854	339	426	-	-	8	11	42
Public school	1 759	1 759	454	269	279	-	-	-	11	34
Elementary or high school	18 525	18 525	4 854	2 295	2 071	30	27	244	120	498
Public school	17 165	17 165	4 222	2 199	1 937	30	27	231	120	482
College	33 145	33 145	17 605	1 305	10 432	3 833	6 623	82	68	684
Public college	32 154	32 154	17 342	999	10 261	3 799	6 574	76	60	656
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Persons 25 years and over	83 787	83 787	26 439	8 175	14 559	849	503	1 405	810	3 252
Less than 9th grade	3 578	3 578	908	281	555	61	-	214	87	129
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	6 064	6 064	1 380	525	860	45	-	172	117	197
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	22 845	22 845	5 846	2 625	2 577	91	12	556	295	1 099
Some college, no degree	16 806	16 806	5 142	2 438	2 133	133	113	237	176	801
Associate degree	6 143	6 143	1 796	798	663	33	42	55	49	232
Bachelor's degree	14 114	14 114	5 753	1 042	3 023	269	178	82	72	589
Graduate or professional degree	14 237	14 237	5 614	466	4 748	217	158	89	14	205
Percent high school graduate or higher	88.5	88.5	91.3	90.1	90.3	87.5	100.0	72.5	74.8	90.0
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	33.8	33.8	43.0	18.4	53.4	57.2	66.8	12.2	10.6	24.4
FERTILITY										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	849	849	610	1 383	495	21	9	1 104	1 012	779
RESIDENCE IN 1985										
Persons 5 years and over	137 023	137 023	48 549	12 821	26 051	4 511	7 024	1 871	1 048	4 618
Same house	57 190	57 190	16 474	4 423	8 391	157	181	870	410	1 866
Different house in United States	77 555	77 555	31 419	7 771	16 942	4 236	6 685	1 001	628	2 721
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	21 739	21 739	9 152	2 121	4 622	355	348	638	207	1 038
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	10 941	10 941	2 154	472	836	79	90	180	141	388
Different MSA/PMSA	31 824	31 824	15 227	3 577	8 848	2 971	5 412	142	168	675
Not in an MSA/PMSA	13 051	13 051	4 886	1 601	2 636	831	835	41	112	620
Abroad	2 278	2 278	656	627	718	118	158	-	10	31
JOURNEY TO WORK										
Workers 16 years and over	77 881	77 881	26 956	8 009	14 325	2 118	2 987	1 011	615	3 057
Car, truck, or van	62 313	62 313	20 077	7 054	8 932	648	1 149	844	559	2 785
Drove alone	53 417	53 417	17 365	5 821	7 698	569	948	701	503	2 397
Carpooled	8 896	8 896	2 712	1 233	1 234	79	201	143	56	388
Public transportation	2 822	2 822	1 395	43	1 109	181	203	48	10	48
Other means	9 941	9 941	4 570	832	3 792	1 222	1 549	53	18	100
Worked at home	2 805	2 805	914	80	492	67	86	66	28	124
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	15.2	15.2	13.7	11.3	13.5	11.0	10.3	13.1	16.5	14.4
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	74 417	74 417	25 918	7 843	13 826	2 051	2 782	994	589	2 954
Central city	60 476	60 476	23 745	5 294	12 947	2 004	2 686	871	464	2 469
Outside central city	13 941	13 941	2 173	2 549	879	47	96	123	125	485
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	3 464	3 464	1 038	166	499	67	205	17	26	103
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	118 998	118 998	43 836	10 522	23 967	4 497	7 024	1 649	920	4 136
In labor force	82 217	82 217	28 742	8 285	15 132	2 441	3 357	1 106	652	3 159
Employed	76 214	76 214	27 533	5 150	14 630	2 257	3 029	1 039	632	3 101
Unemployed	2 699	2 699	1 041	192	460	184	228	67	20	33
Percent of civilian labor force	3.4	3.4	3.6	3.6	3.0	7.5	7.0	6.1	3.1	1.1
Females 16 years and over	59 079	59 079	21 045	4 719	12 311	1 673	2 714	872	478	2 223
Employed	35 601	35 601	12 534	2 729	6 846	804	1 232	514	310	1 564
Unemployed	1 133	1 133	461	111	168	77	123	27	-	12
With own children under 6 years	7 843	7 843	2 129	1 159	1 116	-	11	121	63	270
In labor force	5 427	5 427	1 398	743	767	-	11	86	37	149
With own children 6 to 17 years only	8 289	8 289	2 269	878	983	10	-	120	61	213
In labor force	6 662	6 662	1 824	707	797	-	-	97	61	174
Persons 16 to 19 years	12 436	12 436	5 377	872	3 382	216	1 652	92	32	310
Not enrolled in school	1 446	1 446	409	355	127	-	21	54	22	129
Unemployed or not in labor force	327	327	92	80	40	-	-	34	-	21
Not high school graduate	355	355	103	46	57	-	8	28	-	26
Employed	180	180	55	10	28	-	-	5	-	26
Unemployed	63	63	6	8	29	-	-	-	-	-
Not in labor force	104	104	34	28	-	-	-	23	-	-
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	98 417	98 417	36 845	8 945	19 889	3 993	6 586	1 235	705	3 369
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	68 181	68 181	23 907	6 798	12 318	1 861	3 077	925	544	2 668
50 to 52 weeks	44 989	44 989	13 970	4 850	7 065	258	208	665	414	2 079
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	101 397	101 397	39 066	6 626	20 784	4 343	6 903	1 308	727	3 632
With a mobility or self-care limitation	1 953	1 953	610	273	210	24	57	61	35	61
With a mobility limitation	994	994	345	99	157	16	14	38	27	39
In labor force	320	320	124	36	40	-	-	11	18	10
With a self-care limitation	1 442	1 442	463	232	119	24	57	41	35	30
With a work disability	4 888	4 888	1 707	451	838	114	104	148	72	287
In labor force	2 547	2 547	922	237	438	33	36	66	27	162
Prevented from working	1 819	1 819	601	154	298	41	38	64	40	110
No work disability	96 509	96 509	37 359	6 175	19 946	4 229	6 799	1 160	655	3 345
In labor force	74 167	74 167	26 859	5 008	14 254	2 408	3 221	1 022	610	2 882
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	13 155	13 155	4 357	953	2 659	75	21	312	148	479
With a mobility or self-care limitation	2 185	2 185	828	94	422	7	10	90	29	109
With a mobility limitation	1 773	1 773	678	88	372	7	10	68	29	109
With a self-care limitation	1 119	1 119	409	54	150	7	-	51	16	20

Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Champaign County—Con.								
	Tract 10	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 53	Tract 54	Tract 55	Tract 56
PLACE OF BIRTH									
All persons	4 342	5 685	8 022	7 994	3 631	1 162	6 537	4 941	4 428
Native	4 207	5 606	7 915	7 609	3 491	1 109	6 475	4 835	4 271
Foreign born	135	79	107	385	140	53	62	106	157
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH									
Linguistically isolated households	10	8	—	18	—	8	8	29	5
Persons 5 years and over	4 020	5 195	7 343	7 515	3 496	1 091	6 078	4 528	4 118
Speak a language other than English	146	195	190	396	296	85	159	203	146
Do not speak English "very well"	22	33	12	96	37	48	20	75	24
In linguistically isolated households	10	8	—	18	—	8	8	29	24
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 125	1 613	2 378	2 268	3 042	340	1 643	1 176	1 197
Preprimary school	101	135	273	243	28	13	101	112	79
Public school	47	89	152	86	28	13	73	94	73
Elementary or high school	561	870	1 389	1 232	154	68	866	554	557
Public school	461	832	1 216	1 008	154	68	835	547	529
College	463	608	716	793	2 860	259	676	510	561
Public college	455	608	668	750	2 837	233	642	498	545
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT									
Persons 25 years and over	2 948	3 603	5 247	5 528	565	766	4 183	3 521	3 020
Less than 9th grade	67	144	87	58	—	40	182	241	121
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	115	360	188	95	31	108	474	343	287
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	921	1 002	1 054	755	46	179	1 415	906	924
Some college, no degree	478	846	1 071	1 074	113	212	829	727	555
Associate degree	213	350	320	304	22	49	291	308	192
Bachelor's degree	588	518	1 251	1 346	174	123	537	562	443
Graduate or professional degree	566	381	1 276	1 896	179	55	455	434	498
Percent high school graduate or higher	93.8	86.0	94.8	97.2	94.5	80.7	84.3	83.4	86.5
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	39.1	25.0	48.2	58.6	62.5	23.2	23.7	28.3	31.2
FERTILITY									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	849	1 045	1 148	1 053	266	986	864	918	1 150
RESIDENCE IN 1985									
Persons 5 years and over	4 020	5 195	7 343	7 515	3 496	1 091	6 078	4 528	4 118
Same house	1 995	2 581	3 325	3 584	315	443	2 291	2 307	2 082
Different house in United States	2 009	2 593	3 984	3 821	3 073	640	3 741	2 212	2 026
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	800	1 361	1 888	1 828	201	308	1 339	957	744
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	279	316	584	307	60	21	778	528	308
Different MSA/PMSA	510	479	909	1 392	2 269	187	952	479	730
Not in an MSA/PMSA	420	437	603	294	543	124	672	248	244
Abroad	16	21	34	110	108	8	46	9	10
JOURNEY TO WORK									
Workers 16 years and over	2 446	3 190	4 335	4 357	1 368	473	3 902	2 810	2 438
Car, truck, or van	2 092	2 903	4 065	3 939	572	351	3 642	2 217	1 994
Drove alone	1 841	2 425	3 643	3 416	500	303	3 044	1 939	1 658
Carpooled	251	478	422	523	72	48	598	278	336
Public transportation	124	89	80	154	127	—	107	161	171
Other means	133	97	80	128	629	116	51	312	155
Worked at home	97	101	110	136	40	6	102	120	118
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	15.0	15.5	17.2	14.0	12.4	13.4	16.5	15.6	14.5
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	2 351	3 036	4 070	4 198	1 308	463	3 723	2 730	2 363
Central city	2 187	2 679	3 592	3 750	1 225	409	3 204	2 391	2 081
Outside central city	164	357	478	448	83	54	519	339	282
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	95	154	265	159	60	10	179	80	75
LABOR FORCE STATUS									
Persons 16 years and over	3 462	4 367	5 934	6 361	3 318	1 003	5 277	4 021	3 489
In labor force	2 573	3 379	4 552	4 503	1 495	535	4 109	2 972	2 626
Employed	2 468	3 275	4 395	4 474	1 419	494	3 953	2 828	2 497
Unemployed	98	95	137	41	68	41	116	144	112
Percent of civilian labor force	3.8	2.8	3.0	.6	4.6	7.7	2.9	4.8	4.3
Females 16 years and over	1 843	2 288	3 086	3 290	1 492	551	2 777	2 202	1 893
Employed	1 197	1 549	2 001	1 992	745	238	2 007	1 381	1 274
Unemployed	44	37	70	13	16	20	37	64	33
With own children under 6 years	231	297	568	428	105	65	327	278	292
In labor force	177	206	362	244	59	32	218	225	245
With own children 6 to 17 years only	249	491	656	565	65	19	336	317	291
In labor force	200	422	517	392	59	6	265	263	275
Persons 16 to 19 years	181	303	389	374	1 897	54	255	186	123
Not enrolled in school	62	56	53	33	—	12	38	36	21
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	8	28	—	—	—	14	22	12
Not high school graduate	11	7	21	6	—	12	9	18	12
Employed	11	7	—	6	—	6	—	—	—
Unemployed	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	11	12
Not in labor force	—	—	15	—	—	—	—	—	—
WORK STATUS IN 1989									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	2 741	3 628	5 021	4 904	3 106	674	4 407	3 080	2 840
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 992	2 867	3 771	3 575	1 371	464	3 412	2 352	2 099
50 to 52 weeks	1 549	2 129	2 871	2 770	320	297	2 665	1 876	1 533
DISABILITY									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	2 857	3 880	5 329	5 306	3 302	737	4 636	3 282	2 908
With a mobility or self-care limitation	77	83	129	54	38	35	127	75	57
With a mobility limitation	51	39	47	26	26	35	59	34	57
In labor force	8	14	31	29	26	—	17	17	22
With a self-care limitation	56	69	113	18	19	7	91	50	30
With a work disability	227	190	262	153	46	56	241	275	209
In labor force	105	98	191	137	46	7	127	182	125
Prevented from working	110	70	56	16	—	49	103	79	60
No work disability	2 630	3 690	5 067	5 153	3 256	681	4 395	3 007	2 699
In labor force	2 343	3 236	4 199	4 169	1 441	523	3 839	2 725	2 385
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	577	478	514	856	8	120	460	502	564
With a mobility or self-care limitation	87	157	41	127	—	5	60	62	147
With a mobility limitation	52	149	10	109	—	5	60	52	124
With a self-care limitation	54	69	31	73	—	5	9	29	43

Table 20. **Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.					Champaign city, Champaign County			
	Tract 57	Tract 60	Tract 101	Tract 102.03	Tract 103	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 6	Tract 7 (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH									
All persons	5 824	767	4 286	2 977	5 690	4 511	7 032	2 822	2 012
Native	5 391	458	4 173	2 874	5 599	4 340	6 811	2 731	2 006
Foreign born	433	309	113	103	91	171	221	91	6
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH									
Linguistically isolated households	17	55	4	—	—	40	9	21	—
Persons 5 years and over	5 392	661	4 018	2 733	4 979	4 511	7 024	2 673	1 865
Speak a language other than English	463	316	184	107	142	344	504	91	25
Do not speak English "very well"	103	139	40	34	35	57	72	50	—
In linguistically isolated households	23	111	8	—	—	48	9	21	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 492	385	1 101	768	1 776	3 863	6 650	939	334
Preprimary school	130	40	58	62	200	—	—	56	8
Public school	74	12	52	51	153	—	—	30	—
Elementary or high school	658	95	756	474	849	30	27	162	244
Public school	598	86	729	426	849	30	27	125	231
College	704	250	287	232	727	3 833	6 623	721	82
Public college	689	244	240	209	491	3 799	6 574	702	76
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT									
Persons 25 years and over	4 215	439	2 758	1 865	2 774	849	503	2 028	1 405
Less than 9th grade	91	—	156	113	7	61	—	51	214
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	157	—	268	181	24	45	—	61	172
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	588	13	935	831	563	91	12	280	556
Some college, no degree	557	46	737	396	1 184	133	113	333	237
Associate degree	206	11	198	148	360	33	42	198	55
Bachelor's degree	908	114	360	143	385	269	178	594	82
Graduate or professional degree	1 708	255	104	53	251	217	158	511	89
Percent high school graduate or higher	94.1	100.0	84.6	84.2	98.9	87.5	100.0	94.5	72.5
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	62.1	84.1	16.8	10.5	22.9	57.2	66.8	54.5	12.2
FERTILITY									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 024	737	1 335	1 425	1 434	21	9	495	1 119
RESIDENCE IN 1985									
Persons 5 years and over	5 392	661	4 018	2 733	4 979	4 511	7 024	2 673	1 865
Same house	2 742	94	2 057	1 316	429	157	181	837	864
Different house in United States	2 619	291	1 880	1 364	4 062	4 236	6 685	1 799	1 001
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	1 141	61	940	598	318	355	348	712	638
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	210	20	140	190	29	79	90	192	180
Different MSA/PMSA	911	172	427	340	2 766	2 971	5 412	603	142
Not in an MSA/PMSA	357	38	373	236	949	831	835	292	41
Abroad	31	276	81	53	488	118	158	37	—
JOURNEY TO WORK									
Workers 16 years and over	3 055	312	2 223	1 622	3 481	2 118	2 987	1 808	1 011
Car, truck, or van	2 643	220	2 112	1 484	2 818	648	1 149	1 363	844
Drove alone	2 295	153	1 850	1 191	2 231	569	948	1 193	701
Carpooled	348	67	262	293	587	79	201	170	143
Public transportation	178	56	21	15	—	181	203	200	48
Other means	110	36	65	84	647	1 222	1 549	236	53
Worked at home	124	—	25	39	16	67	86	9	66
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	14.5	12.4	12.5	13.9	9.3	11.0	10.3	13.5	13.1
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	2 951	306	2 133	1 606	3 445	2 051	2 782	1 791	994
Central city	2 671	291	1 671	1 205	1 860	2 004	2 686	1 675	871
Outside central city	280	15	462	401	1 585	47	96	116	123
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	104	6	90	16	36	67	205	17	17
LABOR FORCE STATUS									
Persons 16 years and over	4 740	559	3 344	2 259	4 032	4 497	7 024	2 523	1 643
In labor force	3 143	324	2 323	1 716	3 548	2 441	3 357	1 879	1 100
Employed	3 078	312	2 062	1 545	3 483	2 427	3 029	1 826	1 039
Unemployed	57	12	53	79	45	184	228	53	61
Percent of civilian labor force	1.8	3.7	2.5	4.9	4.8	7.5	7.0	2.8	5.5
Females 16 years and over	2 599	236	1 818	1 146	1 302	1 673	2 714	1 292	866
Employed	1 435	103	1 023	749	625	804	1 232	866	514
Unemployed	21	6	40	26	45	77	123	8	21
With own children under 6 years	326	83	255	189	641	—	11	127	121
In labor force	236	25	162	160	365	—	11	63	86
With own children 6 to 17 years only	333	41	314	184	260	10	—	68	120
In labor force	245	6	246	151	196	—	—	55	97
Persons 16 to 19 years	180	27	255	159	395	216	1 652	85	92
Not enrolled in school	6	—	75	66	202	—	21	7	54
Unemployed or not in labor force	6	—	11	5	56	—	—	—	34
Not high school graduate	—	—	—	15	31	—	8	—	28
Employed	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	5
Unemployed	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	—	—	—	5	23	—	—	—	23
WORK STATUS IN 1989									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	3 547	421	2 591	1 896	3 701	3 993	6 586	2 053	1 229
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	2 556	272	2 012	1 460	2 777	1 861	3 077	1 597	919
50 to 52 weeks	1 756	150	1 550	1 095	1 792	258	208	1 070	665
DISABILITY									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	3 589	559	2 548	1 895	1 407	4 343	6 903	2 245	1 302
With a mobility or self-care limitation	40	—	160	54	12	24	57	56	61
With a mobility limitation	8	—	59	25	—	16	14	34	38
In labor force	—	—	22	5	—	—	—	—	11
With a self-care limitation	32	—	134	54	12	24	57	49	41
With a work disability	144	6	218	154	21	114	104	134	148
In labor force	57	6	108	77	12	33	36	52	66
Prevented from working	63	—	70	66	—	41	38	61	64
No work disability	3 445	553	2 330	1 741	1 386	4 229	6 799	2 111	1 154
In labor force	2 911	318	1 964	1 521	916	2 408	3 221	1 817	1 016
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	1 102	—	588	272	5	75	21	278	312
With a mobility or self-care limitation	162	—	64	24	—	7	10	69	90
With a mobility limitation	124	—	64	24	—	7	10	57	68
With a self-care limitation	84	—	31	17	—	7	—	43	51

Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County—Con.						Rantoul village, Champaign County		
	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH									
All persons	4 060	4 342	5 685	4 676	5 700	2 515	4 199	2 977	5 690
Native	3 936	4 207	5 606	4 636	5 410	2 484	4 086	2 874	5 599
Foreign born	124	135	79	40	290	31	113	103	91
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH									
Linguistically isolated households	11	10	8	—	11	—	4	—	—
Persons 5 years and over	3 781	4 020	5 195	4 187	5 325	2 515	3 939	2 733	4 979
Speak a language other than English	200	146	195	108	313	154	184	107	142
Do not speak English "very well"	57	22	33	12	82	10	40	34	35
In linguistically isolated households	11	10	8	—	11	—	8	—	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 022	1 125	1 613	1 404	1 650	2 515	1 088	768	1 776
Preprimary school	23	101	135	178	180	—	58	62	200
Public school	23	47	89	96	69	—	52	51	153
Elementary or high school	417	561	870	841	870	—	743	474	849
Public school	417	461	832	736	715	—	716	426	843
College	582	463	608	385	600	2 515	287	232	727
Public college	563	455	608	356	583	2 492	240	209	491
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT									
Persons 25 years and over	2 607	2 948	3 603	2 929	3 889	—	2 715	1 865	2 774
Less than 9th grade	129	67	144	71	14	—	129	113	7
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	178	115	360	146	74	—	268	181	24
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	924	921	1 002	586	522	—	935	831	563
Some college, no degree	590	478	848	669	755	—	730	396	1 184
Associate degree	158	213	350	186	225	—	198	148	360
Bachelor's degree	450	588	518	706	958	—	360	143	385
Graduate or professional degree	178	566	381	565	1 341	—	95	53	251
Percent high school graduate or higher	88.2	93.8	86.0	92.6	97.7	—	85.4	84.2	98.9
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	24.1	39.1	25.0	43.4	59.1	—	16.8	10.5	22.9
FERTILITY									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	793	849	1 045	1 204	1 047	—	1 345	1 425	1 434
RESIDENCE IN 1985									
Persons 5 years and over	3 781	4 020	5 195	4 187	5 325	2 515	3 939	2 733	4 979
Same house	1 512	1 995	2 581	1 946	2 413	123	2 027	1 316	429
Different house in United States	2 238	2 009	2 593	2 241	2 810	2 361	1 831	1 364	4 062
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	876	800	1 361	1 078	1 420	9	927	598	318
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	277	279	316	242	157	—	127	190	29
Different MSA/PMSA	571	510	479	515	1 040	1 960	427	340	2 766
Not in an MSA/PMSA	514	420	437	406	193	392	350	236	949
Abroad	31	16	21	—	102	31	81	53	488
JOURNEY TO WORK									
Workers 16 years and over	2 486	2 446	3 190	2 420	3 248	718	2 187	1 622	3 481
Car, truck, or van	2 265	2 092	2 903	2 242	2 901	69	2 083	1 484	2 818
Drove alone	1 920	1 841	2 425	2 038	2 476	58	1 837	1 191	2 231
Carpooled	345	251	478	204	425	11	246	293	587
Public transportation	31	124	89	66	137	29	21	15	—
Other means	100	133	97	41	102	610	58	84	647
Worked at home	90	97	101	71	108	10	25	39	16
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	14.3	15.0	15.5	17.2	13.9	8.8	12.6	13.9	9.3
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	2 417	2 351	3 036	2 275	3 152	677	2 097	1 606	3 445
Central city	2 035	2 187	2 679	2 039	2 889	667	1 640	1 205	1 860
Outside central city	382	164	357	236	263	10	457	401	1 585
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	69	95	154	145	96	41	90	16	36
LABOR FORCE STATUS									
Persons 16 years and over	3 399	3 462	4 367	3 298	4 511	2 515	3 278	2 259	4 032
In labor force	2 580	2 573	3 379	2 542	3 328	824	2 287	1 716	3 548
Employed	2 532	2 468	3 275	2 437	3 305	769	2 031	1 545	3 883
Unemployed	33	98	95	85	23	55	53	79	45
Percent of civilian labor force	1.3	3.8	2.8	3.4	.7	6.7	2.5	4.9	4.8
Females 16 years and over	1 814	1 843	2 288	1 699	2 353	1 044	1 779	1 146	1 302
Employed	1 265	1 197	1 549	1 121	1 469	405	1 005	749	625
Unemployed	12	44	37	54	7	10	40	26	45
With own children under 6 years	189	231	297	364	331	—	255	189	641
In labor force	87	177	206	217	184	—	162	160	365
With own children 6 to 17 years only	171	249	491	392	396	—	314	184	260
In labor force	142	200	422	328	269	—	246	151	196
Persons 16 to 19 years	299	181	303	194	270	1 841	250	159	395
Not enrolled in school	118	62	56	38	33	—	70	66	202
Unemployed or not in labor force	21	—	8	20	—	—	11	5	56
Not high school graduate	26	11	7	13	6	—	—	15	31
Employed	26	11	7	—	6	—	—	10	—
Unemployed	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	8
Not in labor force	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	5	23
WORK STATUS IN 1989									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	2 746	2 741	3 628	2 826	3 563	2 361	2 546	1 896	3 701
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	2 131	1 992	2 867	2 194	2 599	908	1 967	1 460	2 777
50 to 52 weeks	1 628	1 549	2 129	1 708	2 026	9	1 525	1 095	1 792
DISABILITY									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	2 982	2 857	3 880	2 998	3 867	2 515	2 517	1 895	1 407
With a mobility or self-care limitation	61	77	83	55	29	11	160	54	12
With a mobility limitation	39	51	39	23	29	11	59	25	—
In labor force	10	8	14	16	22	11	22	5	—
With a self-care limitation	30	56	69	48	—	—	134	54	12
With a work disability	238	227	190	174	103	31	218	154	21
In labor force	133	105	98	127	87	31	108	77	12
Prevented from working	90	110	70	32	16	—	70	66	—
No work disability	2 744	2 630	3 690	2 824	3 764	2 484	2 299	1 741	1 386
In labor force	2 361	2 343	3 236	2 346	3 061	793	1 933	1 521	916
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	402	577	478	209	644	—	558	272	5
With a mobility or self-care limitation	87	87	157	31	94	—	64	24	—
With a mobility limitation	87	52	149	—	76	—	64	24	—
With a self-care limitation	9	54	69	31	56	—	31	17	—

Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Urbana city, Champaign County							Remainder of Champaign County
	Tract 52	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 59	Tract 60 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH								
All persons	1 707	1 062	1 816	3 874	5 399	6 124	696	753
Native	1 538	1 017	1 799	3 724	4 984	5 866	387	753
Foreign born	169	45	17	150	415	258	309	—
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH								
Linguistically isolated households	7	8	8	5	17	—	55	—
Persons 5 years and over	1 665	991	1 752	3 597	4 967	6 114	590	709
Speak a language other than English	252	73	47	146	422	492	310	8
Do not speak English "very well"	41	48	8	24	103	97	133	—
In linguistically isolated households	7	8	8	24	23	—	111	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL								
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 147	266	538	1 067	1 364	5 772	365	125
Preprimary school	19	13	21	59	130	10	40	7
Public school	12	13	21	53	74	—	12	7
Elementary or high school	55	68	177	447	563	14	86	65
Public school	55	68	173	429	509	14	86	65
College	1 073	185	340	561	671	5 748	239	53
Public college	1 073	163	333	545	662	5 684	233	45
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT								
Persons 25 years and over	710	748	1 118	2 652	3 901	633	383	561
Less than 9th grade	7	40	46	121	55	31	—	67
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	20	108	80	246	157	—	—	88
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	30	179	365	779	569	13	7	228
Some college, no degree	56	205	119	455	541	67	25	82
Associate degree	20	45	56	147	156	—	11	44
Bachelor's degree	256	116	236	431	859	191	107	48
Graduate or professional degree	321	55	216	473	1 564	331	233	4
Percent high school graduate or higher	96.2	80.2	88.7	86.2	94.6	95.1	100.0	72.4
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	81.3	22.9	40.4	34.1	62.1	82.5	88.8	9.3
FERTILITY								
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	233	1 108	545	1 056	1 024	4	767	821
RESIDENCE IN 1985								
Persons 5 years and over	1 665	991	1 752	3 597	4 967	6 114	590	709
Same house	229	429	404	1 787	2 451	292	79	367
Different house in United States	1 343	554	1 340	1 800	2 485	5 610	235	342
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	400	300	431	649	1 047	335	31	143
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	30	21	74	224	192	46	—	63
Different MSA/PMSA	727	140	641	710	897	4 240	166	71
Not in an MSA/PMSA	186	93	194	217	349	989	38	65
Abroad	93	8	8	10	31	212	276	—
JOURNEY TO WORK								
Workers 16 years and over	1 058	423	1 168	2 152	2 841	2 561	256	420
Car, truck, or van	375	309	1 074	1 750	2 470	510	173	398
Drove alone	346	269	852	1 462	2 150	475	106	365
Carpooled	29	40	222	288	320	35	67	33
Public transportation	109	—	16	171	171	248	56	—
Other means	566	108	16	130	90	1 654	27	5
Worked at home	8	6	20	101	110	—	—	17
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	12.4	14.2	16.5	14.3	14.6	10.1	13.3	13.9
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	1 030	413	1 117	2 077	2 737	2 508	250	414
Central city	991	359	964	1 842	2 481	2 479	244	319
Outside central city	39	54	133	235	256	29	6	95
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	28	10	51	75	104	53	6	6
LABOR FORCE STATUS								
Persons 16 years and over	1 610	903	1 564	3 112	4 384	6 109	497	630
In labor force	1 163	477	1 235	2 317	2 922	2 735	268	441
Employed	1 113	444	1 194	2 188	2 864	2 641	256	427
Unemployed	50	33	112	112	50	94	12	14
Percent of civilian labor force	4.3	6.9	2.0	4.9	1.7	3.4	4.5	3.2
Females 16 years and over	546	509	807	1 686	2 428	3 227	206	321
Employed	418	211	616	1 115	1 351	1 350	79	218
Unemployed	22	20	7	33	21	26	6	—
With own children under 6 years	32	65	65	251	326	6	83	38
In labor force	27	32	36	204	236	6	25	22
With own children 6 to 17 years only	23	19	61	256	288	—	35	30
In labor force	23	6	54	240	226	—	6	30
Persons 16 to 19 years	43	48	66	123	144	2 629	27	22
Not enrolled in school	30	12	10	21	6	6	—	22
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	6	5	12	—	—	—	—
Not high school graduate	5	12	5	12	—	—	—	—
Employed	5	6	5	—	—	—	—	—
Unemployed	—	6	—	12	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
WORK STATUS IN 1989								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	1 502	585	1 389	2 528	3 305	5 678	365	474
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	852	407	1 024	1 846	2 381	2 522	235	348
50 to 52 weeks	419	289	812	1 354	1 628	353	118	260
DISABILITY								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 571	637	1 389	2 602	3 341	6 051	497	482
With a mobility or self-care limitation	24	35	15	50	8	24	—	3
With a mobility limitation	12	35	8	50	8	15	—	—
In labor force	5	—	8	15	—	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	19	7	7	30	—	16	—	3
With a work disability	45	56	41	202	144	131	6	48
In labor force	38	7	31	118	57	48	6	17
Prevented from working	7	49	4	60	63	41	—	26
No work disability	1 526	581	1 348	2 400	3 197	5 920	491	434
In labor force	1 120	465	1 162	2 094	2 712	2 677	262	409
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	39	120	111	493	1 035	58	—	148
With a mobility or self-care limitation	20	5	21	127	151	—	—	29
With a mobility limitation	20	5	21	104	124	—	—	29
With a self-care limitation	6	5	—	43	73	—	—	16

Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County				
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9
OCCUPATION										
Employed persons 16 years and over.....	76 214	76 214	27 533	5 150	14 630	2 257	3 029	1 039	632	3 101
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations.....	9 246	9 246	3 659	613	1 442	94	234	93	66	379
Professional specialty occupations.....	16 733	16 733	6 837	662	4 874	584	615	93	26	445
Technicians and related support occupations.....	4 081	4 081	1 611	127	1 194	303	219	31	27	87
Sales occupations.....	8 082	8 082	3 112	614	1 244	295	347	128	71	508
Administrative support occupations, including clerical.....	12 534	12 534	4 795	922	2 133	393	691	158	119	581
Private household occupations.....	305	305	83	24	59	—	—	14	—	12
Protective service occupations.....	771	771	267	67	65	13	35	13	5	30
Service occupations, except protective and household.....	8 635	8 635	3 086	684	1 710	390	625	237	79	343
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.....	1 842	1 842	301	52	171	27	70	7	21	15
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations.....	5 984	5 984	1 594	495	714	22	62	75	83	262
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors.....	2 767	2 767	680	464	388	16	48	77	37	154
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	2 674	2 674	771	169	291	25	48	43	58	167
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers.....	2 560	2 560	737	257	345	95	35	70	40	118
INCOME IN 1989										
Households.....	55 633	55 633	20 114	4 642	10 610	2 104	1 577	921	486	2 338
Less than \$5,000.....	3 100	3 100	1 647	123	680	570	403	35	25	142
\$5,000 to \$9,999.....	5 068	5 068	2 534	216	1 173	668	486	166	47	160
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	5 617	5 617	2 239	542	1 333	366	338	137	47	197
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	10 626	10 626	3 645	1 178	2 184	289	278	261	130	591
\$25,000 to \$34,999.....	9 039	9 039	2 765	1 034	1 665	138	37	152	120	332
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	10 776	10 776	3 483	985	1 660	28	35	110	74	484
\$50,000 to \$74,999.....	7 536	7 536	2 344	386	1 233	40	—	42	38	344
\$75,000 to \$99,999.....	2 021	2 021	728	114	321	5	—	12	5	70
\$100,000 or more.....	1 850	1 850	729	64	361	—	—	6	—	18
Median (dollars).....	28 560	28 560	24 975	26 888	24 659	7 899	8 379	19 098	24 375	26 474
Mean (dollars).....	35 545	35 545	34 405	30 816	32 410	11 473	10 420	23 290	26 453	31 419
Families.....	33 721	33 721	9 823	3 519	5 174	149	44	545	288	1 207
Median income (dollars).....	37 350	37 350	40 123	29 141	36 108	15 759	17 115	23 750	27 348	36 020
Per capita income (dollars).....	14 100	14 100	14 194	12 062	13 076	5 495	6 240	10 688	11 417	14 725
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households.....	55 633	55 633	20 114	4 642	10 610	2 104	1 577	921	486	2 338
With earnings.....	48 957	48 957	17 620	4 211	9 131	1 930	1 499	748	405	2 057
Mean earnings (dollars).....	32 799	32 799	31 865	26 995	29 167	10 955	9 692	22 655	26 254	30 154
With Social Security income.....	10 259	10 259	3 314	797	1 994	106	25	240	106	354
Mean Social Security income (dollars).....	7 478	7 478	7 287	6 587	6 803	3 579	4 088	8 166	8 012	7 759
With public assistance income.....	1 737	1 737	460	154	369	43	10	58	27	94
Mean public assistance income (dollars).....	3 656	3 656	3 271	3 397	3 621	1 656	2 000	5 481	2 127	1 804
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars).....	44 816	44 816	50 173	33 118	43 760	17 554	24 244	27 694	30 272	37 384
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	43 190	43 190	51 545	29 248	40 390	1 700	35 812	24 929	29 297	34 070
Married-couple families (dollars).....	48 096	48 096	54 306	34 851	47 677	17 248	26 839	31 152	30 590	40 358
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	48 297	48 297	58 191	31 990	45 908	1 700	35 812	30 140	30 207	38 059
Female householder, no husband present (dollars).....	22 506	22 506	22 723	23 147	21 958	24 264	4 000	15 935	27 943	21 271
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	17 446	17 446	17 265	16 111	16 761	—	—	12 189	23 134	17 509
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels in 1989										
Families.....	33 721	33 721	9 823	3 519	5 174	149	44	545	288	1 207
Householder worked in 1989.....	29 781	29 781	8 596	3 158	4 545	131	33	461	248	1 015
With related children under 18 years.....	16 822	16 822	4 494	2 071	2 373	10	9	253	138	443
With related children under 5 years.....	6 977	6 977	1 845	1 048	1 059	—	9	109	58	231
Married-couple families.....	28 863	28 863	8 434	2 961	4 298	105	39	407	249	1 029
Householder worked in 1989.....	25 712	25 712	7 453	2 657	3 850	87	28	337	209	875
With related children under 18 years.....	13 656	13 656	3 698	1 649	1 808	10	9	157	116	357
With related children under 5 years.....	6 000	6 000	1 607	919	871	—	9	79	54	212
Female householder, no husband present.....	3 659	3 659	1 103	454	643	14	5	100	32	159
Householder worked in 1989.....	3 008	3 008	893	402	495	14	5	96	32	134
With related children under 18 years.....	2 513	2 513	708	342	417	—	—	81	15	86
With related children under 5 years.....	719	719	196	111	133	—	—	22	4	19
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined.....	32 607	32 607	16 512	1 487	8 045	4 039	3 513	508	260	1 596
Nonfamily householder.....	21 912	21 912	10 291	1 123	5 436	1 955	1 533	376	198	1 131
65 years and over.....	4 636	4 636	1 624	283	1 168	59	—	125	30	189
Persons for whom poverty status is determined.....	132 395	132 395	44 939	12 410	22 054	4 352	3 621	1 989	1 084	4 962
Persons under 18 years.....	29 913	29 913	8 057	3 874	3 713	37	8	419	219	898
Related children under 18 years.....	29 764	29 764	7 998	3 870	3 686	14	8	415	219	883
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	20 467	20 467	5 276	2 583	2 334	14	—	268	138	529
Persons 65 years and over.....	13 155	13 155	4 357	953	2 659	75	21	312	148	479
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families.....	1 676	1 676	471	212	311	25	5	68	11	52
Percent below poverty level.....	5.0	5.0	4.8	6.0	6.0	16.8	11.4	12.5	3.8	4.3
Householder worked in 1989.....	1 021	1 021	243	149	228	15	5	44	11	7
With related children under 18 years.....	1 286	1 286	331	177	232	10	—	44	11	22
With related children under 5 years.....	714	714	183	121	157	—	—	32	11	22
Married-couple families.....	826	826	224	118	157	25	7	26	7	22
Householder worked in 1989.....	478	478	110	69	112	15	—	16	7	—
With related children under 18 years.....	551	551	146	83	97	10	—	18	7	15
With related children under 5 years.....	317	317	98	72	64	—	—	13	7	15
Female householder, no husband present.....	720	720	202	88	129	—	5	26	4	17
Householder worked in 1989.....	459	459	116	74	99	—	5	22	4	7
With related children under 18 years.....	656	656	169	88	118	—	—	26	4	7
With related children under 5 years.....	334	334	74	43	78	—	—	19	4	7
Unrelated individuals.....	11 466	11 466	7 356	229	2 719	2 913	2 782	78	67	347
Nonfamily householder.....	5 583	5 583	3 352	112	1 414	1 311	1 121	37	35	189
65 years and over.....	761	761	235	53	178	35	—	25	10	12
Persons.....	16 831	16 831	8 819	908	3 679	2 979	2 793	267	113	582
Percent below poverty level.....	12.7	12.7	19.6	7.3	16.7	68.5	77.1	13.4	10.4	11.7
Persons under 18 years.....	2 694	2 694	685	344	474	37	—	84	29	121
Related children under 18 years.....	2 550	2 550	626	340	447	14	—	80	29	106
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	1 564	1 564	408	174	209	14	—	30	12	81
Persons 65 years and over.....	963	963	281	72	218	35	—	25	10	22
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level.....	8 206	8 206	4 810	263	1 748	1 685	1 650	97	51	351
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level.....	21 955	21 955	10 713	1 629	4 532	3 367	3 060	366	163	915

Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.									
	Tract 10	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 53	Tract 54	Tract 55	Tract 56	
OCCUPATION										
Employed persons 16 years and over.....	2 468	3 275	4 395	4 474	1 419	494	3 953	2 828	2 497	
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations.....	318	446	808	854	157	52	401	310	285	
Professional specialty occupations.....	619	554	1 187	1 635	301	75	696	550	573	
Technicians and related support occupations.....	146	146	138	188	83	44	180	193	167	
Sales occupations.....	281	404	488	483	148	47	521	239	252	
Administrative support occupations, including clerical.....	507	607	723	615	311	66	632	443	366	
Private household occupations.....	—	8	9	10	9	6	21	—	20	
Protective service occupations.....	—	35	33	40	49	—	47	23	14	
Service occupations, except protective and household.....	198	303	372	249	246	117	532	338	279	
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.....	28	26	46	17	15	—	32	50	24	
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations.....	179	329	286	163	36	24	444	270	263	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors.....	48	99	102	51	9	17	154	169	72	
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	77	183	135	79	22	17	168	123	70	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers.....	67	135	68	90	33	29	125	120	112	
INCOME IN 1989										
Households.....	1 976	2 249	2 878	3 223	461	459	2 969	2 167	2 025	
Less than \$5,000.....	128	54	50	68	29	52	163	69	117	
\$5,000 to \$9,999.....	147	180	55	64	63	66	190	258	220	
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	242	136	108	154	116	46	224	228	263	
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	495	425	294	375	117	117	753	540	355	
\$25,000 to \$34,999.....	297	486	394	363	72	73	674	375	394	
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	388	645	677	665	36	76	547	346	447	
\$50,000 to \$74,999.....	130	257	824	818	14	29	272	326	209	
\$75,000 to \$99,999.....	51	25	243	324	—	—	103	25	7	
\$100,000 or more.....	98	41	233	392	14	—	43	—	13	
Median (dollars).....	24 504	32 083	46 760	48 626	16 815	19 358	27 445	24 762	26 132	
Mean (dollars).....	34 987	32 847	55 195	61 776	23 155	23 093	31 076	28 895	28 137	
Families.....	1 077	1 528	2 313	2 279	285	234	1 714	1 270	1 236	
Median income (dollars).....	34 783	35 594	50 548	57 934	22 399	22 024	31 127	32 961	34 191	
Per capita income (dollars).....	16 105	12 882	19 808	25 687	5 194	9 488	14 217	12 985	12 864	
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households.....	1 976	2 249	2 878	3 223	461	459	2 969	2 167	2 025	
With earnings.....	1 696	1 949	2 726	2 881	455	376	2 709	1 815	1 689	
Mean earnings (dollars).....	31 896	33 071	49 374	55 070	21 872	21 738	29 353	28 184	28 115	
With Social Security income.....	455	378	382	605	5	96	427	484	481	
Mean Social Security income (dollars).....	7 901	7 433	7 180	8 280	500	6 879	8 538	5 758	6 881	
With public assistance income.....	77	37	33	19	—	48	110	108	102	
Mean public assistance income (dollars).....	3 294	3 072	6 131	3 842	—	4 379	3 109	4 239	3 036	
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars).....	45 731	36 890	61 217	74 381	28 774	26 812	35 021	34 209	34 615	
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	42 342	35 595	56 560	88 205	19 750	19 763	33 045	32 825	31 604	
Married-couple families (dollars).....	49 154	39 355	64 340	79 403	32 215	30 723	38 836	37 617	38 304	
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	49 097	39 182	60 858	96 742	21 464	28 997	40 165	37 382	36 875	
Female householder, no husband present (dollars).....	24 335	22 450	29 167	17 515	16 052	12 421	17 267	20 247	19 261	
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	11 424	18 477	28 558	15 718	13 352	8 331	13 600	17 265	15 681	
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels in 1989										
Families.....	1 077	1 528	2 313	2 279	285	234	1 714	1 270	1 236	
Householder worked in 1989.....	923	1 386	2 201	2 047	273	174	1 512	1 100	1 077	
With related children under 18 years.....	495	805	1 244	1 045	174	98	772	648	623	
With related children under 5 years.....	190	288	441	332	79	52	310	251	260	
Married-couple families.....	923	1 280	2 078	2 070	211	182	1 355	1 004	985	
Householder worked in 1989.....	798	1 158	1 983	1 887	199	137	1 214	877	883	
With related children under 18 years.....	399	653	1 067	924	113	46	507	479	449	
With related children under 5 years.....	159	222	381	297	62	30	196	201	208	
Female householder, no husband present.....	140	177	199	151	60	39	251	202	217	
Householder worked in 1989.....	111	157	182	102	60	24	198	173	168	
With related children under 18 years.....	89	132	156	97	53	39	176	136	148	
With related children under 5 years.....	24	46	46	25	17	16	78	39	34	
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined.....	1 115	1 060	752	1 126	241	400	1 620	1 146	958	
Nonfamily householder.....	899	721	565	944	176	225	1 255	897	789	
65 years and over.....	149	230	170	298	8	37	124	262	225	
Persons for whom poverty status is determined.....	4 249	5 658	7 928	7 795	1 116	982	6 377	4 662	4 421	
Persons under 18 years.....	884	1 425	2 275	1 786	345	138	1 376	988	1 013	
Related children under 18 years.....	884	1 417	2 267	1 786	345	138	1 373	970	1 000	
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	580	954	1 595	1 307	210	87	920	580	690	
Persons 65 years and over.....	577	478	514	856	8	120	460	502	564	
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families.....	78	37	32	58	46	29	151	43	68	
Percent below poverty level.....	7.2	2.4	1.4	2.5	16.1	12.4	8.8	3.4	5.5	
Householder worked in 1989.....	63	11	15	7	34	15	63	28	49	
With related children under 18 years.....	50	37	32	41	40	23	92	43	61	
With related children under 5 years.....	8	20	8	11	13	16	56	43	43	
Married-couple families.....	40	18	—	19	33	6	55	16	22	
Householder worked in 1989.....	25	—	—	—	21	—	16	8	15	
With related children under 18 years.....	20	18	—	12	27	—	17	16	15	
With related children under 5 years.....	8	9	—	—	13	—	—	16	8	
Female householder, no husband present.....	38	8	32	39	13	23	88	27	28	
Householder worked in 1989.....	38	—	15	7	13	15	47	20	16	
With related children under 18 years.....	30	8	32	29	13	23	75	27	28	
With related children under 5 years.....	—	—	8	11	—	16	56	27	17	
Unrelated individuals.....	198	182	91	108	97	171	238	171	248	
Nonfamily householder.....	154	77	63	55	61	81	149	92	185	
65 years and over.....	16	60	17	7	—	9	29	26	74	
Persons.....	397	282	202	249	262	231	673	308	453	
Percent below poverty level.....	9.3	5.0	2.5	3.2	23.5	23.5	10.6	6.6	10.2	
Persons under 18 years.....	65	54	67	48	84	19	207	93	121	
Related children under 18 years.....	65	46	59	48	84	19	204	75	108	
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	55	22	50	25	60	6	99	21	33	
Persons 65 years and over.....	16	60	17	17	—	15	69	32	74	
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level.....	170	133	92	185	104	105	277	112	155	
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level.....	511	479	299	340	374	273	913	485	696	

Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Champaign County—Can.					Champaign city, Champaign County			
	Tract 57	Tract 60	Tract 101	Tract 102.03	Tract 103	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 6	Tract 7 (pt.)
OCCUPATION									
Employed persons 16 years and over.....	3 078	312	2 062	1 545	883	2 257	3 029	1 826	1 039
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations.....	429	55	332	128	61	94	234	280	93
Professional specialty occupations.....	1 372	112	207	163	170	584	615	622	93
Technicians and related support occupations.....	211	39	39	26	44	303	219	133	31
Sales occupations.....	232	17	216	168	177	295	347	166	128
Administrative support occupations, including clerical.....	366	29	384	232	180	393	691	238	158
Private household occupations.....	17	13	—	12	8	—	—	—	14
Protective service occupations.....	9	—	34	20	13	13	35	9	13
Service occupations, except protective and household.....	201	41	200	241	140	390	625	139	237
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.....	38	6	18	22	8	27	70	37	7
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations.....	96	—	240	184	14	22	62	95	75
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors.....	50	—	214	190	36	16	48	36	77
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	45	—	76	50	5	25	48	47	43
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers.....	12	—	102	109	27	95	35	24	70
INCOME IN 1989									
Households.....	2 655	271	1 870	1 186	1 114	2 104	1 577	1 659	921
Less than \$5,000.....	87	48	63	50	—	570	403	132	35
\$5,000 to \$9,999.....	162	11	137	41	26	668	486	276	166
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	168	34	200	137	157	366	338	257	137
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	370	68	343	282	474	289	278	310	261
\$25,000 to \$34,999.....	421	34	379	310	299	138	37	290	152
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	385	44	472	310	100	28	35	235	110
\$50,000 to \$74,999.....	591	—	206	88	36	40	—	100	42
\$75,000 to \$99,999.....	191	—	36	7	22	5	—	19	12
\$100,000 or more.....	280	26	34	11	—	—	—	40	6
Median (dollars).....	37 635	17 361	29 694	27 947	21 757	7 899	8 379	18 847	19 098
Mean (dollars).....	52 050	29 063	32 527	29 558	25 308	11 473	10 420	28 102	23 290
Families.....	1 679	247	1 258	801	1 102	149	44	473	545
Median income (dollars).....	53 805	17 028	34 221	31 756	21 599	15 759	17 115	33 787	23 750
Per capita income (dollars).....	23 620	10 834	14 070	11 906	9 846	5 495	6 240	16 514	10 694
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households.....	2 655	271	1 870	1 186	1 114	2 104	1 577	1 659	921
With earnings.....	2 097	235	1 590	1 080	1 114	1 930	1 499	1 396	748
Mean earnings (dollars).....	45 367	27 422	27 846	25 885	24 750	10 955	9 692	26 314	22 655
With Social Security income.....	791	—	448	246	11	106	25	254	240
Mean Social Security income (dollars).....	7 228	—	7 164	6 406	3 543	3 579	4 088	6 395	8 166
With public assistance income.....	87	11	78	62	—	43	10	74	58
Mean public assistance income (dollars).....	4 979	1 650	2 949	2 821	—	1 656	2 000	3 492	5 481
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars).....	65 559	24 988	36 707	32 326	25 216	17 554	24 244	50 340	27 694
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	58 813	21 386	30 987	29 488	24 008	1 700	35 812	56 050	24 929
Married-couple families (dollars).....	68 296	26 909	41 511	34 524	25 780	17 248	26 839	53 371	31 152
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	64 013	24 489	38 235	33 496	24 653	1 700	35 812	60 752	30 140
Female householder, no husband present (dollars).....	34 576	400	22 337	15 881	13 670	24 264	4 000	28 214	15 935
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	23 563	400	15 891	15 574	13 670	—	—	22 516	12 189
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels in 1989									
Families.....	1 679	247	1 258	801	1 102	149	44	473	545
Householder worked in 1989.....	1 505	217	1 071	678	1 102	131	33	398	461
With related children under 18 years.....	714	135	608	394	872	10	9	193	253
With related children under 5 years.....	338	67	236	188	560	—	9	127	109
Married-couple families.....	1 474	224	947	693	1 049	105	39	416	407
Householder worked in 1989.....	1 335	200	791	591	1 049	87	28	363	337
With related children under 18 years.....	590	112	396	302	819	10	9	164	157
With related children under 5 years.....	297	62	159	169	538	—	9	113	79
Female householder, no husband present.....	127	12	253	79	40	14	5	57	100
Householder worked in 1989.....	109	6	222	63	40	14	5	35	96
With related children under 18 years.....	81	12	167	74	40	—	—	29	81
With related children under 5 years.....	32	—	65	13	16	—	—	14	22
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined.....	1 119	24	793	544	30	4 039	3 513	1 520	502
Nonfamily householder.....	976	24	612	385	12	1 955	1 533	1 186	376
65 years and over.....	516	—	180	82	5	59	—	133	125
Persons for whom poverty status is determined.....	5 783	696	4 286	2 977	3 992	4 352	3 621	2 814	1 983
Persons under 18 years.....	1 168	214	1 045	787	1 727	37	8	314	419
Related children under 18 years.....	1 168	214	1 045	783	1 727	14	8	305	415
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	736	108	777	539	1 016	14	—	156	268
Persons 65 years and over.....	1 102	—	588	272	5	75	21	278	312
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families.....	44	59	140	28	39	25	5	24	68
Percent below poverty level.....	2.6	23.9	11.1	3.5	3.5	16.8	11.4	5.1	12.5
Householder worked in 1989.....	36	29	95	15	39	15	5	9	44
With related children under 18 years.....	28	47	109	24	39	10	—	24	44
With related children under 5 years.....	28	23	70	13	39	—	—	24	32
Married-couple families.....	18	42	62	17	39	25	—	9	26
Householder worked in 1989.....	18	18	21	9	39	15	—	9	16
With related children under 18 years.....	10	30	31	13	39	10	—	18	18
With related children under 5 years.....	10	18	20	13	39	—	—	18	13
Female householder, no husband present.....	18	12	66	11	—	—	5	6	26
Householder worked in 1989.....	18	6	62	6	—	—	5	—	22
With related children under 18 years.....	18	12	66	11	—	—	—	6	26
With related children under 5 years.....	18	—	38	—	—	—	—	6	19
Unrelated individuals.....	143	6	120	104	—	2 913	2 782	280	78
Nonfamily householder.....	136	6	53	54	—	1 311	1 121	178	37
65 years and over.....	60	—	19	34	—	35	—	15	25
Persons.....	312	197	517	219	162	2 979	2 793	357	267
Percent below poverty level.....	5.4	28.3	12.1	7.4	4.1	68.5	77.1	12.7	13.5
Persons under 18 years.....	71	90	201	64	79	37	—	30	84
Related children under 18 years.....	71	90	201	60	79	14	—	21	80
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	47	40	114	31	26	—	—	—	30
Persons 65 years and over.....	68	—	38	34	—	35	—	21	25
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level.....	80	133	175	68	—	1 685	1 650	188	97
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level.....	403	208	644	378	591	3 367	3 060	588	366

Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County—Con.						Rantoul village, Champaign County		
	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)
OCCUPATION									
Employed persons 16 years and over.....	2 532	2 468	3 275	2 437	3 305	769	2 031	1 545	883
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations.....	335	318	446	414	622	49	332	128	61
Professional specialty occupations.....	330	619	554	590	1 254	60	207	163	170
Technicians and related support occupations.....	59	146	146	122	165	10	39	26	44
Sales occupations.....	428	281	404	236	278	111	205	168	177
Administrative support occupations, including clerical.....	454	507	607	421	482	207	384	232	180
Private household occupations.....	12	—	8	9	10	9	—	12	8
Protective service occupations.....	13	—	35	27	32	42	27	20	13
Service occupations, except protective and household.....	292	198	303	232	176	198	200	241	140
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.....	9	28	26	11	17	10	18	22	8
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations.....	230	179	329	189	145	20	227	184	14
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors.....	130	48	99	76	35	9	214	190	36
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	144	77	183	56	36	22	76	50	5
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers.....	96	67	135	54	53	22	102	109	27
INCOME IN 1989									
Households.....	1 862	1 976	2 249	1 640	2 383	—	1 833	1 186	1 114
Less than \$5,000.....	110	128	54	8	68	—	63	50	—
\$5,000 to \$9,999.....	133	147	180	55	57	—	137	41	26
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	120	242	136	79	110	—	190	137	157
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	517	495	425	158	297	—	331	282	474
\$25,000 to \$34,999.....	274	297	486	267	306	—	379	260	299
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	350	388	645	482	455	—	466	310	100
\$50,000 to \$74,999.....	270	130	257	463	554	—	206	88	36
\$75,000 to \$99,999.....	70	51	25	102	7	—	36	7	22
\$100,000 or more.....	18	98	41	26	303	—	25	11	—
Median (dollars).....	26 159	24 504	32 083	42 476	47 275	—	29 792	27 947	21 757
Mean (dollars).....	31 849	34 987	32 847	43 973	64 246	—	32 184	29 558	25 308
Families.....	994	1 077	1 528	1 332	1 644	—	1 238	801	1 102
Median income (dollars).....	35 585	34 783	35 594	45 588	57 630	—	34 262	31 756	21 599
Per capita income (dollars).....	14 538	16 105	12 882	15 239	27 012	3 149	13 909	11 906	9 846
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households.....	1 862	1 976	2 249	1 640	2 383	—	1 833	1 186	1 114
With earnings.....	1 648	1 696	1 949	1 557	2 112	—	1 563	1 080	1 114
Mean earnings (dollars).....	30 807	31 896	33 071	41 360	57 571	—	27 381	25 885	24 750
With Social Security income.....	287	455	378	177	457	—	429	246	11
Mean Social Security income (dollars).....	7 615	7 901	7 433	7 259	8 000	—	6 918	6 406	3 543
With public assistance income.....	63	77	37	8	19	—	78	62	—
Mean public assistance income (dollars).....	2 423	3 294	3 072	386	3 842	—	2 949	2 821	—
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars).....	37 613	45 731	36 890	47 373	78 839	—	36 133	32 326	25 216
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	36 580	42 342	35 595	45 358	95 096	—	31 196	29 488	24 008
Married-couple families (dollars).....	40 207	49 154	39 355	49 723	86 136	—	40 650	34 524	25 780
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	39 388	49 097	39 182	49 070	107 431	—	38 235	33 496	24 653
Female householder, no husband present (dollars).....	22 430	24 335	22 450	25 357	16 416	—	22 337	15 881	13 670
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	20 616	11 424	18 477	23 756	15 718	—	15 891	15 574	13 670
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels in 1989									
Families.....	994	1 077	1 528	1 332	1 644	—	1 238	801	1 102
Householder worked in 1989.....	812	923	1 386	1 287	1 467	—	1 051	678	1 102
With related children under 18 years.....	341	495	805	792	762	—	602	394	872
With related children under 5 years.....	181	190	288	294	250	—	230	188	560
Married-couple families.....	861	923	1 280	1 156	1 453	—	933	693	1 049
Householder worked in 1989.....	717	798	1 158	1 119	1 325	—	777	591	1 049
With related children under 18 years.....	290	399	653	665	651	—	396	302	819
With related children under 5 years.....	174	159	222	260	225	—	159	169	538
Female householder, no husband present.....	114	140	177	147	143	—	253	79	40
Householder worked in 1989.....	89	111	157	139	94	—	222	63	40
With related children under 18 years.....	51	89	132	113	97	—	167	74	40
With related children under 5 years.....	7	24	46	27	25	—	65	13	16
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined.....	1 273	1 115	1 060	395	908	—	769	544	30
Nonfamily householder.....	868	899	721	308	739	—	595	385	12
65 years and over.....	124	149	230	87	251	—	170	82	5
Persons for whom poverty status is determined.....	4 050	4 249	5 658	4 596	5 700	—	4 199	2 977	3 992
Persons under 18 years.....	723	884	1 425	1 471	1 294	—	1 024	787	1 727
Related children under 18 years.....	708	884	1 417	1 471	1 294	—	1 024	783	1 727
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	429	580	954	982	919	—	764	539	1 016
Persons 65 years and over.....	402	577	478	209	644	—	558	272	5
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families.....	52	78	37	23	58	—	134	28	39
Percent below poverty level.....	5.2	7.2	2.4	1.7	3.5	—	10.8	3.5	3.5
Householder worked in 1989.....	7	63	11	15	7	—	89	15	39
With related children under 18 years.....	22	50	37	23	41	—	103	24	39
With related children under 5 years.....	22	8	20	8	11	—	64	13	39
Married-couple families.....	22	40	18	—	19	—	62	17	39
Householder worked in 1989.....	—	25	—	—	—	—	21	9	39
With related children under 18 years.....	15	20	18	—	12	—	31	13	39
With related children under 5 years.....	15	8	9	—	—	—	20	13	39
Female householder, no husband present.....	17	38	8	23	39	—	66	11	—
Householder worked in 1989.....	7	38	—	15	7	—	62	6	—
With related children under 18 years.....	7	30	8	23	29	—	66	11	—
With related children under 5 years.....	7	—	—	8	11	—	38	—	—
Unrelated individuals.....	281	198	182	37	108	—	120	104	—
Nonfamily householder.....	140	154	77	23	55	—	53	54	—
65 years and over.....	12	16	60	8	7	—	19	34	—
Persons.....	516	397	282	130	249	—	490	219	162
Percent below poverty level.....	12.7	9.3	5.0	2.8	4.4	—	11.7	7.4	4.1
Persons under 18 years.....	121	65	54	50	48	—	180	64	79
Related children under 18 years.....	106	65	46	50	48	—	180	60	79
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	81	55	22	41	25	—	101	31	26
Persons 65 years and over.....	22	16	60	8	17	—	38	34	—
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level.....	312	170	133	57	185	—	175	68	—
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level.....	780	511	479	183	340	—	617	378	591

Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.

(Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Urbana city, Champaign County							Remainder of Champaign County
	Tract 52	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 59	Tract 60 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)
OCCUPATION								
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 113	444	1 194	2 188	2 864	2 641	256	427
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	56	52	63	255	371	195	43	55
Professional specialty occupations	454	75	301	542	1 273	692	100	16
Technicians and related support occupations	110	40	95	160	194	243	23	7
Sales occupations	102	32	193	224	222	236	12	29
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	180	54	186	305	350	551	18	85
Private household occupations	—	6	—	13	17	10	13	—
Protective service occupations	19	—	5	14	9	18	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	114	102	117	220	187	516	41	55
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	9	—	—	24	38	36	6	17
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	24	24	90	215	96	44	—	58
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	22	17	56	61	50	29	—	37
Transportation and material moving occupations	12	13	56	51	45	20	—	48
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	11	29	32	104	12	51	—	20
INCOME IN 1989								
Households	889	429	1 020	1 826	2 514	716	239	353
Less than \$5,000	83	52	72	100	87	93	48	25
\$5,000 to \$9,999	194	58	72	220	162	126	11	47
\$10,000 to \$14,999	185	42	106	263	156	186	34	38
\$15,000 to \$24,999	182	110	298	327	363	186	62	94
\$25,000 to \$34,999	81	66	284	319	421	38	27	72
\$35,000 to \$49,999	105	76	148	407	385	41	39	50
\$50,000 to \$74,999	37	25	28	170	546	23	6	27
\$75,000 to \$99,999	15	—	12	7	191	—	—	—
\$100,000 or more	7	—	—	13	203	23	12	—
Median (dollars)	14 446	19 628	23 750	25 078	36 466	13 813	16 472	22 074
Mean (dollars)	21 144	23 112	24 215	27 574	48 064	20 410	24 088	24 608
Families	122	227	441	1 100	1 545	86	215	212
Median income (dollars)	33 214	21 607	29 312	33 952	51 219	21 618	16 139	27 222
Per capita income (dollars)	10 696	9 730	13 303	12 968	22 260	4 741	8 961	11 565
INCOME TYPE IN 1989								
Households	889	429	1 020	1 826	2 514	716	239	353
With earnings	832	346	967	1 535	1 979	679	203	277
Mean earnings (dollars)	20 017	22 290	23 385	27 552	41 829	16 561	23 275	24 049
With Social Security income	50	96	90	421	757	29	—	106
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	6 381	6 879	7 148	6 388	6 898	9 190	—	8 012
With public assistance income	13	48	14	102	78	9	11	22
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 028	4 379	2 252	3 036	4 889	1 000	1 650	1 809
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE								
Families (dollars)	40 699	26 667	29 392	34 209	60 110	47 995	18 851	30 343
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	54 768	19 763	30 121	30 681	53 702	162 638	17 478	27 446
Married-couple families (dollars)	45 859	30 692	31 553	38 086	63 217	57 447	20 358	30 212
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	64 372	28 997	36 091	36 070	58 169	162 638	19 886	26 309
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	10 868	12 421	18 671	19 261	34 576	15 976	400	31 982
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	10 868	8 331	14 710	15 681	23 563	—	400	34 750
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989								
All Income Levels in 1989								
Families	122	227	441	1 100	1 545	86	215	212
Householder worked in 1989	116	174	407	961	1 405	68	185	172
With related children under 18 years	63	98	163	546	669	7	130	82
With related children under 5 years	35	52	40	235	338	7	67	35
Married-couple families	94	175	364	857	1 351	67	192	187
Householder worked in 1989	94	137	342	775	1 246	63	168	147
With related children under 18 years	43	46	114	380	545	7	107	69
With related children under 5 years	15	30	19	191	297	7	62	35
Female householder, no husband present	6	39	68	217	127	14	12	18
Householder worked in 1989	—	24	56	168	109	—	6	6
With related children under 18 years	6	39	40	148	81	—	12	18
With related children under 5 years	6	16	21	34	32	—	—	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	1 368	314	681	850	1 112	1 310	24	184
Nonfamily householder	767	202	579	726	969	630	24	141
65 years and over	28	37	37	205	516	—	—	30
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	1 707	882	1 750	3 867	5 399	1 511	625	753
Persons under 18 years	104	138	255	836	1 079	15	205	123
Related children under 18 years	104	138	252	836	1 079	15	205	123
Related children 5 to 17 years	62	87	194	559	647	5	99	79
Persons 65 years and over	39	120	111	493	1 035	58	—	148
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level								
Families	15	29	40	60	44	—	59	7
Percent below poverty level	12.3	12.8	9.1	5.5	2.8	—	27.4	3.3
Householder worked in 1989	15	15	28	41	36	—	29	7
With related children under 18 years	6	23	22	53	28	—	47	7
With related children under 5 years	6	16	16	35	28	—	23	7
Married-couple families	15	6	18	22	18	—	42	7
Householder worked in 1989	15	—	10	15	18	—	18	7
With related children under 18 years	6	—	—	15	10	—	30	7
With related children under 5 years	6	—	—	8	10	—	18	7
Female householder, no husband present	—	23	22	28	18	—	12	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	15	18	16	18	—	6	—
With related children under 18 years	—	23	22	28	18	—	12	—
With related children under 5 years	—	16	16	17	18	—	—	—
Unrelated individuals	643	108	137	207	143	659	6	61
Nonfamily householder	268	66	74	168	136	320	6	35
65 years and over	—	9	19	64	60	—	—	10
Persons	675	168	235	394	312	659	197	87
Percent below poverty level	39.5	19.0	13.4	10.2	5.8	43.6	31.5	11.6
Persons under 18 years	12	19	44	98	71	—	90	13
Related children under 18 years	12	19	41	98	71	—	90	13
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	6	14	33	47	—	40	—
Persons 65 years and over	—	15	33	64	68	—	—	10
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	378	65	127	124	80	368	133	51
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	826	207	275	628	403	751	208	114

Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County		
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 2	Tract 7	Tract 8
PLACE OF BIRTH								
All persons	16 612	16 612	9 017	2 032	4 167	2 028	1 649	485
Native	16 218	16 218	8 929	1 941	3 958	2 028	1 649	485
Foreign born	394	394	88	91	209	-	-	-
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH								
Linguistically isolated households	49	49	10	7	26	10	-	-
Persons 5 years and over	14 975	14 975	8 169	1 771	3 817	1 697	1 469	438
Speak a language other than English	958	958	375	186	350	41	102	-
Do not speak English "very well"	204	204	59	55	79	22	14	-
In linguistically isolated households	85	85	10	20	49	10	-	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL								
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	6 818	6 818	3 630	845	1 854	591	587	162
Preprimary school	305	305	169	48	54	29	35	11
Public school	283	283	154	41	54	29	29	11
Elementary or high school	3 669	3 669	2 022	533	779	451	460	127
Public school	3 601	3 601	1 997	522	755	451	455	119
College	2 844	2 844	1 439	264	1 021	111	92	24
Public college	2 666	2 666	1 319	245	982	96	83	24
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT								
Persons 25 years and over	7 642	7 642	4 186	876	1 886	986	842	214
Less than 9th grade	677	677	480	10	166	228	121	-
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	1 347	1 347	882	72	347	304	217	35
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	2 053	2 053	1 022	279	543	236	218	134
Some college, no degree	1 836	1 836	1 017	267	431	157	204	14
Associate degree	633	633	303	119	105	25	70	24
Bachelor's degree	527	527	228	97	106	30	12	-
Graduate or professional degree	569	569	254	32	188	6	-	7
Percent high school graduate or higher	73.5	73.5	67.5	90.6	72.8	46.0	59.9	83.6
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	14.3	14.3	11.5	14.7	15.6	3.7	1.4	3.3
FERTILITY								
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 375	1 375	1 464	1 359	1 022	1 866	1 864	2 297
RESIDENCE IN 1985								
Persons 5 years and over	14 975	14 975	8 169	1 771	3 817	1 697	1 469	438
Same house	5 940	5 940	3 433	507	1 642	974	737	168
Different house in United States	8 648	8 648	4 701	1 045	2 048	723	725	270
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	4 459	4 459	2 605	448	887	609	499	225
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	382	382	198	4	100	6	8	31
Different MSA/PMSA	3 058	3 058	1 484	442	943	80	151	9
Not in an MSA/PMSA	749	749	414	151	118	28	67	5
Abroad	387	387	35	219	127	-	7	-
JOURNEY TO WORK								
Workers 16 years and over	6 776	6 776	3 600	964	1 635	495	658	214
Car, truck, or van	4 934	4 934	2 540	895	997	276	509	161
Drove alone	4 137	4 137	2 124	754	854	235	370	132
Carpooled	797	797	416	141	143	41	139	29
Public transportation	736	736	457	11	235	93	78	28
Other means	989	989	537	52	364	105	63	25
Worked at home	117	117	66	6	39	21	8	-
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	14.3	14.3	14.4	12.6	14.2	13.1	15.6	18.3
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	6 578	6 578	3 463	930	1 615	495	642	207
Central city	5 582	5 582	3 013	539	1 559	423	562	150
Outside central city	996	996	450	391	56	72	80	57
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	198	198	137	34	20	-	16	7
LABOR FORCE STATUS								
Persons 16 years and over	11 626	11 626	6 338	1 294	3 098	1 286	1 096	314
In labor force	7 977	7 977	4 320	1 057	1 923	653	822	239
Employed	6 749	6 749	3 717	733	1 718	513	690	227
Unemployed	955	955	580	76	205	140	125	12
Percent of civilian labor force	12.4	12.4	13.5	9.4	10.7	21.4	15.3	5.0
Females 16 years and over	6 079	6 079	3 206	657	1 762	825	545	158
Employed	3 519	3 519	1 824	407	1 014	288	349	103
Unemployed	423	423	229	38	144	93	33	-
With own children under 6 years	1 232	1 232	621	193	263	233	104	75
In labor force	726	726	340	144	158	67	63	37
With own children 6 to 17 years only	1 152	1 152	669	154	208	130	102	51
In labor force	938	938	534	132	166	100	81	43
Persons 16 to 19 years	1 894	1 894	1 002	183	613	145	146	63
Not enrolled in school	350	350	235	46	31	59	81	45
Unemployed or not in labor force	164	164	106	21	24	42	19	13
Not high school graduate	134	134	82	14	18	55	15	20
Employed	47	47	40	-	-	13	15	7
Unemployed	35	35	7	14	8	7	-	6
Not in labor force	52	52	35	-	10	35	-	7
WORK STATUS IN 1989								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	8 753	8 753	4 603	1 071	2 371	631	825	268
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	6 177	6 177	3 278	919	1 422	393	653	186
50 to 52 weeks	3 994	3 994	2 125	578	885	302	462	159
DISABILITY								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	10 391	10 391	5 746	1 020	2 772	979	992	314
With a mobility or self-care limitation	696	696	407	86	166	76	120	7
With a mobility limitation	296	296	224	9	63	35	76	-
In labor force	100	100	89	-	11	8	49	-
With a self-care limitation	551	551	311	86	117	76	87	7
With a work disability	955	955	584	44	260	150	147	33
In labor force	333	333	204	13	82	20	79	19
Prevented from working	525	525	328	31	133	120	54	14
No work disability	9 436	9 436	5 162	976	2 512	829	845	281
In labor force	7 179	7 179	3 962	790	1 788	553	715	220
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	789	789	549	26	192	307	97	-
With a mobility or self-care limitation	172	172	136	10	26	76	27	-
With a mobility limitation	108	108	90	10	8	47	27	-
With a self-care limitation	131	131	105	-	26	69	8	-

Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.							
	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 14	Tract 53	Tract 54	Tract 56
PLACE OF BIRTH								
All persons	1 626	405	863	416	426	1 616	786	558
Native	1 619	405	863	403	404	1 616	786	513
Foreign born	7	—	—	13	22	—	—	45
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH								
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	22
Persons 5 years and over	1 504	345	810	383	415	1 464	656	503
Speak a language other than English	26	18	69	39	40	68	6	108
Do not speak English "very well"	9	—	10	—	—	11	—	22
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	45
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL								
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	618	161	378	168	410	481	291	208
Preprimary school	24	32	49	8	—	24	10	—
Public school	24	32	40	8	—	24	10	—
Elementary or high school	449	86	250	114	7	364	210	142
Public school	449	86	250	114	7	364	198	142
College	145	43	79	46	403	93	71	66
Public college	134	43	79	41	355	86	71	66
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT								
Persons 25 years and over	765	147	451	221	25	935	294	317
Less than 9th grade	55	15	17	—	—	120	6	22
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	106	31	94	28	—	213	36	53
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	295	26	62	36	—	320	109	83
Some college, no degree	154	72	179	57	—	164	81	100
Associate degree	101	—	63	12	—	52	30	39
Bachelor's degree	24	3	10	34	11	36	14	20
Graduate or professional degree	30	—	26	54	14	30	18	—
Percent high school graduate or higher	79.0	68.7	75.4	87.3	100.0	64.4	85.7	76.3
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	7.1	2.0	8.0	39.8	100.0	7.1	10.9	6.3
FERTILITY								
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	2 205	1 127	1 048	1 443	70	1 681	2 102	1 743
RESIDENCE IN 1985								
Persons 5 years and over	1 504	345	810	383	415	1 464	656	503
Same house	518	215	353	243	58	1 075	183	267
Different house in United States	974	130	457	140	357	389	473	236
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	484	113	299	86	19	303	212	181
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	117	—	48	5	—	—	129	—
Different MSA/PMSA	305	—	49	11	325	73	125	21
Not in an MSA/PMSA	68	17	61	38	13	13	7	34
Abroad	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
JOURNEY TO WORK								
Workers 16 years and over	657	146	411	217	181	623	229	210
Car, truck, or van	540	109	360	217	5	489	187	156
Drove alone	489	109	321	189	5	428	155	128
Carpooled	51	—	39	28	—	61	32	28
Public transportation	52	27	27	—	21	69	18	17
Other means	45	10	7	—	149	43	24	37
Worked at home	20	—	17	—	6	22	—	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	15.0	19.7	17.0	14.8	11.5	14.0	14.9	16.2
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	628	146	377	211	181	617	229	210
Central city	538	133	312	193	143	568	229	210
Outside central city	90	13	65	18	38	49	—	—
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	29	—	34	6	—	6	—	—
LABOR FORCE STATUS								
Persons 16 years and over	1 087	235	576	273	408	1 144	452	346
In labor force	792	181	436	234	213	732	271	232
Employed	647	160	418	217	181	649	233	210
Unemployed	135	21	18	17	32	83	38	22
Percent of civilian labor force	17.3	11.6	4.1	7.3	15.0	11.3	14.0	9.5
Females 16 years and over	518	162	312	139	128	673	243	204
Employed	299	102	219	106	64	362	111	134
Unemployed	70	11	7	6	—	45	19	22
With own children under 6 years	95	45	52	22	9	107	96	60
In labor force	67	36	40	17	—	81	37	30
With own children 6 to 17 years only	206	47	60	48	—	98	62	51
In labor force	154	47	54	41	—	76	42	44
Persons 16 to 19 years	179	19	63	24	304	109	64	29
Not enrolled in school	43	9	7	—	—	13	10	—
Unemployed or not in labor force	29	9	7	—	—	6	10	—
Not high school graduate	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—
Employed	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
Unemployed	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
Not in labor force	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
WORK STATUS IN 1989								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	822	185	459	233	313	802	327	249
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	604	145	398	197	76	631	244	180
50 to 52 weeks	415	85	275	146	—	418	163	121
DISABILITY								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 012	213	540	273	408	965	398	346
With a mobility or self-care limitation	40	—	64	33	6	117	2	—
With a mobility limitation	27	—	43	17	—	28	2	—
In labor force	—	—	18	7	—	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	21	—	46	33	6	103	—	—
With a work disability	117	—	53	17	19	92	36	55
In labor force	34	—	25	7	—	18	24	—
Prevented from working	74	—	28	10	—	70	12	40
No work disability	895	213	487	256	389	873	362	291
In labor force	741	181	394	227	213	661	247	232
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	65	22	36	—	—	168	—	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation	6	—	17	—	—	26	—	—
With a mobility limitation	6	—	—	—	—	8	—	—
With a self-care limitation	6	—	17	—	—	26	—	—

Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.			Champaign city, Champaign County				
	Tract 101	Tract 102.03	Tract 103	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12.01 (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH								
All persons	674	600	724	2 028	1 638	1 576	405	863
Native	619	596	692	2 028	1 638	1 569	405	863
Foreign born	55	4	32	—	—	7	—	—
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH								
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	7	10	—	—	—	—
Persons 5 years and over	585	538	623	1 697	1 458	1 454	345	810
Speak a language other than English	98	34	54	41	97	16	18	69
Do not speak English "very well"	29	7	19	22	9	9	—	10
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	20	10	—	—	—	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL								
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	266	225	346	591	587	608	161	378
Preprimary school	6	15	27	29	35	24	32	49
Public school	6	15	27	29	35	24	32	40
Elementary or high school	130	158	237	451	460	439	86	250
Public school	130	152	232	451	455	439	86	250
College	130	52	82	111	92	145	43	79
Public college	122	47	76	96	83	134	43	79
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT								
Persons 25 years and over	289	288	292	986	831	725	147	451
Less than 9th grade	—	10	—	228	121	55	15	17
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	24	48	—	304	217	106	31	94
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	153	92	34	236	212	295	26	62
Some college, no degree	32	93	142	157	204	127	72	179
Associate degree	21	40	51	25	65	88	—	63
Bachelor's degree	38	—	59	30	12	24	3	10
Graduate or professional degree	21	5	6	6	—	30	—	26
Percent high school graduate or higher	91.7	79.9	100.0	46.0	59.3	77.8	68.7	75.4
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	20.4	1.7	22.3	3.7	1.4	7.4	2.0	8.0
FERTILITY								
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 028	1 679	1 379	1 866	1 893	2 236	1 127	1 048
RESIDENCE IN 1985								
Persons 5 years and over	585	538	623	1 697	1 458	1 454	345	810
Same house	224	219	64	974	726	480	215	353
Different house in United States	305	283	432	723	725	962	130	457
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	167	220	61	609	499	484	113	299
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	—	4	—	6	8	117	—	48
Different MSA/PMSA	80	59	278	80	151	293	—	49
Not in an MSA/PMSA	58	—	93	28	67	68	17	61
Abroad	56	36	127	—	7	12	—	—
JOURNEY TO WORK								
Workers 16 years and over	324	269	358	495	647	617	146	411
Car, truck, or van	313	244	331	276	498	500	109	360
Drove alone	282	216	249	235	364	449	109	321
Carpooled	31	28	82	41	134	51	—	39
Public transportation	11	—	—	93	78	52	27	27
Other means	—	25	21	105	63	45	10	7
Worked at home	—	—	6	21	8	20	—	17
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	13.1	15.3	10.2	13.1	15.6	15.3	19.7	17.0
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	301	264	352	495	631	588	146	377
Central city	205	194	134	423	557	511	133	312
Outside central city	96	70	218	72	74	77	13	65
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	23	5	6	—	16	29	—	34
LABOR FORCE STATUS								
Persons 16 years and over	472	387	418	1 286	1 085	1 047	235	576
In labor force	371	306	363	653	811	752	181	436
Employed	315	236	169	513	679	607	160	418
Unemployed	30	37	5	140	125	135	21	18
Percent of civilian labor force	8.7	13.6	2.9	21.4	15.5	18.2	11.6	4.1
Females 16 years and over	241	218	194	825	539	490	162	312
Employed	173	111	123	288	343	271	102	219
Unemployed	8	21	5	93	33	70	11	7
With own children under 6 years	55	41	93	233	104	95	45	52
In labor force	43	27	70	67	63	67	36	40
With own children 6 to 17 years only	36	55	63	130	102	191	67	60
In labor force	36	33	63	100	81	139	47	54
Persons 16 to 19 years	87	44	48	145	146	179	19	63
Not enrolled in school	25	10	7	59	81	43	9	7
Unemployed or not in labor force	10	—	7	42	19	29	9	7
Not high school graduate	10	—	—	55	15	—	—	—
Employed	—	—	—	13	15	—	—	—
Unemployed	10	—	—	7	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	—	—	—	35	—	—	—	—
WORK STATUS IN 1989								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	348	320	386	631	814	782	185	459
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	299	273	330	393	642	576	145	396
50 to 52 weeks	176	192	203	302	451	387	85	275
DISABILITY								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	426	348	229	979	981	972	213	540
With a mobility or self-care limitation	72	14	—	76	120	40	—	64
With a mobility limitation	9	—	—	35	76	27	—	43
In labor force	—	—	—	8	49	—	—	18
With a self-care limitation	72	14	—	76	87	21	—	46
With a work disability	9	28	7	150	147	117	—	53
In labor force	—	13	—	20	79	34	—	25
Prevented from working	9	15	7	120	54	74	—	28
No work disability	417	320	222	829	834	855	213	487
In labor force	345	254	174	553	704	701	181	394
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	20	6	—	307	97	65	22	36
With a mobility or self-care limitation	10	—	—	76	27	6	—	17
With a mobility limitation	10	—	—	47	27	6	—	—
With a self-care limitation	—	—	—	69	8	6	—	17

Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Rantoul village, Champaign County			Urbana city, Champaign County			
	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 59
PLACE OF BIRTH							
All persons	674	600	724	1 587	576	472	715
Native	619	596	692	1 587	576	427	701
Foreign born	55	4	32	—	—	45	14
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH							
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	7	4	—	22	—
Persons 5 years and over	585	538	623	1 435	470	425	715
Speak a language other than English	98	34	54	68	6	108	14
Do not speak English "very well"	29	7	19	11	—	22	—
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	20	4	—	45	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL							
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	266	225	346	481	206	173	715
Preprimary school	6	15	27	24	10	—	—
Public school	6	15	20	24	10	—	—
Elementary or high school	130	158	237	364	158	112	—
Public school	130	152	232	364	146	112	—
College	130	52	82	93	38	61	715
Public college	122	47	76	86	38	61	683
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT							
Persons 25 years and over	289	288	292	906	208	274	17
Less than 9th grade	—	10	—	105	6	22	—
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	24	48	—	199	36	53	—
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	153	92	34	320	73	68	—
Some college, no degree	32	93	142	164	52	92	—
Associate degree	21	40	51	52	14	39	—
Bachelor's degree	38	—	59	36	9	—	17
Graduate or professional degree	21	5	6	30	18	—	—
Percent high school graduate or higher	91.7	79.9	100.0	66.4	79.8	72.6	100.0
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	20.4	1.7	22.3	7.3	13.0	—	100.0
FERTILITY							
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 028	1 679	1 379	1 681	1 892	1 616	—
RESIDENCE IN 1985							
Persons 5 years and over	585	538	623	1 435	470	425	715
Same house	224	219	64	1 046	152	207	62
Different house in United States	305	283	432	389	318	218	653
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	167	220	61	303	122	181	16
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	—	4	—	—	92	—	—
Different MSA/PMSA	80	59	278	73	97	21	609
Not in an MSA/PMSA	58	—	93	13	7	16	28
Abroad	56	36	127	—	—	—	—
JOURNEY TO WORK							
Workers 16 years and over	324	269	358	618	133	174	296
Car, truck, or van	313	244	331	484	100	120	26
Drove alone	282	216	249	423	81	120	13
Carpooled	31	28	82	61	19	—	13
Public transportation	11	—	—	69	18	17	51
Other means	—	25	21	43	15	37	202
Worked at home	—	—	6	22	—	—	17
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	13.1	15.3	10.2	13.9	13.5	16.4	11.3
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	301	264	352	612	133	174	296
Central city	205	194	134	568	133	174	296
Outside central city	96	70	218	44	—	—	—
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	23	5	6	6	—	—	—
LABOR FORCE STATUS							
Persons 16 years and over	472	387	418	1 115	318	292	715
In labor force	371	306	363	722	164	196	381
Employed	315	236	169	644	137	174	349
Unemployed	30	37	5	78	27	22	32
Percent of civilian labor force	8.7	13.6	2.9	10.8	16.5	11.2	8.4
Females 16 years and over	241	218	194	654	168	168	482
Employed	173	111	123	362	63	116	271
Unemployed	8	21	5	45	19	22	32
With own children under 6 years	55	41	93	107	71	50	—
In labor force	43	27	70	81	22	20	—
With own children 6 to 17 years only	36	55	63	98	35	44	—
In labor force	36	33	63	76	15	44	—
Persons 16 to 19 years	87	44	48	109	53	18	413
Not enrolled in school	25	10	7	13	10	—	—
Unemployed or not in labor force	10	—	7	6	10	—	—
Not high school graduate	10	—	—	—	10	—	—
Employed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unemployed	10	—	—	—	8	—	—
Not in labor force	—	—	—	—	2	—	—
WORK STATUS IN 1989							
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	348	320	386	792	214	206	651
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	299	273	330	621	142	144	160
50 to 52 weeks	176	192	203	413	101	103	—
DISABILITY							
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	426	348	229	951	264	292	715
With a mobility or self-care limitation	72	14	—	117	2	—	—
With a mobility limitation	9	—	—	28	2	—	—
In labor force	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	72	14	—	103	—	—	—
With a work disability	9	28	7	88	31	48	28
In labor force	—	13	—	18	19	—	14
Prevented from working	9	15	7	66	12	33	—
No work disability	417	320	222	863	233	244	687
In labor force	345	254	174	651	145	196	367
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	20	6	—	153	—	—	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation	10	—	—	26	—	—	—
With a mobility limitation	10	—	—	8	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	—	—	—	26	—	—	—

Table 23. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County		
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 2	Tract 7	Tract 8
OCCUPATION								
Employed persons 16 years and over.....	6 749	6 749	3 717	733	1 718	513	690	227
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations.....	345	345	146	65	96	10	24	—
Professional specialty occupations.....	936	936	552	66	228	21	15	—
Technicians and related support occupations.....	208	208	80	29	72	22	8	6
Sales occupations.....	547	547	285	84	136	25	57	29
Administrative support occupations, including clerical.....	1 159	1 159	656	94	345	53	108	21
Private household occupations.....	32	32	17	—	15	—	6	—
Protective service occupations.....	88	88	26	5	28	16	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household.....	1 751	1 751	995	161	471	238	273	66
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.....	10	10	5	—	5	5	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations.....	379	379	197	63	81	19	43	—
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors.....	608	608	297	112	123	42	81	72
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	304	304	201	38	57	30	9	7
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers.....	382	382	260	16	61	32	66	26
INCOME IN 1989								
Households.....	5 582	5 582	3 144	680	1 313	752	521	131
Less than \$5,000.....	705	705	476	38	170	213	57	11
\$5,000 to \$9,999.....	941	941	513	41	320	151	64	17
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	838	838	479	85	227	128	75	13
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	1 247	1 247	584	238	297	117	100	24
\$25,000 to \$34,999.....	686	686	357	158	143	68	80	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	626	626	380	68	87	40	100	39
\$50,000 to \$74,999.....	429	429	273	45	56	35	37	27
\$75,000 to \$99,999.....	88	88	60	7	13	—	8	—
\$100,000 or more.....	22	22	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	17 546	17 546	17 080	21 250	13 374	10 395	20 707	35 125
Mean (dollars).....	23 044	23 044	24 065	24 717	17 860	14 995	24 652	30 282
Families.....	3 738	3 738	2 042	530	825	520	362	117
Median income (dollars).....	19 502	19 502	19 748	22 273	14 082	12 451	19 677	24 107
Per capita income (dollars).....	8 017	8 017	8 535	8 026	6 340	5 735	7 930	8 246
INCOME TYPE IN 1989								
Households.....	5 582	5 582	3 144	680	1 313	752	521	131
With earnings.....	4 660	4 660	2 529	636	1 080	430	470	114
Mean earnings (dollars).....	23 989	23 989	25 665	23 925	18 544	15 431	24 331	33 353
With Social Security income.....	859	859	589	51	197	328	79	14
Mean Social Security income (dollars).....	5 858	5 858	5 575	4 532	6 438	5 114	6 403	4 500
With public assistance income.....	926	926	624	36	203	270	99	31
Mean public assistance income (dollars).....	3 940	3 940	3 895	2 449	4 280	4 469	4 113	2 953
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE								
Families (dollars).....	26 142	26 142	27 964	25 680	20 074	17 416	23 299	30 513
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	23 922	23 922	26 392	24 373	14 163	10 982	24 262	29 817
Married-couple families (dollars).....	38 448	38 448	42 280	29 989	35 884	31 320	27 033	47 834
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	39 816	39 816	47 083	29 237	29 490	34 666	30 716	51 044
Female householder, no husband present (dollars).....	13 788	13 788	15 176	12 600	10 500	10 891	20 234	14 624
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	12 265	12 265	12 682	12 839	9 864	7 486	20 523	14 624
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989								
All Income Levels in 1989								
Families.....	3 738	3 738	2 042	530	825	520	362	117
Householder worked in 1989.....	2 911	2 911	1 520	485	617	272	281	100
With related children under 18 years.....	2 699	2 699	1 442	415	562	358	238	105
With related children under 5 years.....	1 375	1 375	678	266	283	225	138	60
Married-couple families.....	1 819	1 819	938	397	299	155	147	54
Householder worked in 1989.....	1 502	1 502	733	356	246	81	94	54
With related children under 18 years.....	1 109	1 109	554	295	129	38	93	42
With related children under 5 years.....	531	531	236	192	51	10	63	14
Female householder, no husband present.....	1 651	1 651	946	126	450	316	191	56
Householder worked in 1989.....	1 205	1 205	665	122	323	171	163	39
With related children under 18 years.....	1 399	1 399	785	113	374	291	136	56
With related children under 5 years.....	767	767	385	67	219	201	66	46
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined.....	2 920	2 920	1 708	254	797	327	277	34
Nonfamily householder.....	1 844	1 844	1 102	150	488	232	159	14
65 years and over.....	330	330	245	20	65	148	36	—
Persons for whom poverty status is determined.....	15 137	15 137	8 449	2 012	3 363	1 991	1 617	485
Persons under 18 years.....	5 260	5 260	2 846	811	1 098	778	559	203
Related children under 18 years.....	5 208	5 208	2 830	783	1 098	768	553	203
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	3 650	3 650	2 015	527	762	456	387	156
Persons 65 years and over.....	789	789	569	26	192	307	97	—
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level								
Families.....	1 060	1 060	615	71	292	248	107	28
Percent below poverty level.....	28.4	28.4	30.1	13.4	35.4	47.7	29.6	23.9
Householder worked in 1989.....	542	542	290	67	135	105	71	11
With related children under 18 years.....	935	935	537	63	253	241	78	28
With related children under 5 years.....	602	602	333	51	167	175	64	18
Married-couple families.....	153	153	105	18	21	12	37	—
Householder worked in 1989.....	68	68	34	18	7	7	15	—
With related children under 18 years.....	110	110	69	18	14	5	20	—
With related children under 5 years.....	97	97	56	18	14	—	20	—
Female householder, no husband present.....	840	840	482	53	232	236	61	28
Householder worked in 1989.....	435	435	228	49	117	98	47	11
With related children under 18 years.....	767	767	440	45	209	236	49	28
With related children under 5 years.....	464	464	249	33	140	175	35	18
Unrelated individuals.....	1 167	1 167	748	62	310	143	59	7
Nonfamily householder.....	585	585	357	9	184	98	14	—
65 years and over.....	115	115	70	—	45	42	8	—
Persons.....	4 715	4 715	2 755	364	1 280	969	403	86
Percent below poverty level.....	31.1	31.1	32.6	18.1	38.1	48.7	24.9	17.7
Persons under 18 years.....	2 065	2 065	1 098	217	571	531	161	51
Related children under 18 years.....	2 023	2 023	1 088	193	571	521	161	51
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	1 282	1 282	680	114	375	294	72	41
Persons 65 years and over.....	184	184	131	—	53	49	45	—
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level.....	1 999	1 999	1 133	166	588	449	253	56
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level.....	6 053	6 053	3 469	471	1 710	1 279	553	147

Table 23. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.							
	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 14	Tract 53	Tract 54	Tract 56
OCCUPATION								
Employed persons 16 years and over	647	160	418	217	181	649	233	210
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	21	10	17	26	—	40	24	—
Professional specialty occupations	96	28	83	67	10	55	36	10
Technicians and related support occupations	—	—	—	13	—	15	—	—
Sales occupations	59	6	20	34	16	50	15	—
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	122	35	88	18	98	102	34	8
Private household occupations	—	—	—	—	—	15	—	—
Protective service occupations	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	18
Service occupations, except protective and household	176	41	47	6	41	197	75	94
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	32	24	41	29	16	57	13	22
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	70	—	11	12	—	52	6	43
Transportation and material moving occupations	42	16	60	6	—	21	—	15
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	29	—	41	6	—	40	30	—
INCOME IN 1989								
Households	510	135	343	122	16	564	273	208
Less than \$5,000	29	15	11	—	—	21	26	63
\$5,000 to \$9,999	87	32	35	5	5	136	93	35
\$10,000 to \$14,999	70	16	67	—	5	91	51	22
\$15,000 to \$24,999	125	48	80	—	6	126	79	55
\$25,000 to \$34,999	70	—	31	19	—	89	19	15
\$35,000 to \$49,999	64	16	82	22	—	60	5	18
\$50,000 to \$74,999	42	8	25	57	—	28	—	—
\$75,000 to \$99,999	13	—	12	19	—	13	—	—
\$100,000 or more	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	18 670	15 804	23 547	55 000	11 500	18 929	11 823	10 682
Mean (dollars)	31 855	19 534	27 944	54 022	10 970	22 298	13 776	12 835
Families	446	99	238	104	11	392	189	168
Median income (dollars)	19 483	16 161	26 111	56 216	15 208	19 375	8 439	10 568
Per capita income (dollars)	10 204	6 286	10 246	15 554	2 110	8 024	4 997	5 811
INCOME TYPE IN 1989								
Households	510	135	343	122	16	564	273	208
With earnings	422	120	319	117	16	484	217	153
Mean earnings (dollars)	33 824	19 757	28 225	54 491	10 959	21 649	14 713	14 458
With Social Security income	71	24	54	—	—	138	7	15
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	6 469	3 966	4 965	—	—	6 358	8 200	14 000
With public assistance income	93	12	41	10	—	57	73	50
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	4 887	1 905	1 557	4 450	—	3 650	4 867	4 871
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE								
Families (dollars)	33 432	22 608	31 555	55 190	13 229	24 620	11 355	12 858
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	36 418	23 521	28 062	53 446	13 229	21 039	9 647	11 951
Married-couple families (dollars)	51 122	43 166	42 102	59 334	13 229	35 425	28 125	35 627
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	55 491	50 774	42 467	58 830	13 229	35 425	21 500	47 869
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	15 889	14 939	14 068	5 954	—	14 248	8 425	7 551
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	14 081	14 435	13 227	5 954	—	13 699	8 110	8 395
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989								
All Income Levels in 1989								
Families	446	99	238	104	11	392	189	168
Householder worked in 1989	332	94	233	99	5	326	123	113
With related children under 18 years	345	94	182	79	11	233	168	128
With related children under 5 years	103	51	51	19	11	108	112	60
Married-couple families	218	29	149	93	11	179	24	33
Householder worked in 1989	176	24	149	93	5	138	24	33
With related children under 18 years	176	24	103	68	11	79	13	10
With related children under 5 years	74	8	34	14	11	33	—	10
Female householder, no husband present	189	60	77	5	—	179	155	118
Householder worked in 1989	124	60	72	—	—	158	89	80
With related children under 18 years	141	60	67	5	—	142	145	101
With related children under 5 years	14	33	17	5	—	75	106	50
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	154	41	123	34	5	260	129	83
Nonfamily householder	64	36	105	18	5	172	84	40
65 years and over	—	5	20	—	—	55	—	—
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	1 615	405	863	416	43	1 591	714	558
Persons under 18 years	595	180	328	155	18	506	324	218
Related children under 18 years	595	180	328	155	18	506	324	218
Related children 5 to 17 years	473	120	275	122	7	368	194	163
Persons 65 years and over	65	22	36	—	—	168	—	—
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level								
Families	111	37	27	5	—	118	108	79
Percent below poverty level	24.9	37.4	11.3	4.8	—	30.1	57.1	47.0
Householder worked in 1989	30	32	22	—	—	79	42	24
With related children under 18 years	95	32	22	5	—	96	108	62
With related children under 5 years	27	25	—	5	—	56	76	38
Married-couple families	34	5	—	—	—	21	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	12	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
With related children under 18 years	27	—	—	—	—	14	—	—
With related children under 5 years	27	—	—	—	—	14	—	—
Female householder, no husband present	77	22	27	5	—	88	102	62
Householder worked in 1989	18	22	22	—	—	67	36	24
With related children under 18 years	68	22	22	5	—	82	102	45
With related children under 5 years	—	15	—	5	—	42	70	38
Unrelated individuals	84	15	7	10	5	98	22	19
Nonfamily householder	29	15	—	—	5	51	12	19
65 years and over	—	—	—	—	—	35	—	—
Persons	478	150	100	27	5	565	373	208
Percent below poverty level	29.6	37.0	11.6	6.5	11.6	35.5	52.2	37.3
Persons under 18 years	208	69	41	12	—	260	232	87
Related children under 18 years	208	69	41	12	—	260	232	87
Related children 5 to 17 years	180	42	41	—	—	178	137	66
Persons 65 years and over	7	10	—	—	—	43	—	—
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	83	5	37	—	—	95	256	156
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	555	155	171	27	25	721	456	318

Table 23. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.			Champaign city, Champaign County				
	Tract 101	Tract 102.03	Tract 103	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12.01 (pt.)
OCCUPATION								
Employed persons 16 years and over	315	236	169	513	679	607	160	418
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	23	31	11	10	18	21	10	17
Professional specialty occupations	29	7	30	21	15	96	28	83
Technicians and related support occupations	10	—	19	22	8	—	—	—
Sales occupations	23	32	29	25	57	59	6	20
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	46	12	29	53	108	107	35	88
Private household occupations	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
Protective service occupations	—	5	—	16	—	—	—	10
Service occupations, except protective and household	69	59	33	238	273	163	41	47
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	20	30	13	19	43	20	24	41
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	68	33	5	42	76	70	—	11
Transportation and material moving occupations	16	22	—	30	9	42	16	60
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	11	5	—	32	66	29	—	41
INCOME IN 1989								
Households	276	172	221	752	516	495	135	343
Less than \$5,000	21	5	12	213	57	29	15	11
\$5,000 to \$9,999	41	—	—	151	64	87	32	35
\$10,000 to \$14,999	24	24	37	128	75	70	16	67
\$15,000 to \$24,999	109	42	76	117	100	110	48	80
\$25,000 to \$34,999	65	49	44	68	80	70	—	31
\$35,000 to \$49,999	—	35	33	40	95	64	16	82
\$50,000 to \$74,999	9	17	19	35	37	42	8	25
\$75,000 to \$99,999	7	—	—	—	8	13	—	12
\$100,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—
Median (dollars)	18 839	30 300	22 153	10 395	20 435	18 271	15 804	23 547
Mean (dollars)	21 148	29 680	25 725	14 995	24 512	32 093	19 534	27 944
Families	159	146	221	520	362	431	99	238
Median income (dollars)	19 505	30 658	22 153	12 451	19 677	18 836	16 161	26 111
Per capita income (dollars)	8 161	8 773	7 376	5 735	7 855	10 246	6 286	10 246
INCOME TYPE IN 1989								
Households	276	172	221	752	516	495	135	343
With earnings	232	172	221	430	465	407	120	319
Mean earnings (dollars)	21 021	26 260	25 533	15 431	24 173	34 186	19 757	28 225
With Social Security income	29	10	12	328	79	71	24	54
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	5 301	6 124	1 350	5 114	6 403	6 469	3 966	4 965
With public assistance income	17	13	6	270	99	93	12	41
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	2 073	3 618	984	4 469	4 113	4 887	1 905	1 557
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE								
Families (dollars)	21 857	30 386	25 725	17 416	23 299	33 760	22 608	31 555
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	24 012	26 257	24 130	10 982	24 262	36 996	23 521	28 062
Married-couple families (dollars)	27 748	36 071	27 968	31 320	27 033	53 126	43 166	42 102
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	31 963	33 507	26 467	34 666	30 716	58 425	50 774	42 467
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	8 631	17 206	13 592	10 891	20 234	15 889	14 939	14 068
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	9 661	16 592	13 592	7 486	20 523	14 081	14 435	13 227
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989								
All Income Levels in 1989								
Families	159	146	221	520	362	431	99	238
Householder worked in 1989	123	137	221	272	281	317	94	233
With related children under 18 years	115	107	189	358	238	330	94	182
With related children under 5 years	75	66	121	225	138	103	51	51
Married-couple families	110	102	185	155	147	203	29	149
Householder worked in 1989	74	97	185	81	94	161	24	149
With related children under 18 years	74	68	153	38	93	161	24	103
With related children under 5 years	55	35	102	10	63	74	8	34
Female householder, no husband present	49	44	29	316	191	189	60	77
Householder worked in 1989	49	40	29	171	163	124	60	72
With related children under 18 years	41	39	29	291	136	141	60	67
With related children under 5 years	20	31	12	201	66	14	33	17
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	196	45	—	327	266	154	41	123
Nonfamily householder	117	26	—	232	154	64	36	105
65 years and over	20	—	—	148	36	—	5	20
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	674	588	724	1 991	1 606	1 565	405	863
Persons under 18 years	235	224	339	778	559	585	180	328
Related children under 18 years	219	216	339	768	553	585	180	328
Related children 5 to 17 years	130	159	238	456	387	463	120	275
Persons 65 years and over	20	6	—	307	97	65	22	36
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level								
Families	34	15	18	248	107	111	37	27
Percent below poverty level	21.4	10.3	8.1	47.7	29.6	25.8	37.4	11.3
Householder worked in 1989	34	11	18	105	71	30	32	22
With related children under 18 years	26	15	18	241	78	95	32	22
With related children under 5 years	20	15	12	175	64	27	25	—
Married-couple families	—	6	12	12	37	34	5	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	6	12	7	15	12	—	—
With related children under 18 years	—	6	12	5	20	27	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	6	12	—	20	27	—	—
Female householder, no husband present	34	9	6	236	61	77	22	27
Householder worked in 1989	34	5	6	98	47	18	22	22
With related children under 18 years	26	9	6	236	49	68	22	22
With related children under 5 years	20	9	—	175	35	—	15	—
Unrelated individuals	54	8	—	143	59	84	15	7
Nonfamily householder	9	—	—	98	14	29	15	—
65 years and over	—	—	—	42	8	—	—	—
Persons	191	92	67	969	403	478	150	100
Percent below poverty level	28.3	15.8	9.3	48.7	25.1	30.5	37.0	11.6
Persons under 18 years	109	56	39	531	161	208	69	41
Related children under 18 years	93	52	39	521	161	208	69	41
Related children 5 to 17 years	54	38	22	294	72	180	42	41
Persons 65 years and over	—	—	—	49	45	7	10	—
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	86	22	45	449	253	83	5	37
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	251	116	91	1 279	553	555	155	171

Table 23. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Rantoul village, Champaign County			Urbana city, Champaign County			
	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 59
OCCUPATION							
Employed persons 16 years and over.....	315	236	169	644	137	174	349
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations.....	23	31	11	40	14	—	—
Professional specialty occupations.....	29	7	30	55	21	—	62
Technicians and related support occupations.....	10	—	19	15	—	—	33
Sales occupations.....	23	32	29	50	9	—	45
Administrative support occupations, including clerical.....	46	12	29	102	21	—	140
Private household occupations.....	—	—	—	15	—	—	—
Protective service occupations.....	—	5	—	—	—	—	16
Service occupations, except protective and household.....	69	59	33	197	45	94	53
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.....	—	—	—	5	—	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations.....	20	30	13	52	—	22	—
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors.....	68	33	5	52	6	43	—
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	16	22	—	21	—	15	—
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers.....	11	5	—	40	21	—	—
INCOME IN 1989							
Households.....	276	172	221	544	188	183	25
Less than \$5,000.....	21	5	12	21	26	56	12
\$5,000 to \$9,999.....	41	—	—	121	67	35	13
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	24	24	37	91	51	22	—
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	109	42	76	126	25	55	—
\$25,000 to \$34,999.....	65	49	44	84	19	15	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	—	35	33	60	—	—	—
\$50,000 to \$74,999.....	9	17	19	28	—	—	—
\$75,000 to \$99,999.....	7	—	—	13	—	—	—
\$100,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	18 839	30 300	22 153	19 226	10 104	10 057	5 022
Mean (dollars).....	21 148	29 680	25 725	22 711	12 193	10 192	4 834
Families.....	159	146	221	387	132	143	—
Median income (dollars).....	19 505	30 658	22 153	19 152	7 237	9 879	—
Per capita income (dollars).....	8 161	8 773	7 376	8 033	4 274	5 165	1 924
INCOME TYPE IN 1989							
Households.....	276	172	221	544	188	183	25
With earnings.....	232	172	221	479	132	128	25
Mean earnings (dollars).....	21 021	26 260	25 533	21 600	14 291	11 027	4 828
With Social Security income.....	29	10	12	138	7	15	—
Mean Social Security income (dollars).....	5 301	6 124	1 350	6 358	8 200	14 000	—
With public assistance income.....	17	13	6	57	63	50	—
Mean public assistance income (dollars).....	2 073	3 618	984	3 650	4 687	4 871	—
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE							
Families (dollars).....	21 857	30 386	25 725	24 599	8 781	9 480	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	24 012	26 257	24 130	21 039	7 217	8 915	—
Married-couple families (dollars).....	27 748	36 071	27 968	35 425	32 000	25 400	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	31 963	33 507	26 467	35 425	—	—	—
Female householder, no husband present (dollars).....	8 631	17 206	13 592	14 248	6 913	7 938	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	9 661	16 592	13 592	13 699	6 339	8 915	—
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989							
All Income Levels in 1989							
Families.....	159	146	221	387	132	143	—
Householder worked in 1989.....	123	137	221	321	76	88	—
With related children under 18 years.....	115	107	189	233	116	111	—
With related children under 5 years.....	75	66	121	108	87	50	—
Married-couple families.....	110	102	185	179	6	15	—
Householder worked in 1989.....	74	97	185	138	6	15	—
With related children under 18 years.....	74	68	153	79	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years.....	55	35	102	33	—	—	—
Female householder, no husband present.....	49	44	29	179	116	111	—
Householder worked in 1989.....	49	40	29	158	60	73	—
With related children under 18 years.....	41	39	29	142	106	94	—
With related children under 5 years.....	20	31	12	75	81	50	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined.....	196	45	—	241	92	83	77
Nonfamily householder.....	117	26	—	157	56	40	25
65 years and over.....	20	—	—	40	—	—	—
Persons for whom poverty status is determined.....	674	588	724	1 562	504	472	77
Persons under 18 years.....	235	224	339	506	248	180	—
Related children under 18 years.....	219	216	339	506	248	180	—
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	130	159	238	368	142	133	—
Persons 65 years and over.....	20	6	—	153	—	—	—
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level							
Families.....	34	15	18	118	84	72	—
Percent below poverty level.....	21.4	10.3	8.1	30.5	63.6	50.3	—
Householder worked in 1989.....	34	11	18	79	28	17	—
With related children under 18 years.....	26	15	18	96	84	55	—
With related children under 5 years.....	20	15	12	56	66	38	—
Married-couple families.....	—	6	12	21	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1989.....	—	6	12	7	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years.....	—	6	12	14	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years.....	—	6	12	14	—	—	—
Female householder, no husband present.....	34	9	6	88	78	55	—
Householder worked in 1989.....	34	5	6	67	22	17	—
With related children under 18 years.....	26	9	6	82	78	38	—
With related children under 5 years.....	20	9	—	42	60	38	—
Unrelated individuals.....	54	8	—	79	10	19	77
Nonfamily householder.....	9	—	—	36	—	—	25
65 years and over.....	—	—	—	20	—	—	—
Persons.....	191	93	67	546	290	190	77
Percent below poverty level.....	28.3	15.8	9.3	35.0	57.5	40.3	100.0
Persons under 18 years.....	109	56	39	260	196	81	—
Related children under 18 years.....	93	52	39	260	196	81	—
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	54	38	22	178	114	60	—
Persons 65 years and over.....	—	—	—	28	—	—	—
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:							
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level.....	86	22	45	91	220	138	65
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level.....	251	116	91	702	373	300	77

Table 24. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County
PLACE OF BIRTH		
All persons	453	453
Native	453	453
Foreign born	-	-
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH		
Linguistically isolated households	-	-
Persons 5 years and over	416	416
Speak a language other than English	9	9
Do not speak English "very well"	2	2
In linguistically isolated households	-	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL		
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	135	135
Preprimary school	9	9
Public school	9	9
Elementary or high school	57	57
Public school	57	57
College	69	69
Public college	61	61
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT		
Persons 25 years and over	216	216
Less than 9th grade	15	15
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	27	27
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	25	25
Some college, no degree	65	65
Associate degree	5	5
Bachelor's degree	24	24
Graduate or professional degree	55	55
Percent high school graduate or higher	80.6	80.6
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	36.6	36.6
FERTILITY		
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 694	1 694
RESIDENCE IN 1985		
Persons 5 years and over	416	416
Same house	129	129
Different house in United States	275	275
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	55	55
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	52	52
Different MSA/PMSA	123	123
Not in an MSA/PMSA	45	45
Abroad	12	12
JOURNEY TO WORK		
Workers 16 years and over	206	206
Car, truck, or van	153	153
Drove alone	119	119
Carpooled	34	34
Public transportation	17	17
Other means	36	36
Worked at home	-	-
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.5	18.5
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	182	182
Central city	136	136
Outside central city	46	46
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	24	24
LABOR FORCE STATUS		
Persons 16 years and over	372	372
In labor force	234	234
Employed	199	199
Unemployed	26	26
Percent of civilian labor force	11.6	11.6
Females 16 years and over	109	109
Employed	79	79
Unemployed	-	-
With own children under 6 years	27	27
In labor force	17	17
With own children 6 to 17 years only	2	2
In labor force	2	2
Persons 16 to 19 years	59	59
Not enrolled in school	5	5
Unemployed or not in labor force	-	-
Not high school graduate	-	-
Employed	-	-
Unemployed	-	-
Not in labor force	-	-
WORK STATUS IN 1989		
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	288	288
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	235	235
50 to 52 weeks	134	134
DISABILITY		
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	325	325
With a mobility or self-care limitation	25	25
With a mobility limitation	7	7
In labor force	-	-
With a self-care limitation	18	18
With a work disability	38	38
In labor force	4	4
Prevented from working	34	34
No work disability	287	287
In labor force	202	202
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	38	38
With a mobility or self-care limitation	-	-
With a mobility limitation	-	-
With a self-care limitation	-	-

Table 25. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County
OCCUPATION		
Employed persons 16 years and over	199	199
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	28	28
Professional specialty occupations	29	29
Technicians and related support occupations	12	12
Sales occupations	14	14
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	12	12
Private household occupations	5	5
Protective service occupations	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	76	76
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	17	17
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	2	2
Transportation and material moving occupations	—	—
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4	4
INCOME IN 1989		
Households	161	161
Less than \$5,000	23	23
\$5,000 to \$9,999	16	16
\$10,000 to \$14,999	12	12
\$15,000 to \$24,999	33	33
\$25,000 to \$34,999	2	2
\$35,000 to \$49,999	14	14
\$50,000 to \$74,999	36	36
\$75,000 to \$99,999	18	18
\$100,000 or more	7	7
Median (dollars)	24 485	24 485
Mean (dollars)	37 978	37 978
Families	88	88
Median income (dollars)	51 776	51 776
Per capita income (dollars)	13 328	13 328
INCOME TYPE IN 1989		
Households	161	161
With earnings	129	129
Mean earnings (dollars)	39 981	39 981
With Social Security income	48	48
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	5 858	5 858
With public assistance income	7	7
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	674	674
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE		
Families (dollars)	57 010	57 010
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	35 781	35 781
Married-couple families (dollars)	66 736	66 736
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	53 023	53 023
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	18 952	18 952
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	24 900	24 900
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989		
All Income Levels in 1989		
Families	88	88
Householder worked in 1989	65	65
With related children under 18 years	37	37
With related children under 5 years	27	27
Married-couple families	56	56
Householder worked in 1989	38	38
With related children under 18 years	17	17
With related children under 5 years	9	9
Female householder, no husband present	12	12
Householder worked in 1989	7	7
With related children under 18 years	7	7
With related children under 5 years	7	7
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	125	125
Nonfamily householder	73	73
65 years and over	7	7
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	416	416
Persons under 18 years	95	95
Related children under 18 years	95	95
Related children 5 to 17 years	58	58
Persons 65 years and over	38	38
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level		
Families	—	—
Percent below poverty level	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	—
With related children under 18 years	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	—
Married-couple families	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	—
With related children under 18 years	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	—
Female householder, no husband present	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	—
With related children under 18 years	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	—
Unrelated individuals	55	55
Nonfamily householder	32	32
65 years and over	—	—
Persons	63	63
Percent below poverty level	15.1	15.1
Persons under 18 years	—	—
Related children under 18 years	—	—
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	—
Persons 65 years and over	—	—
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:		
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	46	46
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	96	96

Table 26. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990

(Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County		
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 14
PLACE OF BIRTH								
All persons	7 950	7 950	2 529	427	4 259	691	685	417
Native	2 147	2 147	717	115	1 062	97	188	168
Foreign born	5 803	5 803	1 812	312	3 197	594	497	249
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH								
Linguistically isolated households	731	731	219	21	396	113	26	31
Persons 5 years and over	7 339	7 339	2 423	404	3 880	691	685	388
Speak a language other than English	5 773	5 773	1 691	311	3 217	549	453	231
Do not speak English "very well"	2 498	2 498	688	131	1 368	263	161	90
In linguistically isolated households	1 539	1 539	414	70	779	201	36	65
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL								
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	5 188	5 188	1 815	133	2 948	585	643	335
Preprimary school	140	140	23	5	86	-	-	7
Public school	87	87	3	-	65	-	-	-
Elementary or high school	685	685	168	108	310	-	-	14
Public school	603	603	162	95	256	-	-	14
College	4 363	4 363	1 624	20	2 552	585	643	314
Public college	4 256	4 256	1 589	20	2 497	573	631	305
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT								
Persons 25 years and over	3 788	3 788	1 048	234	2 059	287	233	108
Less than 9th grade	139	139	53	14	22	-	-	-
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	142	142	40	28	45	-	-	-
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	125	125	16	68	18	-	-	-
Some college, no degree	236	236	80	51	62	45	6	-
Associate degree	136	136	62	20	36	25	13	-
Bachelor's degree	933	933	281	46	534	59	85	16
Graduate or professional degree	2 077	2 077	516	7	1 342	158	129	92
Percent high school graduate or higher	92.6	92.6	91.1	82.1	96.7	100.0	100.0	100.0
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	79.5	79.5	76.0	22.6	91.1	75.6	91.8	100.0
FERTILITY								
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	485	485	318	1 270	431	-	14	289
RESIDENCE IN 1985								
Persons 5 years and over	7 339	7 339	2 423	404	3 880	691	685	388
Same house	984	984	168	103	532	-	41	22
Different house in United States	3 642	3 642	1 547	85	1 646	374	453	306
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	743	743	298	18	289	24	40	22
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	46	46	40	-	-	20	-	-
Different MSA/PMSA	2 615	2 615	1 099	46	1 283	317	402	276
Not in an MSA/PMSA	238	238	110	21	74	13	11	8
Abroad	2 713	2 713	708	216	1 702	317	191	60
JOURNEY TO WORK								
Workers 16 years and over	3 418	3 418	1 136	198	1 709	365	226	174
Car, truck, or van	1 681	1 681	523	181	622	39	80	87
Drove alone	1 205	1 205	404	130	450	28	37	61
Carpooled	476	476	119	51	172	11	43	26
Public transportation	475	475	109	6	348	58	7	8
Other means	1 199	1 199	479	11	701	268	139	63
Worked at home	63	63	25	-	38	-	-	16
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	13.0	13.0	14.2	11.7	12.3	12.6	12.6	13.3
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	3 327	3 327	1 076	198	1 696	365	198	174
Central city	3 151	3 151	1 036	143	1 655	354	194	174
Outside central city	176	176	40	55	41	11	4	-
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	91	91	60	-	13	-	28	-
LABOR FORCE STATUS								
Persons 16 years and over	6 644	6 644	2 266	313	3 542	691	685	381
In labor force	3 669	3 669	1 224	207	1 861	384	264	182
Employed	3 515	3 515	1 184	185	1 771	384	239	182
Unemployed	141	141	40	9	90	-	25	-
Percent of civilian labor force	3.9	3.9	3.3	4.6	4.8	-	9.5	-
Females 16 years and over	3 242	3 242	1 058	207	1 705	254	345	179
Employed	1 526	1 526	503	102	768	104	122	110
Unemployed	59	59	18	9	32	-	9	-
With own children under 6 years	552	552	95	53	303	-	-	34
In labor force	224	224	40	39	84	-	-	9
With own children 6 to 17 years only	299	299	69	57	123	-	-	8
In labor force	160	160	64	19	56	-	-	8
Persons 16 to 19 years	1 017	1 017	300	17	601	88	110	177
Not enrolled in school	13	13	-	-	13	-	-	-
Unemployed or not in labor force	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not high school graduate	13	13	-	-	13	-	-	-
Employed	13	13	-	-	13	-	-	-
Unemployed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not in labor force	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WORK STATUS IN 1989								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	4 910	4 910	1 799	224	2 512	546	523	330
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	2 255	2 255	748	189	1 092	168	192	92
50 to 52 weeks	1 053	1 053	285	138	442	24	20	23
DISABILITY								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	6 559	6 559	2 253	300	3 485	691	685	381
With a mobility or self-care limitation	255	255	71	47	79	10	42	33
With a mobility limitation	68	68	30	-	23	10	7	-
In labor force	14	14	10	-	-	10	-	-
With a self-care limitation	209	209	48	47	56	-	42	33
With a work disability	103	103	46	7	26	10	15	-
In labor force	47	47	27	7	9	10	-	-
Prevented from working	56	56	19	-	17	-	15	-
No work disability	6 456	6 456	2 207	293	3 459	681	670	381
In labor force	3 609	3 609	1 197	187	1 852	374	264	182
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	67	67	13	-	52	-	-	-
With a mobility or self-care limitation	7	7	7	-	-	-	-	-
With a mobility limitation	7	7	7	-	-	-	-	-
With a self-care limitation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 26. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990—Con.

(Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Can.		Champaign city, Champaign County		Urbana city, Champaign County		
	Tract 57	Tract 60	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 59	Tract 60 (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH							
All persons	501	1 361	691	685	501	1 551	1 361
Native	189	153	97	188	189	512	153
Foreign born	312	1 208	594	497	312	1 039	1 208
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH							
Linguistically isolated households	19	138	113	26	19	126	138
Persons 5 years and over	444	1 133	691	685	444	1 521	1 133
Speak a language other than English	274	1 128	549	453	274	1 179	1 128
Do not speak English "very well"	50	529	263	161	50	499	529
In linguistically isolated households	19	310	201	36	19	192	310
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL							
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	208	783	585	643	208	1 400	783
Preprimary school	10	61	—	—	10	—	61
Public school	10	40	—	—	10	—	40
Elementary or high school	81	144	—	—	81	10	144
Public school	76	95	—	—	76	10	95
College	117	578	585	643	117	1 390	578
Public college	108	572	573	631	108	1 365	572
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT							
Persons 25 years and over	327	891	287	233	327	440	891
Less than 9th grade	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	—	21	—	—	—	—	21
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	—	14	—	—	—	4	14
Some college, no degree	8	30	45	6	8	—	30
Associate degree	14	4	25	13	14	—	4
Bachelor's degree	37	289	59	85	37	122	289
Graduate or professional degree	268	533	158	129	268	314	533
Percent high school graduate or higher	100.0	97.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	97.6
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	93.3	92.3	75.6	91.8	93.3	99.1	92.3
FERTILITY							
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	903	981	—	14	903	54	981
RESIDENCE IN 1985							
Persons 5 years and over	444	1 133	691	685	444	1 521	1 133
Same house	225	113	—	41	225	119	113
Different house in United States	169	157	374	453	169	951	157
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	93	46	24	40	93	29	46
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	—	—	20	—	—	—	—
Different MSA/PMSA	67	99	317	402	67	882	99
Not in an MSA/PMSA	9	12	13	11	9	40	12
Abroad	50	863	317	191	50	451	863
JOURNEY TO WORK							
Workers 16 years and over	236	437	365	226	236	618	437
Car, truck, or van	196	187	39	80	196	76	187
Drive alone	127	122	28	37	127	57	122
Carpooled	69	65	11	43	69	19	65
Public transportation	37	201	58	7	37	92	201
Other means	3	49	268	139	3	412	49
Worked at home	—	—	—	—	—	38	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	13.0	15.8	12.6	12.6	13.0	9.9	15.8
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	236	431	365	198	236	611	431
Central city	236	425	354	194	236	611	425
Outside central city	—	6	11	4	—	6	6
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	—	6	—	28	—	7	6
LABOR FORCE STATUS							
Persons 16 years and over	356	951	691	685	356	1 521	951
In labor force	251	465	384	264	251	680	465
Employed	251	460	384	239	251	624	460
Unemployed	—	5	—	25	—	56	5
Percent of civilian labor force	—	1.1	—	9.5	—	8.2	1.1
Females 16 years and over	176	458	254	345	176	744	458
Employed	123	146	104	122	123	316	146
Unemployed	—	5	—	9	—	27	5
With own children under 6 years	35	203	—	—	35	29	203
In labor force	21	35	—	—	21	12	35
With own children 6 to 17 years only	38	57	—	—	38	—	57
In labor force	29	17	—	—	29	—	17
Persons 16 to 19 years	15	24	88	110	15	501	24
Not enrolled in school	—	13	—	—	—	—	13
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not high school graduate	—	13	—	—	—	—	13
Employed	—	13	—	—	—	—	13
Unemployed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
WORK STATUS IN 1989							
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	281	549	546	523	281	1 152	549
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	188	198	168	192	188	445	198
50 to 52 weeks	146	123	24	20	146	37	123
DISABILITY							
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	325	937	691	685	325	1 521	937
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	29	10	42	—	6	29
With a mobility limitation	—	6	10	7	—	—	6
In labor force	—	—	10	—	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	—	23	—	42	—	6	23
With a work disability	—	—	10	15	—	9	—
In labor force	—	—	10	—	—	9	—
Prevented from working	—	—	—	15	—	—	—
No work disability	325	937	681	670	325	1 512	937
In labor force	251	465	374	264	251	671	465
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	31	14	—	—	31	—	14
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
With a mobility limitation	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 27. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County		
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 14
OCCUPATION								
Employed persons 16 years and over.....	3 515	3 515	1 184	185	1 771	384	239	182
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations.....	220	220	98	14	58	12	16	37
Professional specialty occupations.....	1 565	1 565	489	20	941	225	96	74
Technicians and related support occupations.....	437	437	117	7	269	48	18	15
Sales occupations.....	202	202	77	44	55	22	11	13
Administrative support occupations, including clerical.....	331	331	146	15	168	30	44	27
Private household occupations.....	6	6	-	-	6	-	-	-
Protective service occupations.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service occupations, except protective and household.....	387	387	150	18	156	36	42	16
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.....	10	10	4	-	6	-	4	-
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations.....	96	96	12	23	41	-	8	-
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors.....	230	230	91	35	55	11	-	-
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	13	13	-	-	13	-	-	-
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers.....	18	18	-	9	3	-	-	-
INCOME IN 1989								
Households.....	2 397	2 397	799	122	1 248	363	149	63
Less than \$5,000.....	502	502	200	9	293	102	66	-
\$5,000 to \$9,999.....	426	426	170	23	207	97	23	15
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	407	407	133	9	235	95	22	16
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	483	483	115	32	275	46	24	24
\$25,000 to \$34,999.....	160	160	66	14	80	23	14	-
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	163	163	54	23	42	-	-	8
\$50,000 to \$74,999.....	170	170	44	7	75	-	-	-
\$75,000 to \$99,999.....	59	59	10	-	26	-	-	-
\$100,000 or more.....	27	27	7	5	15	-	-	-
Median (dollars).....	12 424	12 424	10 745	18 500	11 867	8 596	6 298	17 639
Mean (dollars).....	20 189	20 189	17 714	25 316	18 290	9 812	9 734	18 316
Families.....	1 318	1 318	248	75	794	49	23	57
Median income (dollars).....	16 588	16 588	17 262	31 607	13 226	5 389	11 750	14 609
Per capita income (dollars).....	7 282	7 282	7 140	9 433	6 455	5 297	4 930	3 864
INCOME TYPE IN 1989								
Households.....	2 397	2 397	799	122	1 248	363	149	63
With earnings.....	2 076	2 076	721	113	1 027	336	130	63
Mean earnings (dollars).....	21 221	21 221	18 487	25 505	19 901	10 217	8 778	17 237
With Social Security income.....	68	68	12	9	28	-	-	-
Mean Social Security income (dollars).....	4 028	4 028	5 745	3 984	3 847	-	-	-
With public assistance income.....	47	47	33	-	14	10	-	-
Mean public assistance income (dollars).....	2 877	2 877	2 564	-	3 614	500	-	-
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE								
Families (dollars).....	25 435	25 435	30 254	33 428	20 657	7 055	12 730	17 763
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	27 189	27 189	33 673	37 340	21 314	-	-	18 546
Married-couple families (dollars).....	27 053	27 053	32 031	45 267	21 991	7 055	19 519	13 260
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	28 426	28 426	34 172	45 267	22 662	-	-	13 404
Female householder, no husband present (dollars).....	12 110	12 110	17 839	8 000	4 503	-	-	39 112
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	13 954	13 954	22 843	8 000	4 713	-	-	39 112
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989								
All Income Levels in 1989								
Families.....	1 318	1 318	248	75	794	49	23	57
Householder worked in 1989.....	1 112	1 112	229	75	618	49	15	57
With related children under 18 years.....	829	829	159	65	460	-	-	40
With related children under 5 years.....	527	527	105	16	298	-	-	32
Married-couple families.....	1 186	1 186	227	49	726	49	15	40
Householder worked in 1989.....	1 024	1 024	222	49	580	49	15	40
With related children under 18 years.....	755	755	152	49	417	-	-	32
With related children under 5 years.....	498	498	105	7	278	-	-	32
Female householder, no husband present.....	67	67	13	17	29	-	-	8
Householder worked in 1989.....	50	50	7	17	18	-	-	8
With related children under 18 years.....	46	46	7	7	24	-	-	8
With related children under 5 years.....	20	20	-	-	20	-	-	-
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined.....	1 972	1 972	1 066	47	798	591	314	22
Nonfamily householder.....	1 079	1 079	551	47	454	314	126	6
65 years and over.....	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Persons for whom poverty status is determined.....	6 325	6 325	1 953	427	3 212	691	361	165
Persons under 18 years.....	1 370	1 370	269	131	743	-	-	43
Related children under 18 years.....	1 370	1 370	269	131	743	-	-	43
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	759	759	163	108	364	-	-	14
Persons 65 years and over.....	67	67	13	-	52	-	-	-
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level								
Families.....	379	379	74	17	267	22	8	15
Percent below poverty level.....	28.8	28.8	29.8	22.7	33.6	44.9	34.8	26.3
Householder worked in 1989.....	223	223	61	17	124	22	-	15
With related children under 18 years.....	247	247	44	7	175	-	-	15
With related children under 5 years.....	175	175	37	-	117	-	-	15
Married-couple families.....	305	305	66	-	218	22	-	15
Householder worked in 1989.....	180	180	61	-	98	22	-	15
With related children under 18 years.....	204	204	44	-	139	-	-	15
With related children under 5 years.....	155	155	37	-	97	-	-	15
Female householder, no husband present.....	46	46	-	17	29	-	-	-
Householder worked in 1989.....	35	35	-	17	18	-	-	-
With related children under 18 years.....	31	31	-	7	24	-	-	-
With related children under 5 years.....	20	20	-	-	20	-	-	-
Unrelated individuals.....	1 152	1 152	706	9	407	370	272	11
Nonfamily householder.....	487	487	274	9	199	145	92	-
65 years and over.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Persons.....	2 294	2 294	898	45	1 252	417	288	57
Percent below poverty level.....	36.3	36.3	46.0	10.5	39.0	60.3	79.8	34.5
Persons under 18 years.....	381	381	46	9	301	-	-	15
Related children under 18 years.....	381	381	46	9	301	-	-	15
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	190	190	21	9	160	-	-	-
Persons 65 years and over.....	21	21	-	-	21	-	-	-
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level.....	1 470	1 470	617	9	819	323	229	11
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level.....	2 746	2 746	984	55	1 528	495	288	62

Table 27. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.		Champaign city, Champaign County		Urbana city, Champaign County		
	Tract 57	Tract 60	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 59	Tract 60 (pt.)
OCCUPATION							
Employed persons 16 years and over.....	251	460	384	239	251	624	460
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations.....	24	21	12	16	24	7	21
Professional specialty occupations.....	158	304	225	96	158	303	304
Technicians and related support occupations.....	41	60	48	18	41	64	60
Sales occupations.....	11	—	22	11	11	27	—
Administrative support occupations, including clerical.....	—	18	30	44	—	112	18
Private household occupations.....	—	6	—	—	—	—	6
Protective service occupations.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household.....	—	18	36	42	—	97	18
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.....	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations.....	—	9	—	8	—	—	9
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors.....	14	11	11	—	14	14	11
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	—	13	—	—	—	—	13
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers.....	3	—	—	—	3	—	—
INCOME IN 1989							
Households.....	175	482	363	149	175	259	482
Less than \$5,000.....	8	108	102	66	8	87	108
\$5,000 to \$9,999.....	18	78	97	23	18	64	78
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	10	129	95	22	10	38	129
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	32	124	46	24	32	54	124
\$25,000 to \$34,999.....	10	18	23	14	10	10	18
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	16	19	—	—	16	—	19
\$50,000 to \$74,999.....	51	6	—	—	51	—	6
\$75,000 to \$99,999.....	20	—	—	—	20	6	—
\$100,000 or more.....	10	—	—	—	10	—	—
Median (dollars).....	45 694	11 884	8 596	6 298	45 694	7 631	11 884
Mean (dollars).....	47 011	12 582	9 812	9 734	47 011	11 580	12 582
Families.....	126	438	49	23	126	116	438
Median income (dollars).....	46 944	12 000	5 389	11 750	46 944	15 250	12 000
Per capita income (dollars).....	18 677	4 436	5 297	4 930	18 677	3 486	4 436
INCOME TYPE IN 1989							
Households.....	175	482	363	149	175	259	482
With earnings.....	153	385	336	130	153	228	385
Mean earnings (dollars).....	47 055	14 988	10 217	8 778	47 055	12 102	14 988
With Social Security income.....	16	12	—	—	16	—	12
Mean Social Security income (dollars).....	6 304	571	—	—	6 304	—	571
With public assistance income.....	2	—	10	—	2	—	—
Mean public assistance income (dollars).....	1 300	—	500	—	1 300	—	—
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE							
Families (dollars).....	46 563	12 915	7 055	12 730	46 563	17 783	12 915
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	47 448	12 585	—	—	47 448	14 198	12 585
Married-couple families (dollars).....	49 529	13 397	7 055	19 519	49 529	18 426	13 397
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	53 365	13 185	—	—	53 365	14 198	13 185
Female householder, no husband present (dollars).....	8 000	1 410	—	—	8 000	3 500	1 410
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	8 000	1 410	—	—	8 000	—	1 410
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989							
All Income Levels in 1989							
Families.....	126	438	49	23	126	116	438
Householder worked in 1989.....	104	329	49	15	104	105	329
With related children under 18 years.....	69	303	—	—	69	30	303
With related children under 5 years.....	42	195	—	—	42	30	195
Married-couple families.....	117	404	49	15	117	111	404
Householder worked in 1989.....	95	313	49	15	95	100	313
With related children under 18 years.....	60	281	—	—	60	30	281
With related children under 5 years.....	33	189	—	—	33	30	189
Female householder, no husband present.....	9	10	—	—	9	5	10
Householder worked in 1989.....	9	4	—	—	9	5	4
With related children under 18 years.....	9	10	—	—	9	—	10
With related children under 5 years.....	9	6	—	—	9	—	6
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined.....	61	48	591	314	61	276	48
Nonfamily householder.....	49	44	314	126	49	143	44
65 years and over.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons for whom poverty status is determined.....	496	1 361	691	361	496	531	1 361
Persons under 18 years.....	143	421	—	—	143	30	421
Related children under 18 years.....	143	421	—	—	143	30	421
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	86	193	—	—	86	—	193
Persons 65 years and over.....	31	14	—	—	31	—	14
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level							
Families.....	27	173	22	8	27	32	173
Percent below poverty level.....	21.4	39.5	44.9	34.8	21.4	27.6	39.5
Householder worked in 1989.....	19	76	22	—	19	21	76
With related children under 18 years.....	19	132	—	—	19	11	132
With related children under 5 years.....	19	74	—	—	19	11	74
Married-couple families.....	18	151	22	—	18	27	151
Householder worked in 1989.....	10	72	22	—	10	16	72
With related children under 18 years.....	10	110	—	—	10	11	110
With related children under 5 years.....	10	68	—	—	10	11	68
Female householder, no husband present.....	9	10	—	—	9	5	10
Householder worked in 1989.....	9	4	—	—	9	5	4
With related children under 18 years.....	9	10	—	—	9	—	10
With related children under 5 years.....	9	6	—	—	9	—	6
Unrelated individuals.....	15	23	370	272	15	206	23
Nonfamily householder.....	9	19	145	92	9	100	19
65 years and over.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons.....	96	586	417	288	96	279	586
Percent below poverty level.....	19.4	43.1	60.3	79.8	19.4	52.5	43.1
Persons under 18 years.....	47	212	—	—	47	11	212
Related children under 18 years.....	47	212	—	—	47	11	212
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	20	127	—	—	20	—	127
Persons 65 years and over.....	—	14	—	—	—	—	14
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:							
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level.....	21	362	323	229	21	204	362
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level.....	96	794	495	288	96	285	794

Table 28. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

[Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Champaign County		
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 103	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 59
PLACE OF BIRTH								
All persons	3 289	3 289	1 080	780	1 046	618	618	451
Native	2 387	2 387	786	672	618	538	538	307
Foreign born	902	902	294	108	428	80	80	144
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH								
Linguistically isolated households	89	89	21	-	48	-	-	-
Persons 5 years and over	3 109	3 109	1 028	726	1 016	568	568	451
Speak a language other than English	1 874	1 874	506	524	685	450	450	322
Do not speak English "very well"	673	673	82	255	261	216	216	89
In linguistically isolated households	195	195	29	-	94	-	-	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL								
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 817	1 817	710	223	755	137	137	404
Presprimary school	33	33	-	-	31	-	-	-
Public school	12	12	-	-	10	-	-	-
Elementary or high school	293	293	36	68	103	21	21	-
Public school	278	278	36	53	103	6	6	-
College	1 491	1 491	674	155	621	116	116	404
Public college	1 353	1 353	664	65	592	41	41	375
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT								
Persons 25 years and over	1 311	1 311	369	425	346	353	353	61
Less than 9th grade	84	84	8	20	27	-	-	22
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	28	28	6	7	-	-	-	-
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	281	281	86	148	19	121	121	-
Some college, no degree	275	275	4	199	17	186	186	-
Associate degree	46	46	-	10	13	5	5	-
Bachelor's degree	205	205	95	5	86	5	5	25
Graduate or professional degree	392	392	170	36	184	36	36	14
Percent high school graduate or higher	91.5	91.5	96.2	93.6	92.2	100.0	100.0	63.9
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	45.5	45.5	71.8	9.6	78.0	11.6	11.6	63.9
FERTILITY								
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	481	481	169	1 059	294	880	880	-
RESIDENCE IN 1985								
Persons 5 years and over	3 109	3 109	1 028	726	1 016	568	568	451
Same house	536	536	185	103	123	-	-	19
Different house in United States	2 152	2 152	753	551	663	496	496	336
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	340	340	95	29	109	10	10	14
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	22	22	-	-	13	-	-	-
Different MSA/PMSA	1 681	1 681	626	499	528	468	468	309
Not in an MSA/PMSA	109	109	32	23	13	18	18	13
Abroad	421	421	90	72	230	72	72	96
JOURNEY TO WORK								
Workers 16 years and over	1 842	1 842	334	616	497	526	526	207
Car, truck, or van	1 103	1 103	205	552	162	468	468	-
Drove alone	773	773	159	334	134	290	290	-
Carpooled	330	330	46	218	28	178	178	-
Public transportation	87	87	29	6	52	-	-	8
Other means	619	619	291	58	266	58	58	190
Worked at home	33	33	9	-	17	-	-	9
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	12.0	12.0	12.4	8.8	13.1	8.1	8.1	11.0
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	1 825	1 825	525	616	491	526	526	207
Central city	1 603	1 603	511	504	432	434	434	197
Outside central city	222	222	14	112	59	92	92	10
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	17	17	9	-	6	-	-	-
LABOR FORCE STATUS								
Persons 16 years and over	2 815	2 815	984	675	893	547	547	451
In labor force	1 936	1 936	599	616	511	526	526	216
Employed	1 390	1 390	562	131	502	54	54	207
Unemployed	61	61	37	-	9	-	-	9
Percent of civilian labor force	4.2	4.2	6.2	-	1.8	-	-	4.2
Females 16 years and over	1 143	1 143	440	172	390	100	100	205
Employed	566	566	242	78	157	28	28	48
Unemployed	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-
With own children under 6 years	157	157	31	39	46	29	29	-
In labor force	108	108	12	23	32	18	18	-
With own children 6 to 17 years only	81	81	7	28	18	15	15	-
In labor force	31	31	-	12	5	5	5	-
Persons 16 to 19 years	554	554	163	87	259	60	60	247
Not enrolled in school	72	72	-	59	-	54	54	-
Unemployed or not in labor force	5	5	-	5	-	-	-	-
Not high school graduate	5	5	-	5	-	-	-	-
Employed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unemployed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not in labor force	5	5	-	5	-	-	-	-
WORK STATUS IN 1989								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	2 517	2 517	868	632	788	526	526	402
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 491	1 491	430	531	430	478	478	187
50 to 52 weeks	646	646	187	243	154	230	230	36
DISABILITY								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	2 282	2 282	969	171	882	75	75	451
With a mobility or self-care limitation	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
With a mobility limitation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
In labor force	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
With a self-care limitation	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
With a work disability	20	20	8	-	8	-	-	-
In labor force	8	8	-	-	8	-	-	-
Prevented from working	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
No work disability	2 262	2 262	961	171	874	75	75	451
In labor force	1 426	1 426	599	119	498	54	54	216
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	48	48	15	19	11	-	-	-
With a mobility or self-care limitation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
With a mobility limitation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
With a self-care limitation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 29. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

[Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Champaign County	Rantoul village, Champaign County	Urbana city, Champaign County
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 103	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 59
OCCUPATION								
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 390	1 390	562	131	502	54	54	207
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	72	72	10	12	34	—	—	22
Professional specialty occupations	417	417	259	—	141	—	—	40
Technicians and related support occupations	113	113	20	—	86	—	—	34
Sales occupations	151	151	35	20	56	15	15	20
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	230	230	88	18	80	11	11	35
Private household occupations	13	13	—	—	13	—	—	—
Protective service occupations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	235	235	114	30	65	5	5	56
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	30	30	18	8	—	8	8	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	49	49	4	13	20	7	7	—
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	57	57	14	22	—	—	—	—
Transportation and material moving occupations	7	7	—	—	7	—	—	—
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	16	16	—	8	—	8	8	—
INCOME IN 1989								
Households	822	822	385	61	274	28	28	54
Less than \$5,000	66	66	29	7	21	—	—	9
\$5,000 to \$9,999	96	96	59	—	30	—	—	—
\$10,000 to \$14,999	270	270	155	16	75	8	8	17
\$15,000 to \$24,999	147	147	28	21	87	15	15	28
\$25,000 to \$34,999	74	74	22	—	21	—	—	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999	68	68	25	7	25	—	—	—
\$50,000 to \$74,999	57	57	38	5	5	5	5	—
\$75,000 to \$99,999	31	31	16	5	10	—	—	—
\$100,000 or more	13	13	13	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	14 375	14 375	12 618	16 250	15 573	16 000	16 000	15 192
Mean (dollars)	25 139	25 139	28 041	26 189	20 370	21 772	21 772	14 432
Families	393	393	158	54	111	28	28	—
Median income (dollars)	26 058	26 058	33 750	16 833	27 656	16 000	16 000	—
Per capita income (dollars)	8 096	8 096	8 893	8 019	7 419	7 751	7 751	4 418
INCOME TYPE IN 1989								
Households	822	822	385	61	274	28	28	54
With earnings	808	808	377	61	269	28	28	54
Mean earnings (dollars)	23 516	23 516	25 618	24 396	19 775	20 580	20 580	14 360
With Social Security income	28	28	12	—	—	5	5	—
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 841	7 841	12 592	3 801	—	6 552	6 552	—
With public assistance income	11	11	11	—	—	—	—	—
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	537	537	537	—	—	—	—	—
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE								
Families (dollars)	36 423	36 423	45 082	28 495	31 897	20 602	20 602	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	38 514	38 514	54 401	28 495	38 229	20 602	20 602	—
Married-couple families (dollars)	41 239	41 239	49 337	30 134	34 450	20 602	20 602	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	46 119	46 119	68 371	30 134	42 029	20 602	20 602	—
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	12 757	12 757	20 411	—	10 833	—	—	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	7 124	7 124	10 000	—	10 000	—	—	—
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989								
All Income Levels in 1989								
Families	393	393	158	54	111	28	28	—
Householder worked in 1989	365	365	145	54	106	28	28	—
With related children under 18 years	238	238	60	54	64	28	28	—
With related children under 5 years	142	142	51	39	32	28	28	—
Married-couple families	323	323	138	39	99	28	28	—
Householder worked in 1989	309	309	125	39	99	28	28	—
With related children under 18 years	181	181	46	39	52	28	28	—
With related children under 5 years	128	128	37	39	32	28	28	—
Female householder, no husband present	44	44	13	—	12	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	30	30	13	—	7	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years	35	35	7	—	12	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years	7	7	7	—	—	—	—	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	814	814	362	38	349	6	6	150
Nonfamily householder	429	429	227	7	163	—	—	54
65 years and over	19	19	—	19	—	—	—	—
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	2 133	2 133	706	316	739	154	154	150
Persons under 18 years	513	513	96	122	156	71	71	—
Related children under 18 years	513	513	96	122	156	71	71	—
Related children 5 to 17 years	342	342	44	68	126	21	21	—
Persons 65 years and over	48	48	15	19	11	—	—	—
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level								
Families	57	57	24	8	5	—	—	—
Percent below poverty level	14.5	14.5	15.2	14.8	4.5	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	43	43	24	8	—	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years	36	36	7	8	5	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years	7	7	7	—	—	—	—	—
Married-couple families	17	17	17	—	—	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	17	17	17	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Female householder, no husband present	21	21	—	—	5	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	7	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years	21	21	—	—	5	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unrelated individuals	373	373	189	19	137	—	—	39
Nonfamily householder	155	155	91	7	57	—	—	22
65 years and over	19	19	—	19	—	—	—	—
Persons	529	529	237	49	161	—	—	39
Percent below poverty level	24.8	24.8	33.6	15.5	21.8	—	—	26.0
Persons under 18 years	69	69	7	22	11	—	—	—
Related children under 18 years	69	69	7	22	11	—	—	—
Related children 5 to 17 years	62	62	—	22	11	—	—	—
Persons 65 years and over	19	19	—	19	—	—	—	—
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	200	200	93	—	82	—	—	26
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	702	702	339	60	221	6	6	39

Table 30. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Champaign County		Rantoul village, Champaign County	Urbana city, Champaign County
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 103	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 59	
PLACE OF BIRTH									
All persons	144 824	144 824	50 782	13 944	26 764	5 653	5 653	5 909	
Native	141 300	141 300	49 485	13 648	25 359	5 567	5 567	5 696	
Foreign born	3 524	3 524	1 297	296	1 405	86	86	213	
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH									
Linguistically isolated households	290	290	143	4	84	-	-	-	
Persons 5 years and over	135 480	135 480	48 042	12 669	25 393	4 950	4 950	5 899	
Speak a language other than English	6 036	6 036	2 345	421	1 705	142	142	351	
Do not speak English "very well"	1 089	1 089	452	75	303	35	35	26	
In linguistically isolated households	348	348	143	8	121	-	-	-	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	53 530	53 530	22 975	3 869	12 501	1 770	1 770	5 593	
Preprimary school	2 746	2 746	854	339	395	200	200	10	
Public school	1 747	1 747	454	269	269	153	153	-	
Elementary or high school	18 334	18 334	4 825	2 270	1 985	849	849	14	
Public school	16 974	16 974	4 193	2 174	1 851	843	843	14	
College	32 450	32 450	17 296	1 260	10 121	721	721	5 569	
Public college	31 495	31 495	17 033	969	9 971	485	485	5 526	
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT									
Persons 25 years and over	83 098	83 098	26 237	8 088	14 270	2 751	2 751	581	
Less than 9th grade	3 523	3 523	900	269	528	7	7	9	
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	6 036	6 036	1 374	518	860	24	24	-	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	22 741	22 741	5 826	2 588	2 558	553	553	13	
Some college, no degree	16 727	16 727	5 142	2 412	2 116	1 171	1 171	67	
Associate degree	6 122	6 122	1 796	793	656	360	360	-	
Bachelor's degree	13 969	13 969	5 698	1 042	2 946	385	385	175	
Graduate or professional degree	13 980	13 980	5 501	466	4 606	251	251	317	
Percent high school graduate or higher	88.5	88.5	91.3	90.3	90.3	98.9	98.9	98.5	
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	33.6	33.6	42.7	18.6	52.9	23.1	23.1	84.7	
FERTILITY									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	854	854	617	1 381	497	1 432	1 432	4	
RESIDENCE IN 1985									
Persons 5 years and over	135 480	135 480	48 042	12 669	25 393	4 950	4 950	5 899	
Same house	56 884	56 884	16 400	4 350	8 324	429	429	292	
Different house in United States	76 617	76 617	31 062	7 692	16 551	4 033	4 033	5 482	
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	21 495	21 495	9 079	2 092	4 528	308	308	321	
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	10 919	10 919	2 154	472	823	29	29	46	
Different MSA/PMSA	31 221	31 221	14 968	3 527	8 577	2 747	2 747	4 139	
Not in an MSA/PMSA	12 982	12 982	4 861	1 601	2 623	949	949	976	
Abroad	1 979	1 979	580	627	518	488	488	125	
JOURNEY TO WORK									
Workers 16 years and over	77 006	77 006	26 670	7 903	13 969	3 457	3 457	2 430	
Car, truck, or van	61 856	61 856	19 970	6 954	8 798	2 794	2 794	510	
Drove alone	53 060	53 060	17 277	5 758	7 592	2 212	2 212	475	
Carpooled	8 796	8 796	2 693	1 196	1 206	582	582	35	
Public transportation	2 770	2 770	1 386	37	1 072	-	-	248	
Other means	9 599	9 599	4 409	832	3 615	647	647	1 523	
Worked at home	2 781	2 781	905	80	484	16	16	149	
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	15.2	15.2	13.7	11.3	13.5	9.3	9.3	10.1	
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	73 559	73 559	25 641	7 737	13 476	3 421	3 421	2 377	
Central city	59 687	59 687	23 476	5 216	12 617	1 844	1 844	2 348	
Outside central city	13 872	13 872	2 165	2 521	859	1 577	1 577	29	
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	3 447	3 447	1 029	166	493	36	36	53	
LABOR FORCE STATUS									
Persons 16 years and over	117 639	117 639	43 358	10 378	23 415	4 003	4 003	5 894	
In labor force	81 309	81 309	28 443	8 179	14 771	3 524	3 524	2 604	
Employed	75 342	75 342	27 242	5 057	14 269	859	859	2 510	
Unemployed	2 676	2 676	1 033	192	460	45	45	94	
Percent of civilian labor force	3.4	3.4	3.7	3.7	3.1	5.0	5.0	3.6	
Females 16 years and over	58 445	58 445	20 847	4 634	12 069	1 284	1 284	3 157	
Employed	35 243	35 243	12 435	2 666	6 717	612	612	1 330	
Unemployed	1 125	1 125	461	111	168	45	45	26	
With own children under 6 years	7 756	7 756	2 124	1 146	1 070	633	633	6	
In labor force	5 354	5 354	1 393	730	735	357	357	6	
With own children 6 to 17 years only	8 227	8 227	2 269	855	972	250	250	-	
In labor force	6 631	6 631	1 824	695	797	191	191	-	
Persons 16 to 19 years	12 241	12 241	5 338	844	3 299	389	389	2 558	
Not enrolled in school	1 433	1 433	409	355	127	202	202	6	
Unemployed or not in labor force	327	327	92	80	40	56	56	-	
Not high school graduate	355	355	103	46	57	31	31	-	
Employed	180	180	55	10	28	-	-	-	
Unemployed	63	63	6	8	29	8	8	-	
Not in labor force	104	104	34	28	-	23	23	-	
WORK STATUS IN 1989									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	97 230	97 230	34 419	8 823	19 408	3 677	3 677	5 484	
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	67 529	67 529	23 687	6 740	11 999	2 764	2 764	2 405	
50 to 52 weeks	44 721	44 721	13 878	4 837	6 930	1 792	1 792	317	
DISABILITY									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	100 088	100 088	38 603	6 514	20 232	1 378	1 378	5 836	
With a mobility or self-care limitation	1 953	1 953	610	273	210	12	12	24	
With a mobility limitation	994	994	345	99	157	-	-	15	
In labor force	320	320	124	36	40	-	-	-	
With a self-care limitation	1 442	1 442	463	232	119	12	12	16	
With a work disability	4 868	4 868	1 699	451	830	21	21	131	
In labor force	2 539	2 539	922	237	430	12	12	48	
Prevented from working	1 815	1 815	601	154	298	-	-	41	
No work disability	95 220	95 220	36 904	6 063	19 402	1 357	1 357	5 705	
In labor force	73 292	73 292	26 560	4 927	13 901	892	892	2 546	
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	13 118	13 118	4 342	934	2 659	5	5	58	
With a mobility or self-care limitation	2 185	2 185	828	94	422	-	-	-	
With a mobility limitation	1 773	1 773	678	88	372	-	-	-	
With a self-care limitation	1 119	1 119	409	54	150	-	-	-	

Table 31. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County	Rantoul village, Champaign County	Urbano city, Champaign County
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbano city	Tract 103	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 59
OCCUPATION								
Employed persons 16 years and over	75 342	75 342	27 242	5 057	14 269	859	859	2 510
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	9 183	9 183	3 649	601	1 408	61	61	173
Professional specialty occupations	16 461	16 461	6 684	662	4 772	170	170	663
Technicians and related support occupations	3 995	3 995	1 591	127	1 128	44	44	229
Sales occupations	7 960	7 960	3 084	609	1 188	177	177	216
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	12 441	12 441	4 770	904	2 108	169	169	534
Private household occupations	292	292	83	24	46	8	8	10
Protective service occupations	771	771	267	67	65	13	13	18
Service occupations, except protective and household	8 516	8 516	3 056	654	1 672	135	135	487
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	1 819	1 819	290	44	171	—	—	36
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	5 946	5 946	1 594	489	694	14	14	44
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	2 739	2 739	666	450	388	36	36	29
Transportation and material moving occupations	2 667	2 667	771	169	284	5	5	20
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	2 552	2 552	737	257	345	27	27	51
INCOME IN 1989								
Households	55 066	55 066	19 872	4 612	10 392	1 109	1 109	671
Less than \$5,000	3 043	3 043	1 618	116	668	—	—	93
\$5,000 to \$9,999	4 992	4 992	2 475	216	1 163	26	26	126
\$10,000 to \$14,999	5 488	5 488	2 188	542	1 273	157	157	169
\$15,000 to \$24,999	10 517	10 517	3 623	1 172	2 104	474	474	158
\$25,000 to \$34,999	8 965	8 965	2 743	1 034	1 644	299	299	38
\$35,000 to \$49,999	10 728	10 728	3 464	978	1 640	100	100	41
\$50,000 to \$74,999	7 499	7 499	2 326	381	1 228	31	31	23
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1 997	1 997	719	109	311	22	22	—
\$100,000 or more	1 837	1 837	716	64	361	—	—	23
Median (dollars)	28 709	28 709	25 093	26 873	24 936	21 700	21 700	13 399
Mean (dollars)	35 631	35 631	34 451	30 762	32 621	25 183	25 183	20 638
Families	33 449	33 449	9 724	3 496	5 075	1 097	1 097	86
Median income (dollars)	37 382	37 382	40 120	29 063	36 261	21 543	21 543	21 618
Per capita income (dollars)	14 148	14 148	14 213	12 082	13 199	9 853	9 853	4 651
INCOME TYPE IN 1989								
Households	55 066	55 066	19 872	4 612	10 392	1 109	1 109	671
With earnings	48 404	48 404	17 386	4 181	8 918	1 109	1 109	634
Mean earnings (dollars)	32 888	32 888	31 929	26 934	29 343	24 652	24 652	16 535
With Social Security income	10 231	10 231	3 302	785	1 994	6	6	29
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 477	7 477	7 268	6 629	6 803	1 035	1 035	9 190
With public assistance income	1 726	1 726	449	154	369	—	—	9
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 676	3 676	3 338	3 397	3 621	—	—	1 000
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE								
Families (dollars)	44 848	44 848	50 141	33 018	43 974	25 119	25 119	47 995
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	43 113	43 113	51 205	29 032	40 352	23 878	23 878	162 638
Married-couple families (dollars)	48 122	48 122	54 302	34 758	47 985	25 681	25 681	57 447
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	48 201	48 201	57 830	31 794	46 023	24 518	24 518	162 638
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	22 576	22 576	22 670	23 147	22 036	13 670	13 670	15 976
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	17 534	17 534	17 265	16 111	16 761	13 670	13 670	—
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989								
All income levels in 1989								
Families	33 813	33 817	9 875	3 431	5 202	1 016	1 010	105
Householder worked in 1989	29 779	29 766	8 679	3 062	4 469	1 016	1 010	87
With related children under 18 years	17 350	17 342	4 799	2 007	2 451	809	797	14
With related children under 5 years	7 278	7 271	2 021	991	1 073	521	515	14
Married-couple families	28 358	28 362	8 213	2 840	4 139	942	936	86
Householder worked in 1989	25 243	25 230	7 287	2 528	3 678	942	936	82
With related children under 18 years	13 689	13 681	3 752	1 567	1 747	735	723	14
With related children under 5 years	5 997	5 990	1 646	833	819	494	488	14
Female householder, no husband present	4 169	4 169	1 344	505	795	54	54	19
Householder worked in 1989	3 425	3 425	1 126	453	577	54	54	5
With related children under 18 years	2 958	2 958	927	378	548	54	54	5
With related children under 5 years	1 007	1 007	319	130	218	14	14	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	31 764	31 767	15 983	1 470	7 949	24	24	1 187
Nonfamily householder	21 163	21 166	9 790	1 165	5 323	12	12	577
65 years and over	4 376	4 370	1 522	249	1 076	5	5	16
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	131 297	131 304	44 467	12 249	21 841	3 909	3 903	1 407
Persons under 18 years	29 718	29 718	8 092	3 833	3 599	1 685	1 685	15
Related children under 18 years	29 572	29 572	8 033	3 821	3 572	1 685	1 685	15
Related children 5 to 17 years	20 349	20 349	5 330	2 568	2 231	999	999	5
Persons 65 years and over	12 679	12 671	4 132	922	2 510	5	5	58
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level								
Families	2 033	2 049	603	259	455	64	64	5
Percent below poverty level	6.1	6.1	6.2	7.4	9.0	5.8	5.8	5.8
Householder worked in 1989	1 228	1 236	335	196	267	64	64	5
With related children under 18 years	1 571	1 579	420	216	343	64	64	—
With related children under 5 years	947	947	252	155	230	51	51	—
Married-couple families	929	945	277	122	197	51	51	—
Householder worked in 1989	537	545	142	73	121	51	51	—
With related children under 18 years	641	649	184	97	121	51	51	—
With related children under 5 years	417	417	144	86	74	51	51	—
Female householder, no husband present	938	938	266	131	208	13	13	5
Householder worked in 1989	600	600	169	117	125	13	13	5
With related children under 18 years	831	831	213	113	192	13	13	—
With related children under 5 years	464	464	90	63	145	—	—	—
Unrelated individuals	11 251	11 245	7 197	184	2 711	—	—	672
Nonfamily householder	5 460	5 454	3 204	102	1 431	—	—	338
65 years and over	718	712	208	22	193	—	—	—
Persons	16 954	16 964	8 786	924	3 820	187	187	677
Percent below poverty level	12.9	12.9	19.8	7.5	17.5	4.8	4.8	48.1
Persons under 18 years	2 730	2 730	722	367	479	79	79	—
Related children under 18 years	2 593	2 593	663	359	452	79	79	—
Related children 5 to 17 years	1 564	1 564	429	193	198	26	26	—
Persons 65 years and over	936	930	270	41	233	—	—	—
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	8 355	8 357	4 746	267	1 969	12	12	418
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	22 067	22 083	10 696	1 606	4 673	573	573	756

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Champaign County				
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 7	Tract 8
All housing units.....	68 416	68 416	25 996	6 050	13 982	842	3 019	1 844	1 705	663
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to March 1990.....	1 069	1 069	307	32	253	—	68	18	6	—
1985 to 1988.....	5 598	5 598	2 240	191	1 225	29	662	323	51	—
1980 to 1984.....	6 111	6 111	2 477	376	1 172	25	630	335	39	6
1970 to 1979.....	16 049	16 049	4 830	1 255	2 732	59	659	323	262	256
1960 to 1969.....	13 858	13 858	5 417	1 504	2 866	328	568	285	319	275
1950 to 1959.....	10 539	10 539	4 658	1 676	2 281	112	210	313	378	69
1940 to 1949.....	4 630	4 630	2 117	647	1 056	81	52	28	398	45
1939 or earlier.....	10 562	10 562	3 950	369	2 397	208	170	219	252	12
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom.....	1 786	1 786	1 254	49	418	—	609	378	49	—
1 bedroom.....	9 501	9 501	4 587	640	3 177	115	1 024	484	260	74
2 bedrooms.....	21 211	21 211	7 749	1 860	5 085	280	657	462	686	222
3 bedrooms.....	25 272	25 272	8 625	2 815	3 468	279	521	196	594	319
4 bedrooms.....	8 716	8 716	3 086	614	1 431	116	138	263	97	44
5 or more bedrooms.....	1 930	1 930	695	72	403	52	70	61	19	4
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	1 182	1 182	612	10	156	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	1 018	1 018	465	30	292	—	—	—	—	—
Vacant condominium housing units.....	332	332	66	—	142	—	—	—	—	—
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen facilities.....	68 244	68 244	25 910	6 050	13 935	833	2 993	1 829	1 698	656
Source of water, public system or private company.....	62 535	62 535	25 982	6 045	13 982	842	3 019	1 844	1 700	653
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	58 479	58 479	25 769	5 979	13 908	842	3 019	1 844	1 695	542
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	208	208	39	13	59	—	—	—	6	7
Owner-occupied housing units.....	97	97	13	8	9	—	—	—	—	7
Renter-occupied housing units.....	83	83	26	5	50	—	—	—	6	—
Occupied housing units.....	63 900	63 900	24 173	5 459	13 178	742	2 834	1 754	1 481	623
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gas.....	47 117	47 117	18 147	4 835	9 255	642	829	806	1 287	474
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	2 882	2 882	178	32	124	—	76	—	—	31
Electricity.....	12 296	12 296	5 509	538	3 652	95	1 866	902	179	105
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	959	959	100	24	71	5	19	—	8	6
All other fuels.....	522	522	160	23	38	—	22	46	7	7
No fuel used.....	124	124	79	7	38	—	22	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None.....	5 880	5 880	3 321	289	1 662	331	850	521	201	43
1.....	25 622	25 622	10 494	2 201	6 976	278	1 396	732	754	253
2.....	24 273	24 273	8 057	2 327	3 649	93	406	356	424	243
3 or more.....	8 125	8 125	2 301	642	891	40	182	145	102	84
Vehicles per household.....	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.3	.8	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.7
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units.....	34 857	34 857	11 408	2 372	5 190	324	41	15	862	310
1989 to March 1990.....	3 247	3 247	1 099	202	375	19	—	—	54	15
1985 to 1988.....	9 981	9 981	3 513	649	1 224	29	23	7	265	82
1980 to 1984.....	5 379	5 379	1 575	410	868	5	—	—	191	19
1970 to 1979.....	8 467	8 467	2 530	562	1 209	41	10	8	191	98
1969 or earlier.....	7 783	7 783	2 691	549	1 514	230	8	—	262	96
Renter-occupied housing units.....	29 043	29 043	12 765	3 087	7 988	418	2 793	1 739	619	313
1989 to March 1990.....	15 478	15 478	7 663	1 401	4 097	102	2 120	1 549	311	171
1985 to 1988.....	9 604	9 604	3 685	1 286	2 832	165	576	181	184	128
1980 to 1984.....	2 402	2 402	806	322	716	84	38	9	86	14
1970 to 1979.....	1 084	1 084	465	64	290	43	38	—	27	—
1969 or earlier.....	475	475	146	14	53	24	21	—	11	—
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit.....	2 357	2 357	931	281	481	163	106	42	149	31
Householder 65 years and over.....	9 850	9 850	3 512	608	2 244	307	50	8	251	93
Owner-occupied housing units.....	7 818	7 818	2 699	480	1 534	217	8	8	216	93
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	57	57	12	—	19	—	—	—	6	—
No telephone in unit.....	157	157	75	10	24	—	—	—	12	—
No vehicle available.....	1 685	1 685	710	64	559	112	30	8	34	11
Complete plumbing facilities.....	63 720	63 720	24 134	5 446	13 119	742	2 834	1 754	1 475	616
1.00 or less persons per room.....	62 219	62 219	23 603	5 289	12 647	687	2 752	1 689	1 410	564
1.01 or more persons per room.....	1 501	1 501	531	157	472	55	82	65	65	52
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	180	180	39	13	59	—	—	—	6	7
1.00 or less persons per room.....	172	172	39	13	51	—	—	—	6	7
1.01 or more persons per room.....	8	8	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	44 463	44 463	46 984	36 994	46 171	23 837	30 402	29 060	27 620	34 218
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	20 330	20 330	17 869	24 780	18 813	10 025	11 031	9 987	18 205	21 942
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	9 909	9 909	5 260	423	2 701	289	1 654	1 297	259	74
Owner-occupied housing units.....	1 641	1 641	463	102	341	32	8	—	74	8
Renter-occupied housing units.....	8 268	8 268	4 797	321	2 360	257	1 646	1 297	185	66

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.									
	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 53	Tract 54	Tract 55	Tract 56
All housing units	3 196	2 291	2 735	3 225	3 672	620	1 181	3 592	2 392	2 357
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to March 1990	74	9	16	129	39	—	15	117	17	—
1985 to 1988	375	—	44	593	492	14	77	763	141	95
1980 to 1984	444	204	137	391	549	33	13	600	196	242
1970 to 1979	657	189	1 019	1 249	1 129	416	183	969	249	633
1960 to 1969	873	293	1 030	510	794	147	344	617	683	587
1950 to 1959	455	408	446	252	607	—	226	333	253	599
1940 to 1949	220	324	33	25	49	—	117	101	276	149
1939 or earlier	98	864	10	76	13	10	206	92	577	52
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom	8	25	8	—	7	—	10	9	68	—
1 bedroom	444	478	229	92	90	83	135	568	342	293
2 bedrooms	1 003	860	642	579	1 300	421	495	1 842	871	747
3 bedrooms	1 554	701	1 327	1 659	1 236	97	312	975	773	1 116
4 bedrooms	139	195	423	760	800	12	187	171	301	201
5 or more bedrooms	48	32	106	135	239	7	42	27	37	—
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units	172	5	—	214	399	18	—	149	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units	151	9	—	36	263	14	—	143	—	—
Vacant condominium housing units	33	—	—	9	104	—	—	110	—	—
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen facilities	3 196	2 283	2 735	3 225	3 672	620	1 169	3 584	2 382	2 357
Source of water, public system or private company	3 143	2 291	2 735	3 174	3 652	620	1 175	3 459	2 354	2 323
Sewage disposal, public sewer	3 054	2 275	2 654	3 056	3 637	620	1 153	3 237	2 241	2 296
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	9	—	—	11	—	—	—	20	8	—
Owner-occupied housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	9	—	—	11	—	—	—	9	8	—
Occupied housing units	2 866	2 180	2 619	3 110	3 397	591	1 067	3 313	2 238	2 279
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gas	2 222	1 857	2 069	2 773	2 964	542	855	2 294	2 000	1 861
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	32	15	8	27	21	—	14	30	12	26
Electricity	601	205	537	302	378	49	177	964	199	385
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	11	37	5	—	12	—	16	10	13	7
All other fuels	—	34	—	8	22	—	5	15	5	—
No fuel used	—	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None	245	232	141	11	59	—	180	187	254	196
1	1 173	976	994	810	1 273	393	516	1 563	956	1 149
2	1 134	768	1 131	1 835	1 647	188	278	1 247	741	707
3 or more	314	204	353	454	418	10	93	316	287	227
Vehicles per household	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.7	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.5
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units	1 543	1 134	1 461	2 652	2 541	94	645	1 861	1 417	1 190
1989 to March 1990	191	105	98	427	261	14	37	290	145	85
1985 to 1988	522	303	438	1 024	967	42	107	741	381	276
1980 to 1984	244	132	257	441	429	19	114	304	209	216
1970 to 1979	268	225	410	550	623	12	122	345	262	341
1969 or earlier	318	369	258	210	261	7	265	181	420	272
Renter-occupied housing units	1 323	1 046	1 158	458	856	497	422	1 452	821	1 089
1989 to March 1990	694	396	523	198	492	218	166	752	353	517
1985 to 1988	506	418	403	199	276	219	172	555	328	341
1980 to 1984	92	176	163	50	33	55	63	127	106	153
1970 to 1979	15	56	69	11	45	5	16	9	24	60
1969 or earlier	16	—	—	—	10	—	5	9	10	18
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit	127	67	27	21	13	6	119	160	149	91
Householder 65 years and over	372	451	317	327	585	6	192	318	358	389
Owner-occupied housing units	302	349	149	317	489	—	170	257	260	236
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
No telephone in unit	29	—	9	—	—	—	8	7	16	—
No vehicle available	56	82	72	—	33	—	23	18	136	126
Complete plumbing facilities	2 857	2 180	2 619	3 099	3 397	591	1 067	3 293	2 230	2 279
1.00 or less persons per room	2 796	2 171	2 581	3 068	3 371	544	1 000	3 238	2 219	2 228
1.01 or more persons per room	61	9	38	31	26	47	67	55	11	51
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	9	—	—	11	—	—	—	20	8	—
1.00 or less persons per room	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	20	8	—
1.01 or more persons per room	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	39 624	42 959	36 541	57 509	65 436	46 198	21 747	33 312	33 943	37 031
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	21 712	19 734	25 776	36 244	38 073	16 933	19 771	24 403	17 962	17 689
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	376	322	147	115	157	148	325	407	191	354
Owner-occupied housing units	37	56	42	78	93	—	149	191	59	64
Renter-occupied housing units	339	266	105	37	64	148	176	216	132	290

Table 32. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.								
	Tract 57	Tract 60	Tract 101	Tract 102.01	Tract 102.02	Tract 102.03	Tract 103	Tract 104	Tract 106.02
All housing units.....	3 053	853	2 429	438	174	1 662	1 418	2 134	2 581
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990	62	—	6	—	—	—	26	33	53
1985 to 1988	159	18	45	49	—	54	43	100	269
1980 to 1984	337	6	138	27	36	88	87	125	226
1970 to 1979	1 152	112	740	111	32	263	120	674	1 144
1960 to 1969	859	204	653	90	5	424	375	322	411
1950 to 1959	432	437	524	114	35	467	545	278	164
1940 to 1949	36	53	201	33	5	277	131	131	36
1939 or earlier	16	23	122	14	61	89	91	471	278
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom	12	66	14	—	7	20	8	6	—
1 bedroom	494	286	402	37	65	135	36	120	81
2 bedrooms	852	449	701	91	59	662	364	628	841
3 bedrooms	1 014	42	1 111	256	15	688	756	978	1 248
4 bedrooms	493	10	182	41	19	153	219	325	332
5 or more bedrooms	188	—	19	13	9	4	35	77	79
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS									
Owner-occupied condominium housing units	117	—	—	10	—	—	—	6	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units	85	93	—	6	—	11	13	1	—
Vacant condominium housing units	45	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities	3 053	845	2 429	438	174	1 662	1 418	2 130	2 578
Source of water, public system or private company	3 028	853	2 418	430	174	1 662	1 413	1 311	1 296
Sewage disposal, public sewer	3 009	825	2 397	422	174	1 639	1 398	703	1 153
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	11	15	—	—	—	13	—	18	3
Owner-occupied housing units	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	10	2
Renter-occupied housing units	11	15	—	—	—	5	—	—	—
Occupied housing units	2 923	819	2 084	410	139	1 480	1 396	1 940	2 434
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas	2 078	720	1 839	387	118	1 383	1 139	1 226	1 636
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	43	30	38	8	—	—	5	302	421
Electricity	789	69	175	15	13	97	238	220	267
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9	—	16	—	8	—	—	169	29
All other fuels	4	—	16	—	—	—	7	23	81
No fuel used	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None	252	75	110	6	30	131	21	50	55
1	1 306	667	956	100	90	574	508	581	573
2	1 114	72	830	194	6	582	729	963	1 327
3 or more	251	5	188	110	13	193	138	346	479
Vehicles per household	1.5	1.0	1.5	2.1	1.1	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.0
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units	1 711	18	1 039	307	38	915	84	1 416	1 865
1989 to March 1990	116	12	88	5	6	67	36	120	224
1985 to 1988	462	—	274	81	16	237	41	323	688
1980 to 1984	261	—	190	55	—	158	7	182	278
1970 to 1979	478	—	225	95	16	237	—	456	402
1969 or earlier	394	6	262	71	—	216	—	335	273
Renter-occupied housing units	1 212	801	1 045	103	101	565	1 312	524	569
1989 to March 1990	497	353	465	59	57	307	543	262	266
1985 to 1988	432	384	362	21	19	186	707	131	174
1980 to 1984	138	64	175	23	5	57	62	62	60
1970 to 1979	119	—	36	—	13	15	—	36	41
1969 or earlier	26	—	7	—	7	—	—	33	28
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit	10	7	126	13	16	107	19	135	98
Householder 65 years and over	932	3	385	61	7	166	—	430	300
Owner-occupied housing units	574	—	283	55	—	153	—	396	286
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—
No telephone in unit	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	6	—
No vehicle available	206	3	36	—	—	33	—	35	14
Complete plumbing facilities	2 912	804	2 084	410	139	1 467	1 396	1 930	2 432
1.00 or less persons per room	2 904	575	2 051	410	132	1 401	1 345	1 883	2 411
1.01 or more persons per room	8	229	33	—	7	66	51	47	21
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	11	15	—	—	—	13	—	10	2
1.00 or less persons per room	11	7	—	—	—	13	—	10	2
1.01 or more persons per room	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	66 600	70 292	39 277	49 195	40 170	31 624	27 313	34 880	42 288
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	26 781	15 852	22 507	28 575	20 647	26 742	25 716	22 567	28 240
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	237	303	219	6	19	124	60	212	186
Owner-occupied housing units	56	—	31	—	—	71	—	99	81
Renter-occupied housing units	181	303	188	6	19	53	60	113	105

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

(Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County									
	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)
All housing units	370	842	3 019	1 844	2 063	2 055	1 667	206	2 692	2 291
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to March 1990	—	—	68	18	63	5	6	—	69	9
1985 to 1988	—	29	662	323	69	17	51	—	354	—
1980 to 1984	62	25	630	335	64	65	39	—	332	204
1970 to 1979	42	59	659	323	155	113	239	124	524	189
1960 to 1969	—	328	568	285	279	288	304	71	769	293
1950 to 1959	61	112	210	313	486	364	378	11	377	408
1940 to 1949	34	81	52	28	265	254	398	—	209	324
1939 or earlier	171	208	170	219	682	949	252	—	58	864
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom	30	—	609	378	50	72	49	—	—	25
1 bedroom	223	115	1 024	484	522	786	230	—	337	478
2 bedrooms	72	280	657	462	738	719	678	127	879	860
3 bedrooms	25	279	521	196	472	300	594	48	1 319	701
4 bedrooms	—	116	138	263	244	163	97	13	123	195
5 or more bedrooms	20	52	70	61	37	15	19	—	34	32
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units	11	—	—	—	—	42	—	—	172	5
Renter-occupied condominium housing units	8	—	—	—	51	32	—	—	151	9
Vacant condominium housing units	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	33	—
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen facilities	370	833	2 993	1 829	2 063	2 041	1 660	199	2 692	2 283
Source of water, public system or private company	370	842	3 019	1 844	2 063	2 055	1 662	206	2 683	2 291
Sewage disposal, public sewer	370	842	3 019	1 844	2 053	2 046	1 657	206	2 613	2 275
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	9	—
Owner-occupied housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	9	—
Occupied housing units	297	742	2 834	1 754	1 863	1 882	1 469	175	2 400	2 180
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gas	171	642	829	806	1 576	1 603	1 287	123	1 818	1 857
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	—	—	76	—	8	17	—	7	19	15
Electricity	104	95	1 866	902	267	236	167	38	563	205
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9	5	19	—	12	—	8	—	—	37
All other fuels	3	—	22	46	—	11	7	7	—	34
No fuel used	10	—	22	—	—	15	—	—	—	32
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None	114	331	850	521	213	361	201	5	229	232
1	138	278	1 396	732	969	1 073	754	94	961	976
2	30	93	406	356	545	383	412	63	940	768
3 or more	15	40	182	145	136	65	102	13	270	204
Vehicles per household .....	.9	.8	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.5
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units	38	324	41	15	925	490	862	41	1 292	1 134
1989 to March 1990	5	19	—	—	39	70	54	—	168	105
1985 to 1988	9	29	23	7	210	175	265	6	433	303
1980 to 1984	6	5	—	—	156	38	90	—	187	132
1970 to 1979	12	41	10	8	179	134	191	35	210	225
1969 or earlier	6	230	8	—	341	73	262	—	294	369
Renter-occupied housing units	259	418	2 793	1 739	938	1 392	607	134	1 108	1 046
1989 to March 1990	108	102	2 120	1 549	464	844	306	61	619	396
1985 to 1988	80	165	576	181	393	366	184	73	407	418
1980 to 1984	61	84	38	9	16	54	79	—	51	176
1970 to 1979	6	43	38	—	48	94	27	—	15	56
1969 or earlier	4	24	21	—	17	34	11	—	16	—
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit	43	163	106	42	83	102	149	11	106	67
Householder 65 years and over	79	307	50	8	410	245	251	—	309	451
Owner-occupied housing units	12	217	8	8	355	135	216	—	269	349
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
No telephone in unit	12	—	—	—	16	10	12	—	16	—
No vehicle available	51	112	30	8	97	99	34	—	48	82
Complete plumbing facilities	297	742	2 834	1 754	1 863	1 882	1 463	168	2 391	2 180
1.00 or less persons per room	289	687	2 752	1 689	1 819	1 850	1 398	153	2 330	2 171
1.01 or more persons per room	8	55	82	65	44	32	65	15	61	9
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	7	—
1.00 or less persons per room	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	9	—
1.01 or more persons per room	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	23 704	23 837	30 402	29 060	50 715	50 235	27 620	54 572	39 846	42 959
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	10 913	10 025	11 031	9 987	18 283	17 515	17 968	22 513	22 111	19 734
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	92	289	1 654	1 297	267	311	259	21	338	322
Owner-occupied housing units	—	32	8	—	26	25	74	—	37	56
Renter-occupied housing units	92	257	1 646	1 297	241	286	185	21	301	266

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County—Con.							Rantoul village, Champaign County		
	Tract 11	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 106.02 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.01 (pt.)	Tract 102.02 (pt.)
All housing units.....	1 703	2 735	1 809	2 681	-	19	-	2 375	421	174
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to March 1990.....	-	16	22	21	-	10	-	6	-	-
1985 to 1988.....	-	44	332	359	-	-	-	45	49	-
1980 to 1984.....	-	137	193	391	-	-	-	138	27	36
1970 to 1979.....	44	1 019	635	705	-	-	-	729	111	32
1960 to 1969.....	238	1 030	379	585	-	-	-	610	90	5
1950 to 1959.....	675	446	231	586	-	-	-	524	105	35
1940 to 1949.....	384	33	17	29	-	9	-	201	33	5
1939 or earlier.....	362	10	-	5	-	-	-	122	6	61
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom.....	23	8	-	-	-	10	-	14	-	7
1 bedroom.....	56	229	30	55	-	-	-	376	28	65
2 bedrooms.....	376	642	215	1 044	-	-	-	684	91	59
3 bedrooms.....	822	1 327	1 185	836	-	-	-	1 100	256	15
4 bedrooms.....	370	423	360	572	-	9	-	182	41	19
5 or more bedrooms.....	56	106	19	174	-	-	-	19	5	9
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	-	-	37	345	-	-	-	-	10	-
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	-	-	19	195	-	-	-	-	6	-
Vacant condominium housing units.....	-	-	-	24	-	-	-	-	-	-
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen facilities.....	1 703	2 735	1 809	2 681	-	19	-	2 375	421	174
Source of water, public system or private company.....	1 703	2 735	1 809	2 681	-	19	-	2 375	421	174
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	1 703	2 654	1 809	2 669	-	9	-	2 354	414	174
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	6	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Owner-occupied housing units.....	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units.....	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Occupied housing units.....	1 654	2 619	1 758	2 527	-	19	-	2 042	402	139
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gas.....	1 534	2 069	1 642	2 171	-	19	-	1 808	387	118
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	7	8	-	21	-	-	-	27	-	-
Electricity.....	108	537	108	313	-	-	-	175	15	13
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	16	-	8
All other fuels.....	-	-	8	22	-	-	-	16	-	-
No fuel used.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None.....	71	141	-	52	-	-	-	101	6	30
1.....	578	994	510	1 022	-	19	-	929	100	50
2.....	791	1 131	981	1 158	-	-	-	824	186	6
3 or more.....	214	353	267	295	-	-	-	188	110	13
Vehicles per household.....	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.7	-	1.0	-	1.5	2.1	1.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units.....	1 400	1 461	1 554	1 812	-	19	-	1 028	307	38
1989 to March 1990.....	111	98	220	200	-	10	-	88	5	6
1985 to 1988.....	293	438	605	717	-	-	-	274	81	16
1980 to 1984.....	206	257	256	242	-	-	-	190	55	-
1970 to 1979.....	300	410	327	448	-	-	-	214	95	16
1969 or earlier.....	490	258	146	205	-	9	-	262	71	-
Renter-occupied housing units.....	254	1 158	204	715	-	-	-	1 014	95	101
1989 to March 1990.....	104	523	85	382	-	-	-	443	51	57
1985 to 1988.....	110	403	77	252	-	-	-	353	21	19
1980 to 1984.....	7	163	42	26	-	-	-	175	23	5
1970 to 1979.....	24	69	-	45	-	-	-	36	-	13
1969 or earlier.....	9	-	-	10	-	-	-	7	-	7
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit.....	-	27	9	13	-	10	-	126	13	16
Householder 65 years and over.....	482	317	148	446	-	9	-	374	61	7
Owner-occupied housing units.....	449	149	138	385	-	9	-	272	55	-
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No telephone in unit.....	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-
No vehicle available.....	51	72	-	26	-	-	-	31	-	-
Complete plumbing facilities.....	1 648	2 619	1 747	2 527	-	19	-	2 042	402	139
1.00 or less persons per room.....	1 641	2 581	1 723	2 501	-	19	-	2 009	402	132
1.01 or more persons per room.....	7	38	24	26	-	-	-	33	-	7
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	6	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.00 or less persons per room.....	6	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.01 or more persons per room.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mean household income in 1989:										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	59 368	36 541	44 776	67 215	-	2 368	-	38 804	49 195	40 170
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	24 545	25 776	37 872	39 852	-	-	-	22 587	27 983	20 447
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	25	147	62	157	-	19	-	214	6	19
Owner-occupied housing units.....	10	42	41	93	-	19	-	31	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units.....	15	105	21	64	-	-	-	183	6	19

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Rantoul village, Champaign County—Con.			Urbano city, Champaign County						
	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 51	Tract 52	Tract 53 (pt.)
All housing units.....	1 662	1 418	—	—	—	—	—	114	1 218	1 100
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to March 1990.....	—	26	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
1985 to 1988.....	54	43	—	—	—	—	—	—	188	35
1980 to 1984.....	88	87	—	—	—	—	—	26	160	13
1970 to 1979.....	263	120	—	—	—	—	—	26	274	183
1960 to 1969.....	424	375	—	—	—	—	—	27	228	338
1950 to 1959.....	467	545	—	—	—	—	—	5	26	226
1940 to 1949.....	277	131	—	—	—	—	—	—	38	108
1939 or earlier.....	89	91	—	—	—	—	—	30	296	197
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom.....	20	8	—	—	—	—	—	16	47	—
1 bedroom.....	135	36	—	—	—	—	—	89	505	135
2 bedrooms.....	662	364	—	—	—	—	—	9	451	485
3 bedrooms.....	688	756	—	—	—	—	—	—	121	296
4 bedrooms.....	153	219	—	—	—	—	—	—	59	142
5 or more bedrooms.....	4	35	—	—	—	—	—	—	35	42
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	11	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vacant condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen facilities.....	1 662	1 418	—	—	—	—	—	108	1 218	1 088
Source of water, public system or private company.....	1 662	1 413	—	—	—	—	—	114	1 218	1 100
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	1 639	1 398	—	—	—	—	—	114	1 211	1 097
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	7	—
Owner-occupied housing units.....	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—
Occupied housing units.....	1 480	1 396	—	—	—	—	—	95	1 148	998
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gas.....	1 383	1 139	—	—	—	—	—	61	555	821
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	14
Electricity.....	97	238	—	—	—	—	—	20	563	142
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	16
All other fuels.....	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	5
No fuel used.....	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	6	13	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None.....	131	21	—	—	—	—	—	38	245	180
1.....	574	508	—	—	—	—	—	48	570	476
2.....	582	729	—	—	—	—	—	4	272	269
3 or more.....	193	138	—	—	—	—	—	5	61	73
Vehicles per household.....	1.6	1.7	—	—	—	—	—	.7	1.1	1.3
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units.....	915	84	—	—	—	—	—	25	68	611
1989 to March 1990.....	67	36	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	27
1985 to 1988.....	237	41	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	107
1980 to 1984.....	158	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	114
1970 to 1979.....	237	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	13	116
1969 or earlier.....	216	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	34	247
Renter-occupied housing units.....	565	1 312	—	—	—	—	—	70	1 080	387
1989 to March 1990.....	307	543	—	—	—	—	—	38	721	131
1985 to 1988.....	186	707	—	—	—	—	—	27	279	172
1980 to 1984.....	57	62	—	—	—	—	—	—	58	63
1970 to 1979.....	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	22	16
1969 or earlier.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit.....	107	19	—	—	—	—	—	14	55	109
Householder 65 years and over.....	166	—	—	—	—	—	—	18	36	183
Owner-occupied housing units.....	153	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	29	161
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
No vehicle available.....	33	—	—	—	—	—	—	18	11	23
Complete plumbing facilities.....	1 467	1 396	—	—	—	—	—	86	1 141	998
1.00 or less persons per room.....	1 401	1 345	—	—	—	—	—	81	1 115	931
1.01 or more persons per room.....	66	51	—	—	—	—	—	5	26	67
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	7	—
1.00 or less persons per room.....	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	7	—
1.01 or more persons per room.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	31 624	27 313	—	—	—	—	—	11 308	44 689	22 133
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	26 742	25 716	—	—	—	—	—	21 488	16 968	19 925
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	124	60	—	—	—	—	—	28	372	281
Owner-occupied housing units.....	71	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	130
Renter-occupied housing units.....	53	60	—	—	—	—	—	19	372	151

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Urbana city, Champaign County—Con.							
	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 55 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 58	Tract 59	Tract 60 (pt.)	Tract 106.02 (pt.)
All housing units.....	1 366	1 413	2 135	2 940	1 776	1 097	823	—
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT								
1989 to March 1990.....	53	—	—	62	44	86	—	—
1985 to 1988.....	382	80	84	155	38	245	18	—
1980 to 1984.....	67	169	226	294	101	110	6	—
1970 to 1979.....	251	59	546	1 099	102	87	105	—
1960 to 1969.....	303	187	515	859	101	127	181	—
1950 to 1959.....	192	127	568	425	131	144	437	—
1940 to 1949.....	46	261	149	36	210	155	53	—
1939 or earlier.....	72	530	47	10	1 049	143	23	—
BEDROOMS								
No bedroom.....	9	50	—	12	49	169	66	—
1 bedroom.....	489	306	281	494	245	347	286	—
2 bedrooms.....	625	656	721	844	506	345	443	—
3 bedrooms.....	196	259	947	986	512	123	28	—
4 bedrooms.....	29	123	186	430	385	77	—	—
5 or more bedrooms.....	18	19	—	174	79	36	—	—
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS								
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	117	27	—	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	32	—	—	85	28	54	93	—
Vacant condominium housing units.....	75	—	—	45	10	6	—	—
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS								
Complete kitchen facilities.....	1 358	1 407	2 135	2 940	1 776	1 090	815	—
Source of water, public system or private company.....	1 366	1 413	2 135	2 940	1 776	1 097	823	—
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	1 360	1 395	2 108	2 932	1 776	1 097	818	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	9	8	—	11	—	—	15	—
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....	9	8	—	11	—	—	15	—
Occupied housing units.....	1 225	1 304	2 058	2 810	1 701	1 050	789	—
HOUSE HEATING FUEL								
Utility gas.....	523	1 098	1 681	1 994	1 366	466	690	—
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	—	12	6	24	31	—	30	—
Electricity.....	702	167	371	783	271	564	69	—
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	—	13	—	9	23	—	—	—
All other fuels.....	—	5	—	—	—	20	—	—
No fuel used.....	—	9	—	—	10	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE								
None.....	138	194	189	252	144	207	75	—
1.....	684	634	1 077	1 270	924	637	656	—
2.....	344	386	599	1 061	498	163	53	—
3 or more.....	59	90	193	227	135	43	5	—
Vehicles per household.....	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.1	1.0	—
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT								
Owner-occupied housing units.....	223	698	1 026	1 604	866	69	—	—
1989 to March 1990.....	24	58	85	103	69	—	—	—
1985 to 1988.....	46	179	219	455	204	6	—	—
1980 to 1984.....	22	113	202	218	168	18	—	—
1970 to 1979.....	41	94	300	434	203	—	—	—
1969 or earlier.....	90	254	220	394	222	45	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....	1 002	606	1 032	1 206	835	981	789	—
1989 to March 1990.....	493	247	500	497	466	651	353	—
1985 to 1988.....	407	230	330	432	303	280	372	—
1980 to 1984.....	93	95	124	138	41	40	64	—
1970 to 1979.....	9	24	60	119	25	10	—	—
1969 or earlier.....	—	10	18	20	—	—	—	—
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS								
No telephone in unit.....	104	91	91	10	—	—	7	—
Householder 65 years and over.....	108	300	358	906	274	58	3	—
Owner-occupied housing units.....	73	202	205	554	250	52	—	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	8	—	11	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit.....	—	16	—	—	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available.....	18	110	126	206	38	6	3	—
Complete plumbing facilities.....	1 216	1 296	2 058	2 799	1 701	1 050	774	—
1.00 or less persons per room.....	1 205	1 285	2 025	2 791	1 691	978	545	—
1.01 or more persons per room.....	11	11	33	8	10	72	229	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	9	8	—	11	—	—	15	—
1.00 or less persons per room.....	9	8	—	11	—	—	7	—
1.01 or more persons per room.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
Mean household income in 1989:								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	26 413	31 092	37 196	63 212	58 713	69 429	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	20 371	15 752	17 061	26 841	20 182	13 931	15 569	—
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	199	140	322	237	334	485	303	—
Owner-occupied housing units.....	39	26	50	56	31	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....	160	114	272	181	303	485	303	—

Table 32. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County								
	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)
All housing units.....	—	38	457	504	—	—	1 416	991	620
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990.....	—	—	—	5	—	—	107	18	—
1985 to 1988.....	—	—	—	21	—	—	261	133	14
1980 to 1984.....	—	—	6	112	—	—	198	158	33
1970 to 1979.....	—	23	132	133	—	—	614	424	416
1960 to 1969.....	—	15	204	104	—	—	131	209	147
1950 to 1959.....	—	—	58	78	—	—	21	21	—
1940 to 1949.....	—	—	45	11	—	—	8	20	—
1939 or earlier.....	—	—	12	40	—	—	76	8	10
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom.....	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	7	—
1 bedroom.....	—	30	56	107	—	—	62	35	83
2 bedrooms.....	—	8	95	124	—	—	364	256	421
3 bedrooms.....	—	—	271	235	—	—	474	400	97
4 bedrooms.....	—	—	31	16	—	—	400	228	12
5 or more bedrooms.....	—	—	4	14	—	—	116	65	7
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS									
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	177	54	18
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	68	14
Vacant condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	80	—
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities.....	—	38	457	504	—	—	1 416	991	620
Source of water, public system or private company.....	—	38	447	460	—	—	1 365	971	620
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	—	38	336	441	—	—	1 247	968	620
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Occupied housing units.....	—	12	448	466	—	—	1 352	870	591
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas.....	—	—	351	404	—	—	1 131	793	542
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	—	—	24	13	—	—	27	—	—
Electricity.....	—	12	67	38	—	—	194	65	49
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	—	—	6	11	—	—	—	12	—
All other fuels.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No fuel used.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None.....	—	—	38	16	—	—	11	7	—
1.....	—	—	159	212	—	—	300	251	393
2.....	—	12	180	194	—	—	854	489	188
3 or more.....	—	—	71	44	—	—	187	123	10
Vehicles per household.....	—	2.0	1.7	1.6	—	—	1.9	1.9	1.4
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	—	269	251	—	—	1 098	729	94
1989 to March 1990.....	—	—	15	23	—	—	207	61	14
1985 to 1988.....	—	—	76	89	—	—	419	250	42
1980 to 1984.....	—	—	19	57	—	—	185	187	19
1970 to 1979.....	—	—	63	58	—	—	223	175	12
1969 or earlier.....	—	—	96	24	—	—	64	56	7
Renter-occupied housing units.....	—	12	179	215	—	—	254	141	497
1989 to March 1990.....	—	5	110	75	—	—	113	110	218
1985 to 1988.....	—	—	55	99	—	—	122	24	219
1980 to 1984.....	—	7	14	41	—	—	8	7	55
1970 to 1979.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	5
1969 or earlier.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit.....	—	—	20	21	—	—	12	—	6
Householder 65 years and over.....	—	—	93	63	—	—	179	139	6
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	—	93	33	—	—	179	104	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit.....	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available.....	—	—	11	8	—	—	—	7	—
Complete plumbing facilities.....	—	12	448	466	—	—	1 352	870	591
1.00 or less persons per room.....	—	12	411	466	—	—	1 345	870	544
1.01 or more persons per room.....	—	—	37	—	—	—	7	—	47
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	—	—	31 116	38 482	—	—	75 531	61 016	46 198
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	—	30 167	21 514	19 658	—	—	34 936	29 051	16 933
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	—	—	53	38	—	—	53	—	148
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	—	8	—	—	—	37	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....	—	—	45	38	—	—	16	—	148

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County—Con.								
	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 55 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 60 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.01 (pt.)	Tract 102.02 (pt.)
All housing units -----	62	2 226	979	222	113	30	54	17	-
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990-----	5	64	17	-	-	-	-	-	-
1985 to 1988-----	42	381	61	11	4	-	-	-	-
1980 to 1984-----	-	533	27	16	43	-	-	-	-
1970 to 1979-----	-	718	190	87	53	7	11	-	-
1960 to 1969-----	6	314	496	72	-	23	43	-	-
1950 to 1959-----	-	141	126	31	7	-	-	9	-
1940 to 1949-----	-	55	15	-	-	-	-	-	-
1939 or earlier-----	9	20	47	5	6	-	-	8	-
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom-----	-	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 bedroom-----	-	79	36	12	-	-	26	9	-
2 bedrooms-----	10	1 217	215	26	8	6	17	-	-
3 bedrooms-----	16	779	514	169	28	14	11	-	-
4 bedrooms-----	36	142	178	15	63	10	-	-	-
5 or more bedrooms-----	-	9	18	-	14	-	-	8	-
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS									
Owner-occupied condominium housing units-----	-	149	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Renter-occupied condominium housing units-----	-	111	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vacant condominium housing units-----	-	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities-----	62	2 226	975	222	113	30	54	17	-
Source of water, public system or private company-----	56	2 093	941	188	88	30	43	9	-
Sewage disposal, public sewer-----	47	1 877	846	188	77	7	43	8	-
Lacking complete plumbing facilities-----	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Owner-occupied housing units-----	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Occupied housing units-----	50	2 088	934	221	113	30	42	8	-
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas-----	15	1 771	902	180	84	30	31	-	-
Bottled, tank, or LP gas-----	-	30	-	20	19	-	11	8	-
Electricity-----	35	262	32	14	6	-	-	-	-
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.-----	-	10	-	7	-	-	-	-	-
All other fuels-----	-	15	-	-	4	-	-	-	-
No fuel used-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None-----	-	49	60	7	-	-	9	-	-
1-----	21	879	322	72	36	11	27	-	-
2-----	9	903	355	108	53	19	6	8	-
3 or more-----	20	257	197	34	24	-	-	-	-
Vehicles per household-----	2.3	1.7	1.8	1.8	2.2	1.6	.9	2.0	-
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units -----	15	1 638	719	164	107	18	11	-	-
1989 to March 1990-----	-	266	87	-	13	12	-	-	-
1985 to 1988-----	-	695	202	57	7	-	-	-	-
1980 to 1984-----	-	282	96	14	43	-	-	-	-
1970 to 1979-----	6	304	168	41	44	-	11	-	-
1969 or earlier-----	9	91	166	52	6	6	-	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units -----	35	450	215	57	6	12	31	8	-
1989 to March 1990-----	35	259	106	17	-	-	22	8	-
1985 to 1988-----	-	148	98	11	-	12	9	-	-
1980 to 1984-----	-	34	11	29	-	-	-	-	-
1970 to 1979-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1969 or earlier-----	-	9	-	-	6	-	-	-	-
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit-----	-	56	58	-	-	-	-	-	-
Householder 65 years and over-----	-	210	58	31	26	-	11	-	-
Owner-occupied housing units-----	-	184	58	31	20	-	11	-	-
Lacking complete plumbing facilities-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No telephone in unit-----	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No vehicle available-----	-	-	26	-	-	-	5	-	-
Complete plumbing facilities-----	50	2 077	934	221	113	30	42	8	-
1.00 or less persons per room-----	50	2 033	934	203	113	30	42	8	-
1.01 or more persons per room-----	-	44	-	18	-	-	-	-	-
Lacking complete plumbing facilities-----	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.00 or less persons per room-----	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.01 or more persons per room-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mean household income in 1989:									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)-----	30 574	34 251	36 710	36 003	117 400	70 292	83 574	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)-----	18 063	33 381	24 194	29 053	14 635	34 471	19 890	35 600	-
Household income in 1989 below poverty level-----	25	208	51	32	-	-	5	-	-
Owner-occupied housing units-----	-	152	33	14	-	-	-	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units-----	25	56	18	18	-	-	5	-	-

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County—Con.								
	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105	Tract 106.01	Tract 106.02 (pt.)	Tract 107	Tract 108	Tract 109
All housing units.....	-	-	2 134	1 520	1 594	2 581	2 154	1 763	2 913
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990.....	-	-	33	33	35	53	66	15	26
1985 to 1988.....	-	-	100	84	219	269	79	85	178
1980 to 1984.....	-	-	125	92	180	226	87	110	140
1970 to 1979.....	-	-	674	397	526	1 144	684	256	743
1960 to 1969.....	-	-	322	223	231	411	386	263	471
1950 to 1959.....	-	-	278	167	160	164	194	186	283
1940 to 1949.....	-	-	131	49	88	36	126	87	139
1939 or earlier.....	-	-	471	475	155	278	532	761	933
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom.....	-	-	6	1	3	-	2	2	18
1 bedroom.....	-	-	120	70	30	81	70	71	120
2 bedrooms.....	-	-	628	292	303	841	466	494	726
3 bedrooms.....	-	-	978	790	951	1 248	1 168	826	1 395
4 bedrooms.....	-	-	325	311	262	332	378	293	553
5 or more bedrooms.....	-	-	77	56	45	79	70	77	101
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS									
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	20
Vacant condominium housing units.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities.....	-	-	2 130	1 509	1 594	2 578	2 154	1 751	2 908
Source of water, public system or private company.....	-	-	1 311	740	1 106	1 296	1 298	1 172	2 254
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	-	-	703	675	1 113	1 153	1 128	77	1 231
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	-	-	18	11	2	3	2	13	37
Owner-occupied housing units.....	-	-	10	5	2	2	2	2	33
Renter-occupied housing units.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Occupied housing units.....	-	-	1 940	1 433	1 524	2 434	2 048	1 679	2 807
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas.....	-	-	1 226	649	1 190	1 636	1 170	964	1 811
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	-	-	302	426	57	421	367	423	400
Electricity.....	-	-	220	174	189	267	392	117	464
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	-	-	169	130	58	29	85	147	100
All other fuels.....	-	-	23	54	30	81	34	28	32
No fuel used.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None.....	-	-	50	49	54	55	52	61	90
1.....	-	-	581	307	278	573	452	369	708
2.....	-	-	963	648	791	1 327	997	844	1 292
3 or more.....	-	-	346	429	401	479	547	405	717
Vehicles per household.....	-	-	1.9	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units.....	-	-	1 416	1 088	1 266	1 865	1 665	1 305	2 169
1989 to March 1990.....	-	-	120	63	132	224	110	82	142
1985 to 1988.....	-	-	323	204	392	688	339	282	530
1980 to 1984.....	-	-	182	155	212	278	234	230	333
1970 to 1979.....	-	-	456	377	348	402	573	332	573
1969 or earlier.....	-	-	335	289	182	273	409	379	591
Renter-occupied housing units.....	-	-	524	345	258	569	383	374	638
1989 to March 1990.....	-	-	262	102	116	266	131	119	243
1985 to 1988.....	-	-	131	115	106	174	124	127	227
1980 to 1984.....	-	-	62	54	16	60	26	50	84
1970 to 1979.....	-	-	36	47	8	41	42	37	38
1969 or earlier.....	-	-	33	27	12	28	60	41	46
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit.....	-	-	135	64	18	98	25	55	96
Householder 65 years and over.....	-	-	430	325	216	300	459	436	504
Owner-occupied housing units.....	-	-	396	285	184	286	398	413	430
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	-	-	10	5	2	-	2	2	5
No telephone in unit.....	-	-	6	7	-	-	6	1	8
No vehicle available.....	-	-	35	37	46	14	47	48	68
Complete plumbing facilities.....	-	-	1 930	1 428	1 522	2 432	2 046	1 677	2 772
1.00 or less persons per room.....	-	-	1 883	1 423	1 516	2 411	2 018	1 644	2 724
1.01 or more persons per room.....	-	-	47	5	6	21	28	33	48
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	-	-	10	5	2	2	2	2	35
1.00 or less persons per room.....	-	-	10	5	2	2	2	2	35
1.01 or more persons per room.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mean household income in 1989:									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	-	-	34 880	41 978	45 974	42 288	42 550	37 380	37 489
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	-	-	22 567	27 073	30 485	28 240	26 256	31 273	23 509
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	-	-	212	74	75	186	82	102	181
Owner-occupied housing units.....	-	-	99	42	45	81	39	66	119
Renter-occupied housing units.....	-	-	113	32	30	105	43	36	62

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Champaign County				
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 7	Tract 8
Specified owner-occupied housing units	27 933	27 933	10 257	1 854	4 379	313	27	15	619	271
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS										
With a mortgage.....	19 101	19 101	7 282	1 203	2 732	166	9	7	363	173
Less than \$300.....	624	624	241	98	52	7	—	—	49	6
\$300 to \$399.....	1 608	1 608	648	129	235	29	—	—	60	25
\$400 to \$499.....	2 368	2 368	908	214	419	43	9	—	93	39
\$500 to \$599.....	3 052	3 052	1 171	248	385	35	—	—	83	38
\$600 to \$799.....	5 112	5 112	1 940	240	747	40	—	7	58	61
\$800 to \$999.....	2 926	2 926	1 064	139	385	7	—	—	12	4
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	2 435	2 435	921	112	383	5	—	—	8	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	690	690	267	23	103	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	286	286	122	—	23	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	669	669	661	570	661	513	475	675	477	524
Not mortgaged.....	8 832	8 832	2 975	651	1 647	147	18	8	256	98
Less than \$100.....	90	90	6	17	10	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	2 704	2 704	907	227	369	84	—	8	164	45
\$200 to \$299.....	3 732	3 732	1 262	318	662	36	8	—	80	53
\$300 to \$399.....	1 516	1 516	500	71	396	5	10	—	12	—
\$400 to \$499.....	527	527	167	9	172	10	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more.....	263	263	133	9	38	12	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	237	237	238	223	264	189	355	175	182	204
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$20,000.....	4 872	4 872	1 965	294	894	168	9	7	220	58
Less than 20 percent.....	1 247	1 247	465	77	182	43	—	—	74	17
20 to 24 percent.....	608	608	251	—	107	22	—	—	37	12
25 to 29 percent.....	480	480	203	34	73	17	9	—	15	—
30 to 34 percent.....	515	515	164	59	138	20	—	—	16	5
35 percent or more.....	1 905	1 905	819	124	351	56	—	7	78	24
Not computed.....	117	117	63	—	43	10	—	—	—	—
Median.....	30.4	30.4	31.0	33.1	32.3	29.1	27.5	45.0	24.9	27.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	6 241	6 241	2 303	516	832	90	18	—	173	96
Less than 20 percent.....	3 123	3 123	1 093	277	402	34	18	—	116	64
20 to 24 percent.....	1 121	1 121	381	117	206	15	—	—	36	19
25 to 29 percent.....	991	991	392	42	148	14	—	—	21	13
30 to 34 percent.....	551	551	240	57	28	15	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	455	455	197	23	48	12	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	20.0	20.0	20.8	18.0	20.3	23.7	15.5	—	15.8	16.2
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	7 235	7 235	2 657	620	1 010	26	—	8	139	65
Less than 20 percent.....	4 613	4 613	1 661	438	637	22	—	8	122	39
20 to 24 percent.....	1 457	1 457	528	113	173	—	—	—	11	22
25 to 29 percent.....	674	674	308	38	90	4	—	—	6	4
30 to 34 percent.....	332	332	118	17	73	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	159	159	42	14	37	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	17.1	17.1	17.3	13.9	17.2	12.9	10.0	—	14.4	17.7
\$50,000 or more.....	9 585	9 585	3 332	424	1 643	29	—	—	87	52
Less than 20 percent.....	7 656	7 656	2 683	382	1 415	25	—	—	81	52
20 to 24 percent.....	1 245	1 245	420	27	153	4	—	—	6	—
25 to 29 percent.....	420	420	162	—	59	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	128	128	32	10	8	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	136	136	35	5	8	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	13.1	13.1	13.5	10.0	11.0	10.0	—	—	10.0	11.7
Specified renter-occupied housing units	28 492	28 492	12 738	3 039	7 927	409	2 793	1 739	619	313
GROSS RENT										
Less than \$100.....	211	211	77	18	109	19	19	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	1 052	1 052	590	105	267	148	67	22	25	20
\$200 to \$299.....	3 640	3 640	1 778	547	727	47	539	359	161	6
\$300 to \$399.....	8 018	8 018	3 189	969	2 526	33	723	391	167	82
\$400 to \$499.....	6 530	6 530	2 789	469	2 031	74	455	86	109	129
\$500 to \$599.....	4 088	4 088	1 926	185	1 211	14	299	302	105	41
\$600 to \$749.....	2 153	2 153	1 207	83	530	52	268	177	46	28
\$750 to \$999.....	1 244	1 244	816	42	328	6	350	259	—	7
\$1,000 or more.....	436	436	270	4	102	—	66	143	—	—
No cash rent.....	1 120	1 120	96	617	96	16	7	—	6	—
Median (dollars).....	411	411	421	355	412	282	406	503	375	446
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$10,000.....	8 399	8 399	4 842	333	2 477	220	1 585	1 043	184	59
Less than 20 percent.....	105	105	53	10	35	24	14	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	217	217	101	28	85	7	21	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	258	258	151	—	79	35	4	5	6	9
30 to 34 percent.....	280	280	139	6	105	37	5	12	5	—
35 percent or more.....	6 869	6 869	4 121	253	1 881	101	1 437	965	167	50
Not computed.....	670	670	277	36	292	16	104	61	6	—
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	47.4	50.0+	34.9	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	8 665	8 665	3 789	1 100	2 484	158	789	499	255	99
Less than 20 percent.....	502	502	192	93	110	21	20	28	38	—
20 to 24 percent.....	986	986	321	254	170	9	93	15	21	6
25 to 29 percent.....	1 639	1 639	710	186	551	15	114	40	65	13
30 to 34 percent.....	1 582	1 582	651	186	508	13	101	44	29	36
35 percent or more.....	3 585	3 585	1 903	116	1 105	100	461	372	102	44
Not computed.....	371	371	12	265	40	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	33.2	33.2	35.1	26.9	33.8	43.7	38.6	50.0+	30.6	34.2
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	7 327	7 327	2 576	1 058	2 067	19	341	163	107	92
Less than 20 percent.....	2 943	2 943	894	553	704	—	99	63	61	40
20 to 24 percent.....	2 060	2 060	809	159	721	10	59	8	32	31
25 to 29 percent.....	1 075	1 075	389	53	400	—	39	13	5	12
30 to 34 percent.....	430	430	207	27	115	9	37	6	9	9
35 percent or more.....	422	422	255	22	105	—	107	73	—	—
Not computed.....	397	397	22	244	22	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	21.3	21.3	22.4	17.8	22.2	24.7	26.6	29.0	18.8	21.0
\$35,000 or more.....	4 101	4 101	1 531	548	899	12	78	34	73	63
Less than 20 percent.....	3 473	3 473	1 271	466	773	12	44	20	73	47
20 to 24 percent.....	297	297	197	10	56	—	27	6	—	16
25 to 29 percent.....	83	83	31	—	52	—	—	8	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	30	30	7	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	3	3	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	215	215	25	72	15	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	14.0	14.0	14.9	11.8	14.2	12.5	17.7	18.8	11.6	15.4

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.									
	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 53	Tract 54	Tract 55	Tract 56
Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 352	1 021	1 354	2 353	2 308	52	454	656	1 099	1 126
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS										
With a mortgage	983	650	1 195	1 939	1 846	39	276	419	726	831
Less than \$300.....	25	37	66	18	15	—	32	25	32	22
\$300 to \$399.....	111	55	168	60	58	—	78	7	85	99
\$400 to \$499.....	157	104	170	132	66	6	57	70	137	177
\$500 to \$599.....	180	111	240	132	144	7	27	61	182	133
\$600 to \$799.....	286	197	382	527	337	—	60	141	149	291
\$800 to \$999.....	146	89	124	480	271	13	17	25	100	58
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	78	40	45	423	562	6	5	64	34	39
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	8	—	102	265	—	—	19	7	12
\$2,000 or more.....	—	9	—	65	128	—	—	7	—	—
Median (dollars).....	610	614	584	847	1 021	546	456	700	559	578
Not mortgaged	369	371	159	414	462	13	178	237	373	295
Less than \$100.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	195	131	44	52	34	—	100	48	188	65
\$200 to \$299.....	143	186	75	200	163	—	78	90	153	185
\$300 to \$399.....	31	41	40	98	186	6	—	53	27	45
\$400 to \$499.....	—	6	—	24	51	—	—	32	—	—
\$500 or more.....	—	7	—	40	28	7	—	5	5	—
Median (dollars).....	196	230	229	279	317	500+	192	263	199	240
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$20,000.....	295	224	235	214	246	12	214	114	238	271
Less than 20 percent.....	80	71	28	40	43	—	42	46	66	20
20 to 24 percent.....	29	26	45	45	—	—	47	7	47	5
25 to 29 percent.....	17	22	19	7	27	—	16	7	24	14
30 to 34 percent.....	34	7	9	9	31	6	19	—	26	55
35 percent or more.....	120	98	120	105	122	6	75	54	75	159
Not computed.....	15	—	7	8	23	—	15	—	—	18
Median.....	32.1	28.4	35.6	35.6	37.0	42.5	28.3	27.9	26.3	37.6
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	335	294	387	358	268	14	132	135	288	276
Less than 20 percent.....	133	173	174	65	101	7	71	98	109	164
20 to 24 percent.....	49	25	85	71	25	7	34	12	103	65
25 to 29 percent.....	72	36	50	92	62	—	16	20	45	40
30 to 34 percent.....	33	39	53	78	33	—	4	—	31	7
35 percent or more.....	48	21	25	52	47	—	7	5	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	23.5	17.0	21.1	27.3	25.6	20.0	19.1	17.7	21.7	18.6
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	343	277	490	550	416	12	68	137	255	350
Less than 20 percent.....	223	168	333	210	200	6	58	87	190	260
20 to 24 percent.....	61	88	105	153	67	6	5	38	43	43
25 to 29 percent.....	50	10	34	99	72	—	5	—	6	39
30 to 34 percent.....	9	11	18	57	27	—	—	—	21	8
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	31	50	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	17.4	14.6	17.9	22.1	20.6	17.5	13.0	17.2	15.6	14.8
\$50,000 or more.....	379	226	242	1 231	1 378	14	40	270	318	229
Less than 20 percent.....	341	210	236	848	847	14	40	212	282	208
20 to 24 percent.....	38	7	6	227	288	—	—	32	19	7
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	111	154	—	—	11	17	5
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	29	33	—	—	8	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	9	—	16	56	—	—	7	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	11.1	10.0	13.3	16.3	17.3	10.0	10.0	14.0	12.2	13.3
Specified renter-occupied housing units	1 323	1 037	1 158	442	856	488	422	1 400	814	1 076
GROSS RENT										
Less than \$100.....	—	17	12	—	—	—	—	6	9	12
\$100 to \$199.....	15	63	80	—	—	—	21	41	49	48
\$200 to \$299.....	89	95	56	—	19	20	43	58	131	72
\$300 to \$399.....	275	471	107	36	80	246	103	227	242	167
\$400 to \$499.....	485	272	345	79	281	202	95	619	156	428
\$500 to \$599.....	249	41	300	168	279	20	57	321	169	248
\$600 to \$749.....	194	32	172	107	107	—	40	81	40	64
\$750 to \$999.....	11	16	76	22	39	—	24	15	4	23
\$1,000 or more.....	—	16	—	22	40	—	6	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	5	14	10	8	11	—	33	32	14	14
Median (dollars).....	441	378	492	557	515	370	420	451	389	455
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$10,000.....	340	286	207	36	84	125	143	217	235	332
Less than 20 percent.....	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	6
20 to 24 percent.....	—	17	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	13
25 to 29 percent.....	7	45	31	—	—	—	—	—	19	27
30 to 34 percent.....	25	18	7	—	—	—	—	17	33	15
35 percent or more.....	285	177	124	28	84	119	132	184	145	237
Not computed.....	23	21	7	8	—	6	11	16	29	84
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	42.8	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	44.0	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	463	345	238	33	151	172	121	343	274	325
Less than 20 percent.....	9	22	6	—	6	—	—	26	29	15
20 to 24 percent.....	39	35	10	—	7	6	7	10	34	7
25 to 29 percent.....	46	112	46	—	17	39	25	64	36	60
30 to 34 percent.....	157	55	13	—	60	38	15	84	43	47
35 percent or more.....	212	121	163	33	61	89	63	151	132	182
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	8	—	14
Median.....	34.4	30.3	39.8	50.0+	33.8	35.4	40.0	34.0	34.4	36.9
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	249	254	413	177	323	162	98	545	241	306
Less than 20 percent.....	60	152	72	34	93	66	38	207	115	48
20 to 24 percent.....	113	71	161	77	82	87	25	198	57	153
25 to 29 percent.....	65	31	82	47	86	9	12	107	27	93
30 to 34 percent.....	6	—	54	8	38	—	—	10	32	12
35 percent or more.....	—	—	34	11	24	—	12	4	4	—
Not computed.....	5	—	10	—	—	—	19	—	—	—
Median.....	22.7	19.0	24.0	23.5	24.2	20.9	21.1	21.4	20.2	23.4
\$35,000 or more.....	271	152	300	196	298	29	60	295	64	113
Less than 20 percent.....	248	115	236	176	253	29	55	290	55	107
20 to 24 percent.....	23	15	64	10	13	—	—	—	9	6
25 to 29 percent.....	—	8	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	21	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	14	—	—	11	—	—	5	—	—
Median.....	13.7	15.2	15.9	16.1	14.5	12.5	12.6	14.3	17.1	16.2

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.								
	Tract 57	Tract 60	Tract 101	Tract 102.01	Tract 102.02	Tract 102.03	Tract 103	Tract 104	Tract 106.02
Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 475	18	860	292	38	662	7	911	1 017
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS									
With a mortgage	904	12	508	165	38	485	7	495	802
Less than \$300	—	—	20	25	—	53	—	32	9
\$300 to \$399	16	—	29	—	—	100	—	71	50
\$400 to \$499	57	—	70	21	10	113	—	50	71
\$500 to \$599	85	—	130	11	7	100	—	125	135
\$600 to \$799	208	—	97	27	21	95	—	141	260
\$800 to \$999	211	9	90	37	—	12	—	54	151
\$1,000 to \$1,499	257	—	72	27	—	6	7	22	64
\$1,500 to \$1,999	46	3	—	17	—	6	—	—	34
\$2,000 or more	24	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	28
Median (dollars)	864	833	608	794	608	473	1 375	574	722
Not mortgaged	571	6	352	127	—	177	—	416	215
Less than \$100	—	—	—	—	—	17	—	13	—
\$100 to \$199	8	—	95	24	—	113	—	168	43
\$200 to \$299	182	—	205	74	—	39	—	160	113
\$300 to \$399	226	6	34	29	—	8	—	65	57
\$400 to \$499	135	—	9	—	—	—	—	10	2
\$500 or more	20	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	345	325	231	265	—	169	—	213	269
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$20,000	117	—	106	29	11	153	—	222	88
Less than 20 percent	17	—	17	23	—	37	—	89	18
20 to 24 percent	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	31	2
25 to 29 percent	10	—	11	—	—	23	—	23	2
30 to 34 percent	38	—	16	—	5	38	—	25	20
35 percent or more	52	—	57	6	6	55	—	54	44
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Median	34.1	—	36.0	16.1	40.8	32.2	—	23.5	42.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999	164	9	229	76	11	200	—	224	202
Less than 20 percent	69	—	112	52	—	113	—	116	77
20 to 24 percent	18	—	65	11	5	36	—	57	15
25 to 29 percent	25	—	21	—	—	21	—	27	56
30 to 34 percent	23	—	24	—	6	27	—	16	25
35 percent or more	29	9	7	13	—	3	—	8	29
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	23.6	37.5	20.2	16.7	30.4	16.6	—	19.1	25.8
\$35,000 to \$49,999	264	—	316	92	9	196	7	237	327
Less than 20 percent	105	—	213	59	—	166	—	183	227
20 to 24 percent	51	—	61	13	9	30	—	29	60
25 to 29 percent	35	—	31	7	—	—	—	25	27
30 to 34 percent	36	—	11	6	—	—	—	—	10
35 percent or more	37	—	—	7	—	—	7	—	3
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	22.6	—	14.4	13.2	22.5	12.9	37.5	14.4	17.4
\$50,000 or more	930	9	209	95	7	113	—	228	400
Less than 20 percent	789	9	187	75	7	113	—	223	289
20 to 24 percent	93	—	12	15	—	—	—	5	57
25 to 29 percent	23	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15
30 to 34 percent	17	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	22
35 percent or more	8	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	17
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	10.1	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	—	10.0	14.4
Specified renter-occupied housing units	1 212	796	1 045	103	101	565	1 264	443	507
GROSS RENT									
Less than \$100	82	—	18	—	—	—	—	3	—
\$100 to \$199	70	—	75	—	16	14	—	12	10
\$200 to \$299	24	174	282	19	62	131	53	108	62
\$300 to \$399	332	566	344	37	7	202	379	183	144
\$400 to \$499	246	30	155	10	16	124	191	54	201
\$500 to \$599	247	6	64	18	—	66	45	45	38
\$600 to \$749	125	15	41	10	—	9	23	4	3
\$750 to \$999	47	—	42	—	—	—	—	1	15
\$1,000 or more	26	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	2
No cash rent	13	5	24	9	—	15	573	33	32
Median (dollars)	450	331	335	388	239	358	371	336	409
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$10,000	272	291	198	6	12	69	48	71	121
Less than 20 percent	20	—	10	—	—	—	—	1	—
20 to 24 percent	72	—	22	—	—	6	—	2	—
25 to 29 percent	33	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
30 to 34 percent	19	—	—	—	—	6	—	7	—
35 percent or more	102	180	159	6	12	52	24	48	121
Not computed	26	111	7	—	—	5	24	5	—
Median	29.7	50.0	43.7	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
\$10,000 to \$19,999	301	322	382	29	44	174	497	157	85
Less than 20 percent	8	25	56	—	16	21	—	25	—
20 to 24 percent	—	58	89	13	22	46	84	39	24
25 to 29 percent	78	132	64	12	6	28	76	31	20
30 to 34 percent	92	56	94	—	—	38	76	41	24
35 percent or more	117	51	69	4	—	36	7	20	9
Not computed	6	—	10	—	—	5	254	1	8
Median	33.3	28.0	28.2	25.6	21.4	28.1	27.5	27.3	28.6
\$20,000 to \$34,999	403	109	299	34	38	182	505	149	155
Less than 20 percent	128	58	187	23	32	122	189	111	64
20 to 24 percent	126	42	65	7	—	25	62	25	58
25 to 29 percent	101	4	8	—	6	16	23	4	24
30 to 34 percent	37	—	17	—	—	10	—	3	—
35 percent or more	11	—	15	—	—	4	—	—	2
Not computed	—	5	7	4	—	5	228	6	7
Median	22.9	18.6	18.0	17.6	12.0	17.9	18.0	16.8	20.9
\$35,000 or more	236	74	166	34	7	140	214	66	146
Less than 20 percent	186	69	166	29	7	135	142	42	127
20 to 24 percent	17	5	—	—	—	5	5	3	—
25 to 29 percent	26	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	7	—	—	5	—	—	67	21	17
Median	13.3	12.2	10.0	17.0	10.0	12.2	12.7	13.0	12.1

Table 33. **Housing Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

(Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County									
	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	6	313	27	15	871	390	619	34	1 135	1 021
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS										
With a mortgage -----	—	166	9	7	482	266	363	34	799	650
Less than \$300 -----	—	7	—	—	24	—	49	—	25	37
\$300 to \$399 -----	—	29	—	—	26	38	60	—	103	55
\$400 to \$499 -----	—	43	9	—	49	50	93	7	157	104
\$500 to \$599 -----	—	35	—	—	164	47	83	21	139	111
\$600 to \$799 -----	—	40	—	7	125	69	58	6	241	197
\$800 to \$999 -----	—	7	—	—	30	42	12	—	78	89
\$1,000 to \$1,499 -----	—	5	—	—	40	13	8	—	56	40
\$1,500 to \$1,999 -----	—	—	—	—	24	7	—	—	—	8
\$2,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9
Median (dollars) -----	—	513	475	675	586	595	477	524	587	614
Not mortgaged -----	6	147	18	8	389	124	256	—	336	371
Less than \$100 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 -----	—	84	—	8	136	30	164	—	178	131
\$200 to \$299 -----	6	36	8	—	101	76	80	—	135	186
\$300 to \$399 -----	—	5	10	—	73	8	12	—	23	41
\$400 to \$499 -----	—	10	—	—	53	10	—	—	—	6
\$500 or more -----	—	12	—	—	26	—	—	—	—	7
Median (dollars) -----	275	189	355	175	240	228	182	—	196	230
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$20,000 -----	—	168	9	7	156	72	220	—	287	224
Less than 20 percent -----	—	43	—	—	56	6	74	—	80	71
20 to 24 percent -----	—	22	—	—	10	8	37	—	29	26
25 to 29 percent -----	—	17	9	—	22	22	15	—	17	22
30 to 34 percent -----	—	20	—	—	23	10	16	—	34	7
35 percent or more -----	—	56	—	7	45	26	78	—	112	98
Not computed -----	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	—
Median -----	—	29.1	27.5	45.0	27.7	30.0	24.9	—	31.5	28.4
\$20,000 to \$34,999 -----	—	90	18	—	175	121	173	7	272	294
Less than 20 percent -----	—	34	18	—	97	51	116	7	125	173
20 to 24 percent -----	—	15	—	—	23	27	36	—	49	25
25 to 29 percent -----	—	14	—	—	25	43	21	—	57	36
30 to 34 percent -----	—	15	—	—	8	—	—	—	28	39
35 percent or more -----	—	12	—	—	22	—	—	—	13	21
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	—	23.7	15.5	—	19.2	21.8	15.8	17.5	21.1	17.0
\$35,000 to \$49,999 -----	6	26	—	8	253	113	139	13	267	277
Less than 20 percent -----	6	22	—	8	181	76	122	13	168	168
20 to 24 percent -----	—	—	—	—	61	9	11	—	47	88
25 to 29 percent -----	—	4	—	—	11	13	6	—	43	10
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	9	11
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	10.0	12.9	—	10.0	14.2	17.6	14.4	15.4	17.1	14.6
\$50,000 or more -----	—	29	—	—	287	84	87	14	309	277
Less than 20 percent -----	—	25	—	—	252	84	81	14	289	210
20 to 24 percent -----	—	4	—	—	14	—	6	—	20	7
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	—	21	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	—	10.0	—	—	10.0	10.0	10.0	14.4	10.3	10.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	259	409	2 793	1 739	938	1 392	607	134	1 108	1 037
GROSS RENT										
Less than \$100 -----	10	19	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	17
\$100 to \$199 -----	69	148	67	22	13	77	25	11	15	63
\$200 to \$299 -----	106	47	539	359	96	248	149	—	68	95
\$300 to \$399 -----	26	33	723	391	366	524	167	23	210	471
\$400 to \$499 -----	24	74	455	86	264	331	109	64	416	272
\$500 to \$599 -----	15	14	299	302	127	132	105	32	216	41
\$600 to \$749 -----	—	52	268	177	42	48	46	4	167	32
\$750 to \$999 -----	—	6	350	259	9	17	—	—	11	16
\$1,000 or more -----	6	—	66	143	12	8	—	—	—	16
No cash rent -----	3	16	7	—	9	7	6	—	5	14
Median (dollars) -----	268	282	406	503	397	364	378	466	447	378
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$10,000 -----	157	220	1 585	1 043	239	470	184	16	294	286
Less than 20 percent -----	7	24	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
20 to 24 percent -----	18	7	21	—	—	—	—	—	7	17
25 to 29 percent -----	18	35	4	5	—	—	6	—	45	45
30 to 34 percent -----	3	37	5	12	—	26	5	—	17	18
35 percent or more -----	94	101	1 437	965	239	418	167	16	259	177
Not computed -----	17	16	104	61	—	26	6	—	11	21
Median -----	43.3	34.9	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 -----	55	158	789	499	369	505	250	45	370	345
Less than 20 percent -----	8	21	20	28	18	27	33	—	9	22
20 to 24 percent -----	—	9	93	15	37	58	21	—	31	35
25 to 29 percent -----	11	15	114	40	67	171	65	4	39	112
30 to 34 percent -----	8	13	101	44	119	58	29	11	144	55
35 percent or more -----	25	100	461	372	119	191	102	30	147	121
Not computed -----	3	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	34.4	43.7	38.6	50.0+	32.4	29.9	31.0	41.2	33.7	30.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999 -----	38	19	341	163	244	264	107	47	215	254
Less than 20 percent -----	25	—	99	63	81	163	61	15	36	152
20 to 24 percent -----	13	10	59	8	103	44	32	24	113	71
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	39	13	36	19	5	8	55	31
30 to 34 percent -----	—	9	37	6	12	31	9	—	6	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	107	73	12	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	5	—
Median -----	18.0	24.7	26.6	29.0	22.0	18.4	18.8	21.8	23.1	19.0
\$35,000 or more -----	9	12	78	34	86	153	66	26	229	152
Less than 20 percent -----	9	12	44	20	72	139	66	26	206	115
20 to 24 percent -----	—	—	27	6	14	14	—	—	23	15
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	8
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14
Median -----	17.5	12.5	17.7	18.8	16.8	14.1	12.0	14.1	13.8	15.2

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County—Con.							Rantoul village, Champaign County		
	Tract 11	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 106.02 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.01 (pt.)	Tract 102.02 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	1 341	1 354	1 489	1 633	—	9	—	855	292	38
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS										
With a mortgage.....	738	1 195	1 289	1 284	—	—	—	508	165	38
Less than \$300.....	—	66	18	15	—	—	—	20	25	—
\$300 to \$399.....	51	168	60	58	—	—	—	29	—	—
\$400 to \$499.....	55	170	112	59	—	—	—	70	21	10
\$500 to \$599.....	111	240	121	99	—	—	—	130	11	7
\$600 to \$799.....	195	382	384	236	—	—	—	97	27	21
\$800 to \$999.....	131	124	381	170	—	—	—	90	37	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	164	45	196	354	—	—	—	72	27	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	24	—	17	187	—	—	—	—	17	—
\$2,000 or more.....	7	—	—	106	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	771	584	774	1 005	—	—	—	608	794	608
Not mortgaged.....	603	159	200	349	—	9	—	347	127	—
Less than \$100.....	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	56	44	52	24	—	—	—	90	24	—
\$200 to \$299.....	292	75	140	118	—	9	—	205	74	—
\$300 to \$399.....	136	40	8	144	—	—	—	34	29	—
\$400 to \$499.....	45	—	—	43	—	—	—	9	—	—
\$500 or more.....	68	—	—	20	—	—	—	9	—	—
Median (dollars).....	283	229	228	322	—	275	—	232	265	—
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$20,000.....	181	235	175	222	—	9	—	101	29	11
Less than 20 percent.....	33	28	40	34	—	—	—	17	23	—
20 to 24 percent.....	39	45	35	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	26	19	7	27	—	—	—	11	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	6	16	9	23	—	—	—	16	—	5
35 percent or more.....	77	120	76	115	—	9	—	57	6	6
Not computed.....	—	7	8	23	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	28.6	35.6	30.8	38.0	—	50.0+	—	36.5	16.1	40.8
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	252	387	294	220	—	—	—	229	76	11
Less than 20 percent.....	169	174	34	95	—	—	—	112	52	—
20 to 24 percent.....	32	85	71	18	—	—	—	65	11	5
25 to 29 percent.....	19	50	78	49	—	—	—	21	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	6	53	72	19	—	—	—	24	—	6
35 percent or more.....	26	25	39	39	—	—	—	7	13	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	16.2	21.1	27.7	24.2	—	—	—	20.2	16.7	30.4
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	380	490	419	266	—	—	—	316	92	9
Less than 20 percent.....	268	333	148	148	—	—	—	213	59	—
20 to 24 percent.....	52	105	119	36	—	—	—	61	13	9
25 to 29 percent.....	42	34	90	55	—	—	—	31	7	—
30 to 34 percent.....	10	18	44	18	—	—	—	11	6	—
35 percent or more.....	8	—	18	9	—	—	—	—	7	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	14.8	17.9	22.6	18.3	—	—	—	14.4	13.2	22.5
\$50,000 or more.....	528	242	601	925	—	—	—	209	95	7
Less than 20 percent.....	460	236	427	605	—	—	—	187	75	7
20 to 24 percent.....	64	6	135	164	—	—	—	12	15	—
25 to 29 percent.....	4	—	30	107	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	9	23	—	—	—	10	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	26	—	—	—	—	5	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	13.3	13.3	16.7	16.8	—	—	—	10.0	10.0	10.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	254	1 158	195	715	—	—	—	1 014	95	101
GROSS RENT										
Less than \$100.....	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	18	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	—	80	—	—	—	—	—	75	—	16
\$200 to \$299.....	9	56	—	6	—	—	—	282	19	62
\$300 to \$399.....	73	107	9	66	—	—	—	344	37	7
\$400 to \$499.....	47	345	37	265	—	—	—	128	10	16
\$500 to \$599.....	55	300	53	235	—	—	—	64	10	—
\$600 to \$749.....	59	172	66	74	—	—	—	41	10	—
\$750 to \$999.....	11	76	22	39	—	—	—	42	—	—
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	19	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	—	10	8	11	—	—	—	20	9	—
Median (dollars).....	496	492	595	506	—	—	—	332	383	239
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$10,000.....	37	207	20	84	—	—	—	198	6	12
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	38	—	—	—	—	—	22	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	9	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	28	124	12	84	—	—	—	159	6	12
Not computed.....	—	7	8	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
Median.....	50.0+	42.8	50.0+	50.0+	—	—	—	43.7	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	51	238	10	105	—	—	—	356	29	44
Less than 20 percent.....	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	56	—	16
20 to 24 percent.....	12	10	—	—	—	—	—	89	13	22
25 to 29 percent.....	9	46	—	17	—	—	—	64	12	6
30 to 34 percent.....	10	13	—	46	—	—	—	72	—	—
35 percent or more.....	20	163	10	42	—	—	—	69	4	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—
Median.....	32.2	39.8	37.5	33.9	—	—	—	27.3	25.6	21.4
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	123	413	65	283	—	—	—	299	34	38
Less than 20 percent.....	25	72	9	93	—	—	—	187	23	32
20 to 24 percent.....	63	161	26	82	—	—	—	65	7	—
25 to 29 percent.....	25	82	19	57	—	—	—	8	—	6
30 to 34 percent.....	5	54	—	38	—	—	—	17	—	—
35 percent or more.....	5	34	11	13	—	—	—	15	—	—
Not computed.....	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	7	4	—
Median.....	22.9	24.0	24.5	23.0	—	—	—	18.0	17.6	12.0
\$35,000 or more.....	43	300	100	243	—	—	—	161	26	7
Less than 20 percent.....	27	236	80	219	—	—	—	161	21	7
20 to 24 percent.....	11	64	10	13	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	5	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	5	—
Median.....	19.0	15.9	16.4	13.8	—	—	—	10.0	16.7	10.0

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Rantoul village, Champaign County—Con.			Urbano city, Champaign County						
	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 51	Tract 52	Tract 53 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	662	7	-	-	-	-	-	4	49	436
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS										
With a mortgage	485	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	276
Less than \$300	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32
\$300 to \$399	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	78
\$400 to \$499	113	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57
\$500 to \$599	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	27
\$600 to \$799	95	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	60
\$800 to \$999	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	17
\$1,000 to \$1,499	6	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	5
\$1,500 to \$1,999	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
\$2,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars)	473	1 375	-	-	-	-	-	-	600	456
Not mortgaged	177	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	17	160
Less than \$100	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$100 to \$199	113	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	100
\$200 to \$299	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	12	60
\$300 to \$399	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$400 to \$499	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$500 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars)	169	-	-	-	-	-	-	225	215	186
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$20,000	153	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	205
Less than 20 percent	37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	42
20 to 24 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47
25 to 29 percent	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
30 to 34 percent	38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19
35 percent or more	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	66
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
Median	32.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17.5	26.9
\$20,000 to \$34,999	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	15	123
Less than 20 percent	113	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	9	62
20 to 24 percent	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34
25 to 29 percent	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	16
30 to 34 percent	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
35 percent or more	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	16.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	12.5	10.0	19.9
\$35,000 to \$49,999	196	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	68
Less than 20 percent	166	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	58
20 to 24 percent	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
25 to 29 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	5
30 to 34 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	12.9	37.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	17.5	13.0
\$50,000 or more	113	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	40
Less than 20 percent	113	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	40
20 to 24 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
25 to 29 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	10.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.0	10.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units	565	1 264	-	-	-	-	-	70	1 080	387
GROSS RENT										
Less than \$100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	21
\$100 to \$199	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	94	32
\$200 to \$299	131	53	-	-	-	-	-	35	344	103
\$300 to \$399	202	379	-	-	-	-	-	14	308	95
\$400 to \$499	124	191	-	-	-	-	-	16	171	57
\$500 to \$599	66	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	90	40
\$600 to \$749	9	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	54	-
\$750 to \$999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
\$1,000 or more	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33
No cash rent	15	573	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	33
Median (dollars)	358	371	-	-	-	-	-	295	428	415
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$10,000	69	48	-	-	-	-	-	36	387	128
Less than 20 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-
35 percent or more	52	24	-	-	-	-	-	29	372	117
Not computed	5	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	11
Median	50.0+	50.0+	-	-	-	-	-	41.7	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	174	497	-	-	-	-	-	14	333	106
Less than 20 percent	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	7
20 to 24 percent	46	84	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	25
25 to 29 percent	28	76	-	-	-	-	-	14	55	15
30 to 34 percent	38	76	-	-	-	-	-	-	66	48
35 percent or more	36	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	174	11
Not computed	5	254	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.3
Median	28.1	27.5	-	-	-	-	-	27.5	36.1	98
\$20,000 to \$34,999	182	505	-	-	-	-	-	15	244	38
Less than 20 percent	122	189	-	-	-	-	-	7	91	25
20 to 24 percent	25	62	-	-	-	-	-	8	42	12
25 to 29 percent	16	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	-
30 to 34 percent	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	12
35 percent or more	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
Not computed	5	228	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21.1
Median	17.9	18.0	-	-	-	-	-	20.3	21.9	55
\$35,000 or more	140	214	-	-	-	-	-	5	116	50
Less than 20 percent	135	142	-	-	-	-	-	-	89	5
20 to 24 percent	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	-
25 to 29 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-
30 to 34 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed	-	67	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-
Median	12.2	12.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	14.2	12.1

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Urbana city, Champaign County—Con.							
	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 55 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 58	Tract 59	Tract 60 (pt.)	Tract 106.02 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	144	584	968	1 381	744	69	—	—
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS								
With a mortgage.....	81	318	715	833	459	18	—	—
Less than \$300.....	7	—	13	—	9	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399.....	7	34	84	16	—	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499.....	36	72	169	57	28	—	—	—
\$500 to \$599.....	15	94	124	77	33	6	—	—
\$600 to \$799.....	11	85	253	208	124	—	—	—
\$800 to \$999.....	—	25	34	201	99	6	—	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	—	8	26	240	101	—	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	5	—	12	26	50	6	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	—	8	15	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	479	552	547	849	835	975	—	—
Not mortgaged.....	63	266	253	548	285	51	—	—
Less than \$100.....	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	37	151	57	8	11	—	—	—
\$200 to \$299.....	21	97	151	182	129	6	—	—
\$300 to \$399.....	—	13	45	226	80	32	—	—
\$400 to \$499.....	—	—	—	123	43	6	—	—
\$500 or more.....	5	5	—	9	12	7	—	—
Median (dollars).....	183	192	237	340	294	361	—	—
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$20,000.....	57	164	255	117	80	11	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	22	48	12	17	30	6	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	7	32	5	—	11	5	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	7	17	14	10	9	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	26	55	38	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	21	41	151	52	20	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	18	—	10	—	—	—
Median.....	24.6	25.6	37.6	34.1	22.3	19.6	—	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	32	140	223	156	139	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	24	49	127	69	58	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	67	58	18	29	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	8	24	31	25	38	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	15	9	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	7	29	5	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	18.3	21.6	19.0	22.5	22.0	—	—	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	34	162	296	264	142	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	28	110	223	105	72	29	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	6	30	43	51	38	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	6	30	35	11	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	16	—	36	21	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	37	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	17.2	17.4	15.0	22.6	19.7	12.7	—	—
\$50,000 or more.....	21	118	194	844	383	29	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	16	112	178	725	311	23	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	6	7	80	50	6	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	5	—	9	23	22	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	10.0	11.7	12.2	10.1	13.0	10.0	—	—
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	959	606	1 019	1 206	835	981	784	—
GROSS RENT								
Less than \$100.....	6	9	12	82	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	41	45	48	70	18	5	—	—
\$200 to \$299.....	12	111	72	24	138	35	174	—
\$300 to \$399.....	190	207	167	332	159	444	566	—
\$400 to \$499.....	457	111	417	246	214	137	30	—
\$500 to \$599.....	192	74	216	247	85	163	6	—
\$600 to \$749.....	38	31	57	125	81	60	8	—
\$750 to \$999.....	15	4	16	47	92	100	—	—
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	26	41	29	—	—
No cash rent.....	8	14	14	7	7	8	—	—
Median (dollars).....	436	372	448	450	441	401	330	—
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$10,000.....	175	207	325	272	227	429	291	—
Less than 20 percent.....	—	9	6	20	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	13	72	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	19	27	33	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	17	29	15	19	18	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	142	121	230	102	209	379	180	—
Not computed.....	16	29	34	26	—	50	111	—
Median.....	50.0+	44.9	50.0+	29.7	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	—
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	281	207	314	295	284	328	322	—
Less than 20 percent.....	17	29	7	8	10	—	25	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	21	15	—	32	13	58	—
25 to 29 percent.....	53	22	60	78	52	60	132	—
30 to 34 percent.....	67	43	47	92	66	56	56	—
35 percent or more.....	136	92	171	117	117	199	51	—
Not computed.....	8	—	14	—	7	—	—	—
Median.....	35.0	33.7	36.8	33.3	33.4	38.2	28.0	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	395	174	283	403	175	176	104	—
Less than 20 percent.....	141	73	48	128	44	76	58	—
20 to 24 percent.....	177	51	140	126	23	48	42	—
25 to 29 percent.....	63	27	83	101	45	23	4	—
30 to 34 percent.....	10	13	12	37	12	10	—	—
35 percent or more.....	4	4	—	11	51	14	—	—
Not computed.....	—	6	—	—	—	5	—	—
Median.....	21.6	21.1	23.3	22.9	27.3	21.0	18.6	—
\$35,000 or more.....	108	18	97	236	149	48	67	—
Less than 20 percent.....	108	18	91	186	149	20	62	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	6	17	—	6	5	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	26	—	16	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	7	—	3	—	—
Median.....	14.4	16.5	16.3	13.3	15.5	22.1	11.7	—

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County								
	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	—	—	237	217	—	—	864	675	52
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS									
With a mortgage.....	—	—	139	184	—	—	650	562	39
Less than \$300.....	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	6
\$300 to \$399.....	—	—	25	8	—	—	—	—	7
\$400 to \$499.....	—	—	32	—	—	—	20	7	7
\$500 to \$599.....	—	—	17	41	—	—	11	45	7
\$600 to \$799.....	—	—	55	45	—	—	143	101	—
\$800 to \$999.....	—	—	4	68	—	—	99	101	13
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	—	—	—	22	—	—	227	208	6
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	85	78	—
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	65	22	—
Median (dollars).....	—	—	523	795	—	—	1 119	1 052	546
Not mortgaged.....	—	—	98	33	—	—	214	113	13
Less than \$100.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	—	—	45	17	—	—	—	10	—
\$200 to \$299.....	—	—	53	8	—	—	60	45	—
\$300 to \$399.....	—	—	—	8	—	—	90	42	6
\$400 to \$499.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	24	8	—
\$500 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	40	8	7
Median (dollars).....	—	—	204	199	—	—	356	303	500+
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$20,000.....	—	—	58	8	—	—	39	24	12
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	17	—	—	—	—	9	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	12	—	—	—	10	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	8	6
35 percent or more.....	—	—	24	8	—	—	29	7	6
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	—	—	27.5	50.0+	—	—	50.0+	31.9	42.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	—	—	89	63	—	—	64	48	14
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	57	8	—	—	31	6	7
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	19	—	—	—	—	7	7
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	13	15	—	—	14	13	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	5	—	—	6	14	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	35	—	—	13	8	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	—	—	15.5	36.3	—	—	25.4	29.2	20.0
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	—	—	52	76	—	—	131	150	12
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	26	55	—	—	62	52	6
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	22	14	—	—	34	31	6
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	4	7	—	—	9	17	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	9	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	41	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	—	—	20.0	17.8	—	—	20.5	23.7	17.5
\$50,000 or more.....	—	—	38	70	—	—	630	453	14
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	38	52	—	—	421	242	14
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	18	—	—	92	124	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	81	47	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	20	10	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	30	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	—	—	10.7	16.5	—	—	15.6	19.0	10.0-
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	—	12	179	215	—	—	247	141	488
GROSS RENT									
Less than \$100.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$200 to \$299.....	—	12	6	21	—	—	—	13	20
\$300 to \$399.....	—	—	59	65	—	—	27	14	246
\$400 to \$499.....	—	—	65	69	—	—	42	16	202
\$500 to \$599.....	—	—	9	33	—	—	115	44	20
\$600 to \$749.....	—	—	24	27	—	—	41	33	—
\$750 to \$999.....	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	22	21	—
No cash rent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	—	279	427	411	—	—	530	566	370
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$10,000.....	—	—	43	46	—	—	16	—	125
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	34	26	—	—	16	—	119
Not computed.....	—	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	6
Median.....	—	—	50.0+	50.0+	—	—	50.0+	—	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	—	5	54	93	—	—	23	46	172
Less than 20 percent.....	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	6	8	—	—	—	7	6
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	9	7	—	—	—	—	39
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	25	13	—	—	—	14	38
35 percent or more.....	—	—	14	65	—	—	23	19	89
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	—	17.5	32.4	39.4	—	—	50.0+	33.6	35.4
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	—	—	45	34	—	—	112	40	162
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	25	24	—	—	25	—	66
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	7	—	—	—	51	—	87
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	4	10	—	—	28	29	9
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	9	—	—	—	8	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	—	—	19.5	17.1	—	—	23.0	28.4	20.9
\$35,000 or more.....	—	7	37	42	—	—	96	55	29
Less than 20 percent.....	—	7	21	42	—	—	96	34	29
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	16	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	21	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	—	10.0-	18.2	13.6	—	—	15.9	18.6	12.5

Table 33. **Housing Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County—Con.							
	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 55 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 60 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.01 (pt.) Tract 102.02 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	9	512	515	158	94	18	5	-
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS								
With a mortgage	-	338	408	116	71	12	-	-
Less than \$300	-	18	32	9	-	-	-	-
\$300 to \$399	-	-	51	15	-	-	-	-
\$400 to \$499	-	34	65	8	-	-	-	-
\$500 to \$599	-	46	88	9	8	-	-	-
\$600 to \$799	-	130	64	38	-	-	-	-
\$800 to \$999	-	25	75	24	10	9	-	-
\$1,000 to \$1,499	-	64	26	13	17	-	-	-
\$1,500 to \$1,999	-	14	7	-	20	3	-	-
\$2,000 or more	-	7	-	-	16	-	-	-
Median (dollars)	-	720	564	659	1 512	833	-	-
Not mortgaged	9	174	107	42	23	6	5	-
Less than \$100	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$100 to \$199	-	11	37	8	-	-	5	-
\$200 to \$299	9	69	56	34	-	-	-	-
\$300 to \$399	-	53	14	-	-	6	-	-
\$400 to \$499	-	32	-	-	12	-	-	-
\$500 or more	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-
Median (dollars)	275	296	223	260	494	325	175	-
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$20,000	-	57	74	16	-	-	5	-
Less than 20 percent	-	24	18	8	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	-	-	15	-	-	-	5	-
25 to 29 percent	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	-	33	34	8	-	-	-	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	-	50.0+	27.9	32.5	-	-	22.5	-
\$20,000 to \$34,999	9	103	148	53	8	9	-	-
Less than 20 percent	9	74	60	37	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	-	12	36	7	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	-	12	21	9	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	-	-	31	-	8	-	-	-
35 percent or more	-	5	-	-	-	9	-	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	12.5	17.3	21.9	16.5	32.5	37.5	-	-
\$35,000 to \$49,999	-	103	93	54	-	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent	-	59	80	37	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	-	44	8	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	-	-	5	8	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	-	17.1	12.4	13.3	-	-	-	-
\$50,000 or more	-	249	200	35	86	9	-	-
Less than 20 percent	-	196	170	30	64	9	-	-
20 to 24 percent	-	32	13	-	13	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	-	6	17	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	-	8	-	5	9	-	-	-
35 percent or more	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	-	14.0	12.6	17.3	13.8	10.0	-	-
Specified renter-occupied housing units	35	441	208	57	6	12	31	8
GROSS RENT								
Less than \$100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$100 to \$199	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-
\$200 to \$299	11	46	20	-	-	-	-	-
\$300 to \$399	-	37	35	-	-	-	-	-
\$400 to \$499	-	162	45	11	-	-	27	-
\$500 to \$599	-	129	95	32	-	-	-	8
\$600 to \$749	-	43	9	7	-	7	-	-
\$750 to \$999	24	-	-	7	-	-	-	-
\$1,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No cash rent	-	24	-	-	6	5	4	-
Median (dollars)	818	477	500	538	-	625	435	525
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$10,000	15	42	28	7	-	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	15	42	24	7	-	-	-	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	50.0+	50.0+	39.2	50.0+	-	-	-	-
\$10,000 to \$19,999	15	62	67	11	6	-	26	-
Less than 20 percent	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	-	10	13	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	-	11	14	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	-	17	-	-	-	-	22	-
35 percent or more	15	15	40	11	-	-	-	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	6	-	4	-
Median	50.0+	30.3	36.4	37.5	-	-	32.5	-
\$20,000 to \$34,999	-	150	67	23	-	5	-	-
Less than 20 percent	-	66	42	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	-	21	6	13	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	-	44	-	10	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	-	-	19	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed	-	19	-	-	-	5	-	-
Median	-	20.0	18.3	24.4	-	-	-	-
\$35,000 or more	5	187	46	16	-	7	5	8
Less than 20 percent	5	182	37	16	-	7	5	8
20 to 24 percent	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	17.5	14.3	17.3	15.6	-	17.5	12.5	17.5

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Champaign County—Con.								
	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105	Tract 106.01	Tract 106.02 (pt.)	Tract 107	Tract 108	Tract 109
Specified owner-occupied housing units	—	—	911	812	1 173	1 017	1 434	1 020	1 720
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS									
With a mortgage	—	—	495	502	930	802	986	559	1 091
Less than \$300	—	—	32	43	5	9	27	22	30
\$300 to \$399	—	—	71	47	31	50	101	63	128
\$400 to \$499	—	—	50	59	71	71	155	104	144
\$500 to \$599	—	—	125	60	161	135	177	120	198
\$600 to \$799	—	—	141	140	301	260	303	139	325
\$800 to \$999	—	—	54	104	208	151	135	82	176
\$1,000 to \$1,499	—	—	22	21	143	64	75	23	88
\$1,500 to \$1,999	—	—	—	28	10	34	10	6	2
\$2,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	28	3	—	—
Median (dollars)	—	—	574	647	746	722	621	577	628
Not mortgaged	—	—	416	310	243	215	448	461	629
Less than \$100	—	—	13	9	4	—	8	5	9
\$100 to \$199	—	—	168	151	68	43	158	233	247
\$200 to \$299	—	—	160	109	116	113	208	190	260
\$300 to \$399	—	—	65	27	41	57	69	21	50
\$400 to \$499	—	—	10	12	12	2	5	8	54
\$500 or more	—	—	—	2	2	—	—	4	9
Median (dollars)	—	—	213	198	233	269	220	197	215
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$20,000	—	—	222	122	139	88	210	280	365
Less than 20 percent	—	—	89	44	39	18	64	112	81
20 to 24 percent	—	—	31	19	10	2	45	36	65
25 to 29 percent	—	—	23	10	17	2	22	28	61
30 to 34 percent	—	—	25	4	12	20	20	23	31
35 percent or more	—	—	54	45	56	44	57	79	127
Not computed	—	—	—	—	5	2	2	2	—
Median	—	—	23.5	24.5	30.4	42.5	24.4	23.8	28.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999	—	—	224	214	243	202	331	294	474
Less than 20 percent	—	—	116	142	106	77	177	190	254
20 to 24 percent	—	—	57	21	45	15	51	41	99
25 to 29 percent	—	—	27	30	48	56	48	42	61
30 to 34 percent	—	—	16	9	25	25	33	19	35
35 percent or more	—	—	8	12	19	29	22	2	25
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	—	—	19.1	13.3	21.7	25.8	18.7	16.2	18.9
\$35,000 to \$49,999	—	—	237	249	298	327	481	237	448
Less than 20 percent	—	—	183	153	144	227	335	165	293
20 to 24 percent	—	—	29	68	69	60	102	47	109
25 to 29 percent	—	—	25	19	62	27	13	19	27
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	9	19	10	26	6	19
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	4	3	5	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	—	—	14.4	17.1	20.4	17.4	16.5	14.7	17.1
\$50,000 or more	—	—	228	227	493	400	412	209	433
Less than 20 percent	—	—	223	168	373	289	362	182	343
20 to 24 percent	—	—	5	41	102	57	42	21	85
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	2	14	15	8	6	3
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	4	22	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	16	—	17	—	—	2
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	—	—	10.0	12.7	15.3	14.4	12.1	11.8	14.1
Specified renter-occupied housing units	—	—	443	279	245	507	318	321	595
GROSS RENT									
Less than \$100	—	—	3	1	3	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199	—	—	12	8	10	10	7	13	17
\$200 to \$299	—	—	108	84	14	62	29	69	73
\$300 to \$399	—	—	183	66	38	144	147	86	187
\$400 to \$499	—	—	54	38	70	201	49	59	131
\$500 to \$599	—	—	45	25	41	38	36	24	72
\$600 to \$749	—	—	4	23	59	3	13	9	31
\$750 to \$999	—	—	1	—	4	15	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	—	13
No cash rent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	—	—	33	34	6	32	35	61	71
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$10,000	—	—	71	43	41	121	39	32	78
Less than 20 percent	—	—	1	1	5	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	2	1	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	8	3	4	—	2	—	2
30 to 34 percent	—	—	7	2	4	—	—	5	—
35 percent or more	—	—	48	24	28	121	28	22	60
Not computed	—	—	5	12	—	—	9	5	16
Median	—	—	50.0+	39.7	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	46.4	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	—	—	157	93	33	85	78	68	198
Less than 20 percent	—	—	25	23	2	—	2	12	23
20 to 24 percent	—	—	39	29	7	24	10	16	66
25 to 29 percent	—	—	31	8	5	20	27	19	2
30 to 34 percent	—	—	41	4	7	24	7	5	20
35 percent or more	—	—	20	20	12	9	31	5	73
Not computed	—	—	1	9	—	8	1	11	14
Median	—	—	27.3	23.3	31.8	28.6	29.9	25.1	30.2
\$20,000 to \$34,999	—	—	149	80	99	155	126	135	244
Less than 20 percent	—	—	111	53	35	64	93	65	123
20 to 24 percent	—	—	25	2	22	58	16	30	33
25 to 29 percent	—	—	4	12	19	24	7	10	23
30 to 34 percent	—	—	3	—	6	—	3	2	31
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	14	2	—	—	13
Not computed	—	—	6	13	3	7	7	28	21
Median	—	—	16.8	16.1	23.0	20.9	17.4	18.5	19.1
\$35,000 or more	—	—	66	63	72	146	75	86	75
Less than 20 percent	—	—	42	61	65	127	55	69	55
20 to 24 percent	—	—	3	—	4	—	2	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	21	2	3	17	18	17	20
Median	—	—	13.0	11.7	15.4	12.1	12.5	10.3	13.2

Table 34. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Champaign County				
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9
Occupied housing units	55 866	55 866	20 152	4 679	10 659	2 194	1 554	914	481	2 285
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to March 1990	774	774	189	26	160	68	18	6	—	28
1985 to 1988	4 698	4 698	1 771	166	996	442	278	34	—	298
1980 to 1984	4 923	4 923	1 847	275	886	441	296	10	—	343
1970 to 1979	13 244	13 244	3 796	861	2 084	450	281	116	165	449
1960 to 1969	11 071	11 071	4 081	1 165	2 111	471	227	176	209	627
1950 to 1959	8 512	8 512	3 725	1 410	1 594	137	264	196	50	381
1940 to 1949	3 640	3 640	1 600	523	769	36	17	235	45	97
1939 or earlier	9 004	9 004	3 143	253	2 059	149	173	141	12	62
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom	1 091	1 091	834	23	178	389	272	27	—	8
1 bedroom	6 877	6 877	3 334	377	2 303	693	400	61	40	359
2 bedrooms	16 579	16 579	5 905	1 350	3 702	548	406	419	157	737
3 bedrooms	21 976	21 976	6 950	2 340	2 930	400	173	348	252	1 081
4 bedrooms	7 667	7 667	2 566	525	1 207	94	247	52	28	79
5 or more bedrooms	1 676	1 676	563	64	339	70	56	7	4	21
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen facilities	55 783	55 783	20 109	4 679	10 635	2 180	1 554	914	474	2 285
Source of water, public system or private company	50 359	50 359	20 143	4 674	10 659	2 194	1 554	914	471	2 232
Sewage disposal, public sewer	46 542	46 542	19 963	4 625	10 597	2 194	1 554	909	373	2 155
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	143	143	30	13	31	—	—	6	7	—
Owner-occupied housing units	97	97	13	8	9	—	—	—	7	—
Renter-occupied housing units	46	46	17	5	22	—	—	6	—	—
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gas	41 718	41 718	15 532	4 233	7 609	701	707	807	406	1 813
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	2 739	2 739	153	13	49	67	—	—	21	32
Electricity	9 876	9 876	4 161	379	2 881	1 363	804	92	41	429
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	930	930	95	24	57	19	—	8	6	11
All other fuels	517	517	157	23	38	22	43	7	7	—
No fuel used	86	86	54	7	25	22	—	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None	4 192	4 192	2 201	234	1 176	596	433	81	32	152
1	21 743	21 743	8 783	1 868	5 417	1 063	633	494	192	1 017
2	22 361	22 361	7 180	1 998	3 222	375	348	290	204	882
3 or more	7 570	7 570	1 988	579	844	160	140	49	53	234
Vehicles per household	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.6	1.6
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units	32 487	32 487	10 125	2 170	4 652	41	15	639	261	1 284
1989 to March 1990	2 957	2 957	939	182	345	—	—	34	13	146
1985 to 1988	9 336	9 336	3 206	580	1 110	23	7	202	44	434
1980 to 1984	5 073	5 073	1 428	378	766	—	—	64	19	182
1970 to 1979	7 890	7 890	2 220	503	1 083	10	8	115	89	217
1969 or earlier	7 231	7 231	2 332	527	1 348	8	—	224	96	305
Renter-occupied housing units	23 379	23 379	10 027	2 509	6 007	2 153	1 539	275	220	1 001
1989 to March 1990	12 393	12 393	6 100	1 146	3 050	1 607	1 395	104	116	525
1985 to 1988	7 707	7 707	2 894	1 000	2 103	462	138	93	104	387
1980 to 1984	1 934	1 934	575	295	562	38	6	53	—	82
1970 to 1979	927	927	364	54	244	25	—	14	—	7
1969 or earlier	418	418	94	14	48	21	—	11	—	—
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit	1 590	1 590	504	224	258	97	42	64	31	45
Householder 65 years and over	9 179	9 179	3 021	577	2 099	50	8	201	93	332
Owner-occupied housing units	7 367	7 367	2 376	460	1 430	8	8	185	93	269
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	46	46	12	—	8	—	—	6	—	—
No telephone in unit	131	131	59	—	24	—	—	12	—	22
No vehicle available	1 498	1 498	545	64	537	30	8	23	11	50
Complete plumbing facilities	55 723	55 723	20 122	4 666	10 628	2 194	1 554	908	474	2 285
1.00 or less persons per room	54 971	54 971	19 845	4 577	10 499	2 142	1 506	896	470	2 262
1.01 or more persons per room	752	752	277	89	129	52	48	12	4	23
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	143	143	30	13	31	—	—	6	7	—
1.00 or less persons per room	143	143	30	13	31	—	—	6	7	—
1.01 or more persons per room	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	44 973	44 973	48 063	37 350	47 954	30 402	29 060	26 932	31 789	37 680
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	21 413	21 413	18 920	25 134	20 197	11 029	9 919	17 021	21 656	23 128
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	7 385	7 385	3 865	324	1 782	1 356	1 155	101	47	224
Owner-occupied housing units	1 389	1 389	356	89	228	8	—	46	8	37
Renter-occupied housing units	5 996	5 996	3 509	235	1 554	1 348	1 155	55	39	187

Table 34. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Champaign County—Con.								
	Tract 10	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 53	Tract 54	Tract 55	Tract 56
Occupied housing units	1 990	2 264	2 888	3 200	499	486	3 035	2 115	2 024
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990	9	16	115	28	—	5	86	8	—
1985 to 1988	—	35	516	462	6	32	694	129	88
1980 to 1984	121	100	358	479	29	4	512	154	204
1970 to 1979	169	871	1 139	941	338	101	836	213	490
1960 to 1969	242	846	476	695	116	112	514	610	521
1950 to 1959	358	363	203	541	—	110	211	238	550
1940 to 1949	309	23	25	41	—	31	90	262	133
1939 or earlier	782	10	56	13	10	91	92	501	38
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom	10	8	—	7	—	—	9	68	—
1 bedroom	397	206	85	78	50	79	476	289	237
2 bedrooms	718	473	465	1 021	342	219	1 468	778	621
3 bedrooms	653	1 114	1 520	1 157	88	104	884	689	1 008
4 bedrooms	180	373	702	717	12	72	171	254	158
5 or more bedrooms	32	90	116	220	7	12	27	37	—
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities	1 982	2 264	2 888	3 200	499	474	3 035	2 105	2 024
Source of water, public system or private company	1 990	2 264	2 837	3 193	499	486	2 909	2 077	1 990
Sewage disposal, public sewer	1 974	2 197	2 732	3 165	499	474	2 688	1 974	1 963
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	8	—
Owner-occupied housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	8	—
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas	1 694	1 852	2 572	2 819	450	363	2 133	1 900	1 689
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	15	—	27	21	—	—	23	12	26
Electricity	178	407	281	326	49	110	854	176	302
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	37	5	—	12	—	8	10	13	7
All other fuels	34	—	8	—	—	5	15	5	—
No fuel used	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None	172	128	11	53	—	76	103	218	175
1	875	813	785	1 206	329	224	1 431	909	969
2	746	1 019	1 685	1 546	160	129	1 191	710	653
3 or more	197	304	407	395	10	57	310	278	227
Vehicles per household	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.5
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units	1 112	1 289	2 477	2 440	90	246	1 830	1 376	1 149
1989 to March 1990	105	82	383	236	14	6	281	114	85
1985 to 1988	288	388	957	952	38	61	719	371	256
1980 to 1984	132	236	427	416	19	53	304	209	207
1970 to 1979	218	352	520	575	12	36	345	262	329
1969 or earlier	369	231	190	261	7	90	181	420	272
Renter-occupied housing units	878	975	411	760	409	240	1 205	739	875
1989 to March 1990	369	448	190	441	179	97	609	308	441
1985 to 1988	329	333	179	251	179	117	490	291	262
1980 to 1984	131	131	31	24	46	26	88	106	116
1970 to 1979	49	63	11	34	5	—	9	24	38
1969 or earlier	—	—	—	10	—	—	9	10	18
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit	44	27	21	13	6	59	79	132	47
Householder 65 years and over	427	284	327	585	6	100	312	349	389
Owner-occupied housing units	349	125	317	489	—	83	257	260	236
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
No telephone in unit	—	9	—	—	—	8	7	16	—
No vehicle available	65	72	—	33	—	13	18	127	126
Complete plumbing facilities	1 990	2 264	2 877	3 200	499	486	3 024	2 107	2 024
1.00 or less persons per room	1 981	2 252	2 853	3 174	470	467	2 984	2 107	2 002
1.01 or more persons per room	9	12	24	26	29	19	40	—	22
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	11	—	—	—	11	8	—
1.00 or less persons per room	—	—	11	—	—	—	11	8	—
1.01 or more persons per room	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	42 807	36 377	57 598	65 576	47 415	20 487	33 588	33 878	37 410
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	21 260	27 247	35 661	39 487	16 960	22 979	25 963	18 564	18 635
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	242	103	108	117	126	133	325	123	249
Owner-occupied housing units	56	36	71	78	—	52	191	49	46
Renter-occupied housing units	186	67	37	39	126	81	134	74	203

Table 34. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts /BNA's in Champaign County—Con.					Champaign city, Champaign County			
	Tract 57	Tract 60	Tract 101	Tract 102.03	Tract 103	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 6	Tract 7 (pt.)
Occupied housing units	2 640	287	1 783	1 264	1 148	2 194	1 554	1 639	914
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990	26	—	—	—	26	68	18	—	6
1985 to 1988	150	—	35	39	43	442	278	17	34
1980 to 1984	290	—	89	58	77	441	296	35	10
1970 to 1979	957	65	516	175	64	450	281	99	116
1960 to 1969	747	89	460	326	315	471	227	218	176
1950 to 1959	418	104	445	389	444	137	264	267	196
1940 to 1949	36	24	159	217	109	36	17	232	235
1939 or earlier	16	5	79	60	70	149	173	771	141
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom	12	18	10	6	—	389	272	66	27
1 bedroom	412	84	218	100	18	693	400	601	61
2 bedrooms	701	138	422	495	331	548	406	590	419
3 bedrooms	894	37	941	553	586	400	173	244	348
4 bedrooms	455	10	173	110	182	94	247	123	52
5 or more bedrooms	166	—	19	—	31	70	56	15	7
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities	2 640	287	1 783	1 264	1 148	2 180	1 554	1 625	914
Source of water, public system or private company	2 615	287	1 772	1 264	1 143	2 194	1 554	1 639	914
Sewage disposal, public sewer	2 596	264	1 751	1 258	1 128	2 194	1 554	1 630	909
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	7	—	13	—	—	—	—	6
Owner-occupied housing units	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	—	7	—	5	—	—	—	—	6
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas	1 932	258	1 620	1 202	952	701	707	1 454	807
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	35	—	19	—	5	67	—	17	—
Electricity	660	29	112	62	177	1 363	804	157	92
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9	—	16	—	—	19	—	—	8
All other fuels	4	—	16	—	7	22	43	11	7
No fuel used	—	—	—	—	7	22	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None	223	20	93	109	12	596	433	256	81
1	1 120	223	797	492	424	1 063	633	963	494
2	1 046	39	719	494	599	375	348	359	290
3 or more	251	5	174	169	113	160	140	61	49
Vehicles per household	1.5	1.1	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units	1 586	18	945	807	84	41	15	470	639
1989 to March 1990	107	12	76	59	36	—	—	59	34
1985 to 1988	414	—	232	210	41	23	7	171	202
1980 to 1984	235	—	180	134	7	—	—	38	64
1970 to 1979	436	—	195	208	—	10	8	134	115
1969 or earlier	394	6	262	194	—	8	—	68	224
Renter-occupied housing units	1 054	269	838	457	1 064	2 153	1 539	1 169	275
1989 to March 1990	392	113	350	251	474	1 607	1 395	681	104
1985 to 1988	379	129	290	139	540	462	138	318	93
1980 to 1984	138	27	165	52	50	38	6	54	53
1970 to 1979	119	—	26	15	—	25	—	94	14
1969 or earlier	26	—	7	—	—	21	—	22	11
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit	—	—	83	101	19	97	42	64	64
Householder 65 years and over	888	—	364	156	—	50	8	240	201
Owner-occupied housing units	548	—	273	143	—	8	8	130	185
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
No telephone in unit	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	12
No vehicle available	206	—	36	33	—	30	8	99	23
Complete plumbing facilities	2 640	280	1 783	1 251	1 148	2 194	1 554	1 639	908
1.00 or less persons per room	2 632	232	1 760	1 210	1 123	2 142	1 506	1 617	896
1.01 or more persons per room	8	48	23	41	25	52	48	22	12
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	7	—	13	—	—	—	—	6
1.00 or less persons per room	—	7	—	13	—	—	—	—	6
1.01 or more persons per room	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median household income in 1989:									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	67 489	70 292	39 554	31 805	27 313	30 402	29 060	51 377	26 932
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	26 393	22 710	23 409	26 524	25 790	11 029	9 919	18 119	17 021
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	187	77	181	93	37	1 356	1 155	214	101
Owner-occupied housing units	39	—	31	58	—	—	—	25	46
Renter-occupied housing units	148	77	150	35	37	1 348	1 155	189	55

Table 34. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.**

(Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County—Con.						Rantoul village, Champaign County		
	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)
Occupied housing units	1 854	1 990	2 264	1 622	2 364	—	1 741	1 264	1 148
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990	28	9	16	14	21	—	—	—	26
1985 to 1988	277	—	35	297	335	—	35	39	43
1980 to 1984	248	121	100	179	344	—	89	58	77
1970 to 1979	337	169	871	588	590	—	505	175	64
1960 to 1969	537	242	846	345	520	—	429	326	315
1950 to 1959	316	358	363	182	520	—	445	389	444
1940 to 1949	86	309	23	17	29	—	159	217	109
1939 or earlier	25	782	10	—	5	—	79	60	70
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom	—	10	8	—	—	—	10	6	—
1 bedroom	252	397	206	23	55	—	192	100	18
2 bedrooms	647	718	473	164	847	—	417	495	331
3 bedrooms	868	653	1 114	1 104	776	—	930	553	586
4 bedrooms	66	180	373	316	521	—	173	110	182
5 or more bedrooms	21	32	90	15	165	—	19	—	31
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities	1 854	1 982	2 264	1 622	2 364	—	1 741	1 264	1 148
Source of water, public system or private company	1 845	1 990	2 264	1 622	2 364	—	1 741	1 264	1 143
Sewage disposal, public sewer	1 784	1 974	2 197	1 622	2 352	—	1 720	1 258	1 128
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—
Owner-occupied housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
Renter-occupied housing units	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	5	—
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas	1 444	1 694	1 852	1 510	2 060	—	1 589	1 202	952
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	19	15	—	—	21	—	8	—	5
Electricity	391	178	407	104	261	—	112	62	177
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	—	37	5	—	—	—	16	—	—
All other fuels	—	34	—	8	22	—	16	—	7
No fuel used	—	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None	136	172	128	—	46	—	84	109	12
1	805	875	813	491	955	—	770	492	424
2	723	746	1 019	899	1 068	—	713	494	599
3 or more	190	197	304	232	295	—	174	169	113
Vehicles per household	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.7	—	1.6	1.6	1.7
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units	1 055	1 112	1 289	1 440	1 745	—	934	807	84
1989 to March 1990	123	105	82	195	186	—	76	59	36
1985 to 1988	345	288	388	580	702	—	232	210	41
1980 to 1984	133	132	236	242	242	—	180	136	7
1970 to 1979	173	218	352	297	410	—	184	208	—
1969 or earlier	281	369	231	126	205	—	262	194	—
Renter-occupied housing units	799	878	975	182	619	—	807	457	1 064
1989 to March 1990	450	369	448	85	331	—	328	251	474
1985 to 1988	301	329	333	66	227	—	281	139	540
1980 to 1984	41	131	131	31	17	—	165	52	50
1970 to 1979	7	49	63	—	34	—	26	15	—
1969 or earlier	—	—	—	—	10	—	7	—	—
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit	24	44	27	9	13	—	83	101	19
Householder 65 years and over	269	427	284	148	446	—	353	156	—
Owner-occupied housing units	236	349	125	138	385	—	262	143	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit	9	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available	42	65	72	—	26	—	31	33	—
Complete plumbing facilities	1 854	1 990	2 264	1 611	2 364	—	1 741	1 251	1 148
1.00 or less persons per room	1 831	1 981	2 252	1 594	2 338	—	1 718	1 210	1 123
1.01 or more persons per room	23	9	12	17	26	—	23	41	25
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	13	—
1.00 or less persons per room	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	13	—
1.01 or more persons per room	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	37 408	42 807	36 377	44 024	67 637	—	39 035	31 805	27 313
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	24 320	21 260	27 247	37 131	41 864	—	23 544	26 524	25 790
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	186	242	103	55	117	—	176	93	37
Owner-occupied housing units	37	56	36	34	78	—	31	58	—
Renter-occupied housing units	149	186	67	21	39	—	145	35	37

Table 34. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Urbana city, Champaign County							Remainder of Cham- paign County
	Tract 52	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 59	Tract 60 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)
Occupied housing units	885	446	1 027	1 831	2 527	749	257	342
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT								
1989 to March 1990	—	—	42	—	26	48	—	—
1985 to 1988	133	6	359	77	146	175	—	—
1980 to 1984	107	4	32	189	247	73	—	—
1970 to 1979	200	101	196	422	904	53	58	77
1960 to 1969	144	112	200	449	747	111	66	158
1950 to 1959	26	110	85	528	411	118	104	50
1940 to 1949	30	31	41	133	36	45	24	45
1939 or earlier	245	82	72	33	10	126	5	12
BEDROOMS								
No bedroom	26	—	9	—	12	30	18	—
1 bedroom	309	79	405	237	412	248	84	33
2 bedrooms	354	219	432	596	693	259	132	74
3 bedrooms	113	93	134	855	866	107	23	210
4 bedrooms	48	43	29	143	392	77	—	21
5 or more bedrooms	35	12	18	—	152	28	—	4
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS								
Complete kitchen facilities	885	434	1 027	1 831	2 527	749	257	342
Source of water, public system or private company	885	446	1 027	1 831	2 527	749	257	332
Sewage disposal, public sewer	885	443	1 021	1 804	2 519	749	257	234
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	7	—	—	—	—	—	7	—
Owner-occupied housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	7	—	—	—	—	—	7	—
HOUSE HEATING FUEL								
Utility gas	456	354	405	1 530	1 848	348	228	300
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	—	—	—	6	16	—	—	14
Electricity	425	79	622	295	654	381	29	22
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	4	8	—	—	9	—	—	6
All other fuels	—	5	—	—	—	20	—	—
No fuel used	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE								
None	167	76	58	175	223	131	20	32
1	449	213	602	906	1 084	427	212	117
2	208	120	314	557	993	148	20	147
3 or more	61	37	53	193	227	43	5	46
ehicles per household	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.2	1.0	1.7
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT								
Owner-occupied housing units	62	237	223	997	1 479	69	—	232
1989 to March 1990	—	6	24	85	94	—	—	13
1985 to 1988	8	61	46	199	407	6	—	44
1980 to 1984	7	53	22	193	192	18	—	19
1970 to 1979	13	36	41	300	392	—	—	60
1969 or earlier	34	81	90	220	394	45	—	96
Renter-occupied housing units	823	209	804	834	1 048	680	257	110
1989 to March 1990	556	66	390	424	392	440	113	71
1985 to 1988	207	117	351	251	379	193	117	39
1980 to 1984	38	26	54	103	138	40	27	—
1970 to 1979	22	—	9	38	119	7	—	—
1969 or earlier	—	—	—	18	20	—	—	—
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS								
No telephone in unit	24	59	30	47	—	—	—	20
Householder 65 years and over	36	100	102	358	862	58	—	93
Owner-occupied housing units	29	83	73	205	528	52	—	93
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available	11	13	18	126	206	6	—	11
Complete plumbing facilities	878	446	1 027	1 831	2 527	749	250	342
1.00 or less persons per room	861	427	1 027	1 818	2 519	735	202	342
1.01 or more persons per room	17	19	—	13	8	14	48	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	7	—	—	—	—	—	7	—
1.00 or less persons per room	7	—	—	—	—	—	7	—
1.01 or more persons per room	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	45 978	20 068	26 413	37 666	63 878	69 429	—	28 731
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	17 362	23 478	22 143	18 094	26 460	15 635	22 161	16 942
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	297	112	133	224	187	314	77	42
Owner-occupied housing units	—	52	39	32	—	—	—	8
Renter-occupied housing units	297	60	94	192	148	314	77	34

Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County				
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	25 917	25 917	9 100	1 724	3 935	27	15	452	222	1 106
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS										
With a mortgage.....	17 574	17 574	6 413	1 100	2 401	9	7	224	124	776
Less than \$300.....	526	526	194	93	20	—	—	24	6	18
\$300 to \$399.....	1 452	1 452	572	117	167	—	—	35	25	111
\$400 to \$499.....	2 159	2 159	770	200	374	9	—	65	27	126
\$500 to \$599.....	2 827	2 827	1 018	223	349	—	—	56	29	139
\$600 to \$799.....	4 736	4 736	1 723	213	679	—	7	36	33	223
\$800 to \$999.....	2 738	2 738	977	119	355	—	—	—	4	118
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	2 215	2 215	805	112	331	—	—	8	—	41
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	655	655	232	23	103	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	266	266	122	—	23	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	671	671	665	568	671	475	675	474	507	595
Not mortgaged.....	8 343	8 343	2 687	624	1 534	18	8	228	98	330
Less than \$100.....	90	90	6	17	10	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	2 496	2 496	780	227	307	—	8	143	45	181
\$200 to \$299.....	3 546	3 546	1 161	300	627	8	—	80	53	125
\$300 to \$399.....	1 465	1 465	467	71	388	10	—	5	—	24
\$400 to \$499.....	500	500	157	—	164	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more.....	246	246	116	9	38	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	238	238	240	219	269	355	175	184	204	194
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$20,000.....	4 273	4 273	1 611	261	705	9	7	168	55	236
Less than 20 percent.....	1 156	1 156	399	77	157	—	—	65	17	66
20 to 24 percent.....	507	507	202	—	65	—	—	25	12	29
25 to 29 percent.....	431	431	170	34	57	9	—	8	—	17
30 to 34 percent.....	475	475	138	59	124	—	—	10	5	34
35 percent or more.....	1 606	1 606	649	91	268	—	7	60	21	75
Not computed.....	98	98	53	—	34	—	—	—	—	15
Median.....	29.9	29.9	30.3	31.7	32.3	27.5	45.0	23.8	24.4	29.6
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	5 807	5 807	2 050	467	741	18	—	126	94	260
Less than 20 percent.....	2 993	2 993	1 013	264	365	18	—	88	64	133
20 to 24 percent.....	1 009	1 009	317	108	172	—	—	22	17	32
25 to 29 percent.....	919	919	343	32	135	—	—	16	13	42
30 to 34 percent.....	482	482	207	43	28	—	—	—	—	19
35 percent or more.....	404	404	170	20	41	—	—	—	—	34
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	19.5	19.5	20.2	16.2	20.2	15.5	—	12.9	16.0	19.4
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	6 816	6 816	2 394	607	954	—	8	92	37	289
Less than 20 percent.....	4 390	4 390	1 528	425	601	—	8	92	33	193
20 to 24 percent.....	1 356	1 356	469	113	173	—	—	—	—	49
25 to 29 percent.....	625	625	261	38	90	—	—	—	4	38
30 to 34 percent.....	312	312	98	17	73	—	—	—	—	9
35 percent or more.....	133	133	38	14	17	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	16.9	16.9	17.1	14.0	17.0	—	10.0	12.1	14.6	17.2
\$50,000 or more.....	9 021	9 021	3 045	389	1 535	—	—	66	36	321
Less than 20 percent.....	7 242	7 242	2 470	347	1 334	—	—	66	36	296
20 to 24 percent.....	1 156	1 156	369	27	133	—	—	—	—	25
25 to 29 percent.....	383	383	143	—	52	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	124	124	28	10	8	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	116	116	35	5	8	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	13.1	13.1	13.4	10.0	10.9	—	—	10.0	12.0	11.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	22 901	22 901	10 009	2 479	5 983	2 153	1 539	275	220	1 001
GROSS RENT										
Less than \$100.....	148	148	50	10	81	19	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	744	744	359	86	209	48	22	8	9	7
\$200 to \$299.....	2 800	2 800	1 340	451	482	398	295	85	6	72
\$300 to \$399.....	6 163	6 163	2 473	776	1 666	480	334	65	62	231
\$400 to \$499.....	5 473	5 473	2 269	371	1 657	375	65	55	103	394
\$500 to \$599.....	3 262	3 262	1 474	127	993	245	279	43	27	118
\$600 to \$749.....	1 830	1 830	997	83	437	219	163	13	13	163
\$750 to \$999.....	1 091	1 091	707	28	316	306	238	—	—	11
\$1,000 or more.....	411	411	260	4	87	56	143	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	979	979	80	543	55	7	—	6	—	5
Median (dollars).....	418	418	427	354	430	422	513	361	449	429
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$10,000.....	6 167	6 167	3 590	238	1 666	1 268	916	60	32	207
Less than 20 percent.....	64	64	21	10	26	14	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	168	168	77	14	74	21	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	214	214	107	—	79	4	5	6	9	7
30 to 34 percent.....	191	191	67	6	88	5	12	5	—	8
35 percent or more.....	5 196	5 196	3 152	182	1 322	1 149	870	43	23	169
Not computed.....	334	334	166	26	77	75	29	6	—	23
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	46.9	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	47.3	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	6 854	6 854	2 892	906	1 863	570	462	136	77	344
Less than 20 percent.....	396	396	147	79	68	20	28	9	—	9
20 to 24 percent.....	808	808	266	115	64	6	6	21	—	31
25 to 29 percent.....	1 240	1 240	534	215	380	72	35	34	13	28
30 to 34 percent.....	1 285	1 285	539	140	379	75	44	12	36	135
35 percent or more.....	2 793	2 793	1 394	85	892	339	349	60	28	141
Not computed.....	332	332	12	27	29	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	33.2	33.2	34.6	26.3	34.7	39.0	50.0+	31.7	33.5	33.9
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	6 289	6 289	2 187	882	1 658	250	135	67	76	223
Less than 20 percent.....	2 497	2 497	748	440	536	54	45	45	40	60
20 to 24 percent.....	1 733	1 733	700	124	560	46	6	17	24	94
25 to 29 percent.....	953	953	324	53	357	28	5	5	12	58
30 to 34 percent.....	380	380	186	27	95	37	6	—	—	6
35 percent or more.....	368	368	207	22	99	85	73	—	—	—
Not computed.....	358	358	22	216	11	—	—	—	—	5
Median.....	21.4	21.4	22.4	18.0	22.6	29.5	40.7	18.1	19.7	22.6
\$35,000 or more.....	3 591	3 591	1 340	453	796	65	26	12	35	227
Less than 20 percent.....	3 030	3 030	1 097	379	695	31	12	12	26	204
20 to 24 percent.....	256	256	180	10	39	27	6	—	9	23
25 to 29 percent.....	83	83	31	—	52	7	8	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	30	30	7	—	7	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	3	3	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	189	189	25	64	7	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	14.1	14.1	15.3	11.9	14.4	20.3	20.8	10.7	15.7	13.4

Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.								
	Tract 10	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 53	Tract 54	Tract 55	Tract 56
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	999	1 210	2 186	2 207	52	143	656	1 058	1 085
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS									
With a mortgage.....	628	1 060	1 790	1 756	39	53	419	694	811
Less than \$300.....	37	58	18	15	—	—	25	32	22
\$300 to \$399.....	55	146	60	58	6	10	7	85	99
\$400 to \$499.....	104	141	132	66	7	12	70	137	177
\$500 to \$599.....	111	223	108	144	7	—	61	182	133
\$600 to \$799.....	182	351	488	313	—	28	141	140	271
\$800 to \$999.....	82	105	461	271	13	3	25	77	58
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	40	36	364	536	6	—	64	34	39
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	8	—	94	238	—	—	19	7	12
\$2,000 or more.....	9	—	65	115	—	—	7	—	—
Median (dollars).....	605	585	842	1 008	546	645	700	549	564
Not mortgaged.....	371	150	396	451	13	90	237	364	274
Less than \$100.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	131	44	44	34	—	47	48	188	56
\$200 to \$299.....	186	75	200	152	—	43	90	144	173
\$300 to \$399.....	41	31	88	186	6	—	53	27	45
\$400 to \$499.....	6	—	24	51	—	—	32	—	—
\$500 or more.....	7	—	40	28	7	—	5	5	—
Median (dollars).....	230	225	279	320	500+	197	263	198	240
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$20,000.....	224	202	197	231	12	51	114	228	253
Less than 20 percent.....	71	28	40	43	—	17	46	66	20
20 to 24 percent.....	26	36	35	—	—	5	7	47	5
25 to 29 percent.....	22	10	7	27	—	—	7	24	14
30 to 34 percent.....	7	16	9	31	6	5	—	26	55
35 percent or more.....	98	105	98	107	6	9	54	65	150
Not computed.....	—	7	8	23	—	15	—	—	9
Median.....	28.4	35.8	36.1	35.6	42.5	21.0	27.9	25.2	37.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	294	353	354	268	14	47	135	286	276
Less than 20 percent.....	173	167	65	101	7	34	98	109	164
20 to 24 percent.....	25	67	71	25	7	—	12	103	65
25 to 29 percent.....	36	50	92	62	—	9	20	45	40
30 to 34 percent.....	39	53	74	33	—	4	—	9	—
35 percent or more.....	21	16	52	47	—	—	5	—	7
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	17.0	20.7	27.2	25.6	20.0	17.2	17.7	21.2	18.6
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	262	449	516	405	12	41	137	255	338
Less than 20 percent.....	168	316	202	200	6	31	87	190	248
20 to 24 percent.....	73	90	141	67	6	5	50	38	43
25 to 29 percent.....	10	34	89	72	—	5	—	6	39
30 to 34 percent.....	11	9	57	16	—	—	—	21	8
35 percent or more.....	—	—	27	50	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	14.1	17.7	27.2	20.2	17.5	10.0	17.2	15.6	15.2
\$50,000 or more.....	219	206	1 119	1 303	14	4	270	309	218
Less than 20 percent.....	210	200	777	812	14	4	212	273	197
20 to 24 percent.....	—	6	201	275	—	—	32	19	7
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	100	140	—	—	11	17	9
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	25	33	—	—	8	—	5
35 percent or more.....	9	—	16	43	—	—	7	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	10.0	13.8	16.1	17.2	10.0	10.0	14.0	12.4	12.9
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	849	975	395	760	409	240	1 190	732	862
GROSS RENT									
Less than \$100.....	9	12	—	—	—	—	6	—	12
\$100 to \$199.....	46	80	—	—	—	21	7	49	48
\$200 to \$299.....	59	56	—	19	15	18	52	124	72
\$300 to \$399.....	423	72	36	69	194	73	199	221	95
\$400 to \$499.....	213	288	79	241	180	48	547	128	357
\$500 to \$599.....	41	247	143	234	20	41	261	152	202
\$600 to \$749.....	32	150	107	107	—	13	71	40	46
\$750 to \$999.....	16	60	—	39	—	20	15	4	16
\$1,000 or more.....	16	—	22	40	—	6	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	14	10	8	11	—	—	32	14	14
Median (dollars).....	381	491	553	520	390	431	455	385	455
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$10,000.....	197	161	36	59	103	78	156	187	245
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
20 to 24 percent.....	9	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	13
25 to 29 percent.....	36	31	—	—	—	—	—	19	27
30 to 34 percent.....	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	33	15
35 percent or more.....	141	85	28	59	97	78	150	127	184
Not computed.....	11	—	8	—	6	—	6	8	—
Median.....	50.0+	36.7	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	42.9	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	302	166	33	140	146	62	274	258	272
Less than 20 percent.....	22	6	—	6	—	—	9	29	7
20 to 24 percent.....	35	10	—	7	6	7	10	34	15
25 to 29 percent.....	100	46	—	17	31	17	64	36	39
30 to 34 percent.....	32	13	—	49	28	9	74	43	47
35 percent or more.....	113	91	33	61	81	29	109	116	150
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	14
Median.....	29.7	36.2	50.0+	34.1	36.1	33.9	33.4	33.5	36.8
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	218	378	158	285	140	50	484	230	241
Less than 20 percent.....	137	64	26	71	57	32	179	104	38
20 to 24 percent.....	58	161	77	73	74	—	179	57	116
25 to 29 percent.....	23	70	47	79	9	12	93	27	75
30 to 34 percent.....	—	54	8	38	—	—	10	32	12
35 percent or more.....	—	19	—	24	—	6	4	4	—
Not computed.....	—	10	—	—	—	—	19	6	—
Median.....	18.7	23.7	23.4	24.9	20.9	18.9	21.5	20.7	23.6
\$35,000 or more.....	152	270	168	276	20	50	276	57	104
Less than 20 percent.....	115	223	148	231	20	50	271	48	98
20 to 24 percent.....	15	47	10	13	—	—	—	9	6
25 to 29 percent.....	8	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	21	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	14	—	—	11	—	—	5	—	—
Median.....	15.2	15.2	15.6	14.9	12.5	12.6	14.3	17.5	16.0

Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

(Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Champaign County—Con.					Champaign city, Champaign County			
	Tract 57	Tract 60	Tract 101	Tract 102.03	Tract 103	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 6	Tract 7 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 368	18	804	588	7	27	15	370	452
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS									
With a mortgage	822	12	479	411	7	9	7	257	224
Less than \$300	—	—	20	48	—	—	—	—	24
\$300 to \$399	16	—	29	88	—	—	—	38	35
\$400 to \$499	57	—	70	99	—	9	—	50	65
\$500 to \$599	76	—	109	96	—	—	—	47	56
\$600 to \$799	198	—	97	68	—	—	7	69	36
\$800 to \$999	195	9	82	—	—	—	—	33	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499	210	—	72	6	7	—	—	13	8
\$1,500 to \$1,999	46	3	—	6	—	—	—	7	—
\$2,000 or more	24	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	846	833	619	460	1 375	475	675	583	474
Not mortgaged	546	6	325	177	—	18	8	113	228
Less than \$100	—	—	—	17	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199	8	—	95	113	—	—	8	30	143
\$200 to \$299	173	—	187	39	—	8	—	65	80
\$300 to \$399	218	6	34	8	—	10	—	8	5
\$400 to \$499	127	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—
\$500 or more	20	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	347	325	226	169	—	355	175	229	184
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$20,000	100	—	83	143	—	9	7	67	168
Less than 20 percent	17	—	17	37	—	—	—	6	65
20 to 24 percent	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	8	25
25 to 29 percent	10	—	11	23	—	9	—	22	8
30 to 34 percent	38	—	16	38	—	—	—	10	10
35 percent or more	35	—	34	45	—	—	7	21	60
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	33.0	—	32.7	31.5	—	27.5	45.0	29.4	23.8
\$20,000 to \$34,999	164	9	220	160	—	18	—	110	126
Less than 20 percent	69	—	112	100	—	18	—	40	88
20 to 24 percent	18	—	56	36	—	—	—	27	22
25 to 29 percent	25	—	21	11	—	—	—	43	16
30 to 34 percent	23	—	24	13	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	29	9	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	23.6	37.5	18.8	14.0	—	15.5	—	22.8	12.9
\$35,000 to \$49,999	235	—	307	192	7	—	8	109	92
Less than 20 percent	96	—	204	162	—	—	8	76	92
20 to 24 percent	51	—	61	30	—	—	—	9	—
25 to 29 percent	35	—	31	—	—	—	—	9	—
30 to 34 percent	36	—	11	—	—	—	—	8	—
35 percent or more	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	22.1	—	15.0	12.7	37.5	—	10.0	17.4	12.1
\$50,000 or more	869	9	194	93	—	—	—	84	66
Less than 20 percent	755	9	172	93	—	—	—	84	66
20 to 24 percent	73	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	17	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	10.0	10.0	10.8	10.0	—	—	—	10.0	10.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units	1 054	264	838	457	1 034	2 153	1 539	1 169	275
GROSS RENT									
Less than \$100	63	—	10	—	—	19	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199	70	—	62	8	—	48	22	77	8
\$200 to \$299	12	50	236	105	37	398	295	207	85
\$300 to \$399	288	178	268	175	296	480	334	420	65
\$400 to \$499	218	15	125	103	144	375	65	311	55
\$500 to \$599	199	6	44	43	30	245	279	83	43
\$600 to \$749	125	10	41	9	23	219	163	39	13
\$750 to \$999	47	—	28	—	—	306	238	17	—
\$1,000 or more	19	—	—	4	—	56	143	8	6
No cash rent	13	5	24	10	504	7	—	7	—
Median (dollars)	459	336	333	356	371	422	513	363	361
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$10,000	234	71	141	51	28	1 268	916	369	60
Less than 20 percent	20	—	10	—	—	14	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	61	—	14	—	—	21	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	33	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	6
30 to 34 percent	19	—	—	6	—	5	12	26	5
35 percent or more	90	35	110	45	—	1 149	870	324	43
Not computed	11	36	7	—	19	75	29	19	6
Median	29.6	50.0+	44.2	50.0+	37.5	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	47.3
\$10,000 to \$19,999	264	106	308	156	410	570	462	415	136
Less than 20 percent	—	8	50	21	—	20	28	27	9
20 to 24 percent	—	29	80	39	68	64	6	58	21
25 to 29 percent	78	50	46	28	58	72	35	129	34
30 to 34 percent	70	13	73	38	51	75	44	58	12
35 percent or more	110	6	49	25	7	339	349	143	60
Not computed	6	—	10	5	226	—	—	—	—
Median	33.6	26.6	27.1	27.8	27.1	39.0	50.0+	29.7	31.7
\$20,000 to \$34,999	356	35	231	143	436	250	135	242	67
Less than 20 percent	112	26	138	83	164	54	45	141	45
20 to 24 percent	126	—	46	25	46	46	6	44	17
25 to 29 percent	83	4	8	16	23	28	5	19	5
30 to 34 percent	24	—	17	10	—	37	6	31	—
35 percent or more	11	—	15	4	3	85	73	—	—
Not computed	—	5	7	5	200	—	—	7	—
Median	22.6	13.8	18.3	18.7	18.0	29.5	40.7	18.6	18.1
\$35,000 or more	200	52	158	107	160	65	26	143	12
Less than 20 percent	157	52	158	102	96	31	12	129	12
20 to 24 percent	10	—	—	5	—	27	6	14	—
25 to 29 percent	26	—	—	—	—	7	8	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	7	—	—	—	59	—	—	—	—
Median	13.8	12.2	10.0	11.7	13.4	20.3	20.8	14.5	10.7

Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign city, Champaign County—Con.						Rantoul village, Champaign County		
	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12.01 (pt.)	Tract 12.02 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	911	999	1 210	1 383	1 566	-	799	588	7
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS									
With a mortgage.....	614	628	1 060	1 191	1 217	-	479	411	7
Less than \$300.....	18	37	58	18	15	-	20	48	-
\$300 to \$399.....	103	55	146	60	58	-	29	88	-
\$400 to \$499.....	126	104	141	112	59	-	70	99	-
\$500 to \$599.....	98	111	223	100	99	-	109	96	-
\$600 to \$799.....	178	182	351	351	222	-	97	68	-
\$800 to \$999.....	58	82	105	368	170	-	82	-	-
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	33	40	36	173	328	-	72	6	7
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	-	8	-	9	160	-	-	6	-
\$2,000 or more.....	-	9	-	-	106	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars).....	564	605	585	773	985	-	619	460	1 375
Not mortgaged.....	297	371	150	192	349	-	320	177	-
Less than \$100.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	-
\$100 to \$199.....	164	131	44	44	24	-	90	113	-
\$200 to \$299.....	117	186	75	140	118	-	187	39	-
\$300 to \$399.....	16	41	31	8	144	-	34	8	-
\$400 to \$499.....	-	6	-	-	43	-	-	-	-
\$500 or more.....	-	7	-	-	20	-	9	-	-
Median (dollars).....	193	230	225	231	322	-	227	169	-
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$20,000.....	228	224	202	168	207	-	78	143	-
Less than 20 percent.....	66	71	28	40	34	-	17	37	-
20 to 24 percent.....	29	26	36	35	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	17	22	10	7	27	-	11	23	-
30 to 34 percent.....	34	7	16	9	23	-	16	38	-
35 percent or more.....	67	98	105	69	100	-	34	45	-
Not computed.....	15	-	7	8	23	-	-	-	-
Median.....	28.4	28.4	35.8	28.6	36.5	-	33.4	31.5	-
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	211	294	353	290	220	-	220	160	-
Less than 20 percent.....	125	173	167	34	95	-	112	100	-
20 to 24 percent.....	32	25	67	71	18	-	56	36	-
25 to 29 percent.....	27	36	50	78	49	-	21	11	-
30 to 34 percent.....	14	39	53	68	19	-	24	13	-
35 percent or more.....	13	21	16	39	39	-	7	-	-
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median.....	15.9	17.0	20.7	27.6	24.2	-	18.8	14.0	37.5
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	213	262	449	391	255	-	307	192	7
Less than 20 percent.....	138	168	316	140	148	-	204	162	-
20 to 24 percent.....	35	73	90	113	36	-	61	30	-
25 to 29 percent.....	31	10	34	80	55	-	31	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	9	11	9	44	7	-	11	-	-
35 percent or more.....	-	-	-	14	9	-	-	-	7
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median.....	16.6	14.1	17.7	22.5	17.7	-	15.0	12.7	37.5
\$50,000 or more.....	259	219	206	534	884	-	194	93	-
Less than 20 percent.....	252	210	200	372	591	-	172	93	-
20 to 24 percent.....	7	-	6	127	151	-	12	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	-	-	-	30	93	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	5	23	-	10	-	-
35 percent or more.....	-	9	-	-	26	-	-	-	-
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median.....	10.2	10.0	13.8	16.9	16.4	-	10.8	10.0	-
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	799	849	975	173	619	-	807	457	1 034
GROSS RENT									
Less than \$100.....	-	9	12	-	-	-	10	-	-
\$100 to \$199.....	7	46	80	-	-	-	62	8	-
\$200 to \$299.....	51	59	56	-	6	-	236	105	37
\$300 to \$399.....	166	423	72	9	55	-	268	175	296
\$400 to \$499.....	325	213	288	37	225	-	98	103	144
\$500 to \$599.....	98	41	247	53	190	-	44	43	30
\$600 to \$749.....	136	32	150	66	74	-	41	9	23
\$750 to \$999.....	11	16	60	-	39	-	28	-	-
\$1,000 or more.....	-	16	-	-	19	-	-	4	-
No cash rent.....	5	14	10	8	11	-	20	10	504
Median (dollars).....	438	381	491	584	510	-	328	356	371
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$10,000.....	161	197	161	20	59	-	141	51	28
Less than 20 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	-	9	38	-	-	-	14	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	7	36	31	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	6	-
35 percent or more.....	143	141	85	12	59	-	110	45	9
Not computed.....	11	11	-	8	-	-	7	-	19
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	36.7	50.0+	50.0+	-	44.2	50.0+	37.5
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	251	302	166	10	94	-	282	156	410
Less than 20 percent.....	9	22	6	-	-	-	50	21	-
20 to 24 percent.....	23	35	10	-	-	-	80	39	68
25 to 29 percent.....	21	100	46	-	17	-	46	28	58
30 to 34 percent.....	122	32	13	-	35	-	51	38	51
35 percent or more.....	76	113	91	10	42	-	49	25	7
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	5	226
Median.....	33.0	29.7	36.2	37.5	34.3	-	25.9	27.8	27.1
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	189	218	378	54	245	-	231	143	436
Less than 20 percent.....	36	137	64	9	71	-	138	83	164
20 to 24 percent.....	94	58	161	26	73	-	46	25	46
25 to 29 percent.....	48	23	70	19	50	-	8	16	23
30 to 34 percent.....	6	-	54	-	38	-	17	10	-
35 percent or more.....	-	-	19	-	13	-	15	4	3
Not computed.....	5	-	10	-	-	-	7	5	200
Median.....	23.0	18.7	23.7	23.5	23.5	-	18.3	18.7	18.0
\$35,000 or more.....	198	152	270	89	221	-	153	107	160
Less than 20 percent.....	175	115	223	69	197	-	153	102	96
20 to 24 percent.....	23	15	47	10	13	-	-	5	5
25 to 29 percent.....	-	8	-	10	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed.....	-	14	-	-	11	-	-	-	59
Median.....	13.7	15.2	15.2	16.0	14.0	-	10.0	11.7	13.4

Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Urbano city, Champaign County							Remainder of Champaign County
	Tract 52	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 59	Tract 60 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	43	134	144	939	1 274	69	—	200
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS								
With a mortgage.....	26	53	81	695	751	18	—	102
Less than \$300.....	7	10	7	13	—	—	—	6
\$300 to \$399.....	—	—	—	84	16	—	—	25
\$400 to \$499.....	9	12	36	169	57	—	—	20
\$500 to \$599.....	—	—	15	124	68	6	—	14
\$600 to \$799.....	3	28	11	233	198	—	—	33
\$800 to \$999.....	3	3	—	34	185	6	—	4
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	3	—	—	26	193	—	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	4	—	5	12	26	6	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	533	645	479	542	830	975	—	500
Median (dollars).....	17	81	63	244	523	51	—	98
Not mortgaged.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Less than \$100.....	5	47	37	48	—	—	—	45
\$100 to \$199.....	12	34	21	151	173	6	—	53
\$200 to \$299.....	—	—	—	45	218	32	—	—
\$300 to \$399.....	—	—	—	—	115	6	—	—
\$400 to \$499.....	—	—	5	—	9	7	—	—
\$500 or more.....	215	191	183	239	341	361	—	204
Median (dollars).....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$20,000.....	5	51	57	237	100	11	—	55
Less than 20 percent.....	5	17	22	12	17	6	—	17
20 to 24 percent.....	—	5	7	5	—	5	—	12
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	14	10	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	5	—	55	38	—	—	5
35 percent or more.....	—	9	21	142	35	—	—	21
Not computed.....	—	15	—	9	—	—	—	—
Median.....	17.5	21.0	24.6	37.3	33.0	19.6	—	24.4
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	9	38	32	223	156	—	—	87
Less than 20 percent.....	9	25	24	127	69	—	—	57
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	58	18	—	—	17
25 to 29 percent.....	—	9	8	31	25	—	—	13
30 to 34 percent.....	—	4	—	—	15	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	7	29	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	10.0	18.4	18.3	19.0	22.5	—	—	15.2
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	15	41	34	296	235	29	—	30
Less than 20 percent.....	12	31	28	223	96	29	—	26
20 to 24 percent.....	—	5	6	43	51	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	3	5	—	30	35	—	—	4
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	36	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	17	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	17.5	10.0	17.2	15.0	22.1	12.7	—	11.7
\$50,000 or more.....	14	4	21	183	783	29	—	28
Less than 20 percent.....	10	4	16	167	691	23	—	28
20 to 24 percent.....	4	—	—	7	60	6	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	5	9	16	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	10.0	10.0	11.7	10.0	10.0	10.0	—	11.8
Specified renter-occupied housing units	823	209	798	821	1 048	680	252	110
GROSS RENT								
Less than \$100.....	—	—	6	12	63	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	—	21	7	48	70	—	—	9
\$200 to \$299.....	67	7	12	72	12	25	50	6
\$300 to \$399.....	271	73	162	95	288	246	178	47
\$400 to \$499.....	230	48	402	346	218	116	15	39
\$500 to \$599.....	111	41	153	179	199	145	6	—
\$600 to \$749.....	90	13	33	39	125	34	3	9
\$750 to \$999.....	54	—	15	16	47	88	—	—
\$1,000 or more.....	—	6	—	—	19	21	—	—
No cash rent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	436	415	446	449	459	450	333	389
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$10,000.....	301	67	126	245	234	238	71	32
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	—	6	20	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	13	61	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	27	33	—	—	9
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	15	19	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	301	67	120	184	90	222	35	23
Not computed.....	—	—	6	11	16	36	—	—
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	29.6	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	247	47	216	261	258	252	106	40
Less than 20 percent.....	14	—	—	7	—	—	8	—
20 to 24 percent.....	11	7	—	15	—	—	29	—
25 to 29 percent.....	39	17	53	39	78	24	50	9
30 to 34 percent.....	55	9	57	47	70	34	13	25
35 percent or more.....	128	14	98	139	110	194	6	6
Not computed.....	—	—	8	14	—	—	—	—
Median.....	36.4	29.9	34.5	36.6	33.6	42.6	26.6	32.2
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	174	50	348	218	356	145	30	29
Less than 20 percent.....	66	32	113	38	112	52	26	25
20 to 24 percent.....	50	—	158	103	126	41	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	35	12	63	65	83	23	4	4
30 to 34 percent.....	14	—	10	12	24	14	—	—
35 percent or more.....	9	6	4	—	11	5	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	22.1	18.9	21.9	23.4	22.6	22.2	13.8	17.9
\$35,000 or more.....	101	45	108	97	200	45	45	9
Less than 20 percent.....	74	45	108	91	157	20	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	17	—	—	6	10	6	—	9
25 to 29 percent.....	10	—	—	—	26	16	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	14.9	12.1	14.4	16.3	13.8	22.1	11.6	22.5

Table 36. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County		
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 2	Tract 7	Tract 8
Occupied housing units -----	5 315	5 315	3 019	644	1 237	710	546	137
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT								
1989 to March 1990 -----	12	12	-	-	12	-	-	-
1985 to 1988 -----	279	279	164	20	65	29	17	-
1980 to 1984 -----	488	488	315	41	107	25	20	6
1970 to 1979 -----	1 070	1 070	486	155	237	51	64	63
1960 to 1969 -----	1 579	1 579	888	185	374	293	125	49
1950 to 1959 -----	922	922	501	147	250	102	142	19
1940 to 1949 -----	403	403	255	56	82	58	117	-
1939 or earlier -----	562	562	410	40	110	152	61	-
BEDROOMS								
No bedroom -----	67	67	49	12	6	-	-	-
1 bedroom -----	922	922	551	86	235	99	110	22
2 bedrooms -----	1 704	1 704	847	175	538	227	166	34
3 bedrooms -----	1 937	1 937	1 165	300	310	244	213	65
4 bedrooms -----	562	562	331	63	123	96	45	16
5 or more bedrooms -----	123	123	76	8	25	44	12	-
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS								
Complete kitchen facilities -----	5 291	5 291	3 003	644	1 229	701	539	137
Source of water, public system or private company -----	5 206	5 206	3 014	644	1 237	710	541	137
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	5 189	5 189	3 005	633	1 237	710	541	127
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	20	20	-	-	20	-	-	-
Owner-occupied housing units -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units -----	20	20	-	-	20	-	-	-
HOUSE HEATING FUEL								
Utility gas -----	3 728	3 728	2 157	490	807	610	468	63
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	80	80	-	19	37	-	-	10
Electricity -----	1 447	1 447	832	135	373	95	78	64
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	29	29	5	-	14	5	-	-
All other fuels -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No fuel used -----	31	31	25	-	6	-	-	-
VEHICLES AVAILABLE								
None -----	1 170	1 170	798	55	290	328	115	11
1 -----	2 356	2 356	1 284	263	662	258	249	61
2 -----	1 382	1 382	694	278	243	93	129	34
3 or more -----	407	407	243	48	42	31	53	31
Vehicles per household -----	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.5	1.0	.8	1.3	1.7
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT								
Owner-occupied housing units -----	1 798	1 798	1 111	140	380	317	216	44
1989 to March 1990 -----	152	152	98	8	21	19	20	-
1985 to 1988 -----	418	418	245	40	40	29	56	38
1980 to 1984 -----	226	226	115	25	73	5	26	-
1970 to 1979 -----	464	464	305	45	80	41	76	6
1969 or earlier -----	538	538	348	22	166	223	38	-
Renter-occupied housing units -----	3 517	3 517	1 908	504	857	393	330	93
1989 to March 1990 -----	1 760	1 760	960	233	408	99	193	55
1985 to 1988 -----	1 140	1 140	586	234	276	151	91	24
1980 to 1984 -----	422	422	220	27	130	76	33	14
1970 to 1979 -----	138	138	90	10	38	43	13	-
1969 or earlier -----	57	57	52	-	5	24	-	-
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS								
No telephone in unit -----	715	715	401	51	216	163	85	-
Householder 65 years and over -----	608	608	478	25	103	300	50	-
Owner-occupied housing units -----	412	412	318	14	78	210	31	-
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	11	11	-	-	11	-	-	-
No telephone in unit -----	26	26	16	10	-	-	-	-
No vehicle available -----	176	176	157	-	19	112	11	-
Complete plumbing facilities -----	5 295	5 295	3 019	644	1 217	710	546	137
1.00 or less persons per room -----	4 940	4 940	2 839	596	1 143	655	500	92
1.01 or more persons per room -----	355	355	180	48	74	55	46	45
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	20	20	-	-	20	-	-	-
1.00 or less persons per room -----	20	20	-	-	20	-	-	-
1.01 or more persons per room -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mean household income in 1989:								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	34 899	34 899	37 612	26 815	24 253	22 032	30 062	50 201
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	16 589	16 589	14 680	23 663	14 402	9 875	19 351	22 618
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	1 551	1 551	950	78	445	281	146	27
Owner-occupied housing units -----	169	169	75	6	79	32	21	-
Renter-occupied housing units -----	1 382	1 382	875	72	366	249	125	27

Table 36. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.							
	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 14	Tract 53	Tract 54	Tract 56
Occupied housing units -----	512	159	289	142	21	546	224	188
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT								
1989 to March 1990 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 -----	48	—	9	12	—	29	30	—
1980 to 1984 -----	54	62	14	17	—	9	25	18
1970 to 1979 -----	140	13	63	56	8	59	16	91
1960 to 1969 -----	183	14	122	34	13	202	59	37
1950 to 1959 -----	47	25	71	23	—	98	83	18
1940 to 1949 -----	22	7	10	—	—	64	11	10
1939 or earlier -----	18	38	—	—	—	85	—	14
BEDROOMS								
No bedroom -----	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
1 bedroom -----	27	24	8	7	5	40	42	12
2 bedrooms -----	81	93	84	25	16	209	131	81
3 bedrooms -----	329	25	154	90	—	164	51	77
4 bedrooms -----	48	7	43	20	—	108	—	18
5 or more bedrooms -----	27	—	—	—	—	25	—	—
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS								
Complete kitchen facilities -----	512	159	289	142	21	546	216	188
Source of water, public system or private company -----	512	159	289	142	21	540	217	188
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	503	159	289	129	21	540	224	188
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—
HOUSE HEATING FUEL								
Utility gas -----	360	147	183	121	21	467	135	124
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	—	—	—	—	—	14	7	—
Electricity -----	152	12	106	21	—	57	82	64
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—
All other fuels -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No fuel used -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE								
None -----	93	44	13	—	—	90	84	21
1 -----	140	93	151	19	5	278	89	134
2 -----	210	15	96	80	16	142	45	33
3 or more -----	69	7	29	43	—	36	6	—
Vehicles per household -----	1.5	.9	1.5	2.3	1.8	1.2	.9	1.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT								
Owner-occupied housing units -----	230	22	136	106	—	368	11	21
1989 to March 1990 -----	36	—	—	12	—	21	—	—
1985 to 1988 -----	76	15	42	30	—	31	11	9
1980 to 1984 -----	54	—	9	14	—	55	—	—
1970 to 1979 -----	51	7	58	30	—	86	—	12
1969 or earlier -----	13	—	27	20	—	175	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	282	137	153	36	21	178	213	167
1989 to March 1990 -----	142	12	68	8	8	65	120	57
1985 to 1988 -----	106	81	47	9	13	55	54	51
1980 to 1984 -----	10	37	32	19	—	37	39	37
1970 to 1979 -----	8	7	6	—	—	16	—	22
1969 or earlier -----	16	—	—	—	—	5	—	—
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS								
No telephone in unit -----	82	15	—	—	—	50	81	44
Householder 65 years and over -----	40	16	33	—	—	92	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units -----	33	—	24	—	—	87	—	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit -----	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available -----	6	9	—	—	—	10	—	—
Complete plumbing facilities -----	512	159	289	142	21	546	215	188
1.00 or less persons per room -----	474	159	283	135	21	505	200	169
1.01 or more persons per room -----	38	—	6	7	—	41	15	19
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—
1.00 or less persons per room -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	50 953	50 648	36 204	59 038	—	23 718	19 982	23 309
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	15 339	12 056	18 120	35 028	11 303	15 754	14 039	13 345
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	145	64	29	7	5	170	82	77
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	—	6	7	—	79	—	9
Renter-occupied housing units -----	145	64	23	—	5	91	82	68

Table 36. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.			Champaign city, Champaign County				
	Tract 101	Tract 102.03	Tract 103	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12.01 (pt.)
Occupied housing units	251	177	201	710	539	498	159	289
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT								
1989 to March 1990	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988	10	10	—	29	17	48	—	9
1980 to 1984	15	15	4	25	20	54	62	14
1970 to 1979	73	45	37	51	64	140	13	63
1960 to 1969	88	46	51	293	118	169	14	122
1950 to 1959	27	41	71	102	142	47	25	71
1940 to 1949	14	20	22	58	117	22	7	10
1939 or earlier	24	—	16	152	61	18	38	—
BEDROOMS								
No bedroom	4	—	8	—	—	—	10	—
1 bedroom	78	—	8	99	103	27	24	8
2 bedrooms	66	61	33	227	166	81	93	84
3 bedrooms	103	77	120	244	213	329	25	154
4 bedrooms	—	35	28	96	45	48	7	43
5 or more bedrooms	—	4	4	44	12	13	—	—
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS								
Complete kitchen facilities	251	177	201	701	532	498	159	289
Source of water, public system or private company	251	177	201	710	534	498	159	289
Sewage disposal, public sewer	251	166	201	710	534	489	159	289
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
HOUSE HEATING FUEL								
Utility gas	181	154	140	610	468	346	147	183
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Electricity	51	23	61	95	71	152	12	106
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
All other fuels	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No fuel used	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE								
None	17	22	9	328	115	93	44	13
1	141	58	56	258	249	140	93	151
2	79	78	121	93	122	196	15	96
3 or more	14	19	15	31	53	69	7	29
Vehicles per household	1.4	1.5	1.7	.8	1.3	1.5	.9	1.5
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT								
Owner-occupied housing units	53	87	—	317	216	216	22	136
1989 to March 1990	—	8	—	19	20	36	—	—
1985 to 1988	13	27	—	29	56	76	15	42
1980 to 1984	10	15	—	5	26	54	—	9
1970 to 1979	30	15	—	41	76	37	7	58
1969 or earlier	—	22	—	223	38	13	—	27
Renter-occupied housing units	198	90	201	393	323	282	137	153
1989 to March 1990	106	43	69	99	193	142	12	68
1985 to 1988	72	42	120	151	91	106	81	47
1980 to 1984	10	5	12	76	26	10	37	32
1970 to 1979	10	—	—	43	13	8	7	6
1969 or earlier	—	—	—	24	—	16	—	—
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS								
No telephone in unit	37	6	—	163	85	82	15	—
Householder 65 years and over	21	4	—	300	50	40	16	33
Owner-occupied housing units	10	4	—	210	31	33	—	24
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit	10	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
No vehicle available	—	—	—	112	11	6	9	—
Complete plumbing facilities	251	177	201	710	539	498	159	289
1.00 or less persons per room	241	162	185	655	493	460	159	283
1.01 or more persons per room	10	15	16	55	46	38	—	6
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	25 279	30 970	—	22 032	30 062	52 700	50 648	36 204
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	18 877	28 049	26 968	9 875	18 923	15 339	12 056	18 120
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	38	19	14	281	146	145	64	29
Owner-occupied housing units	—	6	—	32	21	—	—	6
Renter-occupied housing units	38	13	14	249	125	145	64	23

Table 36. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Rantoul village, Champaign County			Urbana city, Champaign County			
	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 59
Occupied housing units	251	177	201	531	179	160	24
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT							
1989 to March 1990	—	—	—	—	—	—	12
1985 to 1988	10	10	—	29	12	—	12
1980 to 1984	15	15	4	9	14	18	—
1970 to 1979	73	45	37	59	10	72	—
1960 to 1969	88	46	51	196	59	37	—
1950 to 1959	27	41	71	98	79	9	—
1940 to 1949	14	20	22	55	5	10	—
1939 or earlier	24	—	16	85	—	14	—
BEDROOMS							
No bedroom	4	—	8	—	—	—	—
1 bedroom	78	—	8	40	42	—	—
2 bedrooms	66	61	33	203	86	81	12
3 bedrooms	103	77	120	164	51	61	12
4 bedrooms	—	35	28	99	—	18	—
5 or more bedrooms	—	4	4	25	—	—	—
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS							
Complete kitchen facilities	251	177	201	531	171	160	24
Source of water, public system or private company	251	177	201	531	179	160	24
Sewage disposal, public sewer	251	166	201	531	179	160	24
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	9	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	—	—	—	—	9	—	—
HOUSE HEATING FUEL							
Utility gas	181	154	140	452	112	103	—
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	19	—	—	14	—	—	—
Electricity	51	23	61	57	67	57	24
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
All other fuels	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No fuel used	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE							
None	17	22	9	90	80	14	—
1	141	58	56	263	69	125	12
2	79	78	121	142	24	21	12
3 or more	14	19	15	36	6	—	—
Vehicles per household	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.2	.8	1.0	1.5
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT							
Owner-occupied housing units	53	87	—	353	—	9	—
1989 to March 1990	—	8	—	21	—	—	—
1985 to 1988	13	27	—	31	—	9	—
1980 to 1984	10	15	—	55	—	—	—
1970 to 1979	30	15	—	80	—	—	—
1969 or earlier	—	22	—	166	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	198	90	201	178	179	151	24
1989 to March 1990	106	43	69	65	90	57	24
1985 to 1988	72	42	120	55	50	51	—
1980 to 1984	10	5	12	37	39	21	—
1970 to 1979	10	—	—	16	—	22	—
1969 or earlier	—	—	—	5	—	—	—
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS							
No telephone in unit	37	6	—	50	74	44	—
Householder 65 years and over	21	4	—	83	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units	10	4	—	78	—	—	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available	—	—	—	10	—	—	—
Complete plumbing facilities	251	177	201	531	170	160	24
1.00 or less persons per room	241	162	185	490	159	150	24
1.01 or more persons per room	10	15	16	41	11	10	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	9	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room	—	—	—	—	9	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:							
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	25 279	30 970	—	24 103	—	1 720	—
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	18 877	28 049	26 968	15 754	13 280	11 841	4 773
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	38	19	14	161	66	70	24
Owner-occupied housing units	—	6	—	70	—	9	—
Renter-occupied housing units	38	13	14	91	66	61	24

Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Champaign County		
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 2	Tract 7	Tract 8
Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 589	1 589	1 023	98	329	306	160	44
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS								
With a mortgage	1 223	1 223	759	89	250	159	132	44
Less than \$300.....	84	84	47	5	32	7	25	—
\$300 to \$399.....	145	145	69	8	68	29	18	—
\$400 to \$499.....	201	201	138	8	45	43	28	10
\$500 to \$599.....	186	186	138	21	27	35	27	6
\$600 to \$799.....	303	303	198	27	47	33	22	28
\$800 to \$999.....	134	134	75	20	14	7	12	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	137	137	81	—	17	5	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	13	13	13	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	20	20	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	598	598	594	660	452	502	489	730
Not mortgaged	366	366	264	9	79	147	28	—
Less than \$100.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	182	182	127	—	53	84	21	—
\$200 to \$299.....	125	125	87	—	26	36	—	—
\$300 to \$399.....	28	28	28	—	—	5	7	—
\$400 to \$499.....	19	19	10	9	—	10	—	—
\$500 or more.....	12	12	12	—	—	12	—	—
Median (dollars).....	201	201	205	425	181	189	147	—
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$20,000.....	509	509	317	29	163	168	45	—
Less than 20 percent.....	91	91	66	—	25	43	9	—
20 to 24 percent.....	85	85	43	—	42	22	12	—
25 to 29 percent.....	42	42	26	—	16	17	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	40	40	26	—	14	20	6	—
35 percent or more.....	241	241	146	29	66	56	18	—
Not computed.....	10	10	10	—	—	10	—	—
Median.....	33.9	33.9	33.6	39.8	29.5	29.1	31.3	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	423	423	247	49	91	90	47	—
Less than 20 percent.....	130	130	80	13	37	34	28	—
20 to 24 percent.....	107	107	64	9	34	15	14	—
25 to 29 percent.....	72	72	49	10	13	14	5	—
30 to 34 percent.....	69	69	33	14	—	15	—	—
35 percent or more.....	45	45	21	3	7	12	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	23.8	23.8	23.4	26.3	21.3	23.7	19.0	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	306	306	221	—	39	26	47	28
Less than 20 percent.....	158	158	119	—	27	22	30	6
20 to 24 percent.....	87	87	53	—	—	—	11	22
25 to 29 percent.....	25	25	25	—	—	4	6	—
30 to 34 percent.....	20	20	20	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	16	16	4	—	12	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	19.6	19.6	19.2	—	17.8	12.9	18.6	21.8
\$50,000 or more.....	351	351	238	20	36	22	21	16
Less than 20 percent.....	271	271	190	20	36	18	15	16
20 to 24 percent.....	55	55	43	—	—	4	6	—
25 to 29 percent.....	5	5	5	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	20	20	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	13.3	13.3	13.5	10.0	10.0	11.1	12.5	10.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units	3 453	3 453	1 899	486	820	384	330	93
GROSS RENT								
Less than \$100.....	55	55	19	8	28	19	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	267	267	206	13	48	140	12	11
\$200 to \$299.....	455	455	259	89	55	47	67	—
\$300 to \$399.....	941	941	454	165	281	33	102	20
\$400 to \$499.....	746	746	404	80	219	66	54	26
\$500 to \$599.....	515	515	314	58	70	5	62	14
\$600 to \$749.....	260	260	171	—	74	52	33	15
\$750 to \$999.....	86	86	46	14	12	6	—	7
\$1,000 or more.....	10	10	10	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	118	118	16	59	33	16	—	—
Median (dollars).....	395	395	401	358	395	277	389	440
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$10,000.....	1 298	1 298	840	75	332	212	119	27
Less than 20 percent.....	33	33	24	—	9	24	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	35	35	16	8	11	7	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	44	44	44	—	—	35	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	89	89	72	—	17	37	—	—
35 percent or more.....	1 004	1 004	641	62	250	93	119	27
Not computed.....	93	93	43	5	45	16	—	—
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	48.2	50.0+	34.3	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	1 135	1 135	647	166	247	150	114	22
Less than 20 percent.....	84	84	45	14	25	21	24	—
20 to 24 percent.....	102	102	30	30	13	9	—	6
25 to 29 percent.....	221	221	127	26	52	15	31	—
30 to 34 percent.....	150	150	75	37	38	13	17	—
35 percent or more.....	539	539	370	31	108	92	42	16
Not computed.....	39	39	—	28	11	—	—	—
Median.....	34.7	34.7	38.4	29.8	33.7	43.2	30.6	38.1
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	659	659	263	157	199	10	36	16
Less than 20 percent.....	278	278	109	104	57	—	12	—
20 to 24 percent.....	236	236	80	35	112	10	15	7
25 to 29 percent.....	53	53	39	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	31	31	9	—	13	—	9	9
35 percent or more.....	32	32	26	—	6	—	—	—
Not computed.....	29	29	—	18	11	—	—	—
Median.....	20.8	20.8	21.4	16.6	21.7	22.5	22.0	30.6
\$35,000 or more.....	361	361	149	88	42	12	61	28
Less than 20 percent.....	314	314	132	80	37	12	61	21
20 to 24 percent.....	29	29	17	—	5	—	—	7
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	18	18	—	8	—	—	—	—
Median.....	13.4	13.4	13.2	12.1	13.0	12.5	11.7	15.0

Table 37. **Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.							
	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 14	Tract 53	Tract 54	Tract 56
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	217	22	136	98	—	311	—	21
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS								
With a mortgage.....	178	22	127	90	—	223	—	9
Less than \$300.....	7	—	8	—	—	32	—	—
\$300 to \$399.....	—	—	22	—	—	68	—	—
\$400 to \$499.....	31	—	29	—	—	45	—	—
\$500 to \$599.....	32	—	17	21	—	27	—	—
\$600 to \$799.....	63	15	23	22	—	32	—	9
\$800 to \$999.....	8	7	19	13	—	14	—	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	37	—	9	34	—	5	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	650	787	563	875	—	424	—	725
Not mortgaged.....	39	—	9	8	—	88	—	12
Less than \$100.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	14	—	—	8	—	53	—	—
\$200 to \$299.....	18	—	—	—	—	35	—	12
\$300 to \$399.....	7	—	9	—	—	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	265	—	325	175	—	187	—	275
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$20,000.....	50	—	33	7	—	163	—	9
Less than 20 percent.....	14	—	—	—	—	25	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	9	—	—	42	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	9	—	—	16	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	14	—	—
35 percent or more.....	36	—	15	7	—	66	—	9
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	38.4	—	29.2	50.0+	—	29.5	—	50.0+
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	75	—	34	4	—	85	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	7	—	—	37	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	17	—	18	—	—	34	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	30	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	14	—	—	4	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	14	—	9	—	—	7	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	28.4	—	22.8	32.5	—	20.8	—	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	42	15	41	12	—	27	—	12
Less than 20 percent.....	30	—	17	8	—	27	—	12
20 to 24 percent.....	12	15	15	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	16.3	22.5	21.2	10.0—	—	16.0	—	10.0—
\$50,000 or more.....	50	7	28	75	—	36	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	37	—	28	63	—	36	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	13	7	—	12	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	10.4	22.5	12.5	16.1	—	10.0—	—	—
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	282	137	153	36	21	178	176	167
GROSS RENT								
Less than \$100.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	8	9	—	—	—	—	34	—
\$200 to \$299.....	17	36	—	—	5	25	6	—
\$300 to \$399.....	35	40	27	—	16	30	28	72
\$400 to \$499.....	91	52	49	—	—	47	72	61
\$500 to \$599.....	100	—	39	25	—	16	31	9
\$600 to \$749.....	31	—	22	—	—	27	5	18
\$750 to \$999.....	—	—	16	11	—	—	—	7
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	—	—	—	—	—	33	—	—
Median (dollars).....	494	353	501	556	342	415	413	439
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$10,000.....	117	65	31	—	5	61	61	68
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	17	18	—	—	—	—	17	—
35 percent or more.....	100	28	31	—	5	50	34	53
Not computed.....	—	10	—	—	—	11	10	15
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	48.2	—	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	119	43	72	—	16	59	50	53
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	—
20 to 24 percent.....	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	18	12	—	—	8	8	—	21
30 to 34 percent.....	22	23	—	—	—	6	10	—
35 percent or more.....	71	8	72	—	8	34	23	32
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—
Median.....	39.4	32.1	48.0	—	35.0	44.3	34.0	37.7
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	26	29	27	19	—	48	61	37
Less than 20 percent.....	—	8	—	8	—	6	28	—
20 to 24 percent.....	19	13	—	—	—	25	19	37
25 to 29 percent.....	7	8	12	—	—	—	14	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	15	11	—	6	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	23.4	22.5	36.5	35.7	—	22.5	20.7	22.5
\$35,000 or more.....	20	—	23	17	—	10	4	9
Less than 20 percent.....	20	—	6	17	—	5	4	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	15.8	—	21.6	17.5	—	15.0	17.5	17.5

Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.			Champaign city, Champaign County				
	Tract 101	Tract 102.03	Tract 103	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12.01 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	38	60	—	306	160	203	22	136
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS								
With a mortgage	29	60	—	159	132	164	22	127
Less than \$300	—	5	—	7	25	7	—	8
\$300 to \$399	—	8	—	29	18	—	—	22
\$400 to \$499	—	8	—	43	28	31	—	29
\$500 to \$599	21	—	—	35	27	32	—	17
\$600 to \$799	—	27	—	33	22	63	15	23
\$800 to \$999	8	12	—	7	12	8	7	19
\$1,000 to \$1,499	—	—	—	5	—	23	—	9
\$1,500 to \$1,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	578	685	—	502	489	632	787	563
Not mortgaged	9	—	—	147	28	39	—	9
Less than \$100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199	—	—	—	84	21	14	—	—
\$200 to \$299	—	—	—	36	—	18	—	—
\$300 to \$399	—	—	—	5	7	7	—	9
\$400 to \$499	9	—	—	10	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more	—	—	—	12	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	425	—	—	189	147	265	—	325
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$20,000	23	6	—	168	45	50	—	33
Less than 20 percent	—	—	—	43	9	14	—	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	22	12	—	—	9
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	17	—	—	—	9
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	20	6	—	—	—
35 percent or more	23	6	—	56	18	36	—	15
Not computed	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—
Median	38.8	50.0+	—	29.1	31.3	38.4	—	29.2
\$20,000 to \$34,999	9	40	—	90	47	61	—	34
Less than 20 percent	—	13	—	34	28	—	—	7
20 to 24 percent	9	—	—	15	14	17	—	18
25 to 29 percent	—	10	—	14	5	30	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	14	—	15	—	14	—	—
35 percent or more	—	3	—	12	—	—	—	9
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	22.5	28.5	—	23.7	19.0	27.2	—	22.8
\$35,000 to \$49,999	—	—	—	26	47	42	15	41
Less than 20 percent	—	—	—	22	30	30	—	17
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	11	12	15	15
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	4	6	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	—	—	—	12.9	18.6	16.3	22.5	21.2
\$50,000 or more	6	14	—	22	21	50	7	28
Less than 20 percent	6	14	—	18	15	37	—	28
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	4	6	13	7	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	10.0	10.0	—	11.1	12.5	10.4	22.5	12.5
Specified renter-occupied housing units	198	90	183	384	323	282	137	153
GROSS RENT								
Less than \$100	8	—	—	19	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199	13	—	—	140	12	8	9	—
\$200 to \$299	46	19	16	47	60	17	36	—
\$300 to \$399	67	27	64	33	102	35	40	27
\$400 to \$499	30	21	29	66	54	91	52	49
\$500 to \$599	20	23	15	5	62	100	—	39
\$600 to \$749	—	—	—	52	33	31	—	22
\$750 to \$999	14	—	—	6	—	—	—	16
\$1,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	—	—	59	16	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	338	396	367	277	391	494	353	501
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$10,000	57	7	11	212	119	117	65	31
Less than 20 percent	—	—	—	24	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	8	—	—	7	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	35	—	—	9	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	37	—	17	18	—
35 percent or more	49	7	6	93	119	100	28	31
Not computed	—	—	5	16	—	—	10	—
Median	42.3	50.0+	50.0+	34.3	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	48.2
\$10,000 to \$19,999	65	18	68	150	114	119	43	72
Less than 20 percent	6	—	—	21	24	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	—	7	16	9	—	8	—	—
25 to 29 percent	18	—	8	15	31	18	12	—
30 to 34 percent	21	—	16	13	17	22	23	—
35 percent or more	20	11	—	92	42	71	8	72
Not computed	—	—	28	—	—	—	—	—
Median	32.0	36.7	27.5	43.2	30.6	39.4	32.1	48.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999	68	39	50	10	36	26	—	27
Less than 20 percent	49	39	16	—	12	—	8	—
20 to 24 percent	19	—	16	10	15	19	13	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	7	8	12
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15
Not computed	—	—	18	—	—	—	—	—
Median	16.9	16.4	17.5	22.5	22.0	23.4	22.5	36.5
\$35,000 or more	8	26	54	12	54	20	—	23
Less than 20 percent	8	26	46	12	54	20	—	6
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—
Median	10.0	15.9	11.3	12.5	12.3	15.8	—	21.6

Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Rantoul village, Champaign County			Urbano city, Champaign County			
	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 53 (pt.)	Tract 54 (pt.)	Tract 56 (pt.)	Tract 59
Specified owner-occupied housing units	38	60	—	302	—	9	—
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS							
With a mortgage	29	60	—	223	—	9	—
Less than \$300	—	5	—	32	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399	—	8	—	68	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499	—	8	—	45	—	—	—
\$500 to \$599	21	—	—	27	—	—	—
\$600 to \$799	—	27	—	32	—	9	—
\$800 to \$999	8	12	—	14	—	—	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499	—	—	—	5	—	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	578	685	—	424	—	725	—
Not mortgaged	9	—	—	79	—	—	—
Less than \$100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199	—	—	—	53	—	—	—
\$200 to \$299	—	—	—	26	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499	9	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	425	—	—	181	—	—	—
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989							
Less than \$20,000	23	6	—	154	—	9	—
Less than 20 percent	—	—	—	25	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	42	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	16	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	14	—	—	—
35 percent or more	23	6	—	57	—	9	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	38.8	50.0+	—	28.1	—	50.0+	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999	9	40	—	85	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent	—	13	—	37	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	9	—	—	34	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	10	—	7	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	14	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	3	—	7	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	22.5	28.5	—	20.8	—	—	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999	—	—	—	27	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent	—	—	—	27	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	—	—	—	16.0	—	—	—
\$50,000 or more	6	14	—	36	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent	6	14	—	36	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	10.0—	10.0—	—	10.0—	—	—	—
Specified renter-occupied housing units	198	90	183	178	142	151	24
GROSS RENT							
Less than \$100	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199	13	—	—	—	34	—	—
\$200 to \$299	46	19	16	25	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399	67	27	64	30	28	72	—
\$400 to \$499	30	21	29	47	55	61	—
\$500 to \$599	20	23	15	16	20	—	—
\$600 to \$749	—	—	—	27	5	18	12
\$750 to \$999	14	—	—	—	—	—	12
\$1,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	—	—	59	33	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	338	396	367	415	406	429	725
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989							
Less than \$10,000	57	7	11	61	49	61	24
Less than 20 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	17	—	—
35 percent or more	49	7	6	50	22	46	24
Not computed	—	—	5	11	10	15	—
Median	42.3	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	65	18	68	59	46	53	—
Less than 20 percent	6	—	—	—	17	—	—
20 to 24 percent	—	7	16	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	18	—	8	8	—	21	—
30 to 34 percent	21	—	16	6	10	—	—
35 percent or more	20	11	—	34	19	32	—
Not computed	—	—	28	11	—	—	—
Median	32.0	36.7	27.5	44.3	33.0	37.7	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999	68	39	50	48	47	37	—
Less than 20 percent	49	39	16	6	28	—	—
20 to 24 percent	19	—	16	25	19	37	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	18	11	—	—	—
Median	16.9	16.4	17.5	22.5	19.2	22.5	—
\$35,000 or more	8	26	54	10	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent	8	26	46	5	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	5	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
Median	10.0—	15.9	11.3	15.0	—	—	—

Table 38. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County
Occupied housing units	152	152
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT		
1989 to March 1990	6	6
1985 to 1988	9	9
1980 to 1984	24	24
1970 to 1979	54	54
1960 to 1969	18	18
1950 to 1959	11	11
1940 to 1949	—	—
1939 or earlier	30	30
BEDROOMS		
No bedroom	—	—
1 bedroom	57	57
2 bedrooms	14	14
3 bedrooms	56	56
4 bedrooms	25	25
5 or more bedrooms	—	—
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS		
Complete kitchen facilities	152	152
Source of water, public system or private company	127	127
Sewage disposal, public sewer	129	129
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	—	—
HOUSE HEATING FUEL		
Utility gas	112	112
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	—	—
Electricity	38	38
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	—	—
All other fuels	2	2
No fuel used	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE		
None	21	21
1	75	75
2	52	52
3 or more	4	4
Vehicles per household	1.3	1.3
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT		
Owner-occupied housing units	61	61
1989 to March 1990	15	15
1985 to 1988	6	6
1980 to 1984	10	10
1970 to 1979	22	22
1969 or earlier	8	8
Renter-occupied housing units	91	91
1989 to March 1990	28	28
1985 to 1988	55	55
1980 to 1984	8	8
1970 to 1979	—	—
1969 or earlier	—	—
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS		
No telephone in unit	19	19
Householder 65 years and over	25	25
Owner-occupied housing units	11	11
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—
No telephone in unit	—	—
No vehicle available	8	8
Complete plumbing facilities	152	152
1.00 or less persons per room	145	145
1.01 or more persons per room	7	7
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:		
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	60 717	60 717
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	16 203	16 203
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	28	28
Owner-occupied housing units	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	28	28

Table 39. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign— Urbano—Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County
Specified owner-occupied housing units	52	52
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS		
With a mortgage	47	47
Less than \$300	14	14
\$300 to \$399	—	—
\$400 to \$499	6	6
\$500 to \$599	5	5
\$600 to \$799	6	6
\$800 to \$999	14	14
\$1,000 to \$1,499	2	2
\$1,500 to \$1,999	—	—
\$2,000 or more	—	—
Median (dollars)	585	585
Not mortgaged	5	5
Less than \$100	—	—
\$100 to \$199	—	—
\$200 to \$299	—	—
\$300 to \$399	5	5
\$400 to \$499	—	—
\$500 or more	—	—
Median (dollars)	325	325
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989		
Less than \$20,000	—	—
Less than 20 percent	—	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—
Not computed	—	—
Median	—	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999	3	3
Less than 20 percent	—	—
20 to 24 percent	3	3
25 to 29 percent	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—
Not computed	—	—
Median	22.5	22.5
\$35,000 to \$49,999	10	10
Less than 20 percent	2	2
20 to 24 percent	6	6
25 to 29 percent	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—
35 percent or more	2	2
Not computed	—	—
Median	22.5	22.5
\$50,000 or more	39	39
Less than 20 percent	33	33
20 to 24 percent	6	6
25 to 29 percent	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—
Not computed	—	—
Median	10.4	10.4
Specified renter-occupied housing units	91	91
GROSS RENT		
Less than \$100	8	8
\$100 to \$199	13	13
\$200 to \$299	14	14
\$300 to \$399	30	30
\$400 to \$499	—	—
\$500 to \$599	26	26
\$600 to \$749	—	—
\$750 to \$999	—	—
\$1,000 or more	—	—
No cash rent	—	—
Median (dollars)	331	331
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989		
Less than \$10,000	36	36
Less than 20 percent	8	8
20 to 24 percent	8	8
25 to 29 percent	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—
35 percent or more	7	7
Not computed	13	13
Median	22.2	22.2
\$10,000 to \$19,999	20	20
Less than 20 percent	5	5
20 to 24 percent	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—
35 percent or more	15	15
Not computed	—	—
Median	37.8	37.8
\$20,000 to \$34,999	26	26
Less than 20 percent	8	8
20 to 24 percent	—	—
25 to 29 percent	18	18
30 to 34 percent	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—
Not computed	—	—
Median	26.4	26.4
\$35,000 or more	9	9
Less than 20 percent	9	9
20 to 24 percent	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—
Not computed	—	—
Median	10.0	10.0

Table 40. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County		
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 14
Occupied housing units	2 376	2 376	860	101	1 201	354	180	71
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT								
1989 to March 1990	49	49	18	-	20	-	-	-
1985 to 1988	345	345	179	-	120	108	26	8
1980 to 1984	308	308	141	27	110	62	28	4
1970 to 1979	483	483	166	43	218	72	22	41
1960 to 1969	448	448	150	14	228	49	46	18
1950 to 1959	462	462	121	17	311	47	37	-
1940 to 1949	163	163	46	-	117	16	-	-
1939 or earlier	118	118	39	-	77	-	21	-
BEDROOMS								
No bedroom	413	413	199	6	208	113	72	-
1 bedroom	654	654	251	10	358	123	57	28
2 bedrooms	855	855	196	21	533	73	39	34
3 bedrooms	228	228	98	42	51	23	-	9
4 bedrooms	175	175	96	22	32	22	12	-
5 or more bedrooms	51	51	20	-	19	-	-	-
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS								
Complete kitchen facilities	2 340	2 340	839	101	1 186	342	171	71
Source of water, public system or private company	2 364	2 364	860	101	1 201	354	180	71
Sewage disposal, public sewer	2 338	2 338	850	101	1 189	354	180	71
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	17	17	9	-	8	-	-	-
Owner-occupied housing units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units	17	17	9	-	8	-	-	-
HOUSE HEATING FUEL								
Utility gas	1 453	1 453	402	84	772	111	85	71
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	63	63	25	-	38	9	-	-
Electricity	850	850	430	17	384	234	92	-
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other fuels	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	-
No fuel used	7	7	-	-	7	-	-	-
VEHICLES AVAILABLE								
None	470	470	282	-	188	188	88	-
1	1 339	1 339	353	50	836	122	87	59
2	440	440	155	36	172	22	-	12
3 or more	127	127	70	15	5	22	5	-
Vehicles per household	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.7	1.0	.7	.6	1.2
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT								
Owner-occupied housing units	467	467	161	53	140	-	-	4
1989 to March 1990	114	114	62	12	-	-	-	-
1985 to 1988	221	221	62	29	74	-	-	4
1980 to 1984	61	61	26	4	29	-	-	-
1970 to 1979	65	65	5	8	37	-	-	-
1969 or earlier	6	6	6	-	-	-	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units	1 909	1 909	699	48	1 061	354	180	67
1989 to March 1990	1 210	1 210	529	15	621	277	140	31
1985 to 1988	642	642	156	33	408	77	37	27
1980 to 1984	38	38	3	-	24	-	3	9
1970 to 1979	19	19	11	-	8	-	-	-
1969 or earlier	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS								
No telephone in unit	33	33	18	6	7	-	-	-
Householder 65 years and over	29	29	-	-	27	-	-	-
Owner-occupied housing units	19	19	-	-	17	-	-	-
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No telephone in unit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No vehicle available	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-
Complete plumbing facilities	2 359	2 359	851	101	1 193	354	180	71
1.00 or less persons per room	1 975	1 975	777	91	924	324	163	53
1.01 or more persons per room	384	384	74	10	269	30	17	18
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	17	17	9	-	8	-	-	-
1.00 or less persons per room	9	9	9	-	-	-	-	-
1.01 or more persons per room	8	8	-	-	8	-	-	-
Mean household income in 1989:								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	42 769	42 769	41 639	43 513	43 353	-	-	18 800
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	14 539	14 539	11 988	18 259	14 854	10 072	8 097	18 529
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	896	896	392	18	455	170	130	17
Owner-occupied housing units	80	80	32	4	34	-	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units	816	816	360	14	421	170	130	17

Table 40. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990—**
Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.		Champaign city, Champaign County		Urbano city, Champaign County		
	Tract 57	Tract 60	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 59	Tract 60 (pt.)
Occupied housing units	158	449	354	180	158	264	449
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT							
1989 to March 1990	—	—	—	—	—	20	—
1985 to 1988	9	18	108	26	9	58	18
1980 to 1984	22	6	62	28	22	37	6
1970 to 1979	77	34	72	22	77	31	34
1960 to 1969	36	89	49	46	36	16	89
1950 to 1959	14	267	47	37	14	10	267
1940 to 1949	—	17	16	—	—	79	17
1939 or earlier	—	18	—	21	—	13	18
BEDROOMS							
No bedroom	—	48	113	72	—	113	48
1 bedroom	26	136	123	57	26	73	136
2 bedrooms	49	260	73	39	49	74	260
3 bedrooms	36	5	23	—	36	—	5
4 bedrooms	32	—	22	12	32	—	—
5 or more bedrooms	15	—	—	—	15	4	—
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS							
Complete kitchen facilities	158	441	342	171	158	257	441
Source of water, public system or private company	158	449	354	180	158	264	449
Sewage disposal, public sewer	158	444	354	180	158	264	444
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	8	—	—	—	—	8
Owner-occupied housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	—	8	—	—	—	—	8
HOUSE HEATING FUEL							
Utility gas	99	413	111	85	99	105	413
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	8	7	9	—	8	—	7
Electricity	51	29	234	92	51	159	29
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels	—	—	—	3	—	—	—
No fuel used	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE							
None	—	32	188	88	—	76	32
1	112	384	122	87	112	185	384
2	46	33	22	—	46	3	33
3 or more	—	—	22	5	—	—	—
Vehicles per household	1.3	1.0	.7	.6	1.3	.7	1.0
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT							
Owner-occupied housing units	95	—	—	—	95	—	—
1989 to March 1990	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988	48	—	—	—	48	—	—
1980 to 1984	14	—	—	—	14	—	—
1970 to 1979	33	—	—	—	33	—	—
1969 or earlier	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	63	449	354	180	63	264	449
1989 to March 1990	43	194	277	140	43	187	194
1985 to 1988	20	231	77	37	20	74	231
1980 to 1984	—	24	—	3	—	—	24
1970 to 1979	—	—	—	—	—	3	—
1969 or earlier	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS							
No telephone in unit	—	7	—	—	—	—	7
Householder 65 years and over	24	3	—	—	24	—	3
Owner-occupied housing units	17	—	—	—	17	—	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available	—	3	—	—	—	—	3
Complete plumbing facilities	158	441	354	180	158	264	441
1.00 or less persons per room	158	272	324	163	158	206	272
1.01 or more persons per room	—	169	30	17	—	58	169
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	8	—	—	—	—	8
1.00 or less persons per room	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room	—	8	—	—	—	—	8
Mean household income in 1989:							
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	54 241	—	—	—	54 241	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	40 598	12 554	10 072	8 097	40 598	10 989	12 554
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	30	180	170	130	30	134	180
Owner-occupied housing units	17	—	—	—	17	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	13	180	170	130	13	134	180

Table 41. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990

(Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Champaign County		
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 14
Specified owner-occupied housing units	343	343	123	26	106	-	-	-
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS								
With a mortgage.....	242	242	104	8	72	-	-	-
Less than \$300.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$300 to \$399.....	11	11	7	4	-	-	-	-
\$400 to \$499.....	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$500 to \$599.....	19	19	9	4	-	-	-	-
\$600 to \$799.....	67	67	19	-	21	-	-	-
\$800 to \$999.....	40	40	12	-	16	-	-	-
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	81	81	35	-	35	-	-	-
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	22	22	22	-	-	-	-	-
\$2,000 or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars).....	850	850	1 040	450	897	-	-	-
Not mortgaged.....	101	101	19	18	34	-	-	-
Less than \$100.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$100 to \$199.....	9	9	-	-	9	-	-	-
\$200 to \$299.....	61	61	14	18	9	-	-	-
\$300 to \$399.....	18	18	-	-	8	-	-	-
\$400 to \$499.....	8	8	-	-	8	-	-	-
\$500 or more.....	5	5	5	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars).....	264	264	234	275	244	-	-	-
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$20,000.....	90	90	37	4	26	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	16	16	6	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	7	7	7	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	58	58	24	4	17	-	-	-
Not computed.....	9	9	-	-	9	-	-	-
Median.....	40.9	40.9	38.1	37.5	45.0	-	-	-
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	8	8	6	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	6	6	6	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	-	-	-	-	-
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	71	71	36	13	8	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	31	31	8	13	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	8	8	6	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	24	24	22	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	8	8	-	-	8	-	-	-
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median.....	22.8	22.8	25.9	10.0-	37.5	-	-	-
\$50,000 or more.....	174	174	44	9	72	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	110	110	18	9	45	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	28	28	8	-	20	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	32	32	14	-	7	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	4	4	4	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median.....	16.0	16.0	22.5	10.0-	17.6	-	-	-
Specified renter-occupied housing units	1 900	1 900	699	48	1 061	354	180	58
GROSS RENT								
Less than \$100.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$100 to \$199.....	28	28	12	6	10	12	-	-
\$200 to \$299.....	363	363	179	-	182	89	64	-
\$300 to \$399.....	804	804	199	9	560	120	51	36
\$400 to \$499.....	293	293	104	18	149	44	21	22
\$500 to \$599.....	269	269	128	-	118	44	23	-
\$600 to \$749.....	47	47	23	-	19	23	-	-
\$750 to \$999.....	58	58	54	-	-	22	21	-
\$1,000 or more.....	15	15	-	-	15	-	-	-
No cash rent.....	23	23	-	15	8	-	-	-
Median (dollars).....	359	359	375	402	355	343	332	344
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$10,000.....	873	873	378	20	454	194	115	17
Less than 20 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	6	6	-	6	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	637	637	323	9	284	172	89	17
Not computed.....	230	230	55	5	170	22	26	-
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	562	562	183	9	360	114	37	10
Less than 20 percent.....	17	17	-	-	17	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	76	76	25	9	42	16	9	-
25 to 29 percent.....	160	160	49	-	111	33	5	-
30 to 34 percent.....	138	138	37	-	91	26	-	10
35 percent or more.....	171	171	72	-	99	39	23	-
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median.....	31.0	31.0	32.4	22.5	30.5	31.5	37.8	32.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	333	333	104	19	186	46	28	22
Less than 20 percent.....	160	160	29	9	111	-	18	9
20 to 24 percent.....	71	71	15	-	43	13	2	13
25 to 29 percent.....	51	51	26	-	25	11	8	-
30 to 34 percent.....	19	19	12	-	7	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	22	22	22	-	-	22	-	-
Not computed.....	10	10	-	10	-	-	-	-
Median.....	20.1	20.1	26.5	17.5	18.6	29.5	13.9	20.8
\$35,000 or more.....	132	132	34	-	61	-	-	9
Less than 20 percent.....	112	112	34	-	41	-	-	9
20 to 24 percent.....	12	12	-	-	12	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed.....	8	8	-	-	8	-	-	-
Median.....	13.8	13.8	15.3	-	12.1	-	-	12.5

Table 41. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County—Con.		Champaign city, Champaign County		Urbana city, Champaign County		
	Tract 57	Tract 60	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 57 (pt.)	Tract 59	Tract 60 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	86	—	—	—	86	—	—
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS							
With a mortgage.....	61	—	—	—	61	—	—
Less than \$300.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 to \$599.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$600 to \$799.....	10	—	—	—	10	—	—
\$800 to \$999.....	16	—	—	—	16	—	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	35	—	—	—	35	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	1 080	—	—	—	1 080	—	—
Not mortgaged.....	25	—	—	—	25	—	—
Less than \$100.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$200 to \$299.....	9	—	—	—	9	—	—
\$300 to \$399.....	8	—	—	—	8	—	—
\$400 to \$499.....	8	—	—	—	8	—	—
\$500 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	322	—	—	—	322	—	—
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989							
Less than \$20,000.....	17	—	—	—	17	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	17	—	—	—	17	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	45.0	—	—	—	45.0	—	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	8	—	—	—	8	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	8	—	—	—	8	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	37.5	—	—	—	37.5	—	—
\$50,000 or more.....	61	—	—	—	61	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	34	—	—	—	34	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	20	—	—	—	20	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	7	—	—	—	7	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	17.8	—	—	—	17.8	—	—
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	63	449	354	180	63	264	449
GROSS RENT							
Less than \$100.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	—	—	12	—	—	5	—
\$200 to \$299.....	—	124	89	64	—	10	124
\$300 to \$399.....	25	305	120	51	25	185	305
\$400 to \$499.....	6	15	44	21	6	21	15
\$500 to \$599.....	25	—	44	23	25	18	—
\$600 to \$749.....	—	5	23	—	—	14	5
\$750 to \$999.....	—	—	22	21	—	8	—
\$1,000 or more.....	7	—	—	—	7	3	—
No cash rent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	502	332	343	332	502	354	332
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989							
Less than \$10,000.....	6	174	194	115	6	154	174
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	99	172	89	—	120	99
Not computed.....	6	75	22	26	6	34	75
Median.....	—	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	—	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	7	204	114	37	7	76	204
Less than 20 percent.....	—	17	—	—	—	—	17
20 to 24 percent.....	—	29	16	9	—	13	29
25 to 29 percent.....	—	70	33	5	—	36	70
30 to 34 percent.....	—	43	26	—	—	22	43
35 percent or more.....	7	45	39	23	7	5	45
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	50.0+	29.0	31.5	37.8	50.0+	28.5	29.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	34	49	46	28	34	31	49
Less than 20 percent.....	16	32	—	18	16	24	32
20 to 24 percent.....	—	17	13	2	—	7	17
25 to 29 percent.....	18	—	11	8	18	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	22	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	25.3	17.5	29.5	13.9	25.3	17.5	17.5
\$35,000 or more.....	16	22	—	—	16	3	22
Less than 20 percent.....	9	17	—	—	9	—	17
20 to 24 percent.....	7	5	—	—	7	—	5
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	3	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	10.0-	12.0	—	—	10.0-	—	12.0

Table 42. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County	Rantoul village, Champaign County	Urbana city, Champaign County
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 103	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 59
Occupied housing units	772	772	349	62	259	36	36	50
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT								
1989 to March 1990	9	9	9	—	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988	106	106	58	—	36	—	—	13
1980 to 1984	79	79	27	4	27	—	—	12
1970 to 1979	112	112	42	5	25	—	—	—
1960 to 1969	144	144	81	12	49	9	9	12
1950 to 1959	130	130	48	16	64	10	10	13
1940 to 1949	48	48	25	16	7	8	8	—
1939 or earlier	144	144	59	9	51	9	9	—
BEDROOMS								
1 to bedroom	50	50	32	—	18	—	—	—
2 to bedroom	160	160	99	—	58	—	—	13
3 to bedroom	272	272	109	8	111	—	—	37
4 to bedroom	186	186	77	50	38	36	36	—
5 to bedroom	96	96	32	4	26	—	—	—
6 or more bedrooms	8	8	—	—	8	—	—	—
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS								
Complete kitchen facilities	746	746	335	62	247	36	36	50
Source of water: public system or private company	754	754	349	62	259	36	36	50
Sewage disposal: public sewer	724	724	349	62	259	36	36	50
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
HOUSE HEATING FUEL								
Utility gas	538	538	190	62	207	36	36	26
Limited, tank, or LP gas	5	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
Electricity	229	229	159	—	52	—	—	24
Oil, kerosene, etc.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No fuel used	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE								
None	119	119	66	8	45	—	—	—
1	372	372	161	22	147	19	19	37
2	233	233	116	27	56	17	17	13
3 or more	48	48	6	5	11	—	—	—
Vehicles per household	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.5	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.3
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT								
Owner-occupied housing units	302	302	122	26	72	—	—	—
1989 to March 1990	46	46	15	—	18	—	—	—
1985 to 1988	112	112	39	15	33	—	—	—
1980 to 1984	35	35	6	3	6	—	—	—
1970 to 1979	92	92	55	—	15	—	—	—
1969 or earlier	17	17	7	8	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	470	470	227	36	187	36	36	50
1989 to March 1990	290	290	170	8	101	8	8	24
1985 to 1988	173	173	57	28	79	28	28	26
1980 to 1984	7	7	—	—	7	—	—	—
1970 to 1979	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1969 or earlier	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS								
No telephone in unit	40	40	23	—	9	—	—	—
Householder 65 years and over	34	34	15	8	9	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units	34	34	15	8	9	—	—	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available	8	8	—	8	—	—	—	—
Complete plumbing facilities	772	772	349	62	259	36	36	50
1.00 or less persons per room	749	749	349	59	248	36	36	50
1.01 or more persons per room	23	23	—	3	11	—	—	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median household income in 1989:								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	44 836	44 836	61 281	29 525	37 705	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	13 956	13 956	12 804	23 504	13 656	23 504	23 504	13 031
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	199	199	96	11	74	—	—	25
Owner-occupied housing units	38	38	—	11	18	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	161	161	96	—	56	—	—	25

Table 43. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County	Rantoul village, Champaign County	Urbano city, Champaign County
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbano city	Tract 103	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 50
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	268	268	122	23	72	-	-	-
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS								
With a mortgage.....	214	214	93	23	66	-	-	-
Less than \$300.....	8	8	-	8	-	-	-	-
\$300 to \$399.....	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$400 to \$499.....	26	26	9	-	12	-	-	-
\$500 to \$599.....	45	45	25	6	14	-	-	-
\$600 to \$799.....	58	58	25	-	16	-	-	-
\$800 to \$999.....	21	21	6	-	15	-	-	-
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	29	29	11	9	9	-	-	-
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	25	25	17	-	-	-	-	-
\$2,000 or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars).....	728	728	755	579	759	-	-	-
Not mortgaged.....	54	54	29	-	6	-	-	-
Less than \$100.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$100 to \$199.....	25	25	8	-	-	-	-	-
\$200 to \$299.....	24	24	16	-	6	-	-	-
\$300 to \$399.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$400 to \$499.....	5	5	5	-	-	-	-	-
\$500 or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars).....	211	211	246	-	275	-	-	-
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$20,000.....	52	52	17	8	18	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	8	8	8	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	32	32	9	8	6	-	-	-
Not computed.....	12	12	-	-	12	-	-	-
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	40.6	50.0+	50.0+	-	-	-
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	52	52	21	6	10	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	17	17	15	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	8	8	-	-	5	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	11	11	-	6	5	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	6	6	6	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median.....	25.5	25.5	18.5	32.5	27.5	-	-	-
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	79	79	26	5	29	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	54	54	15	-	20	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	25	25	11	5	9	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median.....	16.4	16.4	13.3	32.5	18.6	-	-	-
\$50,000 or more.....	85	85	58	4	15	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	68	68	49	4	15	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	9	9	9	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median.....	16.6	16.6	16.0	17.5	15.8	-	-	-
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	470	470	227	36	187	36	36	50
GROSS RENT								
Less than \$100.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$100 to \$199.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$200 to \$299.....	62	62	36	-	15	-	-	-
\$300 to \$399.....	159	159	69	19	65	19	19	13
\$400 to \$499.....	128	128	68	9	51	9	9	12
\$500 to \$599.....	52	52	10	-	39	-	-	25
\$600 to \$749.....	44	44	35	-	9	-	-	-
\$750 to \$999.....	9	9	9	-	-	-	-	-
\$1,000 or more.....	8	8	-	-	8	-	-	-
No cash rent.....	8	8	-	8	-	8	8	-
Median (dollars).....	410	410	418	363	424	363	363	487
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$10,000.....	136	136	88	-	42	-	-	13
Less than 20 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	136	136	88	-	42	-	-	13
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	-	-	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	247	247	106	28	102	28	28	28
Less than 20 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	7	7	-	-	7	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	63	63	11	10	31	10	10	12
30 to 34 percent.....	36	36	-	18	18	18	18	13
35 percent or more.....	141	141	95	-	46	-	-	-
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median.....	41.1	41.1	49.1	31.1	33.6	31.1	31.1	50.0+
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	71	71	25	-	43	-	-	12
Less than 20 percent.....	12	12	-	-	9	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	28	28	14	-	14	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	23	23	11	-	12	-	-	12
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	8	8	-	-	8	-	-	-
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median.....	24.2	24.2	24.5	-	24.5	-	-	27.5
\$35,000 or more.....	16	16	8	8	-	8	8	-
Less than 20 percent.....	8	8	8	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed.....	8	8	-	8	-	8	8	-
Median.....	12.5	12.5	12.5	-	-	-	-	-

Table 44. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign— Urbana—Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Champaign County		Rantoul village, Champaign County	Urbana city, Cham- paign County
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city	Tract 103		Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 59
Occupied housing units	55 317	55 317	19 916	4 648	10 448	1 140		1 140	712
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990	765	765	180	26	160	26		26	48
1985 to 1988	4 607	4 607	1 722	166	960	43		43	162
1980 to 1984	4 867	4 867	1 837	271	865	77		77	61
1970 to 1979	13 154	13 154	3 768	856	2 059	64		64	53
1960 to 1969	10 981	10 981	4 033	1 165	2 071	315		315	99
1950 to 1959	8 429	8 429	3 695	1 404	1 549	444		444	118
1940 to 1949	3 606	3 606	1 589	507	762	101		101	45
1939 or earlier	8 908	8 908	3 092	253	2 022	70		70	126
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom	1 055	1 055	816	23	160	—		—	30
1 bedroom	6 772	6 772	3 263	377	2 272	18		18	248
2 bedrooms	16 370	16 370	5 833	1 342	3 603	331		331	222
3 bedrooms	21 864	21 864	6 907	2 321	2 901	578		578	107
4 bedrooms	7 588	7 588	2 534	521	1 181	182		182	77
5 or more bedrooms	1 668	1 668	563	64	331	31		31	28
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities	55 260	55 260	19 887	4 648	10 436	1 140		1 140	712
Source of water, public system or private company	49 820	49 820	19 907	4 643	10 448	1 135		1 135	712
Sewage disposal, public sewer	46 016	46 016	19 727	4 594	10 386	1 120		1 120	712
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	143	143	30	13	31	—		—	—
Owner-occupied housing units	97	97	13	8	9	—		—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	46	46	17	5	22	—		—	—
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas	41 318	41 318	15 384	4 202	7 436	944		944	335
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	2 734	2 734	153	13	49	5		5	—
Electricity	9 732	9 732	4 073	379	2 843	177		177	357
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	930	930	95	24	57	—		—	—
All other fuels	517	517	157	23	38	7		7	20
No fuel used	86	86	54	7	25	7		7	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None	4 100	4 100	2 154	226	1 139	12		12	131
1	21 488	21 488	8 675	1 868	5 304	424		424	403
2	22 184	22 184	7 105	1 980	3 172	591		591	135
3 or more	7 545	7 545	1 982	574	833	113		113	43
Vehicles per household	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.7		1.7	1.2
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units	32 244	32 244	10 027	2 147	4 589	84		84	69
1989 to March 1990	2 911	2 911	924	182	327	36		36	—
1985 to 1988	9 230	9 230	3 167	565	1 077	41		41	6
1980 to 1984	5 047	5 047	1 428	378	760	7		7	18
1970 to 1979	7 842	7 842	2 183	503	1 077	—		—	—
1969 or earlier	7 214	7 214	2 325	519	1 348	—		—	45
Renter-occupied housing units	23 073	23 073	9 889	2 501	5 859	1 056		1 056	643
1989 to March 1990	12 198	12 198	5 999	1 138	2 967	466		466	416
1985 to 1988	7 603	7 603	2 857	1 000	2 045	540		540	180
1980 to 1984	1 927	1 927	575	295	555	50		50	40
1970 to 1979	927	927	364	54	244	—		—	7
1969 or earlier	418	418	94	14	48	—		—	—
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit	1 558	1 558	481	224	249	19		19	—
Householder 65 years and over	9 154	9 154	3 006	569	2 099	—		—	58
Owner-occupied housing units	7 342	7 342	2 361	452	1 430	—		—	52
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	46	46	12	—	8	—		—	—
No telephone in unit	131	131	59	—	24	—		—	—
No vehicle available	1 490	1 490	545	56	537	—		—	6
Complete plumbing facilities	55 174	55 174	19 886	4 635	10 417	1 140		1 140	712
1.00 or less persons per room	54 436	54 436	19 609	4 546	10 299	1 115		1 115	698
1.01 or more persons per room	738	738	277	89	118	25		25	14
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	143	143	30	13	31	—		—	—
1.00 or less persons per room	143	143	30	13	31	—		—	—
1.01 or more persons per room	—	—	—	—	—	—		—	—
Mean household income in 1989:									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	44 976	44 976	47 922	37 406	48 109	27 313		27 313	69 429
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	21 521	21 521	19 061	25 045	20 325	25 583		25 583	15 551
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	7 235	7 235	3 796	316	1 727	37		37	302
Owner-occupied housing units	1 354	1 354	356	81	210	—		—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	5 881	5 881	3 440	235	1 517	37		37	302

Table 45. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	Champaign County				Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Champaign County	Rantoul village, Champaign County	Urbana city, Champaign County
		Total	Champaign city	Rantoul village	Urbana city			
Specified owner-occupied housing units	25 699	25 699	9 002	1 701	3 872	7	7	69
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS								
With a mortgage	17 393	17 393	6 344	1 077	2 344	7	7	18
Less than \$300	518	518	194	85	20	-	-	-
\$300 to \$399	1 450	1 450	572	117	167	-	-	-
\$400 to \$499	2 133	2 133	761	200	362	-	-	-
\$500 to \$599	2 801	2 801	1 003	217	344	-	-	6
\$600 to \$799	4 692	4 692	1 712	213	663	-	-	-
\$800 to \$999	2 717	2 717	971	119	340	-	-	6
\$1,000 to \$1,499	2 186	2 186	794	103	322	7	7	-
\$1,500 to \$1,999	630	630	215	23	103	-	-	6
\$2,000 or more	266	266	122	-	23	-	-	-
Median (dollars)	670	670	664	567	669	1 375	1 375	975
Not mortgaged	8 306	8 306	2 658	624	1 528	-	-	51
Less than \$100	90	90	6	17	10	-	-	-
\$100 to \$199	2 488	2 488	772	227	307	-	-	-
\$200 to \$299	3 522	3 522	1 145	300	621	-	-	6
\$300 to \$399	1 465	1 465	467	71	388	-	-	32
\$400 to \$499	495	495	152	-	164	-	-	6
\$500 or more	246	246	116	9	38	-	-	7
Median (dollars)	238	238	240	219	269	-	-	361
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$20,000	4 221	4 221	1 594	253	687	-	-	11
Less than 20 percent	1 148	1 148	391	77	157	-	-	6
20 to 24 percent	507	507	202	-	65	-	-	5
25 to 29 percent	431	431	170	34	57	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	475	475	138	59	124	-	-	-
35 percent or more	1 574	1 574	640	83	262	-	-	-
Not computed	86	86	53	-	22	-	-	-
Median	29.8	29.8	30.3	31.3	32.2	-	-	19.6
\$20,000 to \$34,999	5 755	5 755	2 029	461	731	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent	2 976	2 976	998	264	365	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	1 001	1 001	317	108	167	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	909	909	343	32	135	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	471	471	207	37	23	-	-	-
35 percent or more	398	398	164	20	41	-	-	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	19.5	19.5	20.3	15.8	20.0	-	-	-
\$35,000 to \$49,999	6 769	6 769	2 374	602	934	7	7	29
Less than 20 percent	4 368	4 368	1 519	425	590	-	-	29
20 to 24 percent	1 356	1 356	469	113	173	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	625	625	261	38	90	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	287	287	87	12	64	-	-	-
35 percent or more	133	133	38	14	17	7	7	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	16.9	16.9	17.1	13.9	16.9	37.5	37.5	12.7
\$50,000 or more	8 954	8 954	3 005	385	1 520	-	-	29
Less than 20 percent	7 192	7 192	2 439	343	1 319	-	-	23
20 to 24 percent	1 147	1 147	360	27	133	-	-	6
25 to 29 percent	375	375	143	-	52	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	124	124	28	10	8	-	-	-
35 percent or more	116	116	35	5	8	-	-	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	13.0	13.0	13.4	10.0	10.9	-	-	10.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units	22 595	22 595	9 871	2 471	5 835	1 026	1 026	643
GROSS RENT								
Less than \$100	148	148	50	10	81	-	-	-
\$100 to \$199	744	744	359	86	209	-	-	-
\$200 to \$299	2 754	2 754	1 304	451	475	37	37	25
\$300 to \$399	6 084	6 084	2 446	776	1 620	296	296	246
\$400 to \$499	5 372	5 372	2 213	371	1 612	144	144	104
\$500 to \$599	3 226	3 226	1 474	127	960	30	30	120
\$600 to \$749	1 802	1 802	978	83	428	23	23	34
\$750 to \$999	1 091	1 091	707	28	316	-	-	88
\$1,000 or more	403	403	260	4	79	-	-	21
No cash rent	971	971	80	535	55	496	496	5
Median (dollars)	418	418	427	354	429	371	371	421
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$10,000	6 056	6 056	3 502	238	1 649	28	28	238
Less than 20 percent	64	64	21	10	26	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	168	168	77	14	74	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	214	214	107	-	79	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	191	191	67	6	88	-	-	-
35 percent or more	5 085	5 085	3 064	182	1 305	9	9	222
Not computed	334	334	166	26	77	19	19	16
Median	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	46.9	50.0+	37.5	37.5	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	6 718	6 718	2 853	906	1 769	410	410	227
Less than 20 percent	396	396	147	79	68	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	801	801	266	215	108	68	68	-
25 to 29 percent	1 203	1 203	523	150	357	58	58	24
30 to 34 percent	1 267	1 267	539	140	361	51	51	22
35 percent or more	2 719	2 719	1 366	85	846	7	7	181
Not computed	332	332	12	237	29	226	226	-
Median	33.1	33.1	34.5	26.3	34.7	27.1	27.1	42.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999	6 238	6 238	2 175	882	1 621	436	436	133
Less than 20 percent	2 485	2 485	748	440	527	164	164	52
20 to 24 percent	1 725	1 725	700	124	552	46	46	41
25 to 29 percent	930	930	313	57	345	23	23	11
30 to 34 percent	380	380	186	27	95	-	-	10
35 percent or more	360	360	207	22	91	3	3	14
Not computed	358	358	22	216	11	200	200	5
Median	21.3	21.3	22.3	18.0	22.5	18.0	18.0	21.5
\$35,000 or more	3 583	3 583	1 340	445	796	152	152	45
Less than 20 percent	3 030	3 030	1 097	379	695	96	96	20
20 to 24 percent	256	256	180	10	39	5	5	6
25 to 29 percent	83	83	31	-	52	-	-	16
30 to 34 percent	30	30	7	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	3
Not computed	181	181	25	56	7	51	51	-
Median	14.1	14.1	15.3	11.9	14.4	13.4	13.4	22.1

Table 46. Percent of Persons and Housing Units in Sample: 1990

For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Persons		Housing units		Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Persons		Housing units	
	100-percent count	Percent in sample	100-percent count	Percent in sample		100-percent count	Percent in sample	100-percent count	Percent in sample
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA	173 025	15.7	68 416	16.1					
CHAMPAIGN COUNTY					RANTOUL VILLAGE, CHAMPAIGN COUNTY				
Total	173 025	15.7	68 416	16.1	Tract 101 (pt.)	5 014	11.4	2 365	11.4
Champaign city	63 502	11.4	25 996	11.9	Tract 102.01 (pt.)	979	16.8	431	15.3
Rantoul village	17 212	13.3	6 059	14.1	Tract 102.02 (pt.)	318	15.7	175	13.7
Urbana city	36 344	12.8	14 006	13.2	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	3 716	17.3	1 670	16.3
					Tract 103 (pt.)	7 185	12.0	1 418	15.8
TOTALS FOR SPLIT TRACTS/BNA'S IN CHAMPAIGN COUNTY					Tract 104 (pt.)	—	—	—	—
Tract 2	2 130	11.5	835	11.6	URBANA CITY, CHAMPAIGN COUNTY				
Tract 3	5 710	9.5	2 990	9.2	Tract 2 (pt.)	—	—	—	—
Tract 4	8 042	10.6	1 844	12.5	Tract 3 (pt.)	—	—	—	—
Tract 7	3 684	13.9	1 720	14.0	Tract 4 (pt.)	—	—	—	—
Tract 8	1 700	15.5	673	15.8	Tract 14 (pt.)	—	—	—	—
Tract 9	6 838	9.9	3 194	11.0	Tract 51	207	16.9	112	15.2
Tract 10	4 780	11.6	2 291	11.5	Tract 52	2 214	14.9	1 219	15.2
Tract 12.01	6 770	11.4	2 736	11.8	Tract 53 (pt.)	2 746	13.7	1 101	15.0
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					Tract 13 (pt.)	2 499	10.5	1 037	11.7
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Tract 2 (pt.)	2 130	11.5	835	11.6	Tract 54 (pt.)	4 976	11.4	2 220	10.6
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APPENDIX A.

Area Classifications

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These definitions are for all geographic entities and concepts that the Census Bureau will include in its standard 1990 census data products. Not all entities and concepts are shown in any one 1990 census data product. For a description of geographic areas included in each data product, see appendix F.

AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE AREA

Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC)

Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANRC's) are corporate entities established under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203, as amended by Public Law 94-204, to conduct both business and nonprofit affairs of Alaska Natives. Alaska is divided into

12 ANRC's that cover the entire State, except for the Annette Islands Reserve. The boundaries of the 12 ANRC's were established by the Department of the Interior, in cooperation with Alaska Natives. Each ANRC was designed to include, as far as practicable, Alaska Natives with a common heritage and common interests. The ANRC boundaries for the 1990 census were identified by the Bureau of Land Management. A 13th region was established for Alaska Natives who are not permanent residents and who chose not to enroll in one of the 12 ANRC's; no census products are prepared for the 13th region. ANRC's were first identified for the 1980 census.

Each ANRC is assigned a two-digit census code ranging from 07 through 84. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of the ANRC's.

Alaska Native Village (ANV) Statistical Area

Alaska Native villages (ANV's) constitute tribes, bands, clans, groups, villages, communities, or associations in Alaska that are recognized pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203. Because ANV's do not have legally designated boundaries, the Census Bureau has established Alaska Native village statistical areas (ANVSA's) for statistical purposes. For the 1990 census, the Census Bureau cooperated with officials of the nonprofit corporation within each participating Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC), as well as other knowledgeable officials, to delineate boundaries that encompass the settled area associated with each ANV. ANVSA's are located within ANRC's and do not cross ANRC boundaries. ANVSA's for the 1990 census replace the ANV's that the Census Bureau recognized for the 1980 census.

Each ANVSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 6001 through 8989. Each ANVSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical order of ANVSA's.

American Indian Reservation and Trust Land

American Indian Reservation—Federal American Indian reservations are areas with boundaries established by treaty, statute, and/or executive or court order, and recognized by the Federal Government as territory in which American Indian tribes have jurisdiction. State reservations are lands held in trust by State governments for the use and benefit of a given tribe. The reservations and their boundaries were identified for the 1990 census by the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), Department of Interior (for Federal reservations), and State governments (for State reservations). The names of American Indian reservations recognized by State governments, but not by the Federal Government, are followed by "(State)." Areas composed of reservation lands that are administered jointly and/or are claimed by two reservations, as identified by the BIA, are called "joint areas," and are treated as separate American Indian reservations for census purposes.

Federal reservations may cross State boundaries, and Federal and State reservations may cross county, county subdivision, and place boundaries. For reservations that cross State boundaries, only the portion of the reservations in a given State are shown in the data products for that State; the entire reservations are shown in data products for the United States.

Each American Indian reservation is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 0001 through 4989. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of American Indian reservations nationwide, except that joint areas appear at the end of the code range. Each American Indian reservation also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code; because the FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical sequence of American Indian reservations within each State, the FIPS code is different in each State for reservations in more than one State.

Trust Land—Trust lands are property associated with a particular American Indian reservation or tribe, held in trust by the Federal Government. Trust lands may be held in trust either for a tribe (tribal trust land) or for an individual member of a tribe (individual trust land). Trust lands recognized for the 1990 census comprise all tribal trust lands and inhabited individual trust lands located outside of a reservation boundary. As with other American Indian areas, trust lands may be located in more than one State. Only the trust lands in a given State are shown in the data products for that State; all trust lands associated with a reservation or tribe are shown in data products for the United States. The Census Bureau first reported data for tribal trust lands for the 1980 census.

Trust lands are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS code, the same as that for the reservation with which they are associated. Trust lands not associated with a reservation are presented by tribal name, interspersed alphabetically among the reservations.

Tribal Designated Statistical Area (TDSA)

Tribal designated statistical areas (TDSA's) are areas, delineated outside Oklahoma by federally- and State-recognized tribes without a land base or associated trust lands, to provide statistical areas for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TDSA's represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which federally-recognized tribes have jurisdiction and areas in which State tribes provide benefits and services to their members. The names of TDSA's delineated by State-recognized tribes are followed by "(State)." The Census Bureau did not recognize TDSA's before the 1990 census.

Each TDSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 9001 through 9589. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TDSA's nationwide. Each TDSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within State.

Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Area (TJSA)

Tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (TJSA's) are areas, delineated by federally-recognized tribes in Oklahoma without a reservation, for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TJSA's represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which one or more tribal governments have jurisdiction; if tribal officials delineated adjacent TJSA's so that they include some duplicate territory, the overlap area is called a "joint use area," which is treated as a separate TJSA for census purposes.

TJSA's replace the "Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas)" shown in 1980 census data products. The Historic Areas of Oklahoma comprised the territory located within reservations that had legally established boundaries from 1900 to 1907; these reservations were dissolved during the 2- to 3-year period preceding the statehood of Oklahoma in 1907. The Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) were identified only for the 1980 census.

Each TJSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 5001 through 5989. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TJSA's, except that joint areas appear at the end of the code range. Each TJSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within Oklahoma.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurements provide the size, in square kilometers (also in square miles in printed reports), recorded for each geographic entity for which the Census Bureau tabulates data in general-purpose data products (except crews-of-vessels entities and ZIP Codes). (Square kilometers may be divided by 2.59 to convert an area measurement to square miles.) Area was calculated from the specific set of boundaries recorded for the entity in the Census Bureau's geographic data base (see "TIGER"). On machine-readable files, area measurements are shown to three decimal places; the decimal point is implied. In printed reports and listings, area measurements are shown to one decimal.

The Census Bureau provides measurements for both land area and total water area for the 1990 census; the water figure includes inland, coastal, Great Lakes, and territorial water. (For the 1980 census, the Census Bureau provided area measurements for land and inland water.) The Census Bureau will provide measurements for the component types of water for the affected entities in a separate file. "Inland water" consists of any lake, reservoir, pond, or similar body of water that is recorded in the Census Bureau's geographic data base. It also includes any river, creek, canal, stream, or similar feature that is recorded in that data base as a two-dimensional feature (rather than as a single line). The portions of the oceans and related large embayments (such as the Chesapeake Bay and Puget Sound), the Gulf of Mexico, and the Caribbean Sea that belong to the United States and its territories are considered to be "coastal" and "territorial"

waters; the Great Lakes are treated as a separate water entity. Rivers and bays that empty into these bodies of water are treated as "inland water" from the point beyond which they are narrower than one nautical mile across. Identification of land and inland, coastal, and territorial waters is for statistical purposes, and does not necessarily reflect legal definitions thereof.

By definition, census blocks do not include water within their boundaries; therefore, the water area of a block is always zero. Land area measurements may disagree with the information displayed on census maps and in the TIGER file because, for area measurement purposes, features identified as "intermittent water" and "glacier" are reported as land area. For this reason, it may not be possible to derive the land area for an entity by summing the land area of its component census blocks. In addition, the water area measurement reported for some geographic entities includes water that is not included in any lower-level geographic entity. Therefore, because water is contained only in a higher-level geographic entity, summing the water measurements for all the component lower-level geographic entities will not yield the water area of that higher-level entity. This occurs, for example, where water is associated with a county but is not within the legal boundary of any minor civil division, or the water is associated with a State but is not within the legal boundary of any county. Crews-of-vessels entities (see "Census Tract and Block Numbering Area" and "Block") do not encompass territory and therefore have no area measurements. ZIP Codes do not have specific boundaries, and therefore, also do not have area measurements.

The accuracy of any area measurement figure is limited by the inaccuracy inherent in (1) the location and shape of the various boundary features in the data base, and (2) rounding affecting the last digit in all operations that compute and/or sum the area measurements.

BLOCK

Census blocks are small areas bounded on all sides by visible features such as streets, roads, streams, and railroad tracks, and by invisible boundaries such as city, town, township, and county limits, property lines, and short, imaginary extensions of streets and roads.

Tabulation blocks, used in census data products, are in most cases the same as collection blocks, used in the census enumeration. In some cases, collection blocks have been "split" into two or more parts required for data tabulations. Tabulation blocks do not cross the boundaries of counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts or block numbering areas, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, congressional districts, voting districts, urban or rural areas, or urbanized areas. The 1990 census is the first for which the entire United States and its possessions are block-numbered.

Blocks are numbered uniquely within each census tract or BNA. A block is identified by a three-digit number, sometimes with a single alphabetical suffix. Block numbers

with suffixes generally represent collection blocks that were "split" in order to identify separate geographic entities that divide the original block. For example, when a city limit runs through data collection block 101, the data for the portion inside the city is tabulated in block 101A and the portion outside, in block 101B. A block number with the suffix "Z" represents a "crews-of-vessels" entity for which the Census Bureau tabulates data, but that does not represent a true geographic area; such a block is shown on census maps associated with an anchor symbol and a census tract or block numbering area with a .99 suffix.

BLOCK GROUP (BG)

Geographic Block Group

A geographic block group (BG) is a cluster of blocks having the same first digit of their three-digit identifying numbers within a census tract or block numbering area (BNA). For example, BG 3 within a census tract or BNA includes all blocks numbered between 301 and 397. In most cases, the numbering involves substantially fewer than 97 blocks. Geographic BG's never cross census tract or BNA boundaries, but may cross the boundaries of county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, urbanized areas, voting districts, and congressional districts. BG's generally contain between 250 and 550 housing units, with the ideal size being 400 housing units.

Tabulation Block Group

In the data tabulations, a geographic BG may be split to present data for every unique combination of county subdivision, place, American Indian and Alaska Native area, urbanized area, voting district, urban/rural and congressional district shown in the data product; for example, if BG 3 is partly in a city and partly outside the city, there will be separate tabulated records for each portion of BG 3. BG's are used in tabulating decennial census data nationwide in the 1990 census, in all block-numbered areas in the 1980 census, and in Tape Address Register (TAR) areas in the 1970 census. For purposes of data presentation, BG's are a substitute for the enumeration districts (ED's) used for reporting data in many parts of the United States for the 1970 and 1980 censuses, and in all areas for pre-1970 censuses.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some counties, county subdivisions, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and many incorporated places, changed between those reported for the 1980 census and January 1, 1990. Boundary changes to legal entities result from:

1. Annexations to or detachments from legally established governmental units.
2. Mergers or consolidations of two or more governmental units.
3. Establishment of new governmental units.
4. Disincorporations or disorganizations of existing governmental units.
5. Changes in treaties and Executive Orders.

The historical counts shown for counties, county subdivisions, and places are not updated for such changes, and thus reflect the population and housing units in the area as delineated at each census. Information on boundary changes reported between the 1980 and 1990 censuses for counties, county subdivisions, and incorporated places is presented in the "User Notes" section of the technical documentation of Summary Tape Files 1 and 3, and in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* printed reports. For information on boundary changes for such areas in the decade preceding other decennial censuses, see the *Number of Inhabitants* reports for each census. Boundary changes are not reported for some areas, such as census designated places and block groups.

CENSUS REGION AND CENSUS DIVISION

Census Division

Census divisions are groupings of States that are subdivisions of the four census regions. There are nine divisions, which the Census Bureau adopted in 1910 for the presentation of data. The regions, divisions, and their constituent States are:

Northeast Region

New England Division:

Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut

Middle Atlantic Division:

New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania

Midwest Region

East North Central Division:

Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin

West North Central Division:

Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas

South Region

South Atlantic Division:

Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida

East South Central Division:

Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi

West South Central Division:

Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas

West Region

Mountain Division:

Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada

Pacific Division:

Washington, Oregon, California, Alaska, Hawaii

Census Region

Census regions are groupings of States that subdivide the United States for the presentation of data. There are four regions—Northeast, Midwest, South, and West. Each of the four census regions is divided into two or more census divisions. Prior to 1984, the Midwest region was named the North Central region. From 1910, when census regions were established, through the 1940's, there were three regions—North, South, and West.

CENSUS TRACT AND BLOCK NUMBERING AREA

Block Numbering Area (BNA)

Block numbering areas (BNA's) are small statistical subdivisions of a county for grouping and numbering blocks in nonmetropolitan counties where local census statistical areas committees have not established census tracts. State agencies and the Census Bureau delineated BNA's for the 1990 census, using guidelines similar to those for the delineation of census tracts. BNA's do not cross county boundaries.

BNA's are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit suffix; for example, 9901.07. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic BNA number from the two-digit suffix is shown in printed reports, in microfiche, and on census maps; in machine-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many BNA's do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is left blank in all data products. BNA numbers range from 9501 through 9989.99, and are unique within a county (numbers in the range of 0001 through 9499.99 denote a census tract). The suffix .99 identifies a BNA that was populated entirely by persons aboard one or more civilian or military ships. A "crews-of-vessels" BNA appears on census maps only as an anchor symbol with its BNA number (and block numbers on maps showing block numbers); the BNA relates to the ships associated with the onshore BNA's having the same four-digit basic number. Suffixes in the range .80 through .98 usually identify BNA's that either were revised or were created during the 1990 census data collection activities.

Some of these revisions produced BNA's that have extremely small land area and may have little or no population or housing. For data analysis, such a BNA can be summarized with an adjacent BNA.

Census Tract

Census tracts are small, relatively permanent statistical subdivisions of a county. Census tracts are delineated for all metropolitan areas (MA's) and other densely populated counties by local census statistical areas committees following Census Bureau guidelines (more than 3,000 census tracts have been established in 221 counties outside MA's). Six States (California, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, New Jersey, and Rhode Island) and the District of Columbia are covered entirely by census tracts. Census tracts usually have between 2,500 and 8,000 persons and, when first delineated, are designed to be homogeneous with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. Census tracts do not cross county boundaries. The spatial size of census tracts varies widely depending on the density of settlement. Census tract boundaries are delineated with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that statistical comparisons can be made from census to census. However, physical changes in street patterns caused by highway construction, new development, etc., may require occasional revisions; census tracts occasionally are split due to large population growth, or combined as a result of substantial population decline. Census tracts are referred to as "tracts" in all 1990 data products.

Census tracts are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit suffix; for example, 6059.02. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic tract number from the two-digit suffix is shown in printed reports, in microfiche, and on census maps; in machine-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many census tracts do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is left blank in all data products. Leading zeros in a census tract number (for example, 002502) are shown only on machine-readable files.

Census tract numbers range from 0001 through 9499.99 and are unique within a county (numbers in the range of 9501 through 9989.99 denote a block numbering area). The suffix .99 identifies a census tract that was populated entirely by persons aboard one or more civilian or military ships. A "crews-of-vessels" census tract appears on census maps only as an anchor symbol with its census tract number (and block numbers on maps showing block numbers). These census tracts relate to the ships associated with the onshore census tract having the same four-digit basic number. Suffixes in the range .80 through .98 usually identify census tracts that either were revised or were created during the 1990 census data collection activities. Some of these revisions may have resulted in census tracts that have extremely small land area and may have little or no population or housing. For data analysis, such a census tract can be summarized with an adjacent census tract.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT (CD)

Congressional districts (CD's) are the 435 areas from which persons are elected to the U.S. House of Representatives. After the apportionment of congressional seats among the States, based on census population counts, each State is responsible for establishing CD's for the purpose of electing representatives. Each CD is to be as equal in population to all other CD's in the State as practicable, based on the decennial census counts.

The CD's that were in effect on January 1, 1990 were those of the 101st Congress. Data on the 101st Congress appear in an early 1990 census data product (Summary Tape File 1A). The CD's of the 101st Congress are the same as those in effect for the 102nd Congress. CD's of the 103rd Congress, reflecting redistricting based on the 1990 census, are summarized in later 1990 data products (STF's 1D and 3D, and 1990 CPH-4, *Population and Housing Characteristics for Congressional Districts of the 103rd Congress* printed reports).

COUNTY

The primary political divisions of most States are termed "counties." In Louisiana, these divisions are known as "parishes." In Alaska, which has no counties, the county equivalents are the organized "boroughs" and the "census areas" that are delineated for statistical purposes by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. In four States (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more cities that are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their States. These cities are known as "independent cities" and are treated as equivalent to counties for statistical purposes. That part of Yellowstone National Park in Montana is treated as a county equivalent. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for statistical purposes.

Each county and county equivalent is assigned a three-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. These codes are assigned in alphabetical order of county or county equivalent within State, except for the independent cities, which follow the listing of counties.

COUNTY SUBDIVISION

County subdivisions are the primary subdivisions of counties and their equivalents for the reporting of decennial census data. They include census county divisions, census subareas, minor civil divisions, and unorganized territories.

Each county subdivision is assigned a three-digit census code in alphabetical order within county and a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within State.

Census County Division (CCD)

Census county divisions (CCD's) are subdivisions of a county that were delineated by the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State officials and local census statistical

areas committees, for statistical purposes. CCD's were established in 21 States where there are no legally established minor civil divisions (MCD's), where the MCD's do not have governmental or administrative purposes, where the boundaries of the MCD's change frequently, and/or where the MCD's are not generally known to the public. CCD's have no legal functions, and are not governmental units.

The boundaries of CCD's usually are delineated to follow visible features, and in most cases coincide with census tract or block numbering area boundaries. The name of each CCD is based on a place, county, or well-known local name that identifies its location. CCD's have been established in the following 21 States: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Kentucky, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming. For the 1980 census, the county subdivisions recognized for Nevada were MCD's.

Census Subarea (Alaska)

Census subareas are statistical subdivisions of boroughs and census areas (county equivalents) in Alaska. Census subareas were delineated cooperatively by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. The census subareas, identified first in 1980, replaced the various types of subdivisions used in the 1970 census.

Minor Civil Division (MCD)

Minor civil divisions (MCD's) are the primary political or administrative divisions of a county. MCD's represent many different kinds of legal entities with a wide variety of governmental and/or administrative functions. MCD's are variously designated as American Indian reservations, assessment districts, boroughs, election districts, gores, grants, magisterial districts, parish governing authority districts, plantations, precincts, purchases, supervisors' districts, towns, and townships. In some States, all or some incorporated places are not located in any MCD and thus serve as MCD's in their own right. In other States, incorporated places are subordinate to (part of) the MCD's in which they are located, or the pattern is mixed—some incorporated places are independent of MCD's and others are subordinate to one or more MCD's.

The Census Bureau recognizes MCD's in the following 28 States: Arkansas, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to an MCD for statistical purposes.

The MCD's in 12 selected States (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin) also serve as general-purpose local governments. The Census Bureau presents data for these MCD's in all data products in which it provides data for places.

Unorganized Territory (unorg.)

In nine States (Arkansas, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, North Carolina, North Dakota, and South Dakota), some counties contain territory that is not included in an MCD recognized by the Census Bureau. Each separate area of unorganized territory in these States is recognized as one or more separate county subdivisions for census purposes. Each unorganized territory is given a descriptive name, followed by the designation "unorg."

GEOGRAPHIC CODE

Geographic codes are shown primarily on machine-readable data products, such as computer tape and compact disc-read only memory (CD-ROM), but also appear on other products such as microfiche; they also are shown on some census maps. Codes are identified as "census codes" only if there is also a Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code for the same geographic entity. A code that is not identified as either "census" or "FIPS" is usually a census code for which there is no FIPS equivalent, or for which the Census Bureau does not use the FIPS code. The exceptions, which use only the FIPS code in census products, are county, congressional district, and metropolitan area (that is, metropolitan statistical area, consolidated metropolitan statistical area, and primary metropolitan statistical area).

Census Code

Census codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian and Alaska Native area, census division, census region, county subdivision, place, State, urbanized area, and voting district. The structure, format, and meaning of census codes appear in the 1990 census *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*; in the data dictionary portion of the technical documentation for summary tape files, CD-ROM's, and microfiche.

Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) Code

Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian and Alaska Native area, congressional district, county, county subdivision, metropolitan area, place, and State. The structure, format, and meaning of FIPS

codes used in the census are shown in the 1990 census *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*; in the data dictionary portion of the technical documentation for summary tape files, CD-ROM's, and microfiche.

The objective of the FIPS codes is to improve the use of data resources of the Federal Government and avoid unnecessary duplication and incompatibilities in the collection, processing, and dissemination of data. More information about FIPS and FIPS code documentation is available from the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, VA 22161.

United States Postal Service (USPS) Code

United States Postal Service (USPS) codes for States are used in all 1990 data products. The codes are two-character alphabetic abbreviations. These codes are the same as the FIPS two-character alphabetic abbreviations.

GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION

Hierarchical Presentation

A hierarchical geographic presentation shows the geographic entities in a superior/subordinate structure in census products. This structure is derived from the legal, administrative, or areal relationships of the entities. The hierarchical structure is depicted in report tables by means of indentation, and is explained for machine-readable media in the discussion of file structure in the geographic coverage portion of the abstract in the technical documentation. An example of hierarchical presentation is the "standard census geographic hierarchy": block, within block group, within census tract or block numbering area, within place, within county subdivision, within county, within State, within division, within region, within the United States. Graphically, this is shown as:

```
United States
  Region
    Division
      State
        County
          County subdivision
            Place (or part)
              Census tract/block numbering area
                (or part)
                  Block group (or part)
                    Block
```

Inventory Presentation

An inventory presentation of geographic entities is one in which all entities of the same type are shown in alphabetical or code sequence, without reference to their hierarchical relationships. Generally, an inventory presentation shows totals for entities that may be split in a hierarchical presentation, such as place, census

tract/block numbering area, or block group. An example of a series of inventory presentations is: State, followed by all the counties in that State, followed by all the places in that State. Graphically, this is shown as:

State
County "A"
County "B"
County "C"
Place "X"
Place "Y"
Place "Z"

HISTORICAL COUNTS

Historical counts for total population and total housing units are shown in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* report series. As in past censuses, the general rule for presenting historical data for States, counties, county subdivisions, and places is to show historical counts only for single, continually existing entities. Stated another way, if an entity existed for both the current and preceding censuses, the tables show counts for the preceding censuses. Included in this category are entities of the same type (county, county subdivision, place) even if they had changed their names. Also included are entities that merged, but only if the new entity retained the name of one of the merged entities. The historical counts shown are for each entity as it was bounded at each census.

In cases where an entity was formed since a preceding census, such as a newly incorporated place or a newly organized township, the symbol three dots "..." is shown for earlier censuses. The three-dot symbol also is shown for those parts of a place that have extended into an additional county or county subdivision through annexation or other revision of boundaries since the preceding census.

In a few cases, changes in the boundaries of county subdivisions caused a place to be split into two or more parts, or to be split differently than in the preceding census. If historical counts for the parts of the place as currently split did not appear in a preceding census, "(NA)" is shown for the place in each county subdivision; however, the historical population and housing unit counts of the place appear in tables that show the entire place. For counties, county subdivisions, and places formed since January 1, 1980, 1980 census population and housing unit counts in the 1990 territory are reported in the geographic change notes included in the "User Notes" text section of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, and in the technical documentation of Summary Tape Files 1 and 3.

In some cases, population and housing unit counts for individual areas were revised since publication of the 1980 reports (indicated by the prefix "r"). In a number of tables of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, 1980 counts are shown for aggregations of individual areas,

such as the number, population, and housing unit counts of places in size groups, or urban and rural distributions. Revisions of population and housing unit counts for individual areas were not applied to the various aggregations. Therefore, it may not be possible to determine the individual areas in a given aggregation using the historical counts; conversely, the sum of the counts shown for individual areas may not agree with the aggregation.

INTERNAL POINT

An internal point is a set of geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude) that is located within a specified geographic entity. A single point is identified for each entity; for many entities, this point represents the approximate geographic center of that entity. If the shape of the entity caused this point to be located outside the boundaries of the entity, it is relocated from the center so that it is within the entity. If the internal point for a block falls in a water area, it is relocated to a land area within the block. On machine-readable products, internal points are shown to six decimal places; the decimal point is implied.

METROPOLITAN AREA (MA)

The general concept of a metropolitan area (MA) is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Some MA's are defined around two or more nuclei.

The MA classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on MA's. The MA's are designated and defined by the Federal Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards. These standards were developed by the inter-agency Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, with the aim of producing definitions that are as consistent as possible for all MA's nationwide.

Each MA must contain either a place with a minimum population of 50,000 or a Census Bureau-defined urbanized area and a total MA population of at least 100,000 (75,000 in New England). An MA comprises one or more central counties. An MA also may include one or more outlying counties that have close economic and social relationships with the central county. An outlying county must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and also must meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, MA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The territory, population, and housing units in MA's are referred to as "metropolitan." The metropolitan category is subdivided into "inside central city" and "outside central city." The territory, population, and housing units located outside MA's are referred to as "nonmetropolitan." The

metropolitan and nonmetropolitan classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, there is generally both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

To meet the needs of various users, the standards provide for a flexible structure of metropolitan definitions that classify an MA either as a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or as a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA) that is divided into primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA's). Documentation of the MA standards and how they are applied is available from the Secretary, Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

Central City

In each MSA and CMSA, the largest place and, in some cases, additional places are designated as "central cities" under the official standards. A few PMSA's do not have central cities. The largest central city and, in some cases, up to two additional central cities are included in the title of the MA; there also are central cities that are not included in an MA title. An MA central city does not include any part of that city that extends outside the MA boundary.

Consolidated and Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (CMSA and PMSA)

If an area that qualifies as an MA has more than one million persons, primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA's) may be defined within it. PMSA's consist of a large urbanized county or cluster of counties that demonstrates very strong internal economic and social links, in addition to close ties to other portions of the larger area. When PMSA's are established, the larger area of which they are component parts is designated a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA).

Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)

Metropolitan statistical areas (MSA's) are relatively free-standing MA's and are not closely associated with other MA's. These areas typically are surrounded by nonmetropolitan counties.

Metropolitan Area Title and Code

The title of an MSA contains the name of its largest central city and up to two additional city names, provided that the additional places meet specified levels of population, employment, and commuting. Generally, a city with a population of 250,000 or more is in the title, regardless of other criteria.

The title of a PMSA may contain up to three place names, as determined above, or up to three county names, sequenced in order of population. A CMSA title also may include up to three names, the first of which generally is

the most populous central city in the area. The second name may be the first city or county name in the most populous remaining PMSA; the third name may be the first city or county name in the next most populous PMSA. A regional designation may be substituted for the second and/or third names in a CMSA title if such a designation is supported by local opinion and is deemed to be unambiguous and suitable by the Office of Management and Budget.

The titles for all MA's also contain the name of each State in which the area is located. Each metropolitan area is assigned a four-digit FIPS code, in alphabetical order nationwide. If the fourth digit of the code is a "2," it identifies a CMSA. Additionally, there is a separate set of two-digit codes for CMSA's, also assigned alphabetically.

OUTLYING AREAS OF THE UNITED STATES

The Census Bureau treats the outlying areas as the statistical equivalents of States for the 1990 census. The outlying areas are American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (Northern Mariana Islands), Republic of Palau (Palau), Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands). Geographic definitions specific to each outlying area are shown in appendix A of the text in the data products for each area.

PLACE

Places, for the reporting of decennial census data, include census designated places and incorporated places. Each place is assigned a four-digit census code that is unique within State. Each place is also assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order within State. Consolidated cities (see below) are assigned a one-character alphabetical census code that is unique nationwide and a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State.

Census Designated Place (CDP)

Census designated places (CDP's) are delineated for the decennial census as the statistical counterparts of incorporated places. CDP's comprise densely settled concentrations of population that are identifiable by name, but are not legally incorporated places. Their boundaries, which usually coincide with visible features or the boundary of an adjacent incorporated place, have no legal status, nor do these places have officials elected to serve traditional municipal functions. CDP boundaries may change with changes in the settlement pattern; a CDP with the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries.

Beginning with the 1950 census, the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State agencies and local census statistical areas committees, has identified and delineated boundaries for CDP's. In the 1990 census, the name of each such place is followed by "CDP." In the 1980 census, "(CDP)" was used; in 1970, 1960, and 1950 censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

To qualify as a CDP for the 1990 census, an unincorporated community must have met the following criteria:

1. In all States except Alaska and Hawaii, the Census Bureau uses three population size criteria to designate a CDP. These criteria are:
 - a. 1,000 or more persons if outside the boundaries of an urbanized area (UA) delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
 - b. 2,500 or more persons if inside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
 - c. 250 or more persons if outside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census, and within the official boundaries of an American Indian reservation recognized for the 1990 census.
2. In Alaska, 25 or more persons if outside a UA, and 2,500 or more persons if inside a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
3. In Hawaii, 300 or more persons, regardless of whether the community is inside or outside a UA.

For the 1990 census, CDP's qualified on the basis of the population counts prepared for the 1990 Postcensus Local Review Program. Because these counts were subject to change, a few CDP's may have final population counts lower than the minimums shown above.

Hawaii is the only State with no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census. All places shown for Hawaii in the data products are CDP's. By agreement with the State of Hawaii, the Census Bureau does not show data separately for the city of Honolulu, which is coextensive with Honolulu County.

Consolidated City

A consolidated government is a unit of local government for which the functions of an incorporated place and its county or minor civil division (MCD) have merged. The legal aspects of this action may result in both the primary incorporated place and the county or MCD continuing to exist as legal entities, even though the county or MCD performs few or no governmental functions and has few or no elected officials. Where this occurs, and where one or more other incorporated places in the county or MCD

continue to function as separate governments, even though they have been included in the consolidated government, the primary incorporated place is referred to as a "consolidated city."

The data presentation for consolidated cities varies depending upon the geographic presentation. In hierarchical presentations, consolidated cities are not shown. These presentations include the semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)." Where the consolidated city is coextensive with a county or county subdivision, the data shown for those areas in hierarchical presentations are equivalent to those for the consolidated government.

For inventory geographic presentations, the consolidated city appears at the end of the listing of places. The data for the consolidated city include places that are part of the consolidated city. The "consolidated city (remainder)" is the portion of the consolidated government minus the semi-independent places, and is shown in alphabetical sequence with other places.

In summary presentations by size of place, the consolidated city is not included. The places semi-independent of consolidated cities are categorized by their size, as is the "consolidated city (remainder)."

Each consolidated city is assigned a one-character alphabetic census code. Each consolidated city also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. The semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)" are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS place code that are unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order within State.

Incorporated Place

Incorporated places recognized in 1990 census data products are those reported to the Census Bureau as legally in existence on January 1, 1990 under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: the towns in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin, and the boroughs in New York are recognized as minor civil divisions for census purposes; the boroughs in Alaska are county equivalents.

POPULATION OR HOUSING UNIT DENSITY

Population or housing unit density is computed by dividing the total population or housing units of a geographic unit (for example, United States, State, county, place) by its land area measured in square kilometers or square miles. Density is expressed as both "persons (or housing units) per square kilometer" and "persons (or housing units) per square mile" of land area in 1990 census printed reports.

STATE

States are the primary governmental divisions of the United States. The District of Columbia is treated as a statistical equivalent of a State for census purposes. The four census regions, nine census divisions, and their component States are shown under "CENSUS REGION AND CENSUS DIVISION" in this appendix.

The Census Bureau treats the outlying areas as State equivalents for the 1990 census. The outlying areas are American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States. Geographic definitions specific to each outlying area are shown in appendix A in the data products for each area.

Each State and equivalent is assigned a two-digit numeric Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order by State name, followed by the outlying area names. Each State and equivalent area also is assigned a two-digit census code. This code is assigned on the basis of the geographic sequence of each State within each census division; the first digit of the code is the code for the respective division. Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and the outlying areas of the Pacific are assigned "0" as the division code. Each State and equivalent area also is assigned the two-letter FIPS/United States Postal Service (USPS) code.

In 12 selected States (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), the minor civil divisions also serve as general-purpose local governments. The Census Bureau presents data for these minor civil divisions in all data products in which it provides data for places.

TIGER

TIGER is an acronym for the new digital (computer-readable) geographic data base that automates the mapping and related geographic activities required to support the Census Bureau's census and survey programs. The Census Bureau developed the Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing (TIGER) System to automate the geographic support processes needed to meet the major geographic needs of the 1990 census: producing the cartographic products to support data collection and map publication, providing the geographic structure for tabulation and publication of the collected data, assigning residential and employer addresses to their geographic location and relating those locations to the Census Bureau's geographic units, and so forth. The content of the TIGER data base is made available to the public through a variety of "TIGER Extract" files that may be obtained from the Data User Services Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

UNITED STATES

The United States comprises the 50 States and the District of Columbia. In addition, the Census Bureau treats

the outlying areas as statistical equivalents of States for the 1990 census. The outlying areas include American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

URBAN AND RURAL

The Census Bureau defines "urban" for the 1990 census as comprising all territory, population, and housing units in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 or more persons outside urbanized areas. More specifically, "urban" consists of territory, persons, and housing units in:

1. Places of 2,500 or more persons incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except in Alaska and New York), and towns (except in the six New England States, New York, and Wisconsin), but excluding the rural portions of "extended cities."
2. Census designated places of 2,500 or more persons.
3. Other territory, incorporated or unincorporated, included in urbanized areas.

Territory, population, and housing units not classified as urban constitute "rural." In the 100-percent data products, "rural" is divided into "places of less than 2,500" and "not in places." The "not in places" category comprises "rural" outside incorporated and census designated places and the rural portions of extended cities. In many data products, the term "other rural" is used; "other rural" is a residual category specific to the classification of the rural in each data product.

In the sample data products, rural population and housing units are subdivided into "rural farm" and "rural nonfarm." "Rural farm" comprises all rural households and housing units on farms (places from which \$1,000 or more of agricultural products were sold in 1989); "rural nonfarm" comprises the remaining rural.

The urban and rural classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, there is generally both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

In censuses prior to 1950, "urban" comprised all territory, persons, and housing units in incorporated places of 2,500 or more persons, and in areas (usually minor civil divisions) classified as urban under special rules relating to population size and density. The definition of urban that restricted itself to incorporated places having 2,500 or more persons excluded many large, densely settled areas merely because they were not incorporated. Prior to the 1950 census, the Census Bureau attempted to avoid some of the more obvious omissions by classifying selected areas as "urban under special rules." Even with these rules, however, many large, closely built-up areas were excluded from the urban category.

To improve its measure of urban territory, population, and housing units, the Census Bureau adopted the concept of the urbanized area and delineated boundaries for

unincorporated places (now, census designated places) for the 1950 census. Urban was defined as territory, persons, and housing units in urbanized areas and, outside urbanized areas, in all places, incorporated or unincorporated, that had 2,500 or more persons. With the following three exceptions, the 1950 census definition of urban has continued substantially unchanged. First, in the 1960 census (but not in the 1970, 1980, or 1990 censuses), certain towns in the New England States, townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania, and Arlington County, Virginia, were designated as urban. However, most of these "special rule" areas would have been classified as urban anyway because they were included in an urbanized area or in an unincorporated place of 2,500 or more persons. Second, "extended cities" were identified for the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses. Extended cities primarily affect the figures for urban and rural territory (area), but have very little effect on the urban and rural population and housing units at the national and State levels—although for some individual counties and urbanized areas, the effects have been more evident. Third, changes since the 1970 census in the criteria for defining urbanized areas have permitted these areas to be defined around smaller centers.

Documentation of the urbanized area and extended city criteria is available from the Chief, Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

Extended City

Since the 1960 census, there has been a trend in some States toward the extension of city boundaries to include territory that is essentially rural in character. The classification of all the population and living quarters of such places as urban would include in the urban designation territory, persons, and housing units whose environment is primarily rural. For the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses, the Census Bureau identified as rural such territory and its population and housing units for each extended city whose closely settled area was located in an urbanized area. For the 1990 census, this classification also has been applied to certain places outside urbanized areas.

In summary presentations by size of place, the urban portion of an extended city is classified by the population of the entire place; the rural portion is included in "other rural."

URBANIZED AREA (UA)

The Census Bureau delineates urbanized areas (UA's) to provide a better separation of urban and rural territory, population, and housing in the vicinity of large places. A UA comprises one or more places ("central place") and the adjacent densely settled surrounding territory ("urban fringe") that together have a minimum of 50,000 persons. The urban fringe generally consists of contiguous territory having a density of least 1,000 persons per square mile. The urban fringe also includes outlying territory of such

density if it was connected to the core of the contiguous area by road and is within 1 1/2 road miles of that core, or within 5 road miles of the core but separated by water or other undevelopable territory. Other territory with a population density of fewer than 1,000 people per square mile is included in the urban fringe if it eliminates an enclave or closes an indentation in the boundary of the urbanized area. The population density is determined by (1) outside of a place, one or more contiguous census blocks with a population density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile or (2) inclusion of a place containing census blocks that have at least 50 percent of the population of the place and a density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile. The complete criteria are available from the Chief, Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

Urbanized Area Central Place

One or more central places function as the dominant centers of each UA. The identification of a UA central place permits the comparison of this dominant center with the remaining territory in the UA. There is no limit on the number of central places, and not all central places are necessarily included in the UA title. UA central places include:

1. Each place entirely (or partially, if the place is an extended city) within the UA that is a central city of a metropolitan area (MA).
2. If the UA does not contain an MA central city or is located outside of an MA, the central place(s) is determined by population size.

Urbanized Area Title and Code

The title of a UA identifies those places that are most important within the UA; it links the UA to the encompassing MA, where appropriate. If a single MA includes most of the UA, the title and code of the UA generally are the same as the title and code of the MA. If the UA is not mostly included in a single MA, if it does not include any place that is a central city of the encompassing MA, or if it is not located in an MA, the Census Bureau uses the population size of the included places, with a preference for incorporated places, to determine the UA title. The name of each State in which the UA is located also is in each UA title.

The numeric code used to identify each UA is the same as the code for the mostly encompassing MA (including CMSA and PMSA). If MA title cities represent multiple UA's, or the UA title city does not correspond to the first name of an MA title, the Census Bureau assigns a code based on the alphabetical sequence of the UA title in relationship to the other UA and MA titles.

VOTING DISTRICT (VTD)

A voting district (VTD) is any of a variety of types of areas (for example, election districts, precincts, wards, legislative districts) established by State and local governments for purposes of elections. For census purposes,

each State participating in Phase 2 of the 1990 Census Redistricting Data Program outlined the boundaries of VTD's around groups of whole census blocks on census maps. The entities identified as VTD's are not necessarily those legally or currently established. Also, to meet the "whole block" criterion, a State may have had to adjust VTD boundaries to nearby block boundaries. Therefore, the VTD's shown on the 1990 census tapes, listings, and maps may not represent the actual VTD's in effect at the time of the census. In the 1980 census, VTD's were referred to as "election precincts."

Each VTD is assigned a four-character alphanumeric code that is unique within each county. The code "ZZZZ" is assigned to nonparticipating areas; the Census Bureau reports data for areas coded "ZZZZ."

ZIP CODE®

ZIP Codes are administrative units established by the United States Postal Service (USPS) for the distribution of mail. ZIP Codes serve addresses for the most efficient delivery of mail, and therefore generally do not respect political or census statistical area boundaries. ZIP Codes usually do not have clearly identifiable boundaries, often serve a continually changing area, are changed periodically to meet postal requirements, and do not cover all the land area of the United States. ZIP Codes are identified by five-digit codes assigned by the USPS. The first three digits identify a major city or sectional distribution center, and the last two digits generally signify a specific post office's delivery area or point. For the 1990 census, ZIP Code data are tabulated for the five-digit codes in STF 3B.



APPENDIX B.

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POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

AGE

The data on age were derived from answers to questionnaire item 5, which was asked of all persons. The age classification is based on the age of the person in complete years as of April 1, 1990. The age response in question 5a was used normally to represent a person's age. However, when the age response was unacceptable or unavailable, a person's age was derived from an acceptable year-of-birth response in question 5b.

Data on age are used to determine the applicability of other questions for a person and to classify other characteristics in census tabulations. Age data are needed to interpret most social and economic characteristics used to plan and examine many programs and policies. Therefore, age is tabulated by single years of age and by many different groupings, such as 5-year age groups.

Some tabulations are shown by the age of the householder. These data were derived from the age responses for each householder. (For more information on householder, see the discussion under "Household Type and Relationship.")

Median Age—This measure divides the age distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median value and one-half above the value. Generally, median age is computed on the basis of more detailed age intervals than are shown in some census publications; thus, a median based on a less detailed distribution may differ slightly from a corresponding median for the same population based on a more detailed distribution. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Limitation of the Data—Counts in 1970 and 1980 for persons 100 years old and over were substantially overstated. Improvements were made in the questionnaire design, in the allocation procedures, and to the respondent instruction guide to attempt to minimize this problem for the 1990 census.

Review of detailed 1990 census information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date of completion of the questionnaire, not their age as of April 1, 1990. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round their age up if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of persons in most age groups are actually 1 year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements are largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age 0 because persons lost to age 1 may not have been fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990, and because there may have been more rounding up to age 1 to avoid reporting age as 0 years. (Age in complete months was not collected for infants under age 1.)

The reporting of age 1 year older than age on April 1, 1990, is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the three previous censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the section below that discusses "Comparability.")

Comparability—Age data have been collected in every census. For the first time since 1950, the 1990 data are not available by quarter year of age. This change was made so that coded information could be obtained for both age and year of birth. In each census since 1940, the age of a person was assigned when it was not reported. In censuses before 1940, with the exception of 1880, persons of unknown age were shown as a separate category. Since 1960, assignment of unknown age has been performed by a general procedure described as "imputation." The specific procedures for imputing age have been different in each census. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

ANCESTRY

The data on ancestry were derived from answers to questionnaire item 13, which was asked of a sample of persons. The question was based on self-identification; the data on ancestry represent self-classification by people according to the ancestry group(s) with which they most closely identify. Ancestry refers to a person's ethnic origin or descent, "roots," or heritage or the place of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Some ethnic identities, such as "Egyptian" or "Polish" can be traced to geographic areas outside the United States, while other ethnicities such as "Pennsylvania Dutch" or "Cajun" evolved in the United States.

The intent of the ancestry question was not to measure the degree of attachment the respondent had to a particular ethnicity. For example, a response of "Irish" might reflect total involvement in an "Irish" community or only a memory of ancestors several generations removed from the individual.

The Census Bureau coded the responses through an automated review, edit, and coding operation. The open-ended write-in ancestry item was coded by subject-matter specialists into a numeric representation using a code list containing over 1,000 categories. The 1990 code list reflects the results of the Census Bureau's own research and consultations with many ethnic experts. Many decisions were made to determine the classification of responses. These decisions affected the grouping of the tabulated data. For example, the "Assyrian" category includes both responses of "Assyrian" and "Chaldean."

The ancestry question allowed respondents to report one or more ancestry groups. While a large number of respondents listed a single ancestry, the majority of answers included more than one ethnic entry. Generally, only the first two responses reported were coded in 1990. If a response was in terms of a dual ancestry, for example, Irish-English, the person was assigned two codes, in this case one for Irish and another for English.

However, in certain cases, multiple responses such as "French Canadian," "Scotch-Irish," "Greek Cypriote," and "Black Dutch" were assigned a single code reflecting their status as unique groups. If a person reported one of these unique groups in addition to another group, for example, "Scotch-Irish English," resulting in three terms, that person received one code for the unique group ("Scotch-Irish") and another one for the remaining group ("English"). If a person reported "English Irish French," only English and Irish were coded. Certain combinations of ancestries where the ancestry group is a part of another, such as "German-Bavarian," the responses were coded as a single ancestry using the smaller group ("Bavarian"). Also, responses such as "Polish-American" or "Italian-American" were coded and tabulated as a single entry ("Polish" or "Italian").

The Census Bureau accepted "American" as a unique ethnicity if it was given alone, with an ambiguous response, or with State names. If the respondent listed any other ethnic identity such as "Italian American," generally the "American" portion of the response was not coded. However, distinct groups such as "American Indian," "Mexican American," and "African American" were coded and identified separately because they represented groups who considered themselves different from those who reported as "Indian," "Mexican," or "African," respectively.

In all tabulations, when respondents provided an unacceptable ethnic identity (for example, an uncodeable or unintelligible response such as "multi-national," "adopted," or "I have no idea"), the answer was included in "Ancestry not reported."

The tabulations on ancestry are presented using two types of data presentations—one used total persons as the base, and the other used total responses as the base. The following are categories shown in the two data presentations:

Presentation Based on Persons:

Single Ancestries Reported—Includes all persons who reported only one ethnic group. Included in this

category are persons with multiple-term responses such as "Scotch-Irish" who are assigned a single code.

Multiple Ancestries Reported—Includes all persons who reported more than one group and were assigned two ancestry codes.

Ancestry Unclassified—Includes all persons who provided a response that could not be assigned an ancestry code because they provided nonsensical entries or religious responses.

Presentations Based on Responses:

Total Ancestries Reported—Includes the total number of ancestries reported and coded. If a person reported a multiple ancestry such as "French Danish," that response was counted twice in the tabulations—once in the "French" category and again in the "Danish" category. Thus, the sum of the counts in this type of presentation is not the total population but the total of all responses.

First Ancestry Reported—Includes the first response of all persons who reported at least one codeable entry. For example, in this category, the count for "Danish" would include all those who reported only Danish and those who reported Danish first and then some other group.

Second Ancestry Reported—Includes the second response of all persons who reported a multiple ancestry. Thus, the count for "Danish" in this category includes all persons who reported Danish as the second response, regardless of the first response provided.

The Census Bureau identified hundreds of ethnic groups in the 1990 census. However, it was impossible to show information for every group in all census tabulations because of space constraints. Publications such as the 1990 CP-2, *Social and Economic Characteristics* and the 1990 CPH-3, *Population and Housing Characteristics for Census Tracts and Block Numbering Areas* reports show a limited number of groups based on the number reported and the advice received from experts. A more complete distribution of groups is presented in the 1990 Summary Tape File 4, supplementary reports, and a special subject report on ancestry. In addition, groups identified specifically in the questions on race and Hispanic origin (for example, Japanese, Laotian, Mexican, Cuban, and Spaniard), in general, are not shown separately in ancestry tabulations.

Limitation of the Data—Although some experts consider religious affiliation a component of ethnic identity, the ancestry question was not designed to collect any information concerning religion. The Bureau of the Census is prohibited from collecting information on religion. Thus, if a religion was given as an answer to the ancestry question, it was coded as an "Other" response.

Comparability—A question on ancestry was first asked in the 1980 census. Although there were no comparable data prior to the 1980 census, related information on ethnicity was collected through questions on parental birthplace, own birthplace, and language which were included in previous censuses. Unlike other census questions, there was no imputation for nonresponse to the ancestry question.

In 1990, respondents were allowed to report more than one ancestry group; however, only the first two ancestry groups identified were coded. In 1980, the Census Bureau attempted to code a third ancestry for selected triple-ancestry responses.

New categories such as "Arab" and "West Indian" were added to the 1990 question to meet important data needs. The "West Indian" category excluded "Hispanic" groups such as "Puerto Rican" and "Cuban" that were identified primarily through the question on Hispanic origin. In 1990, the ancestry group, "American" is recognized and tabulated as a unique ethnicity. In 1980, "American" was tabulated but included under the category "Ancestry not specified."

A major improvement in the 1990 census was the use of an automated coding system for ancestry responses. The automated coding system used in the 1990 census greatly reduced the potential for error associated with a clerical review. Specialists with a thorough knowledge of the subject matter reviewed, edited, coded, and resolved inconsistent or incomplete responses.

CITIZENSHIP

The data on citizenship were derived from answers to questionnaire item 9, which was asked of a sample of persons.

Citizen—Persons who indicated that they were native-born and foreign-born persons who indicated that they have become naturalized. (For more information on native and foreign born, see the discussion under "Place of Birth.")

There are four categories of citizenship: (1) born in the United States, (2) born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, or the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, (3) born abroad of American parents, and (4) citizen by naturalization.

Naturalized Citizen—Foreign-born persons who had completed the naturalization process at the time of the census and upon whom the rights of citizenship had been conferred.

Not a Citizen—Foreign-born persons who were not citizens, including persons who had begun but not completed the naturalization process at the time of the census.

Limitation of the Data—Evaluation studies completed after previous censuses indicated that some persons may have reported themselves as citizens although they had not yet attained the status.

Comparability—Similar questions on citizenship were asked in the censuses of 1820, 1830, 1870, 1890 through 1950, 1970, and 1980. The 1980 question was asked of a sample of the foreign-born population. In 1990, both native and foreign-born persons who received the long-form questionnaire were asked to respond to the citizenship question.

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Data on educational attainment were derived from answers to questionnaire item 12, which was asked of a sample of persons. Data are tabulated as attainment for persons 15 years old and over. Persons are classified according to the highest level of school completed or the highest degree received. The question included instructions to report the level of the previous grade attended or the highest degree received for persons currently enrolled in school. The question included response categories which allowed persons to report completing the 12th grade without receiving a high school diploma, and which instructed respondents to report as "high school graduate(s)"—persons who received either a high school diploma or the equivalent, for example, passed the Test of General Educational Development (G.E.D.), and did not attend college. (On the Military Census Report questionnaire, the lowest response category was "Less than 9th grade.")

Instructions included in the 1990 respondent instruction guide, which was mailed with the census questionnaire, further specified that schooling completed in foreign or ungraded school systems should be reported as the equivalent level of schooling in the regular American system; that vocational certificates or diplomas from vocational, trade, or business schools or colleges were not to be reported unless they were college level degrees; and that honorary degrees were not to be reported. The instructions gave "medicine, dentistry, chiropractic, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, veterinary medicine, law, and theology" as examples of professional school degrees, and specifically excluded "barber school, cosmetology, or other training for a specific trade" from the professional school category. The order in which they were listed suggested that doctorate degrees were "higher" than professional school degrees, which were "higher" than master's degrees.

Persons who did not report educational attainment were assigned the attainment of a person of the same age, race or Spanish origin, and sex who resided in the same or a nearby area. Persons who filled more than one circle were edited to the highest level or degree reported.

High School Graduate or Higher—Includes persons whose highest degree was a high school diploma or

its equivalent, persons who attended college or professional school, and persons who received a college, university, or professional degree. Persons who reported completing the 12th grade but not receiving a diploma are not included.

Not Enrolled, Not High School Graduate—Includes persons of compulsory school attendance age or above who were not enrolled in school and were not high school graduates; these persons may be taken to be “high school dropouts.” There is no restriction on when they “dropped out” of school, and they may have never attended high school.

In prior censuses, “Median school years completed” was used as a summary measure of educational attainment. In 1990, the median can only be calculated for groups of which less than half the members have attended college. “Percent high school graduate or higher” and “Percent bachelor’s degree or higher” are summary measures which can be calculated from the present data and offer quite readily interpretable measures of differences between population subgroups. To make comparisons over time, “Percent high school graduate or higher” can be calculated and “Percent bachelor’s degree or higher” can be approximated with data from previous censuses.

Comparability—From 1840 to 1930, the census measured educational attainment by means of a basic literacy question. In 1940, a single question was asked on highest grade of school completed. In the censuses of 1950 through 1980, a two-part question asking highest grade of school attended and whether that grade was finished was used to construct highest grade or year of school completed. For persons who have not attended college, the response categories in the 1990 educational attainment question should produce data which are comparable to data on highest grade completed from earlier censuses.

The response categories for persons who have attended college were modified from earlier censuses because there was some ambiguity in interpreting responses in terms of the number of years of college completed. For instance, it was not clear whether “completed the fourth year of college,” “completed the senior year of college,” and “college graduate” were synonymous. Research conducted shortly before the census suggests that these terms were more distinct in 1990 than in earlier decades, and this change may have threatened the ability to estimate the number of “college graduates” from the number of persons reported as having completed the fourth or a higher year of college. It was even more difficult to make inferences about post-baccalaureate degrees and “Associate” degrees from highest year of college completed. Thus, comparisons of post-secondary educational attainment in this and earlier censuses should be made with great caution.

In the 1960 and subsequent censuses, persons for whom educational attainment was not reported were assigned the same attainment level as a similar person whose

residence was in the same or a nearby area. In the 1940 and 1950 censuses, persons for whom educational attainment was not reported were not allocated.

EMPLOYMENT STATUS

The data on employment status were derived from answers to questionnaire items 21, 25, and 26, which were asked of a sample of persons. The series of questions on employment status was asked of all persons 15 years old and over and was designed to identify, in this sequence: (1) persons who worked at any time during the reference week; (2) persons who did not work during the reference week but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent (excluding layoff); (3) persons on layoff; and (4) persons who did not work during the reference week, but who were looking for work during the last four weeks and were available for work during the reference week. (For more information, see the discussion under “Reference Week.”)

The employment status data shown in this and other 1990 census tabulations relate to persons 16 years old and over. Some tabulations showing employment status, however, include persons 15 years old. By definition, these persons are classified as “Not in Labor Force.” In the 1940, 1950, and 1960 censuses, employment status data were presented for persons 14 years old and over. The change in the universe was made in 1970 to agree with the official measurement of the labor force as revised in January 1967 by the U.S. Department of Labor. The 1970 census was the last to show employment data for persons 14 and 15 years old.

Employed—All civilians 16 years old and over who were either (1) “at work”—those who did any work at all during the reference week as paid employees, worked in their own business or profession, worked on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (2) were “with a job but not at work”—those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or unpaid volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations; also excluded are persons on active duty in the United States Armed Forces.

Unemployed—All civilians 16 years old and over are classified as unemployed if they (1) were neither “at work” nor “with a job but not at work” during the reference week, and (2) were looking for work during the last 4 weeks, and (3) were available to accept a job. Also included as unemployed are civilians who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off. Examples of job seeking activities are:

- Registering at a public or private employment office
- Meeting with prospective employers
- Investigating possibilities for starting a professional practice or opening a business
- Placing or answering advertisements
- Writing letters of application
- Being on a union or professional register

Civilian Labor Force—Consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

Experienced Unemployed—These are unemployed persons who have worked at any time in the past.

Experienced Civilian Labor Force—Consists of the employed and the experienced unemployed.

Labor Force—All persons classified in the civilian labor force plus members of the U.S. Armed Forces (persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard).

Not in Labor Force—All persons 16 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force. This category consists mainly of students, housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an *off* season who were not looking for work, institutionalized persons, and persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the reference week).

Worker—This term appears in connection with several subjects: journey-to-work items, class of worker, weeks worked in 1989, and number of workers in family in 1989. Its meaning varies and, therefore, should be determined in each case by referring to the definition of the subject in which it appears.

Actual Hours Worked Last Week—All persons who reported working during the reference week were asked to report in questionnaire item 21b the number of hours that they worked. The statistics on hours worked pertain to the number of hours actually worked at all jobs, and do not necessarily reflect the number of hours typically or usually worked or the scheduled number of hours. The concept of “actual hours” differs from that of “usual hours” described below. The number of persons who worked only a small number of hours is probably understated since such persons sometimes consider themselves as not working. Respondents were asked to include overtime or extra hours worked, but to exclude lunch hours, sick leave, and vacation leave.

Limitation of the Data—The census may understate the number of employed persons because persons who have irregular, casual, or unstructured jobs sometimes report themselves as not working. The number of employed persons “at work” is probably overstated in the census (and conversely, the number of employed “with a job, but not at work” is understated) since some persons on vacation or sick leave erroneously reported themselves as working. This problem has no effect on the total number of employed persons. The reference week for the employment data is not the same for all persons. Since persons can change their employment status from one week to another, the lack of a uniform reference week may mean that the employment data do not reflect the reality of the employment situation of any given week. (For more information, see the discussion under “Reference Week.”)

Comparability—The questionnaire items and employment status concepts for the 1990 census are essentially the same as those used in the 1980 and 1970 censuses. However, these concepts differ in many respects from those associated with the 1950 and 1960 censuses.

Since employment data from the census are obtained from respondents in households, they differ from statistics based on reports from individual business establishments, farm enterprises, and certain government programs. Persons employed at more than one job are counted only once in the census and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. In statistics based on reports from business and farm establishments, persons who work for more than one establishment may be counted more than once. Moreover, some tabulations may exclude private household workers, unpaid family workers, and self-employed persons, but may include workers less than 16 years of age.

An additional difference in the data arises from the fact that persons who had a job but were not at work are included with the employed in the census statistics, whereas many of these persons are likely to be excluded from employment figures based on establishment payroll reports. Furthermore, the employment status data in census tabulations include persons on the basis of place of residence regardless of where they work, whereas establishment data report persons at their place of work regardless of where they live. This latter consideration is particularly significant when comparing data for workers who commute between areas.

Census data on actual hours worked during the reference week may differ from data from other sources. The census measures hours actually worked, whereas some surveys measure hours paid for by employers. Comparability of census actual hours worked data may also be affected by the nature of the reference week (see “Reference Week”).

For several reasons, the unemployment figures of the Census Bureau are not comparable with published figures on unemployment compensation claims. For example,

figures on unemployment compensation claims exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (including some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers). In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used by the Census Bureau. Persons working only a few hours during the week and persons with a job but not at work are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as "Employed" in the census. Differences in the geographical distribution of unemployment data arise because the place where claims are filed may not necessarily be the same as the place of residence of the unemployed worker.

The figures on employment status from the decennial census are generally comparable with similar data collected in the Current Population Survey. However, some difference may exist because of variations in enumeration and processing techniques.

FERTILITY

The data on fertility (also referred to as "children ever born") were derived from answers to questionnaire item 20, which was asked of a sample of women 15 years old and over regardless of marital status. Stillbirths, stepchildren, and adopted children were excluded from the number of children ever born. Ever-married women were instructed to include all children born to them before and during their most recent marriage, children no longer living, and children away from home, as well as children who were still living in the home. Never-married women were instructed to include all children born to them.

Data are most frequently presented in terms of the aggregate number of children ever born to women in the specified category and in terms of the rate per 1,000 women. For purposes of calculating the aggregate, the open-ended response category, "12 or more" is assigned a value of 13.

Limitation of the Data—Although the data are assumed to be less complete for out-of-wedlock births than for births occurring within marriage, comparisons of 1980 census data on the fertility of single women with other census sources and administrative records indicate that no significant differences were found between different data sources; that is, 1980 census data on children ever born to single women were complete with no significant understatements of childbearing.

Comparability—The wording of the question on children ever born was the same in 1990 as in 1980. In 1970, however, the question on children ever born was asked of all ever-married women but only of never-married women

who received self-administered questionnaires. Therefore, rates and numbers of children ever born to single women in 1970 may be understated. Data presented for children ever born to ever-married women are comparable for the 1990 census and all previous censuses containing this question.

GROUP QUARTERS

All persons not living in households are classified by the Census Bureau as living in group quarters. Two general categories of persons in group quarters are recognized: (1) institutionalized persons and (2) other persons in group quarters (also referred to as "noninstitutional group quarters").

Institutionalized Persons—Includes persons under formally authorized, supervised care or custody in institutions at the time of enumeration. Such persons are classified as "patients or inmates" of an institution regardless of the availability of nursing or medical care, the length of stay, or the number of persons in the institution. Generally, institutionalized persons are restricted to the institutional buildings and grounds (or must have passes or escorts to leave) and thus have limited interaction with the surrounding community. Also, they are generally under the care of trained staff who have responsibility for their safekeeping and supervision.

Type of Institution—The type of institution was determined as part of census enumeration activities. For institutions which specialize in only one specific type of service, all patients or inmates were given the same classification. For institutions which had multiple types of major services (usually general hospitals and Veterans' Administration hospitals), patients were classified according to selected types of wards. For example, in psychiatric wards of hospitals, patients were classified in "mental (psychiatric) hospitals"; in hospital wards for persons with chronic diseases, patients were classified in "hospitals for the chronically ill." Each patient or inmate was classified in only one type of institution. Institutions include the following types:

Correctional Institutions—Includes prisons, Federal detention centers, military stockades and jails, police lockups, halfway houses, local jails, and other confinement facilities, including work farms.

Prisons—Where persons convicted of crimes serve their sentences. In some census products, the prisons are classified by two types of control: (1) "Federal" (operated by the Bureau of Prisons of the Department of Justice) and (2) "State." Residents who are criminally insane were classified on the basis of where they resided at the time of enumeration: (1) in institutions (or hospital wards)

operated by departments of correction or similar agencies; or (2) in institutions operated by departments of mental health or similar agencies.

Federal Detention Centers—Operated by the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) and the Bureau of Prisons. These facilities include detention centers used by the Park Police; Bureau of Indian Affairs Detention Centers; INS Centers, such as the INS Federal Alien Detention Facility; INS Processing Centers; and INS Contract Detention Centers used to detain aliens under exclusion or deportation proceedings, as well as those aliens who have not been placed into proceedings, such as custodial required departures; and INS Detention Centers operated within local jails, and State and Federal prisons.

Military Stockades, Jails—Operated by military police and used to hold persons awaiting trial or convicted of violating military laws.

Local Jails and Other Confinement Facilities—Includes facilities operated by counties and cities that primarily hold persons beyond arraignment, usually for more than 48 hours. Also included in this category are work farms used to hold persons awaiting trial or serving time on relatively short sentences and jails run by private businesses under contract for local governments (but *not* by State governments).

Police Lockups—Temporary-holding facilities operated by county and city police that hold persons for 48 hours or less only if they have not been formally charged in court.

Halfway Houses—Operated for correctional purposes and include probation and restitution centers, pre-release centers, and community-residential centers.

Other Types of Correctional Institutions—Privately operated correctional facilities and correctional facilities specifically for alcohol/drug abuse.

Nursing Homes—Comprises a heterogeneous group of places. The majority of patients are elderly, although persons who require nursing care because of chronic physical conditions may be found in these homes regardless of their age. Included in this category are skilled-nursing facilities, intermediate-care facilities, long-term care rooms in wards or buildings on the grounds of hospitals, or long-term care rooms/nursing wings in congregate housing facilities. Also included are nursing, convalescent, and rest homes, such as soldiers', sailors', veterans', and fraternal or religious homes for the aged, with or without nursing care. In some census products, nursing homes are classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State," "Private not-for-profit," and "Private for profit."

Mental (Psychiatric) Hospitals—Includes hospitals or wards for the criminally insane not operated by a prison, and psychiatric wards of general hospitals and veterans' hospitals. Patients receive supervised medical/nursing care from formally-trained staff. In some census products, mental hospitals are classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State or local," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

Hospitals for Chronically Ill—Includes hospitals for patients who require long-term care, including those in military hospitals and wards for the chronically ill located on military bases; or other hospitals or wards for the chronically ill, which include tuberculosis hospitals or wards, wards in general and Veterans' Administration hospitals for the chronically ill, neurological wards, hospices, wards for patients with Hansen's Disease (leprosy) and other incurable diseases, and other unspecified wards for the chronically ill. Patients who had no usual home elsewhere were enumerated as part of the institutional population in the wards of general and military hospitals. Most hospital patients are at the hospital temporarily and were enumerated at their usual place of residence. (For more information, see "Wards in General and Military Hospitals for Patients Who Have No Usual Home Elsewhere.")

Schools, Hospitals, or Wards for the Mentally Retarded—Includes those institutions such as wards in hospitals for the mentally retarded, and intermediate-care facilities for the mentally retarded that provide supervised medical/nursing care from formally-trained staff. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State or local," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

Schools, Hospitals, or Wards for the Physically Handicapped—Includes three types of institutions: institutions for the blind, those for the deaf, and orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped. Institutions for persons with speech problems are classified with "institutions for the deaf." The category "orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped" includes those institutions providing relatively long-term care to accident victims, and to persons with polio, cerebral palsy, and muscular dystrophy. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Public," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

Hospitals, and Wards for Drug/Alcohol Abuse—Includes hospitals, and hospital wards in psychiatric and general hospitals. These facilities are equipped medically and designed for the diagnosis and treatment of medical or psychiatric illnesses associated with alcohol or drug abuse. Patients receive supervised medical care from formally-trained staff.

Wards in General and Military Hospitals for Patients Who Have No Usual Home Elsewhere—Includes maternity, neonatal, pediatric (including wards for boarder babies), military, and surgical wards of hospitals, and wards for persons with infectious diseases.

Juvenile Institutions—Includes homes, schools, and other institutions providing care for children (short- or long-term care). Juvenile institutions include the following types:

Homes for Abused, Dependent, and Neglected Children—Includes orphanages and other institutions which provide long-term care (usually more than 30 days) for children. This category is classified in some census products by type of ownership as “Public” and “Private.”

Residential Treatment Centers—Includes those institutions which primarily serve children who, by clinical diagnosis, are moderately or seriously disturbed emotionally. Also, these institutions provide long-term treatment services, usually supervised or directed by a psychiatrist.

Training Schools for Juvenile Delinquents—Includes residential training schools or homes, and industrial schools, camps, or farms for juvenile delinquents.

Public Training Schools for Juvenile Delinquents—Usually operated by a State agency (for example, department of welfare, corrections, or a youth authority). Some are operated by county and city governments. These public training schools are specialized institutions serving delinquent children, generally between the ages of 10 and 17 years old, all of whom are committed by the courts.

Private Training Schools—Operated under private auspices. Some of the children they serve are committed by the courts as delinquents. Others are referred by parents or social agencies because of delinquent behavior. One difference between private and public training schools is that, by their administrative policy, private schools have control over their selection and intake.

Detention Centers—Includes institutions providing short-term care (usually 30 days or less) primarily for delinquent children pending disposition of their cases by a court. This category also covers diagnostic centers. In practice, such institutions may be caring for both delinquent and neglected children pending court disposition.

Other Persons in Group Quarters (also referred to as “noninstitutional group quarters”)—Includes all persons who live in group quarters other than institutions. Persons who live in the following living quarters are

classified as “other persons in group quarters” when there are 10 or more unrelated persons living in the unit; otherwise, these living quarters are classified as housing units.

Rooming Houses—Includes persons residing in rooming and boarding houses and living in quarters with 10 or more unrelated persons.

Group Homes—Includes “community-based homes” that provide care and supportive services. Such places include homes for the mentally ill, mentally retarded, and physically handicapped; drug/alcohol halfway houses; communes; and maternity homes for unwed mothers.

Homes for the Mentally Ill—Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally ill. In some data products, this category is classified by type of ownership as “Federal,” “State,” “Private,” and “Ownership not known.” Homes which combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally ill are counted as homes for the mentally ill.

Homes for the Mentally Retarded—Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally retarded. Homes which combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally retarded are counted as homes for the mentally retarded. This category is classified by type of ownership in some census products, as “Federal,” “State,” “Private,” or “Ownership not known.”

Homes for the Physically Handicapped—Includes community-based homes for the blind, for the deaf, and other community-based homes for the physically handicapped. Persons with speech problems are classified with homes for the deaf. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as “Public,” “Private,” or “Ownership not known.”

Homes or Halfway Houses for Drug/Alcohol Abuse—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in places that provide community-based care and supportive services to persons suffering from a drug/alcohol addiction and to recovering alcoholics and drug abusers. Places providing community-based care for drug and alcohol abusers include group homes, detoxification centers, quarterway houses (residential treatment facilities that work closely with accredited hospitals), halfway houses, and recovery homes for ambulatory, mentally competent recovering alcoholics and drug abusers who may be re-entering the work force.

Maternity Homes for Unwed Mothers—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in places that provide domestic care for unwed mothers and their

children. These homes may provide social services and post-natal care within the facility, or may make arrangements for women to receive such services in the community. Nursing services are usually available in the facility.

Other Group Homes—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in communes, foster care homes, and job corps centers with 10 or more unrelated persons. These types of places provide communal living quarters, generally for persons who have formed their own community in which they have common interests and often share or own property jointly.

Religious Group Quarters—Includes, primarily, group quarters for nuns teaching in parochial schools and for priests living in rectories. It also includes other convents and monasteries, except those associated with a general hospital or an institution.

College Quarters Off Campus—Includes privately-owned rooming and boarding houses off campus, if the place is reserved exclusively for occupancy by college students and if there are 10 or more unrelated persons. In census products, persons in this category are classified as living in a college dormitory.

Persons residing in certain other types of living arrangements are classified as living in "noninstitutional group quarters" regardless of the number of people sharing the unit. These include persons residing in the following types of group quarters:

College Dormitories—Includes college students in dormitories (provided the dormitory is restricted to students who do not have their families living with them), fraternity and sorority houses, and on-campus residential quarters used exclusively for those in religious orders who are attending college. Students in privately-owned rooming and boarding houses off campus are also included, if the place is reserved exclusively for occupancy by college-level students and if there are 10 or more unrelated persons.

Military Quarters—Includes military personnel living in barracks and dormitories on base, in transient quarters on base for temporary residents (both civilian and military), and on military ships. However, patients in military hospitals receiving treatment for chronic diseases or who had no usual home elsewhere, and persons being held in military stockades were included as part of the institutional population.

Agriculture Workers' Dormitories—Includes persons in migratory farm workers' camps on farms, bunkhouses for ranch hands, and other dormitories on farms, such as those on "tree farms."

Other Workers' Dormitories—Includes persons in logging camps, construction workers' camps, firehouse dormitories, job-training camps, energy enclaves (Alaska only), and nonfarm migratory workers' camps (for example, workers in mineral and mining camps).

Emergency Shelters for Homeless Persons (with sleeping facilities) and Visible in Street Locations—Includes persons enumerated during the "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation primarily on March 20-21, 1990. Enumerators were instructed not to ask if a person was "homeless." If a person was at one of the locations below on March 20-21, the person was counted as described below. (For more information on the "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation, see Appendix D, Collection and Processing Procedures.) This category is divided into four classifications:

Emergency Shelters for Homeless Persons (with sleeping facilities)—Includes persons who stayed overnight on March 20, 1990, in permanent and temporary emergency housing, missions, hotels/motels, and flophouses charging \$12 or less (excluding taxes) per night; Salvation Army shelters, hotels, and motels used *entirely* for homeless persons regardless of the nightly rate charged; rooms in hotels and motels used *partially* for the homeless; and similar places known to have persons who have no usual home elsewhere staying overnight. If not shown separately, shelters and group homes that provide *temporary* sleeping facilities for runaway, neglected, and homeless children are included in this category in data products.

Shelters for Runaway, Neglected, and Homeless Children—Includes shelters/group homes which provide *temporary* sleeping facilities for juveniles.

Visible in Street Locations—Includes street blocks and open public locations designated before March 20, 1990, by city and community officials as places where the homeless congregate at night. All persons found at predesignated street sites from 2 a.m. to 4 a.m. and leaving abandoned or boarded-up buildings from 4 a.m. to 8 a.m. on March 21, 1990, were enumerated during "street" enumeration, except persons in uniform such as police and persons engaged in obvious money-making activities other than begging or panhandling. Enumerators were instructed not to ask if a person was "homeless."

This cannot be considered a complete count of all persons living on the streets because those who were so well hidden that local people did not know where to find them were likely to have been missed as were persons moving about or in places not identified by local officials. It is also possible that persons with homes could have been included in the count of "visible in street locations" if they were present when the enumerator did the enumeration of a particular block.

Predesignated street sites include street corners, parks, bridges, persons emerging from abandoned and boarded-up buildings, noncommercial campsites (tent cities), all-night movie theaters, all-night restaurants, emergency hospital waiting rooms, train stations, airports, bus depots, and subway stations.

Shelters for Abused Women (Shelters Against Domestic Violence or Family Crisis Centers)—Includes community-based homes or shelters that provide domiciliary care for women who have sought shelter from family violence and who may have been physically abused. Most shelters also provide care for children of abused women. These shelters may provide social services, meals, psychiatric treatment, and counseling. In some census products, "shelters for abused women" are included in the category "other noninstitutional group quarters."

Dormitories for Nurses and Interns in General and Military Hospitals—Includes group quarters for nurses and other staff members. It excludes patients.

Crews of Maritime Vessels—Includes officers, crew members, and passengers of maritime U.S. flag vessels. All ocean-going and Great Lakes ships are included.

Staff Residents of Institutions—Includes staff residing in group quarters on institutional grounds who provide formally-authorized, supervised care or custody for the institutionalized population.

Other Nonhousehold Living Situations—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere enumerated during transient or "T-Night" enumeration at YMCA's, YWCA's, youth hostels, commercial and government-run campgrounds, campgrounds at racetracks, fairs, and carnivals, and similar transient sites.

Living Quarters for Victims of Natural Disasters—Includes living quarters for persons temporarily displaced by natural disasters.

Limitation of the Data—Two types of errors can occur in the classification of "types of group quarters":

1. *Misclassification of Group Quarters*—During the 1990 Special Place Prelist operation, the enumerator determined the type of group quarters associated with each special place in their assignment. The enumerator used the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List and Index to the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List to assign a two-digit code number followed by either an "I," for institutional, or an "N," for noninstitutional to each group quarters. In 1990, unacceptable group quarter codes were edited. (For more information on editing of unacceptable data, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

2. *No Classification (unknowns)*—The imputation rate for type of institution was higher in 1980 (23.5 percent) than in 1970 (3.3 percent). Improvements were made to the 1990 Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List; that is, the inclusion of more group quarters categories and an "Index to the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List." (For more information on the allocation rates for Type of Institution, see the allocation rates in 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics*.)

In previous censuses, allocation rates for demographic characteristics (such as age, sex, race, and marital status) of the institutional population were similar to those for the total population. The allocation rates for sample characteristics such as school enrollment, highest grade completed, income, and veteran status for the institutional and noninstitutional group quarters population have been substantially higher than the population in households at least as far back as the 1960 census. The data, however, have historically presented a reasonable picture of the institutional and noninstitutional group quarters population.

Shelter and Street Night (S-Night)—For the 1990 census "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation, persons well hidden, moving about, or in locations enumerators did not visit were likely to be missed. The number of people missed will never be known; thus, the 1990 census cannot be considered to include a definitive count of America's total homeless population. It does, however, give an idea of relative differences among areas of the country. Other components were counted as part of regular census procedures.

The count of persons in shelters and visible on the street could have been affected by many factors. How much the factors affected the count can never be answered definitively, but some elements include:

1. How well enumerators were trained and how well they followed procedures.
2. How well the list of shelter and street locations given to the Census Bureau by the local government reflected the actual places that homeless persons stay at night.
3. Cities were encouraged to open temporary shelters for census night, and many did that and actively encouraged people to enter the shelters. Thus, people who may have been on the street otherwise were in shelters the night of March 20, so that the ratio of shelter-to-street population could be different than usual.
4. The weather, which was unusually cold in some parts of the country, could affect how likely people were to seek emergency shelter or to be more hidden than usual if they stayed outdoors.
5. The media occasionally interfered with the ability to do the count.
6. How homeless people perceived the census and whether they wanted to be counted or feared the census and hid from it.

The Census Bureau conducted two assessments of Shelter and Street Night: (1) the quality of the lists of shelters used for the Shelter-and-Street-Night operation, and (2) how well procedures were followed by census-takers for the street count in parts of five cities (Chicago, Los Angeles, New Orleans, New York, and Phoenix). Information about these two assessments is available from the Chief, Center for Survey Methods Research, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

Comparability—For the 1990 census, the definition of institutionalized persons was revised so that the definition of “care” only includes persons under organized medical or formally-authorized, supervised care or custody. As a result of this change to the institutional definition, maternity homes are classified as noninstitutional rather than institutional group quarters as in previous censuses. The following types of other group quarters are classified as institutional rather than noninstitutional group quarters: “halfway houses (operated for correctional purposes)” and “wards in general and military hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere,” which includes maternity, neonatal, pediatric, military, and surgical wards of hospitals, other-purpose wards of hospitals, and wards for infectious diseases. These changes should not significantly affect the comparability of data with earlier censuses because of the relatively small number of persons involved.

As in 1980, 10 or more unrelated persons living together were classified as living in noninstitutional group quarters. In 1970, the criteria was six or more unrelated persons.

Several changes also have occurred in the identification of specific types of group quarters. For the first time, the 1990 census identifies separately the following types of correctional institutions: persons in halfway houses (operated for correctional purposes), military stockades and jails, and police lockups. In 1990, tuberculosis hospitals or wards are included with hospitals for the chronically ill; in 1980, they were shown separately. For 1990, the noninstitutional group quarters category, “Group homes” is further classified as: group homes for drug/alcohol abuse; maternity homes (for unwed mothers), group homes for the mentally ill, group homes for the mentally retarded, and group homes for the physically handicapped. Persons living in communes, foster-care homes, and job corps centers are classified with “Other group homes” only if 10 or more unrelated persons share the unit; otherwise, they are classified as housing units.

In 1990, workers’ dormitories were classified as group quarters regardless of the number of persons sharing the dorm. In 1980, 10 or more unrelated persons had to share the dorm for it to be classified as a group quarters. In 1960, data on persons in military barracks were shown only for men. In subsequent censuses, they include both men and women.

In 1990 census data products, the phrase “inmates of institutions” was changed to “institutionalized persons.” Also, persons living in noninstitutional group quarters were

referred to as “other persons in group quarters,” and the phrase “staff residents” was used for staff living in institutions.

In 1990, there are additional institutional categories and noninstitutional group quarters categories compared with the 1980 census. The institutional categories added include “hospitals and wards for drug/alcohol abuse” and “military hospitals for the chronically ill.” The noninstitutional group quarters categories added include emergency shelters for homeless persons; shelters for runaway, neglected, and homeless children; shelters for abused women; and visible-in-street locations. Each of these noninstitutional group quarters categories was enumerated on March 20-21, 1990, during the “Shelter-and-Street-Night” operation. (For more information on the “Shelter-and-Street-Night” operation, see Appendix D, Collection and Processing Procedures.)

HISPANIC ORIGIN

The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin were derived from answers to questionnaire item 7, which was asked of all persons. Persons of Hispanic origin are those who classified themselves in one of the specific Hispanic origin categories listed on the questionnaire—“Mexican,” “Puerto Rican,” or “Cuban”—as well as those who indicated that they were of “other Spanish/Hispanic” origin. Persons of “Other Spanish/Hispanic” origin are those whose origins are from Spain, the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or the Dominican Republic, or they are persons of Hispanic origin identifying themselves generally as Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispanic, Hispano, Latino, and so on. Write-in responses to the “other Spanish/Hispanic” category were coded only for sample data.

Origin can be viewed as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person’s parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Some tabulations are shown by the Hispanic origin of the householder. In all cases where households, families, or occupied housing units are classified by Hispanic origin, the Hispanic origin of the householder is used. (See the discussion of householder under “Household Type and Relationship.”)

During direct interviews conducted by enumerators, if a person could not provide a single origin response, he or she was asked to select, based on self-identification, the group which best described his or her origin or descent. If a person could not provide a single group, the origin of the person’s mother was used. If a single group could not be provided for the person’s mother, the first origin reported by the person was used.

If any household member failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by the computer according to the reported entries of other household members by using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. In the processing of sample

questionnaires, responses to other questions on the questionnaire, such as ancestry and place of birth, were used to assign an origin before any reference was made to the origin reported by other household members. If an origin was not entered for any household member, an origin was assigned from another household according to the race of the householder. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation process described in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

Comparability—There may be differences between the total Hispanic origin population based on 100-percent tabulations and sample tabulations. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures for the Spanish/Hispanic origin item on the sample questionnaires. (For more information on sampling variability and nonsampling error, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

The 1990 data on Hispanic origin are generally comparable with those for the 1980 census. However, there are some differences in the format of the Hispanic origin question between the two censuses. For 1990, the word “descent” was deleted from the 1980 wording. In addition, the term “Mexican-Amer.” used in 1980 was shortened further to “Mexican-Am.” to reduce misreporting (of “American”) in this category detected in the 1980 census. Finally, the 1990 question allowed those who reported as “other Spanish/Hispanic” to write in their specific Hispanic origin group.

Misreporting in the “Mexican-Amer.” category of the 1980 census item on Spanish/Hispanic origin may affect the comparability of 1980 and 1990 census data for persons of Hispanic origin for certain areas of the country. An evaluation of the 1980 census item on Spanish/Hispanic origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the Midwest Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of possible misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census was severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Hispanic origin population was generally sparse. However, national 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Hispanic origin population at the national level was not seriously affected by the reporting problem. (For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the 1980 census Spanish/Hispanic origin item, see the 1980 census Supplementary Reports.)

The 1990 and 1980 census data on the Hispanic population are not directly comparable with 1970 Spanish origin data because of a number of factors: (1) overall improvements in the 1980 and 1990 censuses, (2) better coverage of the population, (3) improved question designs, and (4) an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups.

Specific changes in question design between the 1980 and 1970 censuses included the placement of the category “No, not Spanish/Hispanic” as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category “Central or South American” was deleted because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category; furthermore, the designations “Mexican-American” and “Chicano” were added to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population.

HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP

Household

A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit. A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room that is occupied (or if vacant, is intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements.

In 100-percent tabulations, the count of households or householders always equals the count of occupied housing units. In sample tabulations, the numbers may differ as a result of the weighting process.

Persons Per Household—A measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in households by the number of households (or householders). In cases where persons in households are cross-classified by race or Hispanic origin, persons in the household are classified by the race or Hispanic origin of the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

Relationship to Householder

Householder—The data on relationship to householder were derived from answers to questionnaire item 2, which was asked of all persons in housing units. One person in each household is designated as the householder. In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member 15 years old and over could be designated as the householder.

Households are classified by type according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. Two types of householders are distinguished: a family householder and a nonfamily householder. A family householder

is a householder living with one or more persons related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. The householder and all persons in the household related to him or her are family members. A nonfamily householder is a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

Spouse—Includes a person married to and living with a householder. This category includes persons in formal marriages, as well as persons in common-law marriages.

The number of spouses is equal to the number of "married-couple families" or "married-couple households" in 100-percent tabulations. The number of spouses, however, is generally less than half of the number of "married persons with spouse present" in sample tabulations, since more than one married couple can live in a household, but only spouses of householders are specifically identified as "spouse." For sample tabulations, the number of "married persons with spouse present" includes married-couple subfamilies and married-couple families.

Child—Includes a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or adopted child of the householder, regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, and foster children.

Natural-Born or Adopted Son/Daughter—A son or daughter of the householder by birth, regardless of the age of the child. Also, this category includes sons or daughters of the householder by legal adoption, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is still classified as a stepchild.

Stepson/Stepdaughter—A son or daughter of the householder through marriage but not by birth, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is still classified as a stepchild.

Own Child—A never-married child under 18 years who is a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or an adopted child of the householder. In certain tabulations, own children are further classified as living with two parents or with one parent only. Own children of the householder living with two parents are by definition found only in married-couple families.

In a subfamily, an "own child" is a never-married child under 18 years of age who is a son, daughter, stepchild, or an adopted child of a mother in a mother-child subfamily, a father in a father-child subfamily, or either spouse in a married-couple subfamily.

"Related children" in a family include own children and all other persons under 18 years of age in the household, regardless of marital status, who are related to the householder, except the spouse of the householder. Foster children are not included since they are not related to the householder.

Other Relatives—In tabulations, includes any household member related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, but not included specifically in another relationship category. In certain detailed tabulations, the following categories may be shown:

Grandchild—The grandson or granddaughter of the householder.

Brother/Sister—The brother or sister of the householder, including stepbrothers, stepsisters, and brothers and sisters by adoption. Brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law are included in the "Other relative" category on the questionnaire.

Parent—The father or mother of the householder, including a stepparent or adoptive parent. Fathers-in-law and mothers-in-law are included in the "Other relative" category on the questionnaire.

Other Relatives—Anyone not listed in a reported category above who is related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption (brother-in-law, grandparent, nephew, aunt, mother-in-law, daughter-in-law, cousin, and so forth).

Nonrelatives—Includes any household member, including foster children not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. The following categories may be presented in more detailed tabulations:

Roomer, Boarder, or Foster Child—Roomer, boarder, lodger, and foster children or foster adults of the householder.

Housemate or Roommate—A person who is not related to the householder and who shares living quarters primarily in order to share expenses.

Unmarried Partner—A person who is not related to the householder, who shares living quarters, and who has a close personal relationship with the householder.

Other Nonrelatives—A person who is not related by birth, marriage, or adoption to the householder and who is not described by the categories given above.

When relationship is not reported for an individual, it is imputed according to the responses for age, sex, and marital status for that person while maintaining consistency with responses for other individuals in the household. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

Unrelated Individual

An unrelated individual is: (1) a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a household member who is not related to the householder, or (3) a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

Family Type

A family consists of a householder and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All persons in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A household can contain only one family for purposes of census tabulations. Not all households contain families since a household may comprise a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone.

Families are classified by type as either a "married-couple family" or "other family" according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. The data on family type are based on answers to questions on sex and relationship which were asked on a 100-percent basis.

Married-Couple Family—A family in which the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household.

Other Family:

Male Householder, No Wife Present—A family with a male householder and no spouse of householder present.

Female Householder, No Husband Present—A family with a female householder and no spouse of householder present.

Persons Per Family—A measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families (or family householders). In cases where the measure, "persons in family" or "persons per family" are cross-tabulated by race or Hispanic origin, the race or Hispanic origin refers to the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

Subfamily

A subfamily is a married couple (husband and wife enumerated as members of the same household) with or without never-married children under 18 years old, or one parent with one or more never-married children under 18 years old, living in a household and related to, but not including, either the householder or the householder's spouse. The number of subfamilies is not included in the count of families, since subfamily members are counted as part of the householder's family.

Subfamilies are defined during processing of sample data. In selected tabulations, subfamilies are further classified by type: married-couple subfamilies, with or without own children; mother-child subfamilies; and father-child subfamilies.

Lone parents include people maintaining either one-parent families or one-parent subfamilies. Married couples include husbands and wives in both married-couple families and married-couple subfamilies.

Unmarried-Partner Household

An unmarried-partner household is a household other than a "married-couple household" that includes a householder and an "unmarried partner." An "unmarried partner" can be of the same sex or of the opposite sex of the householder. An "unmarried partner" in an "unmarried-partner household" is an adult who is unrelated to the householder, but shares living quarters and has a close personal relationship with the householder.

Unmarried-Couple Household

An unmarried-couple household is composed of two unrelated adults of the opposite sex (one of whom is the householder) who share a housing unit with or without the presence of children under 15 years old.

Foster Children

Foster children are nonrelatives of the householder and are included in the category, "Roomer, boarder, or foster child" on the questionnaire. Foster children are identified as persons under 18 years old and living in households that have no nonrelatives 18 years old and over (who might be parents of the nonrelatives under 18 years old).

Stepfamily

A stepfamily is a "married-couple family" with at least one stepchild of the householder present, where the householder is the husband.

Comparability—The 1990 definition of a household is the same as that used in 1980. The 1980 relationship category "Son/daughter" has been replaced by two categories, "Natural-born or adopted son/daughter" and "Stepson/stepdaughter." "Grandchild" has been added as a separate category. The 1980 nonrelative categories: "Roomer, boarder" and "Partner, roommate" have been replaced by the categories "Roomer, boarder, or foster child," "Housemate, roommate," and "Unmarried partner." The 1980 nonrelative category "Paid employee" has been dropped.

INCOME IN 1989

The data on income in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire items 32 and 33. Information on money income received in the calendar year 1989 was requested from persons 15 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage or salary income; net nonfarm self-employment income; net farm self-employment income; interest, dividend, or net rental or royalty income; Social Security or railroad retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; retirement or disability income; and all other income. "Earnings" is defined as the algebraic sum of

wage or salary income and net income from farm and nonfarm self-employment. "Earnings" represent the amount of income received regularly before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources are not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer contributions for persons, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Income Type in 1989

The eight types of income reported in the census are defined as follows:

1. *Wage or Salary Income*—Includes total money earnings received for work performed as an employee during the calendar year 1989. It includes wages, salary, Armed Forces pay, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned before deductions were made for taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc.
2. *Nonfarm Self-Employment Income*—Includes net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from one's own business, professional enterprise, or partnership. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses includes costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc.
3. *Farm Self-Employment Income*—Includes net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his or her own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold, government farm programs, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others, and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc. Operating expenses include cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farmhands, depreciation charges, cash rent, interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs, farm taxes (not State and Federal personal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for family living is not included as part of net income.
4. *Interest, Dividend, or Net Rental Income*—Includes interest on savings or bonds, dividends from stockholdings or membership in associations, net income from rental of property to others and receipts from boarders or lodgers, net royalties, and periodic payments from an estate or trust fund.

5. *Social Security Income*—Includes Social Security pensions and survivors benefits and permanent disability insurance payments made by the Social Security Administration prior to deductions for medical insurance, and railroad retirement insurance checks from the U.S. Government. Medicare reimbursements are not included.

6. *Public Assistance Income*—Includes: (1) supplementary security income payments made by Federal or State welfare agencies to low income persons who are aged (65 years old or over), blind, or disabled; (2) aid to families with dependent children, and (3) general assistance. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care (vendor payments) are excluded from this item.

7. *Retirement or Disability Income*—Includes: (1) retirement pensions and survivor benefits from a former employer, labor union, or Federal, State, county, or other governmental agency; (2) disability income from sources such as worker's compensation; companies or unions; Federal, State, or local government; and the U.S. military; (3) periodic receipts from annuities and insurance; and (4) regular income from IRA and KEOGH plans.

8. *All Other Income*—Includes unemployment compensation, Veterans Administration (VA) payments, alimony and child support, contributions received periodically from persons not living in the household, military family allotments, net gambling winnings, and other kinds of periodic income other than earnings.

Income of Households—Includes the income of the householder and all other persons 15 years old and over in the household, whether related to the householder or not. Because many households consist of only one person, average household income is usually less than average family income.

Income of Families and Persons—In compiling statistics on family income, the incomes of all members 15 years old and over in each family are summed and treated as a single amount. However, for persons 15 years old and over, the total amounts of their own incomes are used. Although the income statistics covered the calendar year 1989, the characteristics of persons and the composition of families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1990). Thus, the income of the family does not include amounts received by persons who were members of the family during all or part of the calendar year 1989 if these persons no longer resided with the family at the time of enumeration. Yet, family income amounts reported by related persons who did not reside with the family during 1989 but who were members of the family at the time of enumeration are included. However, the composition of most families was the same during 1989 as in April 1990.

Median Income—The median divides the income distribution into two equal parts, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median.

For households and families, the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of units including those with no income. The median for persons is based on persons with income. The median income values for all households, families, and persons are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in most tabulations. Median household or family income figures of \$50,000 or less are calculated using linear interpolation. For persons, corresponding median values of \$40,000 or less are also computed using linear interpolation. All other median income amounts are derived through Pareto interpolation. (For more information on medians and interpolation, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Mean Income—This is the amount obtained by dividing the total income of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean household income is obtained by dividing total household income by the total number of households. For the various types of income the means are based on households having those types of income. "Per capita income" is the mean income computed for every man, woman, and child in a particular group. It is derived by dividing the total income of a particular group by the total population in that group.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean income values for small subgroups of the population. Because the mean is influenced strongly by extreme values in the distribution, it is especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is, therefore, a better measure than the mean when the population base is small. The mean, nevertheless, is shown in some data products for most small subgroups because, when weighted according to the number of cases, the means can be added to obtained summary measures for areas and groups other than those shown in census tabulations.

Limitation of the Data—Since questionnaire entries for income frequently are based on memory and not on records, many persons tended to forget minor or irregular sources of income and, therefore, underreport their income. Underreporting tends to be more pronounced for income sources that are not derived from earnings, such as Social Security, public assistance, or from interest, dividends, and net rental income.

There are errors of reporting due to the misunderstanding of the income questions such as reporting gross rather than net dollar amounts for the two questions on net self-employment income, which resulted in an overstatement of these items. Another common error is the reporting of identical dollar amounts in two of the eight type of income items where a respondent with only one source of income assumed that the second amount should be entered to represent total income. Such instances of

overreporting had an impact on the level of mean nonfarm or farm self-employment income and mean total income published for the various geographical subdivisions of the State.

Extensive computer editing procedures were instituted in the data processing operation to reduce some of these reporting errors and to improve the accuracy of the income data. These procedures corrected various reporting deficiencies and improved the consistency of reported income items associated with work experience and information on occupation and class of worker. For example, if persons reported they were self-employed on their own farm, not incorporated, but had reported wage and salary earnings only, the latter amount was shifted to net farm self-employment income. Also, if any respondent reported total income only, the amount was generally assigned to one of the type of income items according to responses to the work experience and class-of-worker questions. Another type of problem involved nonreporting of income data. Where income information was not reported, procedures were devised to impute appropriate values with either no income or positive or negative dollar amounts for the missing entries. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

In income tabulations for households and families, the lowest income group (e.g., less than \$5,000) includes units that were classified as having no 1989 income. Many of these were living on income "in kind," savings, or gifts, were newly created families, or families in which the sole breadwinner had recently died or left the household. However, many of the households and families who reported no income probably had some money income which was not recorded in the census.

The income data presented in the tabulations covers money income only. The fact that many farm families receive an important part of their income in the form of "free" housing and goods produced and consumed on the farm rather than in money should be taken into consideration in comparing the income of farm and nonfarm residents. Nonmoney income such as business expense accounts, use of business transportation and facilities, or partial compensation by business for medical and educational expenses was also received by some nonfarm residents. Many low income families also receive income "in kind" from public welfare programs. In comparing income data for 1989 with earlier years, it should be noted that an increase or decrease in money income does not necessarily represent a comparable change in real income, unless adjustments for changes in prices are made.

Comparability—The income data collected in the 1980 and 1970 censuses are similar to the 1990 census data, but there are variations in the detail of the questions. In 1980, income information for 1979 was collected from persons in approximately 19 percent of all housing units and group quarters. Each person was required to report:

- Wage or salary income

- Net nonfarm self-employment income
- Net farm self-employment income
- Interest, dividend, or net rental or royalty income
- Social Security income
- Public assistance income
- Income from all other sources

Between the 1980 and 1990 censuses, there were minor differences in the processing of the data. In both censuses, all persons with missing values in one or more of the detailed type of income items *and* total income were designated as allocated. Each missing entry was imputed either as a "no" or as a dollar amount. If total income was reported *and* one or more of the type of income fields was not answered, then the entry in total income generally was assigned to one of the income types according to the socioeconomic characteristics of the income recipient. This person was designated as unallocated.

In 1980 and 1990, all nonrespondents with income not reported (whether heads of households or other persons) were assigned the reported income of persons with similar characteristics. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data.")

There was a difference in the method of computer derivation of aggregate income from individual amounts between the two census processing operations. In the 1980 census, income amounts less than \$100,000 were coded in tens of dollars, and amounts of \$100,000 or more were coded in thousands of dollars; \$5 was added to each amount coded in tens of dollars and \$500 to each amount coded in thousands of dollars. Entries of \$999,000 or more were treated as \$999,500 and losses of \$9,999 or more were treated as minus \$9,999. In the 1990 census, income amounts less than \$999,999 were keyed in dollars. Amounts of \$999,999 or more were treated as \$999,999 and losses of \$9,999 or more were treated as minus \$9,999 in all of the computer derivations of aggregate income.

In 1970, information on income in 1969 was obtained from all members in every fifth housing unit and small group quarters (less than 15 persons) and every fifth person in all other group quarters. Each person was required to report:

- Wage or salary income
- Net nonfarm self-employment income
- Net farm self-employment income
- Social Security or Railroad Retirement
- Public assistance or welfare payments
- Income from all other sources

If a person reported a dollar amount in wage or salary, net nonfarm self-employment income, or net farm self-employment income, the person was considered as unallocated only if no further dollar amounts were imputed for any additional missing entries.

In 1960, data on income were obtained from all members in every fourth housing unit and from every fourth person 14 years old and over living in group quarters. Each person was required to report wage or salary income, net self-employment income, and income other than earnings received in 1959. An assumption was made in the editing process that no other type of income was received by a person who reported the receipt of either wage and salary income or self-employment but who had failed to report the receipt of other money income.

For several reasons, the income data shown in census tabulations are not directly comparable with those that may be obtained from statistical summaries of income tax returns. Income, as defined for Federal tax purposes, differs somewhat from the Census Bureau concept. Moreover, the coverage of income tax statistics is different because of the exemptions of persons having small amounts of income and the inclusion of net capital gains in tax returns. Furthermore, members of some families file separate returns and others file joint returns; consequently, the income reporting unit is not consistently either a family or a person.

The earnings data shown in census tabulations are not directly comparable with earnings records of the Social Security Administration. The earnings record data for 1989 excluded the earnings of most civilian government employees, some employees of nonprofit organizations, workers covered by the Railroad Retirement Act, and persons not covered by the program because of insufficient earnings. Furthermore, earnings received from any one employer in excess of \$48,000 in 1989 are not covered by earnings records. Finally, because census data are obtained from household questionnaires, they may differ from Social Security Administration earnings record data, which are based upon employers' reports and the Federal income tax returns of self-employed persons.

The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) of the Department of Commerce publishes annual data on aggregate and per-capita personal income received by the population for States, metropolitan areas, and selected counties. Aggregate income estimates based on the income statistics shown in census products usually would be less than those shown in the BEA income series for several reasons. The Census Bureau data are obtained directly from households, whereas the BEA income series is estimated largely on the basis of data from administrative records of business and governmental sources. Moreover, the definitions of income are different. The BEA income series includes some items not included in the income data shown in census publications, such as income "in kind," income received by nonprofit institutions, the value of services of

banks and other financial intermediaries rendered to persons without the assessment of specific charges, Medicare payments, and the income of persons who died or emigrated prior to April 1, 1990. On the other hand, the census income data include contributions for support received from persons not residing in the same household and employer contributions for social insurance.

INDUSTRY, OCCUPATION, AND CLASS OF WORKER

The data on industry, occupation, and class of worker were derived from answers to questionnaire items 28, 29, and 30 respectively. These questions were asked of a sample of persons. Information on industry relates to the kind of business conducted by a person's employing organization; occupation describes the kind of work the person does on the job.

For employed persons, the data refer to the person's job during the reference week. For those who worked at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours. For unemployed persons, the data refer to their last job. The industry and occupation statistics are derived from the detailed classification systems developed for the 1990 census as described below. The *Classified Index of Industries and Occupations* provided additional information on the industry and occupation classification systems.

Respondents provided the data for the tabulations by writing on the questionnaires descriptions of their industry and occupation. These descriptions were keyed and passed through automated coding software which assigned a portion of the written entries to categories in the classification system. The automated system assigned codes to 59 percent of the industry entries and 38 percent of the occupation entries.

Those cases not coded by the computer were referred to clerical staff in the Census Bureau's Kansas City processing office for coding. The clerical staff converted the written questionnaire descriptions to codes by comparing these descriptions to entries in the *Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations*. For the industry code, these coders also referred to an Employer Name List (formerly called Company Name List). This list, prepared from the Standard Statistical Establishment List developed by the Census Bureau for the economic censuses and surveys, contained the names of business establishments and their Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes converted to population census equivalents. This list facilitated coding and maintained industrial classification comparability.

Industry

The industry classification system developed for the 1990 census consists of 236 categories for employed persons, classified into 13 major industry groups. Since

1940, the industrial classification has been based on the Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC). The 1990 census classification was developed from the 1987 SIC published by the Office of Management and Budget, Executive Office of the President.

The SIC was designed primarily to classify establishments by the type of industrial activity in which they were engaged. However, census data, which were collected from households, differ in detail and nature from those obtained from establishment surveys. Therefore, the census classification systems, while defined in SIC terms, cannot reflect the full detail in all categories. There are several levels of industrial classification found in census products. For example, the 1990 CP-2, *Social and Economic Characteristics* report includes 41 unique industrial categories, while the 1990 Summary Tape File 4 (STF 4) presents 72 categories.

Occupation

The occupational classification system developed for the 1990 census consists of 501 specific occupational categories for employed persons arranged into 6 summary and 13 major occupational groups. This classification was developed to be consistent with the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual: 1980, published by the Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards, U.S. Department of Commerce. Tabulations with occupation as the primary characteristic present several levels of occupational detail. The most detailed tabulations are shown in a special 1990 subject report and tape files on occupation. These products contain all 501 occupational categories plus industry or class of worker subgroupings of occupational categories.

Some occupation groups are related closely to certain industries. Operators of transportation equipment, farm operators and workers, and private household workers account for major portions of their respective industries of transportation, agriculture, and private households. However, the industry categories include persons in other occupations. For example, persons employed in agriculture include truck drivers and bookkeepers; persons employed in the transportation industry include mechanics, freight handlers, and payroll clerks; and persons employed in the private household industry include occupations such as chauffeur, gardener, and secretary.

Class of Worker

The data on class of worker were derived from answers to questionnaire item 30. The information on class of worker refers to the same job as a respondent's industry and occupation and categorizes persons according to the type of ownership of the employing organization. The class of worker categories are defined as follows:

Private Wage and Salary Workers—Includes persons who worked for wages, salary, commission, tips, pay-in-kind, or piece rates for a private for profit employer or a

private not-for-profit, tax-exempt or charitable organization. Self-employed persons whose business was incorporated are included with private wage and salary workers because they are paid employees of their own companies. Some tabulations present data separately for these subcategories: "For profit," "Not for profit," and "Own business incorporated."

Employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, or other formal international organizations were classified as "Private-not-for-profit."

Government Workers—Includes persons who were employees of any local, State, or Federal governmental unit, regardless of the activity of the particular agency. For some tabulations, the data were presented separately for the three levels of government.

Self-Employed Workers—Includes persons who worked for profit or fees in their own unincorporated business, profession, or trade, or who operated a farm.

Unpaid Family Workers—Includes persons who worked 15 hours or more without pay in a business or on a farm operated by a relative.

Salaried/Self-Employed—In tabulations that categorize persons as either salaried or self-employed, the salaried category includes private and government wage and salary workers; self-employed includes self-employed persons and unpaid family workers.

The industry category, "Public administration," is limited to regular government functions such as legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities of governments. Other government organizations such as schools, hospitals, liquor stores, and bus lines are classified by industry according to the activity in which they are engaged. On the other hand, the class of worker government categories include all government workers.

Occasionally respondents supplied industry, occupation, or class of worker descriptions which were not sufficiently specific for precise classification or did not report on these items at all. Some of these cases were corrected through the field editing process and during the coding and tabulation operations. In the coding operation, certain types of incomplete entries were corrected using the *Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations*. For example, it was possible in certain situations to assign an industry code based on the occupation reported.

Following the coding operations, there was a computer edit and an allocation process. The edit first determined whether a respondent was in the universe which required an industry and occupation code. The codes for the three items (industry, occupation, and class of worker) were checked to ensure they were valid and were edited for their relation to each other. Invalid and inconsistent codes were either blanked or changed to a consistent code.

If one or more of the three codes were blank after the edit, a code was assigned from a "similar" person based on other items such as age, sex, education, farm or nonfarm residence, and weeks worked. If all the labor force and income data also were blank, all these economic items were assigned from one other person who provided all the necessary data.

Comparability—Comparability of industry and occupation data was affected by a number of factors, primarily the systems used to classify the questionnaire responses. For both the industry and occupation classification systems, the basic structures were generally the same from 1940 to 1970, but changes in the individual categories limited comparability of the data from one census to another. These changes were needed to recognize the "birth" of new industries and occupations, the "death" of others, and the growth and decline in existing industries and occupations, as well as, the desire of analysts and other users for more detail in the presentation of the data. Probably the greatest cause of incomparability is the movement of a segment of a category to a different category in the next census. Changes in the nature of jobs and respondent terminology, and refinement of category composition made these movements necessary.

In the 1990 census, the industry classification had minor revisions to reflect recent changes to the SIC. The 1990 occupational classification system is essentially the same as that for the 1980 census. However, the conversion of the census classification to the SOC in 1980 meant that the 1990 classification system was less comparable to the classifications used prior to the 1980 census.

Other factors that affected data comparability included the universe to which the data referred (in 1970, the age cutoff for labor force was changed from 14 years to 16 years); how the industry and occupation questions were worded on the questionnaire (for example, important changes were made in 1970); improvements in the coding procedures (the Employer Name List technique was introduced in 1960); and how the "not reported" cases are handled. Prior to 1970, they were placed in the residual categories, "Industry not reported" and "Occupation not reported." In 1970, an allocation process was introduced that assigned these cases to major groups. In 1990, as in 1980, the "Not reported" cases were assigned to individual categories. Therefore, the 1980 and 1990 data for individual categories included some numbers of persons who were tabulated in a "Not reported" category in previous censuses.

The following publications contain information on the various factors affecting comparability and are particularly useful for understanding differences in the occupation and industry information from earlier censuses: U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Changes Between the 1950 and 1960 Occupation and Industry Classifications With Detailed Adjustments of 1950 Data to the 1960 Classifications*, Technical Paper No. 18, 1968; U.S. Bureau of the Census, *1970 Occupation and Industry Classification Systems in Terms of their 1960 Occupation and Industry Elements*, Technical

Paper No. 26, 1972; and U.S. Bureau of the Census, *The Relationship Between the 1970 and 1980 Industry and Occupation Classification Systems*, Technical Paper No. 59, 1988. For citations for earlier census years, see the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-D, *Detailed Population Characteristics*.

The 1990 census introduced an additional class of worker category for "private not-for-profit" employers. This category is a subset of the 1980 category "employee of private employer" so there is no comparable data before 1990. Also in 1990, employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, etc., are classified as "private not-for-profit," rather than Federal Government as in 1970 and 1980. While in theory, there was a change in comparability, in practice, the small number of U.S. residents working for foreign governments made this change negligible.

Comparability between the statistics on industry and occupation from the 1990 census and statistics from other sources is affected by many of the factors described in the section on "Employment Status." These factors are primarily geographic differences between residence and place of work, different dates of reference, and differences in counts because of dual job holding. Industry data from population censuses cover all industries and all kinds of workers, whereas, data from establishments often excluded private household workers, government workers, and the self-employed. Also, the replies from household respondents may have differed in detail and nature from those obtained from establishments.

Occupation data from the census and data from government licensing agencies, professional associations, trade unions, etc., may not be as comparable as expected. Organizational listings often include persons not in the labor force or persons devoting all or most of their time to another occupation; or the same person may be included in two or more different listings. In addition, relatively few organizations, except for those requiring licensing, attained complete coverage of membership in a particular occupational field.

JOURNEY TO WORK

Place of Work

The data on place of work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 22, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

Data were tabulated for workers 16 years and over; that is, members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work during the reference week. Data on place of work refer to the geographic location at which workers carried out their occupational activities during the reference week. The exact address (number and street) of the place of work was asked, as well as the place (city, town, or post office); whether or not the place of work was inside or

outside the limits of that city or town; and the county, State, and ZIP Code. If the person's employer operated in more than one location, the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number and street name were unknown, a description of the location, such as the building name or nearest street or intersection, was to be entered.

Persons who worked at more than one location during the reference week were asked to report the one at which they worked the greatest number of hours. Persons who regularly worked in several locations each day during the reference week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day. For cases in which daily work did not begin at a central place each day, the person was asked to provide as much information as possible to describe the area in which he or she worked most during the reference week.

In some tabulations, place-of-work locations may be defined as "in area of residence" and "outside area of residence." The area of residence may vary from table to table or even within a table, and refers to the particular area or areas shown. For example, in a table that provides data for counties, "in area of residence" refers to persons who worked in the same county in which they lived, while "outside area of residence" refers to persons whose workplace was located in a county different from the one in which they lived. Similarly, in a table that provides data for several types of areas, such as the State and its individual metropolitan areas (MA's), counties, and places, the place-of-work data will be variable and is determined by the geographic level (State, MA, county, or place) shown in each section of the tabulation.

In tabulations that present data for States, workplaces for the residents of the State may include, in addition to the State itself, each contiguous State. The category, "in noncontiguous State or abroad," includes persons who worked in a State that did not border their State of residence as well as persons who worked outside the United States.

In tabulations that present data for an MSA/PMSA, place-of-work locations are specified to show the main destinations of workers living in the MSA/PMSA. (For more information on metropolitan areas (MA's), see Appendix A, Area Classifications.) All place-of-work locations are identified with respect to the boundaries of the MSA/PMSA as "inside MSA/PMSA" or "outside MSA/PMSA." Locations within the MSA/PMSA are further divided into each central city, and each county or county balance. Selected large incorporated places also may be specified as places of work.

Within New England MSA/PMSA's, the places of work presented generally are cities and towns. Locations outside the MSA/PMSA are specified if they are important commuting destinations for residents of the MSA/PMSA, and may include adjoining MSA/PMSA's and their central cities, their component counties, large incorporated places, or counties, cities, or other geographic areas outside any MA. In tabulations for MSA/PMSA's in New England;

Honolulu, Hawaii; and certain other MA's, some place-of-work locations are identified as "areas" (e.g., Area 1, Area 5, Area 12, etc.). Such areas consist of groups of towns, cities, census designated places (Honolulu MSA only), or counties that have been identified as unique place-of-work destinations. When an adjoining MSA/PMSA or MSA/PMSA remainder is specified as a place-of-work location, its components are not defined. However, the components are presented in the 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas* and the 1990 CH-1, *General Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas* reports. In tabulations that present data for census tracts outside MA's, place-of-work locations are defined as "in county of residence" and "outside county of residence."

In areas where the workplace address was coded to the block level, persons were tabulated as working inside or outside a specific place based on the location of that address, regardless of the response to question 22c concerning city/town limits. In areas where it was impossible to code the workplace address to the block level, persons were tabulated as working in a place if a place name was reported in question 22b and the response to question 22c was either "Yes" or the item was left blank. In selected areas, census designated places (CDP's) may appear in the tabulations as places of work. The accuracy of place-of-work data for CDP's may be affected by the extent to which their census names were familiar to respondents, and by coding problems caused by similarities between the CDP name and the names of other geographic jurisdictions in the same vicinity.

Place-of-work data are given for selected minor civil divisions (generally, cities, towns, and townships) in the nine Northeastern States, based on the responses to the place-of-work question. Many towns and townships are regarded locally as equivalent to a place and therefore, were reported as the place of work. When a respondent reported a locality or incorporated place that formed a part of a township or town, the coding and tabulating procedure was designed to include the response in the total for the township or town. The accuracy of the place-of-work data for minor civil divisions is greatest for the New England States. However, the data for some New England towns, for towns in New York, and for townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania may be affected by coding problems that resulted from the unfamiliarity of the respondent with the minor civil division in which the workplace was located or when a township and a city or borough of the same or similar name are located close together.

Place-of-work data may show a few workers who made unlikely daily work trips (e.g., workers who lived in New York and worked in California). This result is attributable to persons who worked during the reference week at a location that was different from their usual place of work, such as persons away from home on business.

Comparability—The wording of the question on place of work was substantially the same in the 1990 census as it was in 1980. However, data on place of work from the

1990 census are based on the full census sample, while data from the 1980 census were based on only about one-half of the full sample.

For the 1980 census, nonresponse or incomplete responses to the place-of-work question were not allocated, resulting in the use of "not reported" categories in the 1980 publications. However, for the 1990 census, when place of work was not reported or the response was incomplete, a work location was allocated to the person based on their means of transportation to work, travel time to work, industry, and location of residence and workplace of others. The 1990 publications, therefore, do not contain a "not reported" category for the place-of-work data.

Comparisons between 1980 and 1990 census data on the gross number of workers in particular commuting flows, or the total number of persons working in an area, should be made with extreme caution. Any apparent increase in the magnitude of the gross numbers may be due solely to the fact that for 1990 the "not reported" cases have been distributed among specific place-of-work destinations, instead of tallied in a separate category as in 1980.

Limitation of the Data—The data on place of work relate to a reference week; that is, the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because the enumeration was not completed in 1 week. However, for the majority of persons, the reference week for the 1990 census is the last week in March 1990. The lack of a uniform reference week means that the place-of-work data reported in the census will not exactly match the distribution of workplace locations observed or measured during an actual workweek.

The place-of-work data are estimates of persons 16 years old and over who were both employed and at work during the reference week (including persons in the Armed Forces). Persons who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons are not included in the place-of-work data. Therefore, the data on place of work understate the total number of jobs or total employment in a geographic area during the reference week. It also should be noted that persons who had irregular, casual, or unstructured jobs during the reference week may have erroneously reported themselves as not working.

The address where the individual worked most often during the reference week was recorded on the census questionnaire. If a worker held two jobs, only data about the primary job (the one worked the greatest number of hours during the preceding week) was requested. Persons who regularly worked in several locations during the reference week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was

asked to provide as much information as possible to describe the area in which he or she worked most during the reference week.

Means of Transportation to Work

The data on means of transportation to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 23a, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.") Means of transportation to work refers to the principal mode of travel or type of conveyance that the person usually used to get from home to work during the reference week.

Persons who used different means of transportation on different days of the week were asked to specify the one they used most often, that is, the greatest number of days. Persons who used more than one means of transportation to get to work each day were asked to report the one used for the longest distance during the work trip. The category, "Car, truck, or van," includes workers using a car (including company cars but excluding taxicabs), a truck of one-ton capacity or less, or a van. The category, "Public transportation," includes workers who used a bus or trolley bus, streetcar or trolley car, subway or elevated, railroad, ferryboat, or taxicab even if each mode is not shown separately in the tabulation. The category, "Other means," includes workers who used a mode of travel which is not identified separately within the data distribution. The category, "Other means," may vary from table to table, depending on the amount of detail shown in a particular distribution.

The means of transportation data for some areas may show workers using modes of public transportation that are not available in those areas (e.g., subway or elevated riders in an MA where there actually is no subway or elevated service). This result is largely due to persons who worked during the reference week at a location that was different from their usual place of work (such as persons away from home on business in an area where subway service was available) and persons who used more than one means of transportation each day but whose principal means was unavailable where they lived (for example, residents of nonmetropolitan areas who drove to the fringe of an MA and took the commuter railroad most of the distance to work).

Private Vehicle Occupancy

The data on private vehicle occupancy were derived from answers to questionnaire item 23b. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that their means of transportation to work was "Car, truck, or van." (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

Private vehicle occupancy refers to the number of persons who usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week. The category, "Drove alone," includes persons who usually drove alone to work as well as persons who were driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination. The category, "Carpooled," includes workers who reported that two or more persons usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week.

Persons Per Car, Truck, or Van—This is obtained by dividing the number of persons who reported using a car, truck, or van to get to work by the number of such vehicles that they used. The number of vehicles used is derived by counting each person who drove alone as one vehicle, each person who reported being in a two-person carpool as one-half vehicle, each person who reported being in a three-person carpool as one-third vehicle, and so on, and then summing all the vehicles.

Time Leaving Home to Go to Work

The data on time leaving home to go to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 24a. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that they worked outside their home. The departure time refers to the time of day that the person usually left home to go to work during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

Travel Time to Work

The data on travel time to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 24b. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that they worked outside their home. Travel time to work refers to the total number of minutes that it usually took the person to get from home to work during the reference week. The elapsed time includes time spent waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, and time spent in other activities related to getting to work. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH

Language Spoken at Home

Data on language spoken at home were derived from the answers to questionnaire items 15a and 15b, which were asked of a sample of persons born before April 1, 1985. Instructions mailed with the 1990 census questionnaire stated that a respondent should mark "Yes" in

question 15a if the person sometimes or always spoke a language other than English at home and should not mark "Yes" if a language was spoken only at school or if speaking was limited to a few expressions or slang. For question 15b, respondents were instructed to print the name of the non-English language spoken at home. If the person spoke more than one language other than English, the person was to report the language spoken more often or the language learned first.

The cover of the census questionnaire included information in Spanish which provided a telephone number for respondents to call to request a census questionnaire and instructions in Spanish. Instruction guides were also available in 32 other languages to assist enumerators who encountered households or respondents who spoke no English.

Questions 15a and 15b referred to languages spoken at home in an effort to measure the current use of languages other than English. Persons who knew languages other than English but did not use them at home or who only used them elsewhere were excluded. Persons who reported speaking a language other than English at home may also speak English; however, the questions did not permit determination of the main or dominant language of persons who spoke both English and another language. (For more information, see discussion below on "Ability to Speak English.")

For persons who indicated that they spoke a language other than English at home in question 15a, but failed to specify the name of the language in question 15b, the language was assigned based on the language of other speakers in the household; on the language of a person of the same Spanish origin or detailed race group living in the same or a nearby area; or on a person of the same ancestry or place of birth. In all cases where a person was assigned a non-English language, it was assumed that the language was spoken at home. Persons for whom the name of a language other than English was entered in question 15b, and for whom question 15a was blank were assumed to speak that language at home.

The write-in responses listed in question 15b (specific language spoken) were transcribed onto computer files and coded into more than 380 detailed language categories using an automated coding system. The automated procedure compared write-in responses reported by respondents with entries in a computer dictionary, which initially contained approximately 2,000 language names. The dictionary was updated with a large number of new names, variations in spelling, and a small number of residual categories. Each write-in response was given a numeric code that was associated with one of the detailed categories in the dictionary. If the respondent listed more than one non-English language, only the first was coded.

The write-in responses represented the names people used for languages they speak. They may not match the names or categories used by linguists. The sets of categories used are sometimes geographic and sometimes linguistic. Figure 1 provides an illustration of the content of

the classification schemes used to present language data. For more information, write to the Chief, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

Household Language—In households where one or more persons (age 5 years old or over) speak a language other than English, the household language assigned to all household members is the non-English language spoken by the first person with a non-English language in the following order: householder, spouse, parent, sibling, child, grandchild, other relative, stepchild, unmarried partner, housemate or roommate, roomer, boarder, or foster child, or other nonrelative. Thus, persons who speak only English may have a non-English household language assigned to them in tabulations of persons by household language.

Figure 1. **Four- and Twenty-Five-Group Classifications of 1990 Census Languages Spoken at Home with Illustrative Examples**

Four-Group Classification	Twenty-Five-Group Classification	Examples
Spanish Other Indo-European	Spanish	Spanish, Ladino
	French	French, Cajun, French Creole
	Italian	
	Portuguese	
	German	
	Yiddish	
Languages of Asia and the Pacific	Other West Germanic	Afrikaans, Dutch, Pennsylvania Dutch
	Scandinavian	Danish, Norwegian, Swedish
	Polish	
	Russian	
	South Slavic	Serbocroatian, Bulgarian, Macedonian, Slovene
	Other Slavic	Czech, Slovak, Ukrainian
All other languages	Greek	
	Indic	Hindi, Bengali, Gujarathi, Punjabi, Romany, Sinhalese
	Other Indo-European, not elsewhere classified	Armenian, Gaelic, Lithuanian, Persian
	Chinese	
	Japanese	
	Mon-Khmer	
	Tagalog	Cambodian
	Korean	
	Vietnamese	
	Other languages (part)	Chamorro, Dravidian Languages, Hawaiian, Ilocano, Thai, Turkish
	Arabic	
	Hungarian	
	Native North American languages	
	Other languages (part)	Amharic, Syriac, Finnish, Hebrew, Languages of Central and South America, Other Languages of Africa

Ability to Speak English

Persons 5 years old and over who reported that they spoke a language other than English in question 15a were also asked in question 15c to indicate their ability to speak English based on one of the following categories: "Very well," "Well," "Not well," or "Not at all."

The data on ability to speak English represent the person's own perception about his or her own ability or, because census questionnaires are usually completed by one household member, the responses may represent the perception of another household member. The instruction guides and questionnaires that were mailed to households did not include any information on how to interpret the response categories in question 15c.

Persons who reported that they spoke a language other than English at home but whose ability to speak English was not reported, were assigned the English-language ability of a randomly selected person of the same age, Spanish origin, nativity and year of entry, and language group.

Linguistic Isolation—A household in which no person age 14 years or over speaks only English and no person age 14 years or over who speaks a language other than English speaks English "Very well" is classified as "linguistically isolated." All the members of a linguistically isolated household are tabulated as linguistically isolated, including members under age 14 years who may speak only English.

Limitation of the Data—Persons who speak a language other than English at home may have first learned that language at school. However, these persons would be expected to indicate that they spoke English "Very well." Persons who speak a language other than English, but do not do so *at home*, should have been reported as not speaking a language other than English at home.

The extreme detail in which language names were coded may give a false impression of the linguistic precision of these data. The names used by speakers of a language to identify it may reflect ethnic, geographic, or political affiliations and do not necessarily respect linguistic distinctions. The categories shown in the tabulations were chosen on a number of criteria, such as information about the number of speakers of each language that might be expected in a sample of the United States population.

Comparability—Information on language has been collected in every census since 1890. The comparability of data among censuses is limited by changes in question wording, by the subpopulations to whom the question was addressed, and by the detail that was published.

The same question on language was asked in the 1980 and 1990 censuses. This question on the current language spoken at home replaced the questions asked in prior

censuses on mother tongue; that is, the language other than English spoken in the person's home when he or she was a child; one's first language; or the language spoken before immigrating to the United States. The censuses of 1910-1940, 1960 and 1970 included questions on mother tongue. A change in coding procedure from 1980 to 1990 should have improved accuracy of coding and may affect the number of persons reported in some of the 380 plus categories. It should not greatly affect the 4-group or 25-group lists. In 1980, coding clerks supplied numeric codes for the written entries on each questionnaire using a 2,000 name reference list. In 1990 written entries were transcribed to a computer file and matched to a computer dictionary which began with the 2,000 name list, but expanded as unmatched names were referred to headquarters specialists for resolution.

The question on ability to speak English was asked for the first time in 1980. In tabulations from 1980, the categories "Very well" and "Well" were combined. Data from other surveys suggested a major difference between the category "Very well" and the remaining categories. In tabulations showing ability to speak English, persons who reported that they spoke English "Very well" are presented separately from persons who reported their ability to speak English as less than "Very well."

MARITAL STATUS

The data on marital status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 6, which was asked of all persons. The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Data on marital status are tabulated only for persons 15 years old and over.

All persons were asked whether they were "now married," "widowed," "divorced," "separated," or "never married." Couples who live together (unmarried persons, persons in common-law marriages) were allowed to report the marital status they considered the most appropriate.

Never Married—Includes all persons who have never been married, including persons whose only marriage(s) was annulled.

Ever Married—Includes persons married at the time of enumeration (including those separated), widowed, or divorced.

Now Married, Except Separated—Includes persons whose current marriage has not ended through widowhood, divorce, or separation (regardless of previous marital history). The category may also include couples who live together or persons in common-law marriages if they consider this category the most appropriate. In certain tabulations, currently married persons are further classified as "spouse present" or "spouse absent."

Separated—Includes persons legally separated or otherwise absent from their spouse because of marital discord. Included are persons who have been deserted or who have parted because they no longer want to live together but who have not obtained a divorce.

Widowed—Includes widows and widowers who have not remarried.

Divorced—Includes persons who are legally divorced and who have not remarried.

In selected sample tabulations, data for married and separated persons are reorganized and combined with information on the presence of the spouse in the same household.

Now Married—All persons whose current marriage has not ended by widowhood or divorce. This category includes persons defined above as “separated.”

Spouse Present—Married persons whose wife or husband was enumerated as a member of the same household, including those whose spouse may have been temporarily absent for such reasons as travel or hospitalization.

Spouse Absent—Married persons whose wife or husband was not enumerated as a member of the same household. This category also includes all married persons living in group quarters.

Separated—Defined above.

Spouse Absent, Other—Married persons whose wife or husband was not enumerated as a member of the same household, excluding separated. Included is any person whose spouse was employed and living away from home or in an institution or absent in the Armed Forces.

Differences between the number of currently married males and the number of currently married females occur because of reporting differences and because some husbands and wives have their usual residence in different areas. In sample tabulations, these differences can also occur because different weights are applied to the individual's data. Any differences between the number of “now married, spouse present” males and females are due solely to sample weighting. By definition, the numbers would be the same.

When marital status was not reported, it was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and sex and age of the person. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

Comparability—The 1990 marital status definitions are the same as those used in 1980 with the exception of the term “never married” which replaces the term “single” in tabulations. A general marital status question has been asked in every census since 1880.

MOBILITY LIMITATION STATUS

The data on mobility limitation status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 19a, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were

identified as having a mobility limitation if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which made it difficult to go outside the home alone. Examples of outside activities on the questionnaire included shopping and visiting the doctor's office.

The term “health condition” referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally, was not considered a health condition.

Comparability—This was the first time that a question on mobility limitation was included in the census.

PLACE OF BIRTH

The data on place of birth were derived from answers to questionnaire item 8, which was asked on a sample basis. The place-of-birth question asked respondents to report the U.S. State, commonwealth or territory, or the foreign country where they were born. Persons born outside the United States were asked to report their place of birth according to current international boundaries. Since numerous changes in boundaries of foreign countries have occurred in the last century, some persons may have reported their place of birth in terms of boundaries that existed at the time of their birth or emigration, or in accordance with their own national preference.

Persons not reporting place of birth were assigned the birthplace of another family member or were allocated the response of another person with similar characteristics. Persons allocated as foreign born were not assigned a specific country of birth but were classified as “Born abroad, country not specified.”

Nativity—Information on place of birth and citizenship were used to classify the population into two major categories: native and foreign born. When information on place of birth was not reported, nativity was assigned on the basis of answers to citizenship, if reported, and other characteristics.

Native—Includes persons born in the United States, Puerto Rico, or an outlying area of the United States. The small number of persons who were born in a foreign country but have at least one American parent also are included in this category.

The native population is classified in the following groups: persons born in the State in which they resided at the time of the census; persons born in a different State, by region; persons born in Puerto Rico or an outlying area of the U.S.; and persons born abroad with at least one American parent.

Foreign Born—Includes persons not classified as “Native.” Prior to the 1970 census, persons not reporting place of birth were generally classified as native.

The foreign-born population is shown by selected area, country, or region of birth; the places of birth shown in data products were selected based on the number of respondents who reported that area or country of birth.

Comparability—Data on the State of birth of the native population have been collected in each census beginning with that of 1850. Similar data were shown in tabulations for the 1980 census and other recent censuses. Nonresponse was allocated in a similar manner in 1980; however, prior to 1980, nonresponse to the place of birth question was not allocated. Prior to the 1970 census, persons not reporting place of birth were generally classified as native.

The questionnaire instruction to report mother's State of residence instead of the person's actual State of birth (if born in a hospital in a different State) was dropped in 1990. Evaluation studies of 1970 and 1980 census data demonstrated that this instruction was generally either ignored or misunderstood. Since the hospital and the mother's residence is in the same State for most births, this change may have a slight effect on State of birth data for States with large metropolitan areas that straddle State lines.

POVERTY STATUS IN 1989

The data on poverty status were derived from answers to the same questions as the income data, questionnaire items 32 and 33. (For more information, see the discussion under "Income in 1989.") Poverty statistics presented in census publications were based on a definition originated by the Social Security Administration in 1964 and subsequently modified by Federal interagency committees in 1969 and 1980 and prescribed by the Office of Management and Budget in Directive 14 as the standard to be used by Federal agencies for statistical purposes.

At the core of this definition was the 1961 economy food plan, the least costly of four nutritionally adequate food plans designed by the Department of Agriculture. It was determined from the Agriculture Department's 1955 survey of food consumption that families of three or more persons spend approximately one-third of their income on food; hence, the poverty level for these families was set at three times the cost of the economy food plan. For smaller families and persons living alone, the cost of the economy food plan was multiplied by factors that were slightly higher to compensate for the relatively larger fixed expenses for these smaller households.

The income cutoffs used by the Census Bureau to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals included a set of 48 thresholds arranged in a two-dimensional matrix consisting of family size (from one person to nine or more persons) cross-classified by presence and number of family members under 18 years old (from no children present to eight or more children present). Unrelated individuals and two-person families were further differentiated by age of the householder (under 65 years old and 65 years old and over).

The total income of each family or unrelated individual in the sample was tested against the appropriate poverty threshold to determine the poverty status of that family or unrelated individual. If the total income was less than the corresponding cutoff, the family or unrelated individual was classified as "below the poverty level." The number of persons below the poverty level was the sum of the number of persons in families with incomes below the poverty level and the number of unrelated individuals with incomes below the poverty level.

The poverty thresholds are revised annually to allow for changes in the cost of living as reflected in the Consumer Price Index. The average poverty threshold for a family of four persons was \$12,674 in 1989. (For more information, see table A below.) Poverty thresholds were applied on a national basis and were not adjusted for regional, State or local variations in the cost of living. For a detailed discussion of the poverty definition, see U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 171, *Poverty in the United States: 1988 and 1989*.

Persons for Whom Poverty Status is Determined—

Poverty status was determined for all persons except institutionalized persons, persons in military group quarters and in college dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 15 years old. These groups also were excluded from the denominator when calculating poverty rates.

Specified Poverty Levels—Since the poverty levels currently in use by the Federal Government do not meet all the needs of data users, some of the data are presented for alternate levels. These specified poverty levels are obtained by multiplying the income cutoffs at the poverty level by the appropriate factor. For example, the average income cutoff at 125 percent of poverty level was \$15,843 ($\$12,674 \times 1.25$) in 1989 for a family of four persons.

Weighted Average Thresholds at the Poverty Level—

The average thresholds shown in the first column of table A are weighted by the presence and number of children. For example, the weighted average threshold for a given family size is obtained by multiplying the threshold for each presence and number of children category within the given family size by the number of families in that category. These products are then aggregated across the entire range of presence and number of children categories, and the aggregate is divided by the total number of families in the group to yield the weighted average threshold at the poverty level for that family size.

Since the basic thresholds used to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals are applied to all families and unrelated individuals, the weighted average poverty thresholds are derived using all families and unrelated individuals rather than just those classified as being below the poverty level. To obtain the weighted poverty thresholds for families and unrelated individuals below alternate poverty levels, the weighted thresholds

shown in table A may be multiplied directly by the appropriate factor. The weighted average thresholds presented in the table are based on the March 1990 Current Population Survey. However, these thresholds would not differ significantly from those based on the 1990 census.

Income Deficit—Represents the difference between the total income of families and unrelated individuals below the poverty level and their respective poverty thresholds. In computing the income deficit, families reporting a net income loss are assigned zero dollars and for such cases the deficit is equal to the poverty threshold.

This measure provided an estimate of the amount which would be required to raise the incomes of all poor families and unrelated individuals to their respective poverty thresholds. The income deficit is thus a measure of the degree of impoverishment of a family or unrelated individual. However, caution must be used in comparing the average deficits of families with different characteristics. Apparent differences in average income deficits may, to some extent, be a function of differences in family size.

Mean Income Deficit—Represents the amount obtained by dividing the total income deficit of a group below the poverty level by the number of families (or unrelated individuals) in that group.

Comparability—The poverty definition used in the 1990 and 1980 censuses differed slightly from the one used in the 1970 census. Three technical modifications were made to the definition used in the 1970 census as described below:

1. The separate thresholds for families with a female householder with no husband present and all other families were eliminated. For the 1980 and 1990 censuses, the weighted average of the poverty thresholds for these two types of families was applied to all types of families, regardless of the sex of the householder.

2. Farm families and farm unrelated individuals no longer had a set of poverty thresholds that were lower than the thresholds applied to nonfarm families and unrelated individuals. The farm thresholds were 85 percent of the corresponding levels for nonfarm families in the 1970 census. The same thresholds were applied to all families and unrelated individuals regardless of residence in 1980 and 1990.
3. The thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons in 1970 to nine or more persons in 1980 and 1990.

These changes resulted in a minimal increase in the number of poor at the national level. For a complete discussion of these modifications and their impact, see the Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 133.

The population covered in the poverty statistics derived from the 1980 and 1990 censuses was essentially the same as in the 1970 census. The only difference was that in 1980 and 1990, unrelated individuals under 15 years old were excluded from the poverty universe, while in 1970, only those under 14 years old were excluded. The poverty data from the 1960 census excluded all persons in group quarters and included all unrelated individuals regardless of age. It was unlikely that these differences in population coverage would have had significant impact when comparing the poverty data for persons since the 1960 censuses.

Current Population Survey—Because of differences in the questionnaires and data collection procedures, estimates of the number of persons below the poverty level by various characteristics from the 1990 census may differ from those reported in the March 1990 Current Population Survey.

RACE

The data on race were derived from answers to questionnaire item 4, which was asked of all persons. The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects

Table A. Poverty Thresholds in 1989 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

Size of Family Unit	Weighted average thresholds	Related children under 18 years								
		None	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Seven	Eight or more
One person (unrelated individual).	\$6,310									
Under 65 years.	6 451	\$6,451								
65 years and over.	5,947	5,947								
Two persons.	8,076									
Householder under 65 years. . .	8,343	8,303	\$8,547							
Householder 65 years and over	7,501	7,495	8,515							
Three persons	9,885	9,699	9,981	\$9,990						
Four persons	12,674	12,790	12,999	12,575	\$12,619					
Five persons.	14,990	15,424	15,648	15,169	14,798	\$14,572				
Six persons.	16,921	17,740	17,811	17,444	17,092	16,569	\$16,259			
Seven persons.	19,162	20,412	20,540	20,101	19,794	19,224	18,558	\$17,828		
Eight persons.	21,328	22,830	23,031	22,617	22,253	21,738	21,084	20,403	\$20,230	
Nine or more persons	25,480	27,463	27,596	27,229	26,921	26,415	25,719	25,089	24,933	\$23,973

self-identification; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. The data for race represent self-classification by people according to the race with which they most closely identify. Furthermore, it is recognized that the categories of the race item include both racial and national origin or socio-cultural groups.

During direct interviews conducted by enumerators, if a person could not provide a single response to the race question, he or she was asked to select, based on self-identification, the group which best described his or her racial identity. If a person could not provide a single race response, the race of the mother was used. If a single race response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. In all cases where occupied housing units, households, or families are classified by race, the race of the householder was used.

The racial classification used by the Census Bureau generally adheres to the guidelines in Federal Statistical Directive No. 15, issued by the Office of Management and Budget, which provides standards on ethnic and racial categories for statistical reporting to be used by all Federal agencies. The racial categories used in the 1990 census data products are provided below.

White—Includes persons who indicated their race as "White" or reported entries such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, Near Easterner, Arab, or Polish.

Black—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Black or Negro" or reported entries such as African American, Afro-American, Black Puerto Rican, Jamaican, Nigerian, West Indian, or Haitian.

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut—Includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories identified below.

American Indian—Includes persons who indicated their race as "American Indian," entered the name of an Indian tribe, or reported such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian.

American Indian Tribe—Persons who identified themselves as American Indian were asked to report their enrolled or principal tribe. Therefore, tribal data in tabulations reflect the written tribal entries reported on the questionnaires. Some of the entries (for example, Iroquois, Sioux, Colorado River, and Flat-head) represent nations or reservations.

The information on tribe is based on self-identification and therefore does not reflect any designation of Federally- or State-recognized tribe. Information on American Indian tribes is presented in summary tape files and special data products. The information is derived from the American Indian Detailed Tribal

Classification List for the 1990 census. The classification list represents all tribes, bands, and clans that had a specified number of American Indians reported on the census questionnaire.

Eskimo—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Eskimo" or reported entries such as Arctic Slope, Inupiat, and Yupik.

Aleut—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Aleut" or reported entries such as Alutiiq, Egegik, and Pribilofian.

Asian or Pacific Islander—Includes persons who reported in one of the Asian or Pacific Islander groups listed on the questionnaire or who provided write-in responses such as Thai, Nepali, or Tongan. A more detailed listing of the groups comprising the Asian or Pacific Islander population is presented in figure 2 below. In some data products, information is presented separately for the Asian population and the Pacific Islander population.

Asian—Includes "Chinese," "Filipino," "Japanese," "Asian Indian," "Korean," "Vietnamese," and "Other Asian." In some tables, "Other Asian" may not be shown separately, but is included in the total Asian population.

Chinese—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Chinese" or who identified themselves as Cantonese, Tibetan, or Chinese American. In standard census reports, persons who reported as "Taiwanese" or "Formosan" are included here with Chinese. In special reports on the Asian or Pacific Islander population, information on persons who identified themselves as Taiwanese are shown separately.

Filipino—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Filipino" or reported entries such as Philipino, Philippine, or Filipino American.

Japanese—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Japanese" and persons who identified themselves as Nipponese or Japanese American.

Asian Indian—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Asian Indian" and persons who identified themselves as Bengalese, Bharat, Dravidian, East Indian, or Goanese.

Korean—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Korean" and persons who identified themselves as Korean American.

Vietnamese—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Vietnamese" and persons who identified themselves as Vietnamese American.

Cambodian—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Cambodian or Cambodia.

Hmong—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Hmong, Laohmong, or Mong.

Laotian—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Laotian, Laos, or Lao.

Thai—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Thai, Thailand, or Siamese.

Other Asian—Includes persons who provided a write-in response of Bangladeshi, Burmese, Indonesian, Pakistani, Sri Lankan, Amerasian, or Eurasian. See figure 2 for other groups comprising "Other Asian."

Pacific Islander—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Pacific Islander" by classifying themselves into one of the following groups or identifying themselves as one of the Pacific Islander cultural groups of Polynesian, Micronesian, or Melanesian.

Hawaiian—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Hawaiian" as well as persons who identified themselves as Part Hawaiian or Native Hawaiian.

Samoan—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Samoan" or persons who identified themselves as American Samoan or Western Samoan.

Guamanian—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Guamanian" or persons who identified themselves as Chamorro or Guam.

Other Pacific Islander—Includes persons who provided a write-in response of a Pacific Islander group such as Tahitian, Northern Mariana Islander, Palauan, Fijian, or a cultural group such as Polynesian, Micronesian, or Melanesian. See figure 2 for other groups comprising "Other Pacific Islander."

Other Race—Includes all other persons not included in the "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and the "Asian or Pacific Islander" race categories described above. Persons reporting in the "Other race" category and providing write-in entries such as multiracial, multiethnic, mixed, interracial, Wesort, or a Spanish/Hispanic origin group (such as Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) are included here.

Written entries to three categories on the race item—"Indian (Amer.)," "Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API)," and "Other race"—were reviewed, edited, and coded by subject matter specialists. (For more information on the coding operation, see the section below that discusses "Comparability.")

The written entries under "Indian (Amer.)," and "Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API)" were reviewed and coded during 100-percent processing of the 1990 census questionnaires. A substantial portion of the entries for the "Other race" category also were reviewed, edited, and coded during the 100-percent processing. The remaining entries under "Other race" underwent review and coding during sample processing. Most of the written entries reviewed and coded during sample processing were those indicating Hispanic origin such as Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican.

If the race entry for a member of a household was missing on the questionnaire, race was assigned based upon the reported entries of race by other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. For example, if race was missing for the daughter of the householder, then the race of her mother (as female householder or female spouse) would be assigned. If there was no female householder or spouse in the household, the daughter would be assigned her father's (male householder) race. If race was not reported for anyone in the household, the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation procedures described in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

Limitation of the Data—In the 1980 census, a relatively high proportion (20 percent) of American Indians did not report any tribal entry in the race item. Evaluation of the pre-census tests indicated that changes made for the 1990 race item should improve the reporting of tribes in the rural areas (especially on reservations) for the 1990 census. The results for urban areas were inconclusive. Also, the precensus tests indicated that there may be overreporting of the Cherokee tribe. An evaluation of 1980 census data showed overreporting of Cherokee in urban areas or areas where the number of American Indians was sparse.

In the 1990 census, respondents sometimes did not fill in a circle or filled the "Other race" circle and wrote in a response, such as Arab, Polish, or African American in the shared write-in box for "Other race" and "Other API" responses. During the automated coding process, these responses were edited and assigned to the appropriate racial designation. Also, some Hispanic origin persons did not fill in a circle, but provided entries such as Mexican or Puerto Rican. These persons were classified in the "Other race" category during the coding and editing process. There may be some minor differences between sample data and 100-percent data because sample processing included additional edits not included in the 100-percent processing.

Figure 2. Asian or Pacific Islander Groups Reported in the 1990 Census

Asian	Pacific Islander
Chinese	Hawaiian
Filipino	Samoa
Japanese	Guamanian
Asian Indian	Other Pacific Islander ¹
Korean	Carolinian
Vietnamese	Fijian
Cambodian	Kosraean
Hmong	Melanesian ³
Laotian	Micronesian ³
Thai	Northern Mariana Islander
Other Asian ¹	Palauan
Bangladeshi	Papua New Guinean
Bhutanese	Ponapean (Pohnpeian)
Borneo	Polynesian ³
Burmese	Solomon Islander
Celebesian	Tahitian
Ceram	Tarawa Islander
Indochinese	Tokelauan
Indonesian	Tongan
Iwo-Jiman	Trukese (Chuukese)
Javanese	Yapese
Malayan	Pacific Islander, not specified
Maldivian	
Nepali	
Okinawan	
Pakistani	
Sikkim	
Singaporean	
Sri Lankan	
Sumatran	
Asian, not specified ²	

¹In some data products, specific groups listed under "Other Asian" or "Other Pacific Islander" are shown separately. Groups not shown are tabulated as "All other Asian" or "All other Pacific Islander," respectively.

²Includes entries such as Asian American, Asian, Asiatic, Amerasian, and Eurasian.

³Polynesian, Micronesian, and Melanesian are Pacific Islander cultural groups.

Comparability—Differences between the 1990 census and earlier censuses affect the comparability of data for certain racial groups and American Indian tribes. The 1990 census was the first census to undertake, on a 100-percent basis, an automated review, edit, and coding operation for written responses to the race item. The automated coding system used in the 1990 census greatly reduced the potential for error associated with a clerical review. Specialists with a thorough knowledge of the race subject matter reviewed, edited, coded, and resolved inconsistent or incomplete responses. In the 1980 census, there was only a limited clerical review of the race responses on the 100-percent forms with a full clerical review conducted only on the sample questionnaires.

Another major difference between the 1990 and preceding censuses is the handling of the write-in responses for the Asian or Pacific Islander populations. In addition to the nine Asian or Pacific Islander categories shown on the questionnaire under the spanner "Asian or Pacific Islander (API)," the 1990 census race item provided a new residual category, "Other API," for Asian or Pacific Islander persons who did not report in one of the listed Asian or Pacific

Islander groups. During the coding operation, write-in responses for "Other API" were reviewed, coded, and assigned to the appropriate classification. For example, in 1990, a write-in entry of Laotian, Thai, or Javanese is classified as "Other Asian," while a write-in entry of Tongan or Fijian is classified as "Other Pacific Islander." In the 1990 census, these persons were able to identify as "Other API" in both the 100-percent and sample operations.

In the 1980 census, the nine Asian or Pacific Islander groups were also listed separately. However, persons not belonging to these nine groups wrote in their specific racial group under the "Other" race category. Persons with a written entry such as Laotian, Thai, or Tongan, were tabulated and published as "Other race" in the 100-percent processing operation in 1980, but were reclassified as "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" in 1980 sample tabulations. In 1980 special reports on the Asian or Pacific Islander populations, data were shown separately for "Other Asian" and "Other Pacific Islander."

The 1970 questionnaire did not have separate race categories for Asian Indian, Vietnamese, Samoan, and Guamanian. These persons indicated their race in the "Other" category and later, through the editing process, were assigned to a specific group. For example, in 1970, Asian Indians were reclassified as "White," while Vietnamese, Guamanians, and Samoans were included in the "Other" category.

Another difference between 1990 and preceding censuses is the approach taken when persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin did not report in a specific race category but reported as "Other race" or "Other." These persons commonly provided a write-in entry such as Mexican, Venezuelan, or Latino. In the 1990 and 1980 censuses, these entries remained in the "Other race" or "Other" category, respectively. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

REFERENCE WEEK

The data on labor force status and journey to work were related to the reference week; that is, the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents since the enumeration was not completed in one week. The occurrence of holidays during the enumeration period could affect the data on actual hours worked during the reference week, but probably had no effect on overall measurement of employment status (see the discussion below on "Comparability").

Comparability—The reference weeks for the 1990 and 1980 censuses differ in that Passover and Good Friday occurred in the first week of April 1980, but in the second week of April 1990. Many workers presumably took time off for those observances. The differing occurrence of

these holidays could affect the comparability of the 1990 and 1980 data on actual hours worked for some areas if the respective weeks were the reference weeks for a significant number of persons. The holidays probably did not affect the overall measurement of employment status since this information was based on work activity during the entire reference week.

RESIDENCE IN 1985

The data on residence in 1985 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 14b, which asked for the State (or foreign country), county, and place of residence on April 1, 1985, for those persons reporting in question 14a that on that date they lived in a different house than their current residence. Residence in 1985 is used in conjunction with location of current residence to determine the extent of residential mobility of the population and the resulting redistribution of the population across the various States, metropolitan areas, and regions of the country.

When no information on residence in 1985 was reported for a person, information for other family members, if available, was used to assign a location of residence in 1985. All cases of nonresponse or incomplete response that were not assigned a previous residence based on information from other family members were allocated the previous residence of another person with similar characteristics who provided complete information.

The tabulation category, "Same house," includes all persons 5 years old and over who did not move during the 5 years as well as those who had moved but by 1990 had returned to their 1985 residence. The category, "Different house in the United States," includes persons who lived in the United States in 1985 but in a different house or apartment from the one they occupied on April 1, 1990. These movers are then further subdivided according to the type of move.

In most tabulations, movers are divided into three groups according to their 1985 residence: "Different house, same county," "Different county, same State," and "Different State." The last group may be further subdivided into region of residence in 1985. The category, "Abroad," includes those persons who were residing in a foreign country, Puerto Rico, or an outlying area of the U.S. in 1985, including members of the Armed Forces and their dependents. Some tabulations show movers who were residing in Puerto Rico or an outlying area in 1985 separately from those residing in other countries.

In tabulations for metropolitan areas, movers are categorized according to the metropolitan status of their current and previous residences, resulting in such groups as movers within an MSA/PMSA, movers between MSA/PMSA's, movers from nonmetropolitan areas to MSA/PMSA, and movers from central cities to the remainder of an MSA/PMSA. In some tabulations, these categories are further subdivided by size of MSA/PMSA, region of current or previous residence, or movers within or between central cities and the remainder of the same or a different MSA/PMSA.

The size categories used in some tabulations for both 1985 and 1990 residence refer to the populations of the MSA/PMSA on April 1, 1990; that is, at the end of the migration interval.

Some tabulations present data on immigrants, outmigrants, and net migration. "Immigrants" are generally defined as those persons who entered a specified area by crossing its boundary from some point outside the area. In some tabulations, movers from abroad are included in the number of immigrants; in others, only movers within the United States are included.

"Outmigrants" are persons who depart from a specific area by crossing its boundary to a point outside it, but without leaving the United States. "Net migration" is calculated by subtracting the number of outmigrants from the number of immigrants and, depending upon the particular tabulation, may or may not include movers from abroad. The net migration for the area is net immigration if the result was positive and net outmigration if the result was negative. In the tabulations, net outmigration is indicated by a minus sign (-).

Immigrants and outmigrants for States include only those persons who did not live in the same State in 1985 and 1990; that is, they exclude persons who moved between counties within the same State. Thus, the sum of the immigrants to (or outmigrants from) all counties in any State is greater than the number of immigrants to (or outmigrants from) that State. However, in the case of net migration, the sum of the nets for all the counties within a State equal the net for the State. In the same fashion, the net migration for a division or region equals the sum of the nets for the States comprising that division or region, while the number of immigrants and outmigrants for that division or region is less than the sum of the immigrants or outmigrants for the individual States.

The number of persons who were living in a different house in 1985 is somewhat less than the total number of moves during the 5-year period. Some persons in the same house at the two dates had moved during the 5-year period but by the time of the census had returned to their 1985 residence. Other persons who were living in a different house had made one or more intermediate moves. For similar reasons, the number of persons living in a different county, MSA/PMSA, or State or moving between nonmetropolitan areas may be understated.

Comparability—Similar questions were asked on all previous censuses beginning in 1940, except the questions in 1950 referred to residence 1 year earlier rather than 5 years earlier. Although the questions in the 1940 census covered a 5-year period, comparability with that census was reduced somewhat because of different definitions and categories of tabulation. Comparability with the 1960 and 1970 census is also somewhat reduced because nonresponse was not allocated in those earlier censuses. For the 1980 census, nonresponse was allocated in a manner similar to the 1990 allocation scheme.

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND LABOR FORCE STATUS

Tabulation of data on enrollment, educational attainment, and labor force status for the population 16 to 19 years old allows for calculation of the proportion of the age group who are not enrolled in school and not high school graduates or "dropouts" and an unemployment rate for the "dropout" population. Definitions of the three topics and descriptions of the census items from which they were derived are presented in "Educational Attainment," "Employment Status," and "School Enrollment and Type of School." The published tabulations include both the civilian and Armed Forces populations, but labor force status is provided for the civilian population only. Therefore, the component labor force statuses may not add to the total lines *enrolled in school, high school graduate, and not high school graduate*. The difference is Armed Forces.

Comparability—The tabulation of school enrollment by labor force status is similar to that published in 1980 census reports. The 1980 census tabulation included a single data line for Armed Forces; however, enrollment, attainment, and labor force status data were shown for the civilian population only. In 1970, a tabulation was included for 16 to 21 year old males not attending school.

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL

Data on school enrollment were derived from answers to questionnaire item 11, which was asked of a sample of persons. Persons were classified as enrolled in school if they reported attending a "regular" public or private school or college at any time between February 1, 1990, and the time of enumeration. The question included instructions to "include only nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which would lead to a high school diploma or a college degree" as regular school. Instructions included in the 1990 respondent instruction guide, which was mailed with the census questionnaire, further specified that enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring were not to be included unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. Persons who did not answer the enrollment question were assigned the enrollment status and type of school of a person with the same age, race or Hispanic origin, and, at older ages, sex, whose residence was in the same or a nearby area.

Public and Private School—Includes persons who attended school in the reference period and indicated they were enrolled by marking one of the questionnaire categories for either "public school, public college" or "private school, private college." The instruction guide defines a public school as "any school or college controlled and supported by a local, county, State, or Federal Government." Schools supported and controlled primarily by religious organizations or other private groups are defined as private. Persons who filled both the "public" and "private" circles are edited to the first entry, "public."

Level of School in Which Enrolled—Persons who were enrolled in school were classified as enrolled in "preprimary school," "elementary or high school," or "college" according to their response to question 12 (years of school completed or highest degree received). Persons who were enrolled and reported completing nursery school or less were classified as enrolled in "preprimary school," which includes kindergarten. Similarly, enrolled persons who had completed at least kindergarten, but not high school, were classified as enrolled in elementary or high school. Enrolled persons who reported completing high school or some college or having received a post-secondary degree were classified as enrolled in "college." Enrolled persons who reported completing the twelfth grade but receiving "NO DIPLOMA" were classified as enrolled in high school. (For more information on level of school, see the discussion under "Educational Attainment.")

Comparability—School enrollment questions have been included in the census since 1840; grade attended was first asked in 1940; type of school was first asked in 1960. Before 1940, the enrollment question in various censuses referred to attendance in the preceding six months or the preceding year. In 1940, the reference was to attendance in the month preceding the census, and in the 1950 and subsequent censuses, the question referred to attendance in the two months preceding the census date.

Until the 1910 census, there were no instructions limiting the kinds of schools in which enrollment was to be counted. Starting in 1910, the instructions indicated that attendance at "school, college, or any educational institution" was to be counted. In 1930 an instruction to include "night school" was added. In the 1940 instructions, night school, extension school, or vocational school were included only if the school was part of the regular school system. Correspondence school work of any kind was excluded. In the 1950 instructions, the term "regular school" was introduced, and it was defined as schooling which "advances a person towards an elementary or high school diploma or a college, university, or professional school degree." Vocational, trade, or business schools were excluded unless they were graded and considered part of a regular school system. On-the-job training was excluded, as was nursery school. Instruction by correspondence was excluded unless it was given by a regular school and counted towards promotion.

In 1960, the question used the term "regular school or college" and a similar, though expanded, definition of "regular" was included in the instructions, which continued to exclude nursery school. Because of the census' use of mailed questionnaires, the 1960 census was the first in which instructions were written for the respondent as well as enumerators. In the 1970 census, the questionnaire used the phrase "regular school or college" and included instructions to "count nursery school, kindergarten, and schooling which leads to an elementary school certificate, high school diploma, or college degree." Instructions in a separate document specified that to be counted as regular

school, nursery school must include instruction as an important and integral phase of its program, and continued the exclusion of vocational, trade, and business schools. The 1980 census question was very similar to the 1970 question, but the separate instruction booklet did not require that nursery school include substantial instructional content in order to be counted.

The age range for which enrollment data have been obtained and published has varied over the censuses. Information on enrollment was recorded for persons of all ages in the 1930 and 1940 and 1970 through 1990; for persons under age 30, in 1950; and for persons age 5 to 34, in 1960. Most of the published enrollment figures referred to persons age 5 to 20 in the 1930 census, 5 to 24 in 1940, 5 to 29 in 1950, 5 to 34 in 1960, 3 to 34 in 1970, and 3 years old and over in 1980. This growth in the age group whose enrollment was reported reflects increased interest in the number of children in preprimary schools and in the number of older persons attending colleges and universities.

In the 1950 and subsequent censuses, college students were enumerated where they lived while attending college, whereas in earlier censuses, they generally were enumerated at their parental homes. This change should not affect the comparability of national figures on college enrollment since 1940; however, it may affect the comparability over time of enrollment figures at sub-national levels.

Type of school was first introduced in the 1960 census, where a separate question asked the enrolled persons whether they were in a "public" or "private" school. Since the 1970 census, the type of school was incorporated into the response categories for the enrollment question and the terms were changed to "public," "parochial," and "other private." In the 1980 census, "private, church related" and "private, not church related" replaced "parochial" and "other private."

Grade of enrollment was first available in the 1940 census, where it was obtained from responses to the question on highest grade of school completed. Enumerators were instructed that "for a person still in school, the last grade completed will be the grade preceding the one in which he or she was now enrolled." From 1950 to 1980, grade of enrollment was obtained from the highest grade attended in the two-part question used to measure educational attainment. (For more information, see the discussion under "Educational Attainment.") The form of the question from which level of enrollment was derived in the 1990 census most closely corresponds to the question used in 1940. While data from prior censuses can be aggregated to provide levels of enrollment comparable to the 1990 census, 1990 data cannot be disaggregated to show single grade of enrollment as in previous censuses.

Data on school enrollment were also collected and published by other Federal, State, and local government agencies. Where these data were obtained from administrative records of school systems and institutions of higher learning, they were only roughly comparable with data from population censuses and household surveys because of

differences in definitions and concepts, subject matter covered, time references, and enumeration methods. At the local level, the difference between the location of the institution and the residence of the student may affect the comparability of census and administrative data. Differences between the boundaries of school districts and census geographic units also may affect these comparisons.

SELF-CARE LIMITATION STATUS

The data on self-care limitation status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 19b, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were identified as having a self-care limitation if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which made it difficult to take care of their own personal needs, such as dressing, bathing, or getting around inside the home.

The term "health condition" referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally was not considered a health condition.

Comparability—This was the first time that a question on self-care limitation was included in the census.

SEX

The data on sex were derived from answers to questionnaire item 3, which was asked of all persons. For most cases in which sex was not reported, it was determined by the appropriate entry from the person's given name and household relationship. Otherwise, sex was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and the age and marital status of the person. For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

Sex Ratio—A measure derived by dividing the total number of males by the total number of females and multiplying by 100.

Comparability—A question on the sex of individuals has been asked of the total population in every census.

VETERAN STATUS

Data on veteran status, period of military service, and years of military service were derived from answers to questionnaire item 17, which was asked of a sample of persons.

Veteran Status—The data on veteran status were derived from responses to question 17a. For census data products, a "civilian veteran" is a person 16 years old or over who had served (even for a short time) but is not now

serving on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or the Coast Guard, or who served as a Merchant Marine seaman during World War II. Persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserves are classified as veterans only if they were ever called or ordered to active duty not counting the 4-6 months for initial training or yearly summer camps. All other civilians 16 years old and over are classified as nonveterans.

Period of Military Service—Persons who indicated in question 17a that they had served on active duty (civilian veterans) or were now on active duty were asked to indicate in question 17b the period or periods in which they served. Persons serving in at least one wartime period are classified in their most recent wartime period. For example, persons who served both during the Korean conflict and the post-Korean peacetime era between February 1955 and July 1964 are classified in one of the two "Korean conflict" categories. If the same person had also served during the Vietnam era, he or she would instead be included in the "Vietnam era and Korean conflict" category. The responses were edited to eliminate inconsistencies between reported period(s) of service and the age of the person and to cancel out reported combinations of periods containing unreasonable gaps (for example, a person could not serve during World War I and the Korean conflict without serving during World War II). Note that the period of service categories shown in this report are mutually exclusive.

Years of Military Service—Persons who indicated in question 17a that they had served on active duty (civilian veterans) or were now on active duty were asked to report the total number of years of active-duty service in question 17c. The data were edited for consistency with responses to question 17b (Period of Military Service) and with the age of the person.

Limitation of the Data—There may be a tendency for the following kinds of persons to report erroneously that they served on active duty in the Armed Forces: (a) persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserves but were never called to active duty; (b) civilian employees or volunteers for the USO, Red Cross, or the Department of Defense (or its predecessor Departments, War and Navy); and (c) employees of the Merchant Marine or Public Health Service. There may also be a tendency for persons to erroneously round up months to the nearest year in question 17c (for example, persons with 1 year 8 months of active duty military service may mistakenly report "2 years").

Comparability—Since census data on veterans were based on self-reported responses, they may differ from data from other sources such as administrative records of the Department of Defense. Census data may also differ from Veterans Administration data on the benefits-eligible population, since factors determining eligibility for veterans benefits differ from the rules for classifying veterans in the census.

The wording of the question on veteran status (17a) for 1990 was expanded from the veteran/not veteran question in 1980 to include questions on current active duty status and service in the military Reserves and the National Guard. The expansion was intended to clarify the appropriate response for persons in the Armed Forces and for persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserve units only. For the first time in a census, service during World War II as a Merchant Marine Seaman was considered active-duty military service and persons with such service were counted as veterans. An additional period of military service, "September 1980 or later" was added in 1990. As in 1970 and 1980, persons reporting more than one period of service are shown in the most recent wartime period of service category. Question 17c (Years of Military Service) was new for 1990.

WORK DISABILITY STATUS

The data on work disability were derived from answers to questionnaire item 18, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were identified as having a work disability if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which limited the kind or amount of work they could do at a job or business. A person was limited in the kind of work he or she could do if the person had a health condition which restricted his or her choice of jobs. A person was limited in the amount of work if he or she was not able to work full-time. Persons with a work disability were further classified as "Prevented from working" or "Not prevented from working."

The term "health condition" referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally, was not considered a health condition.

Comparability—The wording of the question on work disability was the same in 1990 as in 1980. Information on work disability was first collected in 1970. In that census, the work disability question did not contain a clause restricting the definition of disability to limitations caused by a health condition that had lasted 6 or more months; however, it did contain a separate question about the duration of the disability.

WORK STATUS IN 1989

The data on work status in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 31, which was asked of a sample of persons. Persons 16 years old and over who worked 1 or more weeks according to the criteria described below are classified as "Worked in 1989." All other persons 16 years old and over are classified as "Did not work in 1989." Some tabulations showing work status in 1989 include 15 year olds; these persons, by definition, are classified as "Did not work in 1989."

Weeks Worked in 1989

The data on weeks worked in 1989 were derived from responses to questionnaire item 31b. Question 31b (Weeks Worked in 1989) was asked of persons 16 years old and over who indicated in question 31a that they worked in 1989.

The data pertain to the number of weeks during 1989 in which a person did any work for pay or profit (including paid vacation and paid sick leave) or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business. Weeks of active service in the Armed Forces are also included.

Usual Hours Worked Per Week Worked in 1989

The data on usual hours worked per week worked in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 31c. This question was asked of persons 16 years old and over who indicated that they worked in 1989.

The data pertain to the number of hours a person usually worked during the weeks worked in 1989. The respondent was to report the number of hours worked per week in the majority of the weeks he or she worked in 1989. If the hours worked per week varied considerably during 1989, the respondent was to report an approximate average of the hours worked per week. The statistics on usual hours worked per week in 1989 are not necessarily related to the data on actual hours worked during the census reference week (question 21b).

Persons 16 years old and over who reported that they usually worked 35 or more hours each week during the weeks they worked are classified as "Usually worked full time;" persons who reported that they usually worked 1 to 34 hours are classified as "Usually worked part time."

Year-Round Full-Time Workers—All persons 16 years old and over who usually worked 35 hours or more per week for 50 to 52 weeks in 1989.

Number of Workers in Family in 1989—The term "worker" as used for these data is defined based on the criteria for Work Status in 1989.

Limitation of the Data—It is probable that the number of persons who worked in 1989 and the number of weeks worked are understated since there was some tendency for respondents to forget intermittent or short periods of employment or to exclude weeks worked without pay. There may also be a tendency for persons not to include weeks of paid vacation among their weeks worked; one result may be that the census figures may understate the number of persons who worked "50 to 52 weeks."

Comparability—The data on weeks worked collected in the 1990 census were comparable with data from the 1980, 1970, and 1960 censuses, but may not be entirely comparable with data from the 1940 and 1950 censuses. Since the 1960 census, two separate questions have been

used to obtain this information. The first identified persons with any work experience during the year and, thus, indicated those persons for whom the questions on number of weeks worked applied. In 1940 and 1950, however, the questionnaires contained only a single question on number of weeks worked.

In 1970, persons responded to the question on weeks worked by indicating one of six weeks-worked intervals. In 1980 and 1990, persons were asked to enter the specific number of weeks they worked.

YEAR OF ENTRY

The data on year of entry were derived from answers to questionnaire item 10, which was asked of a sample of persons. The question, "When did this person come to the United States to stay?" was asked of persons who indicated in the question on citizenship that they were not born in the United States. (For more information, see the discussion under "Citizenship.")

The 1990 census questions, tabulations, and census data products about citizenship and year of entry include no reference to immigration. All persons who were born and resided outside the United States before becoming residents of the United States have a date of entry. Some of these persons are U.S. citizens by birth (e.g., persons born in Puerto Rico or born abroad of American parents). To avoid any possible confusion concerning the date of entry of persons who are U.S. citizens by birth, the term, "year of entry" is used in this report instead of the term "year of immigration."

Limitation of the Data—The census questions on nativity, citizenship, and year of entry were not designed to measure the degree of permanence of residence in the United States. The phrase, "to stay" was used to obtain the year in which the person became a resident of the United States. Although the respondent was directed to indicate the year he or she entered the country "to stay," it was difficult to ensure that respondents interpreted the phrase correctly.

Comparability—A question on year of entry, (alternately called "year of immigration") was asked in each decennial census from 1890 to 1930, 1970, and 1980. In 1980, the question on year of entry included six arrival time intervals. The number of arrival intervals was expanded to ten in 1990. In 1980, the question on year of entry was asked only of the foreign-born population. In 1990, all persons who responded to the long-form questionnaire and were not born in the United States were to complete the question on year of entry.

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified as either housing units or group quarters. (For more information, see the discussion of "Group Quarters" under Population Characteristics.)

Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (for example, a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, or mobile home). Living quarters also may be in structures intended for nonresidential use (for example, the rooms in a warehouse where a guard lives), as well as in places such as tents, vans, shelters for the homeless, dormitories, barracks, and old railroad cars.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home or trailer, a group of rooms or a single room occupied as separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall.

The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants.

Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory, except that recreational vehicles, boats, vans, tents, railroad cars, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage yards are excluded from the housing inventory.

If the living quarters contains nine or more persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge (a total of at least 10 unrelated persons), it is classified as group quarters. If the living quarters contains eight or fewer persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge, it is classified as a housing unit.

Occupied Housing Units—A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; that is, away on vacation or business. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, the count of occupied housing units for 100-percent tabulations is the same as the count of households or householders. In sample tabulations, the counts of household and occupied housing units may vary slightly because of different sample weighting methods.

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere also are classified as vacant. (For more information, see discussion under "Usual Home Elsewhere.")

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; that is, the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is condemned or is to be demolished. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Hotels, Motels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; that is, persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels, motels, and similar places in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from others in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units.

Staff Living Quarters—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered group quarters.

Comparability—The first Census of Housing in 1940 established the "dwelling unit" concept. Although the term became "housing unit" and the definition has been modified slightly in succeeding censuses, the 1990 definition is essentially comparable to previous censuses. There was no change in the housing unit definition between 1980 and 1990.

ACREAGE

The data on acreage were obtained from questionnaire items H5a and H19a. Question H5a was asked at all occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes. Question H19a was asked on a sample basis at occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes.

Question H5a asks whether the house or mobile home is located on a place of 10 or more acres. The intent of this

item is to exclude owner-occupied and renter-occupied one-family houses on 10 or more acres from the specified owner- and renter-occupied universes for value and rent tabulations.

Question H19a provides data on whether the unit is located on less than 1 acre. The main purpose of this item, in conjunction with question H19b on agricultural sales, is to identify farm units. (For more information, see discussion under "Farm Residence.")

For both items, the land may consist of more than one tract or plot. These tracts or plots are usually adjoining; however, they may be separated by a road, creek, another piece of land, etc.

Comparability—Question H5a is similar to that asked in 1970 and 1980. This item was asked for the first time of mobile home occupants in 1990. Question H19a is an abbreviated form of a question asked on a sample basis in 1980. In previous censuses, information on city or suburban lot and number of acres was obtained also.

AGRICULTURAL SALES

Data on the sales of agricultural crops were obtained from questionnaire item H19b, which was asked on a sample basis at occupied one-family houses and mobile homes located on lots of 1 acre or more. Data for this item exclude units on lots of less than 1 acre, units located in structures containing 2 or more units, and all vacant units. This item refers to the total amount (before taxes and expenses) received in 1989 from the sale of crops, vegetables, fruits, nuts, livestock and livestock products, and nursery and forest products, produced on "this property." Respondents new to a unit were asked to estimate total agricultural sales in 1989 even if some portion of the sales had been made by other occupants of the unit.

This item is used mainly to classify housing units as farm or nonfarm residences, not to provide detailed information on the sale of agricultural products. Detailed information on the sale of agricultural products is provided by the Census Bureau's Census of Agriculture (*Factfinder for the Nation: Agricultural Statistics*, Bureau of the Census, 1989). (For more information, see the discussion under "Farm Residence.")

BEDROOMS

The data on bedrooms were obtained from questionnaire item H9, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. The number of bedrooms is the count of rooms designed to be used as bedrooms; that is, the number of rooms that would be listed as bedrooms if the house or apartment were on the market for sale or for rent. Included are all rooms intended to be used as bedrooms even if

they currently are being used for some other purpose. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom.

Comparability—Data on bedrooms have been collected in every census since 1960. In 1970 and 1980, data for bedrooms were shown only for year-round units. In past censuses, a room was defined as a bedroom if it was used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms that were designed to be used as bedrooms but used mainly for other purposes were not considered to be bedrooms. A distribution of housing units by number of bedrooms calculated from data collected in a 1986 test showed virtually no differences in the two versions except in the two bedroom category, where the previous "use" definition showed a slightly lower proportion of units.

BOARDED-UP STATUS

Boarded-up status was obtained from questionnaire item C2 and was determined for all vacant units. Boarded-up units have windows and doors covered by wood, metal, or masonry to protect the interior and to prevent entry into the building. A single-unit structure, a unit in a multi-unit structure, or an entire multi-unit structure may be boarded-up in this way. For certain census data products, boarded-up units are shown only for units in the "Other vacant" category. A unit classified as "Usual home elsewhere" can never be boarded up. (For more information, see the discussion under "Usual Home Elsewhere.")

Comparability—This item was first asked in the 1980 census and was shown only for year-round vacant housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all vacant housing units.

BUSINESS ON PROPERTY

The data for business on property were obtained from questionnaire item H5b, which was asked at all occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes. This question is used to exclude owner-occupied one-family houses with business or medical offices on the property from certain statistics on financial characteristics.

A business must be easily recognizable from the outside. It usually will have a separate outside entrance and have the appearance of a business, such as a grocery store, restaurant, or barber shop. It may be either attached to the house or mobile home or be located elsewhere on the property. Those housing units in which a room is used for business or professional purposes and have no recognizable alterations to the outside are *not* considered as having a business. Medical offices are considered businesses for tabulation purposes.

Comparability—Data on business on property have been collected since 1940.

CONDOMINIUM FEE

The data on condominium fee were obtained from questionnaire item H25, which was asked at owner-occupied condominiums. This item was asked on a sample basis. A condominium fee normally is charged monthly to the owners of the individual condominium units by the condominium owners association to cover operating, maintenance, administrative, and improvement costs of the common property (grounds, halls, lobby, parking areas, laundry rooms, swimming pool, etc.) The costs for utilities and/or fuels may be included in the condominium fee if the units do not have separate meters.

Data on condominium fees may include real estate tax and/or insurance payments for the common property, but do not include real estate taxes or fire, hazard, and flood insurance for the individual unit already reported in questions H21 and H22.

Amounts reported were the regular monthly payment, even if paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid. Costs were estimated as closely as possible when exact costs were not known.

The data from this item were added to payments for mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans); real estate taxes; fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments; and utilities and fuels to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for condominium owners.

Comparability—This is a new item in 1990.

CONDOMINIUM STATUS

The data on condominium housing units were obtained from questionnaire item H18, which was asked on a sample basis at both occupied and vacant housing units. Condominium is a type of ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similarly owned units and to hold a common or joint ownership in some or all of the common areas and facilities such as land, roof, hallways, entrances, elevators, swimming pool, etc. Condominiums may be single-family houses as well as units in apartment buildings. A condominium unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such. A unit classified as "mobile home or trailer" or "other" (see discussion under "Units in Structure") cannot be a condominium unit.

Limitation of the Data—Testing done prior to the 1980 and 1990 censuses indicated that the number of condominiums may be slightly overstated.

Comparability—In 1970, condominiums were grouped together with cooperative housing units, and the data were reported only for owner-occupied cooperatives and condominiums. Beginning in 1980, the census identified all

condominium units and the data were shown for renter-occupied and vacant year-round condominiums as well as owner occupied. In 1970 and 1980, the question on condominiums was asked on a 100-percent basis. In 1990, it was asked on a sample basis.

CONTRACT RENT

The data on contract rent (also referred to as "rent asked" for vacant units) were obtained from questionnaire item H7a, which was asked at all occupied housing units that were rented for cash rent and all vacant housing units that were for rent at the time of enumeration.

Housing units that are renter occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in census data products. The unit may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy without charge. Rent-free houses or apartments may be provided to compensate caretakers, ministers, tenant farmers, sharecroppers, or others.

Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, fees, meals, or services that may be included. For vacant units, it is the monthly rent asked for the rental unit at the time of enumeration.

If the contract rent includes rent for a business unit or for living quarters occupied by another household, the respondent was instructed to report that part of the rent estimated to be for his or her unit only. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises.

If a renter pays rent to the owner of a condominium or cooperative, and the condominium fee or cooperative carrying charge is also paid by the renter to the owner, the respondent was instructed to include the fee or carrying charge.

If a renter receives payments from lodgers or roomers who are listed as members of the household, the respondent was instructed to report the rent without deduction for any payments received from the lodgers or roomers. The respondent was instructed to report the rent agreed to or contracted for even if paid by someone else such as friends or relatives living elsewhere, or a church or welfare agency.

In some tabulations, contract rent is presented for all renter-occupied housing units, as well as specified renter-occupied and vacant-for-rent units. Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units exclude one-family houses on 10 or more acres. (For more information on rent, see the discussion under "Gross Rent.")

Median and Quartile Contract Rent—The median divides the rent distribution into two equal parts. Quartiles divide the rent distribution into four equal parts. In computing median and quartile contract rent, units reported as "No

cash rent" are excluded. Median and quartile rent calculations are rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on medians and quartiles, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Aggregate Contract Rent—To calculate aggregate contract rent, the amount assigned for the category "Less than \$80" is \$50. The amount assigned to the category "\$1,000 or more" is \$1,250. Mean contract rent is rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Limitation of the Data—In the 1970 and 1980 censuses, contract rent for vacant units had high allocation rates, about 35 percent.

Comparability—Data on this item have been collected since 1930. For 1990, quartiles were added because the range of rents and values in the United States has increased in recent years. Upper and lower quartiles can be used to note large rent and value differences among various geographic areas.

DURATION OF VACANCY

The data for duration of vacancy (also referred to as "months vacant") were obtained from questionnaire item D, which was completed by census enumerators. The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months and years) between the date the last occupants moved from the unit and the time of enumeration. The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant.

For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed. Units occupied by an entire household with a usual home elsewhere are assigned to the "Less than 1 month" interval.

Comparability—Similar data have been collected since 1960. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round vacant housing units. In 1990, these data are shown for all vacant housing units.

FARM RESIDENCE

The data on farm residence were obtained from questionnaire items H19a and H19b. An occupied one-family house or mobile home is classified as a farm residence if: (1) the housing unit is located on a property of 1 acre or more, and (2) at least \$1,000 worth of agricultural products were sold from the property in 1989. Group quarters and housing units that are in multi-unit buildings or vacant are not included as farm residences.

A one-family unit occupied by a tenant household paying cash rent for land and buildings is enumerated as a farm residence only if sales of agricultural products from its yard (as opposed to the general property on which it is located) amounted to at least \$1,000 in 1989. A one-family unit occupied by a tenant household that does not pay cash rent is enumerated as a farm residence if the remainder of the farm (including its yard) qualifies as a farm.

Farm residence is provided as an independent data item only for housing units located in rural areas. It may be derived for housing units in urban areas from the data items on acreage and sales of agricultural products on the public-use microdata sample (PUMS) files. (For more information on PUMS, see Appendix F, Data Products and User Assistance.)

The farm population consists of persons in households living in farm residences. Some persons who are counted on a property classified as a farm (including in some cases farm workers) are excluded from the farm population. Such persons include those who reside in multi-unit buildings or group quarters.

Comparability—These are the same criteria that were used to define a farm residence in 1980. In 1960 and 1970, a farm was defined as a place of 10 or more acres with at least \$50 worth of agricultural sales or a place of less than 10 acres with at least \$250 worth of agricultural sales. Earlier censuses used other definitions. Note that the definition of a farm residence differs from the definition of a farm in the Census of Agriculture (*Factfinder for the Nation: Agricultural Statistics*, Bureau of the Census, 1989).

GROSS RENT

Gross rent is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else). Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of utilities and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures for the tabulations. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the tabulations. Gross rent is calculated on a sample basis.

Comparability—Data on gross rent have been collected since 1940 for renter-occupied housing units. In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.

GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989

Gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989 is a computed ratio of monthly gross rent to monthly household income (total household income in 1989 divided by 12). The ratio was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole percentage. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss in 1989 comprise the category "Not computed." This item is calculated on a sample basis.

HOUSE HEATING FUEL

The data on house heating fuel were obtained from questionnaire item H14, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. The data show the type of fuel used most to heat the house or apartment.

Utility Gas—Includes gas piped through underground pipes from a central system to serve the neighborhood.

Bottled, Tank, or LP Gas—Includes liquid propane gas stored in bottles or tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty.

Fuel Oil, Kerosene, Etc.—Includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids.

Wood—Includes purchased wood, wood cut by household members on their property or elsewhere, driftwood, saw-mill or construction scraps, or the like.

Solar Energy—Includes heat provided by sunlight which is collected, stored, and actively distributed to most of the rooms.

Other Fuel—Includes all other fuels not specified elsewhere.

No Fuel Used—Includes units that do not use any fuel or that do not have heating equipment.

Comparability—Data on house heating fuel have been collected since 1940. The category, "Solar energy" is new for 1990.

INSURANCE FOR FIRE, HAZARD, AND FLOOD

The data on fire, hazard, and flood insurance were obtained from questionnaire item H22, which was asked at a sample of owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. The statistics for this item refer to the annual premium for fire, hazard, and flood insurance on

the property (land and buildings); that is, policies that protect the property and its contents against loss due to damage by fire, lightning, winds, hail, flood, explosion, and so on.

Liability policies are included only if they are paid with the fire, hazard, and flood insurance premiums and the amounts for fire, hazard, and flood cannot be separated. Premiums are included even if paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, the premiums are converted to a yearly basis.

The payment for fire, hazard, and flood insurance is added to payments for real estate taxes, utilities, fuels, and mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans) to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989."

A separate question (H23d) determines whether insurance premiums are included in the mortgage payment to the lender(s). This makes it possible to avoid counting these premiums twice in the computations.

Comparability—Data on payment for fire and hazard insurance were collected for the first time in 1980. Flood insurance was not specifically mentioned in the wording of the question in 1980. The question was asked only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the question was asked of all one-family owner-occupied houses, including houses on 10 or more acres. It also was asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office on the property.

KITCHEN FACILITIES

Data on kitchen facilities were obtained from questionnaire item H11, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. A unit has complete kitchen facilities when it has all of the following: (1) an installed sink with piped water, (2) a range, cook top and convection or microwave oven, or cookstove, and (3) a refrigerator. All kitchen facilities must be located in the structure. They need not be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered a range or cookstove. An ice box is not considered to be a refrigerator.

Comparability—Data on complete kitchen facilities were collected for the first time in 1970. Earlier censuses collected data on individual components, such as kitchen sink and type of refrigeration equipment. In 1970 and 1980, data for kitchen facilities were shown only for year-round units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT

The data on meals included in the rent were obtained from questionnaire item H7b, which was asked of all

occupied housing units that were rented for cash and all vacant housing units that were for rent at the time of enumeration.

The statistics on meals included in rent are presented for specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units. Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units exclude one-family houses on 10 or more acres. (For more information, see the discussion under "Contract Rent.")

Comparability—This is a new item in 1990. It is intended to measure "congregate" housing, which generally is considered to be housing units where the rent includes meals and other services, such as transportation to shopping and recreation.

MOBILE HOME COSTS

The data on mobile home costs were obtained from questionnaire item H26, which was asked at owner-occupied mobile homes. This item was asked on a sample basis.

These data include the total yearly costs for personal property taxes, land or site rent, registration fees, and license fees on all owner-occupied mobile homes. The instructions are to not include real estate taxes already reported in question H21.

Costs are estimated as closely as possible when exact costs are not known. Amounts are the total for an entire 12-month billing period, even if they are paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid.

The data from this item are added to payments for mortgages, real estate taxes, fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments, utilities, and fuels to derive selected monthly owner costs for mobile homes owners.

Comparability—This item is new for 1990.

MORTGAGE PAYMENT

The data on mortgage payment were obtained from questionnaire item H23b, which was asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. This item was asked on a sample basis. Question H23b provides the regular monthly amount required to be paid the lender for the first mortgage (deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt) on the property. Amounts are included even if the payments are delinquent or paid by someone else. The amounts reported are included in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for units with a mortgage.

The amounts reported include everything paid to the lender including principal and interest payments, real estate taxes, fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments, and mortgage insurance premiums. Separate questions determine whether real estate taxes and fire, hazard, and flood

insurance payments are included in the mortgage payment to the lender. This makes it possible to avoid counting these components twice in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs."

Comparability—Information on mortgage payment was collected for the first time in 1980. It was collected only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, one-family houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the questions on monthly mortgage payments were asked of all owner-occupied one-family houses, including one-family houses on 10 or more acres. They were also asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office.

The 1980 census obtained total regular monthly mortgage payments, including payments on second or junior mortgages, from a single question. Two questions were used in 1990; one for regular monthly payments on first mortgages, and one for regular monthly payments on second or junior mortgages or home equity loans. (For more information, see the discussion under "Second or Junior Mortgage Payment.")

MORTGAGE STATUS

The data on mortgage status were obtained from questionnaire items H23a and H24a, which were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. "Mortgage" refers to all forms of debt where the property is pledged as security for repayment of the debt. It includes such debt instruments as deeds of trust, trust deeds, contracts to purchase, land contracts, junior mortgages and home equity loans.

A mortgage is considered a first mortgage if it has prior claim over any other mortgage or if it is the only mortgage on the property. All other mortgages, (second, third, etc.) are considered junior mortgages. A home equity loan is generally a junior mortgage. If no first mortgage is reported, but a junior mortgage or home equity loan is reported, then the loan is considered a first mortgage.

In most census data products, the tabulations for "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" usually are shown separately for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged." The category "not mortgaged" is comprised of housing units owned free and clear of debt.

Comparability—A question on mortgage status was included in the 1940 and 1950 censuses, but not in the 1960 and 1970 censuses. The item was reinstated in 1980 along with a separate question dealing with the existence of second or junior mortgages. In 1980, the mortgage status questions were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses on less than 10 acres. Excluded were mobile homes,

condominiums, houses with a business or medical office, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the questions were asked of all one-family owner-occupied housing units, including houses on 10 or more acres. They were also asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and houses with a business or medical office.

PERSONS IN UNIT

This item is based on the 100-percent count of persons in occupied housing units. All persons occupying the housing unit are counted, including the householder, occupants related to the householder, and lodgers, roomers, boarders, and so forth.

The data on "persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. The phrase "persons in unit" is used for housing tabulations, "persons in households" for population items. Figures for "persons in unit" match those for "persons in household" for 100-percent data products. In sample products, they may differ because of the weighting process.

Median Persons in Unit—In computing median persons in unit, a whole number is used as the midpoint of an interval; thus, a unit with 4 persons is treated as an interval ranging from 3.5 to 4.5 persons. Median persons is rounded to the nearest hundredth. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Persons in Occupied Housing Units—This is the total population minus those persons living in group quarters. "Persons per occupied housing unit" is computed by dividing the population living in housing units by the number of occupied housing units.

PERSONS PER ROOM

"Persons per room" is obtained by dividing the number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. Persons per room is rounded to the nearest hundredth. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Mean Persons Per Room—This is computed by dividing persons in housing units by the aggregate number of rooms. This is intended to provide a measure of utilization. A higher mean may indicate a greater degree of utilization or crowding; a low mean may indicate under-utilization. (For more information on means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

PLUMBING FACILITIES

The data on plumbing facilities were obtained from questionnaire item H10, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a

sample basis. Complete plumbing facilities include hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower. All three facilities must be located inside the house, apartment, or mobile home, but not necessarily in the same room. Housing units are classified as lacking complete plumbing facilities when any of the three facilities are not present.

Comparability—The 1990 data on complete plumbing facilities are not strictly comparable with the 1980 data. In 1980, complete plumbing facilities were defined as hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet in the housing unit for the exclusive use of the residents of that unit. In 1990, the Census Bureau dropped the requirement of exclusive use from the definition of complete plumbing facilities. Of the 2.3 million year-round housing units classified in 1980 as lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use, approximately 25 percent of these units had complete plumbing but the facilities were also used by members of another household. From 1940 to 1970, separate and more detailed questions were asked on piped water, bathing, and toilet facilities. In 1970 and 1980, the data on plumbing facilities were shown only for year-round units.

POVERTY STATUS OF HOUSEHOLDS IN 1989

The data on poverty status of households were derived from answers to the income questions. The income items were asked on a sample basis. Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1989 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household, nor does their presence affect the household size in determining the appropriate poverty threshold. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual for one and two-persons households. (For more information, see the discussion of "Poverty Status in 1989" and "Income in 1989" under Population Characteristics.)

REAL ESTATE TAXES

The data on real estate taxes were obtained from questionnaire item H21, which was asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. The statistics from this question refer to the total amount of all real estate taxes on the entire property (land and buildings) payable in 1989 to all taxing jurisdictions, including special assessments, school taxes, county taxes, and so forth.

Real estate taxes include State, local, and all other real estate taxes even if delinquent, unpaid, or paid by someone who is not a member of the household. However, taxes due from prior years are not included. If taxes are paid on other than a yearly basis, the payments are converted to a yearly basis.

The payment for real estate taxes is added to payments for fire, hazard, and flood insurance; utilities and fuels; and mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans) to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989." A separate question (H23c) determines whether real estate taxes are included in the mortgage payment to the lender(s). This makes it possible to avoid counting taxes twice in the computations.

Comparability—Data for real estate taxes were collected for the first time in 1980. The question was asked only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes or trailers, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the question was asked of all one-family owner-occupied houses, including houses on 10 or more acres. It also was asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office on the property.

ROOMS

The data on rooms were obtained from questionnaire item H3, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. The statistics on rooms are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms. The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes.

For each unit, rooms include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls or foyers, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling, but not if the partition consists solely of shelves or cabinets.

Median Rooms—This measure divides the room distribution into two equal parts, one-half of the cases falling below the median number of rooms and one-half above the median. In computing median rooms, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval; thus, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. Median rooms is rounded to the nearest tenth. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Aggregate Rooms—To calculate aggregate rooms, an arbitrary value of "10" is assigned to rooms for units falling within the terminal category, "9 or more." (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Comparability—Data on rooms have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, these data are shown for all housing units.

SECOND OR JUNIOR MORTGAGE PAYMENT

The data on second or junior mortgage payments were obtained from questionnaire items H24a and H24b, which were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. Question H24a asks whether a second or junior mortgage or a home equity loan exists on the property. Question H24b provides the regular monthly amount required to be paid to the lender on all second or junior mortgages and home equity loans. Amounts are included even if the payments are delinquent or paid by someone else. The amounts reported are included in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for units with a mortgage.

All mortgages other than first mortgages are classified as "junior" mortgages. A second mortgage is a junior mortgage that gives the lender a claim against the property that is second to the claim of the holder of the first mortgage. Any other junior mortgage(s) would be subordinate to the second mortgage. A home equity loan is a line of credit available to the borrower that is secured by real estate. It may be placed on a property that already has a first or second mortgage, or it may be placed on a property that is owned free and clear.

If the respondents answered that no first mortgage existed, but a second mortgage did (as in the above case with a home equity loan), a computer edit assigned the unit a first mortgage and made the first mortgage monthly payment the amount reported in the second mortgage. The second mortgage data were then made "No" in question H24a and blank in question H24b.

Comparability—The 1980 census obtained total regular monthly mortgage payments, including payments on second or junior mortgages, from one single question. Two questions were used in 1990: one for regular monthly payments on first mortgages, and one for regular monthly payments on second or junior mortgages and home equity loans.

SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS

The data on selected monthly owner costs were obtained from questionnaire items H20 through H26 for a sample of owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, contracts to purchase, or similar debts on the property (including payments for the first mortgage, second or junior mortgages, and home equity loans); real estate taxes; fire, hazard, and flood insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.). It also includes, where appropriate, the monthly condominium fee for condominiums and mobile home costs (personal property taxes, site rent, registration fees, and license fees) for mobile homes.

In certain tabulations, selected monthly owner costs are presented separately for specified owner-occupied housing units (owner-occupied one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres without a business or medical office on the property), owner-occupied condominiums, and owner-occupied mobile homes. Data usually are shown separately for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged."

Median Selected Monthly Owner Costs—This measure is rounded to the nearest whole dollar.

Comparability—The components of selected monthly owner costs were collected for the first time in 1980. The 1990 tabulations of selected monthly owner costs for specified owner-occupied housing units are virtually identical to 1980, the primary difference was the amounts of the first and second mortgages were collected in separate questions in 1990, while the amounts were collected in a single question in 1980. The component parts of the item were tabulated for mobile homes and condominiums for the first time in 1990.

In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.

SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989

The information on selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989 is the computed ratio of selected monthly owner costs to monthly household income in 1989. The ratio was computed separately for each unit and rounded to the nearest whole percentage. The data are tabulated separately for specified owner-occupied units, condominiums, and mobile homes.

Separate distributions are often shown for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged." Units occupied by households reporting no income or a net loss in 1989 are included in the "not computed" category. (For more information, see the discussion under "Selected Monthly Owner Costs.")

Comparability—The components of selected monthly owner costs were collected for the first time in 1980. The tabulations of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for specified owner-occupied housing units are comparable to 1980.

SEWAGE DISPOSAL

The data on sewage disposal were obtained from questionnaire item H16, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. Housing units are either connected to a public sewer, to a septic tank or cesspool, or they dispose

of sewage by other means. A public sewer may be operated by a government body or by a private organization. A housing unit is considered to be connected to a septic tank or cesspool when the unit is provided with an underground pit or tank for sewage disposal. The category, "Other means" includes housing units which dispose of sewage in some other way.

Comparability—Data on sewage disposal have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

SOURCE OF WATER

The data on source of water were obtained from questionnaire item H15, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. Housing units may receive their water supply from a number of sources. A common source supplying water to five or more units is classified as a "Public system or private company." The water may be supplied by a city, county, water district, water company, etc., or it may be obtained from a well which supplies water to five or more housing units. If the water is supplied from a well serving four or fewer housing units, the units are classified as having water supplied by either an "Individual drilled well" or an "Individual dug well." Drilled wells or small diameter wells are usually less than 1-1/2 feet in diameter. Dug wells are usually larger than 1-1/2 feet wide and generally hand dug. The category, "Some other source" includes water obtained from springs, creeks, rivers, lakes, cisterns, etc.

Comparability—Data on source of water have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

TELEPHONE IN HOUSING UNIT

The data on telephones were obtained from questionnaire item H12, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. A telephone must be inside the house or apartment for the unit to be classified as having a telephone. Units where the respondent uses a telephone located inside the building but not in the respondent's living quarters are classified as having no telephone.

Comparability—Data on telephones in 1980 are comparable to 1990. The 1960 and 1970 censuses collected data on telephone availability. A unit was classified as having a telephone available if there was a telephone number on which occupants of the unit could be reached. The telephone could have been in another unit, in a common hall, or outside the building.

TENURE

The data for tenure were obtained from questionnaire item H4, which was asked at all occupied housing units. All occupied housing units are classified as either owner occupied or renter occupied.

Owner Occupied—A housing unit is owner occupied if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. The owner or co-owner must live in the unit and usually is the person listed in column 1 of the questionnaire. The unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan" if it is being purchased with a mortgage or some other debt arrangement such as a deed of trust, trust deed, contract to purchase, land contract, or purchase agreement. The unit is also considered owned with a mortgage if it is built on leased land and there is a mortgage on the unit.

A housing unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)" if there is no mortgage or other similar debt on the house, apartment, or mobile home including units built on leased land if the unit is owned outright without a mortgage. Although owner-occupied units are divided between mortgaged and owned free and clear on the questionnaire, census data products containing 100-percent data show only total owner-occupied counts. More extensive mortgage information was collected on the long-form questionnaire and are shown in census products containing sample data. (For more information, see the discussion under "Mortgage Status.")

Renter Occupied—All occupied housing units which are not owner occupied, whether they are rented for cash rent or occupied without payment of cash rent, are classified as renter occupied. "No cash rent" units are separately identified in the rent tabulations. Such units are generally provided free by friends or relatives or in exchange for services such as resident manager, caretaker, minister, or tenant farmer. Housing units on military bases also are classified in the "No cash rent" category. "Rented for cash rent" includes units in continuing care, sometimes called life care arrangements. These arrangements usually involve a contract between one or more individuals and a health services provider guaranteeing the individual shelter, usually a house or apartment, and services, such as meals or transportation to shopping or recreation.

Comparability—Data on tenure have been collected since 1890. In 1970, the question on tenure also included a category for condominium and cooperative ownership. In 1980, condominium units and cooperatives were dropped from the tenure item, and since 1980, only condominium units are identified in a separate question.

For 1990, the response categories were expanded to allow the respondent to report whether the unit was owned with a mortgage or free and clear (without a mortgage). The distinction between units owned with a mortgage and units owned free and clear was added in 1990 to improve

the count of owner-occupied units. Research after the 1980 census indicated some respondents did not consider their units owned if they had a mortgage.

UNITS IN STRUCTURE

The data on units in structure (also referred to as "type of structure") were obtained from questionnaire item H2, which was asked at all housing units. A structure is a separate building that either has open spaces on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In determining the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, are counted. Stores and office space are excluded.

The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings.

1-Unit, Detached—This is a 1-unit structure detached from any other house; that is, with open space on all four sides. Such structures are considered detached even if they have an adjoining shed or garage. A one-family house that contains a business is considered detached as long as the building has open space on all four sides. Mobile homes or trailers to which one or more permanent rooms have been added or built also are included.

1-Unit, Attached—This is a 1-unit structure that has one or more walls extending from ground to roof separating it from adjoining structures. In row houses (sometimes called townhouses), double houses, or houses attached to non-residential structures, each house is a separate, attached structure if the dividing or common wall goes from ground to roof.

2 or More Units—These are units in structures containing 2 or more housing units, further categorized as units in structures with 2, 3 or 4, 5 to 9, 10 to 19, 20 to 49, and 50 or more units.

Mobile Home or Trailer—Both occupied and vacant mobile homes to which no permanent rooms have been added are counted in this category. Mobile homes or trailers used only for business purposes or for extra sleeping space and mobile homes or trailers for sale on a dealer's lot, at the factory, or in storage are not counted in the housing inventory.

Other—This category is for any living quarters occupied as a housing unit that does not fit the previous categories. Examples that fit this category are houseboats, railroad cars, campers, and vans.

Comparability—Data on units in structure have been collected since 1940 and on mobile homes and trailers since 1950. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, these data are

shown for all housing units. In 1980, the data were collected on a sample basis. The category, "Boat, tent, van, etc." was replaced in 1990 by the category "Other." In some areas, the proportion of units classified as "Other" is far larger than the number of units that were classified as "Boat, tent, van, etc." in 1980.

USUAL HOME ELSEWHERE

The data for usual home elsewhere are obtained from questionnaire item B, which was completed by census employees. A housing unit temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons with a usual residence elsewhere is classified as vacant. The occupants are classified as having a "Usual home elsewhere" and are counted at the address of their usual place of residence. Typical examples are people in a vacation home, persons renting living quarters temporarily for work, and migrant workers.

Limitation of the Data—Evidence from previous censuses suggests that in some areas enumerators marked units as "vacant—usual home elsewhere" when they should have marked "vacant—regular."

Comparability—Data for usual home elsewhere was tabulated for the first time in 1980.

UTILITIES

The data on utility costs were obtained from questionnaire items H20a through H20d, which were asked of occupied housing units. These items were asked on a sample basis.

Questions H20a through H20d asked for the yearly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, water) and other fuels (oil, coal, wood, kerosene, etc.). For the tabulations, these yearly amounts are divided by 12 to derive the average monthly cost and are then included in the computation of "Gross Rent," "Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989," "Selected Monthly Owner Costs," and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989."

Costs are recorded if paid by or billed to occupants, a welfare agency, relatives, or friends. Costs that are paid by landlords, included in the rent payment, or included in condominium or cooperative fees are excluded.

Limitation of the Data—Research has shown that respondents tended to overstate their expenses for electricity and gas when compared to utility company records. There is some evidence that this overstatement is reduced when yearly costs are asked rather than monthly costs. Caution should be exercised in using these data for direct analysis because costs are not reported for certain kinds of units

such as renter-occupied units with all utilities included in the rent and owner-occupied condominium units with utilities included in the condominium fee.

Comparability—The data on utility costs have been collected since 1980 for owner-occupied housing units, and since 1940 for renter-occupied housing units. In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.

VACANCY STATUS

The data on vacancy status were obtained from questionnaire item C1, which was completed by census enumerators. Vacancy status and other characteristics of vacant units were determined by enumerators obtaining information from landlords, owners, neighbors, rental agents, and others. Vacant units are subdivided according to their housing market classification as follows:

For Rent—These are vacant units offered "for rent," and vacant units offered either "for rent" or "for sale."

For Sale Only—These are vacant units being offered "for sale only," including units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "for sale only."

Rented or Sold, Not Occupied—If any money rent has been paid or agreed upon but the new renter has not moved in as of the date of enumeration, or if the unit has recently been sold but the new owner has not yet moved in, the vacant unit is classified as "rented or sold, not occupied."

For Seasonal, Recreational, or Occasional Use—These are vacant units used or intended for use only in certain seasons or for weekend or other occasional use throughout the year.

Seasonal units include those used for summer or winter sports or recreation, such as beach cottages and hunting cabins. Seasonal units also may include quarters for such workers as herders and loggers. Interval ownership units, sometimes called shared-ownership or time-sharing condominiums, also are included here.

For Migrant Workers—These include vacant units intended for occupancy by migratory workers employed in farm work during the crop season. (Work in a cannery, a freezer plant, or a food-processing plant is not farm work.)

Other Vacant—If a vacant unit does not fall into any of the classifications specified above, it is classified as "other vacant." For example, this category includes units held for occupancy by a caretaker or janitor, and units held for personal reasons of the owner.

Homeowner Vacancy Rate—This is the percentage relationship between the number of vacant units for sale and the total homeowner inventory. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for sale only by the sum of the owner-occupied units and the number of vacant units that are for sale only.

Rental Vacancy Rate—This is the percentage relationship of the number of vacant units for rent to the total rental inventory. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for rent by the sum of the renter-occupied units and the number of vacant units for rent.

Comparability—Data on vacancy status have been collected since 1940. For 1990, the category, "seasonal/recreational/occasional use" combined vacant units classified in 1980 as "seasonal or migratory" and "held for occasional use." Also, in 1970 and 1980, housing characteristics generally were presented only for year-round units. In 1990, housing characteristics are shown for all housing units.

VALUE

The data on value (also referred to as "price asked" for vacant units) were obtained from questionnaire item H6, which was asked at housing units that were owned, being bought, or vacant for sale at the time of enumeration. Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot, mobile home and lot, or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale. If the house or mobile home was owned or being bought, but the land on which it sits was not, the respondent was asked to estimate the combined value of the house or mobile home and the land. For vacant units, value was the price asked for the property.

Value was tabulated separately for all owner-occupied and vacant-for-sale housing units, owner-occupied and vacant-for-sale mobile homes or trailers, and specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale housing units. Specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale housing units include only one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres without a business or medical office on the property. The data for "specified units" exclude mobile homes, houses with a business or medical office, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings.

Median and Quartile Value—The median divides the value distribution into two equal parts. Quartiles divide the value distribution into four equal parts. These measures are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information on medians and quartiles, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Aggregate Value—To calculate aggregate value, the amount assigned for the category "Less than \$10,000" is \$9,000. The amount assigned to the category "\$500,000 or more"

is \$600,000. Mean value is rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Comparability—In 1980, value was asked only at owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres with no business or medical office on the property and at all owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale condominium housing units. Mobile homes were excluded. Value data were presented for specified owner-occupied housing units, specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units, and owner-occupied condominium housing units.

In 1990, the question was asked at all owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale-only housing units with no exclusions. Data presented for specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units will include one-family condominium houses but not condominiums in multi-unit structures since condominium units are now identified only in long-form questionnaires.

For 1990, quartiles have been added because the range of values and rents in the United States has increased in recent years. Upper and lower quartiles can be used to note large value and rent differences among various geographic areas.

VEHICLES AVAILABLE

The data on vehicles available were obtained from questionnaire item H13, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. These data show the number of households with a specified number of passenger cars, vans, and pickup or panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less kept at home and available for the use of household members. Vehicles rented or leased for one month or more, company vehicles, and police and government vehicles are included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled or immobile vehicles are excluded. Vehicles kept at home but used only for business purposes also are excluded.

Vehicles Per Household—This is computed by dividing aggregate vehicles available by the number of occupied housing units.

Limitation of the Data—The 1980 census evaluations showed that the number of automobiles was slightly overreported; the number of vans and trucks slightly underreported. The statistics do not measure the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles.

Comparability—Data on automobiles available were collected from 1960 to 1980. In 1980, a separate question also was asked on the number of trucks and vans. The data on automobiles and trucks and vans were presented

separately and also as a combined vehicles available tabulation. The 1990 data are comparable to the 1980 vehicles available tabulations.

YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT

The data on year householder moved into unit were obtained from questionnaire item H8, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. These data refer to the year of the latest move by the householder. If a householder moved back into a housing unit he or she previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another within the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year that the householder moved in is not necessarily the same year other members of the household moved, although in the great majority of cases an entire household moves at the same time.

Comparability—In 1960 and 1970, this question was asked of every person and included in population reports. This item in housing tabulations refers to the year the householder moved in. In 1980 and 1990, the question was asked only of the householder.

YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT

The data on year structure built were obtained from questionnaire item H17, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. Data on year structure built refer to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For housing units under construction that met the housing unit definition—that is, all exterior windows, doors, and final usable floors were in place—the category “1989 or March 1990” was used. For a houseboat or a mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer’s model year was assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in census data products relate to the number of units built during the specified periods that were still in existence at the time of enumeration.

Median Year Structure Built—The median divides the distribution into two equal parts. The median is rounded to the nearest calendar year. Median age of housing can be obtained by subtracting median year structure built from 1990. For example, if the median year structure built is 1957, the median age of housing in that area is 33 years (1990 minus 1957).

Limitation of the Data—Data on year structure built are more susceptible to errors of response and nonreporting than data on many other items because respondents must rely on their memory or on estimates by persons who have

lived in the neighborhood a long time. Available evidence indicates there is underreporting in the older-year-structure-built categories, especially “Built in 1939 or earlier.” The introduction of the “Don’t know” category (see the discussion on “Comparability”) may have resulted in relatively higher allocation rates. Data users should refer to the discussion in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data, and to the allocation tables.

Comparability—Data on year structure built were collected for the first time in the 1940 census. Since then, the response categories have been modified to accommodate the 10-year period between each census. In 1990, the category, “Don’t Know,” was added in an effort to minimize the response error mentioned in the paragraph above on limitation of the data.

DERIVED MEASURES

Census data products include various derived measures, such as medians, means, and percentages, as well as certain rates and ratios. Derived measures that round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero. In printed reports, zero is indicated by a dash (–).

Interpolation

Interpolation frequently is used in calculating medians or quartiles based on interval data and in approximating standard errors from tables. Linear interpolation is used to estimate values of a function between two known values. “Pareto interpolation” is an alternative to linear interpolation. It is used by the Census Bureau in calculating median income within intervals wider than \$2,500. In Pareto interpolation, the median is derived by interpolating between the logarithms of the upper and lower income limits of the median category.

Mean

This measure represents an arithmetic average of a set of values. It is derived by dividing the sum of a group of numerical items (or aggregate) by the total number of items. Aggregates are used in computing mean values. For example, mean family income is obtained by dividing the aggregate of all income reported by persons in families by the total number of families. (Additional information on means and aggregates is included in the separate explanations of many population and housing subjects.)

Median

This measure represents the middle value in a distribution. The median divides the total frequency into two equal parts: one-half of the cases fall below the median and one-half of the cases exceed the median. The median is

computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in specific census publications and other data products.

In reports, if the median falls within the upper interval of the tabulation distribution, the median is shown as the initial value of the interval followed by a plus sign (+); if within the lower interval, the median is shown as the upper value of the category followed by a minus sign (-). For summary tape files, if the median falls within the upper or lower interval, it is set to a specified value. (Additional information on medians is included in the separate explanations of many population and housing subjects.)

Percentages, Rates, and Ratios

These measures are frequently presented in census products to compare two numbers or two sets of measurements. These comparisons are made in two ways: (1)

subtraction, which provides an absolute measure of the difference between two items, and (2) the quotient of two numbers, which provides a relative measure of difference.

Quartile

This measure divides a distribution into four equal parts. The first quartile (or lower quartile) is the value that defines the upper limit of the lowest one-quarter of the cases. The second quartile is the median. The third quartile (or upper quartile) defines the lower limit of the upper one-quarter of the cases in the distribution. The difference between the upper and lower quartiles is called the interquartile range. This interquartile range is less affected by wide variations than is the mean. Quartiles are presented for certain financial characteristics such as housing value and rent.

APPENDIX C.

Accuracy of the Data

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INTRODUCTION

The data contained in this data product are based on the 1990 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have been obtained from a complete count. Estimates derived from a sample are expected to be different from the 100-percent figures because they are subject to sampling and nonsampling errors. Sampling error in data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. Nonsampling error affects both sample and 100-percent data, and is introduced as a result of errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. Provided below is a detailed discussion of both types of errors and a description of the estimation procedures.

SAMPLE DESIGN

Every person and housing unit in the United States was asked certain basic demographic and housing questions (for example, race, age, marital status, housing value, or rent). A sample of these persons and housing units was asked more detailed questions about such items as income, occupation, and housing costs in addition to the basic demographic and housing information. The primary sampling unit for the 1990 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Persons in group quarters were sampled at a 1-in-6 rate.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. Approximately 95 percent of the population was enumerated by the mailback procedure. In these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list, which was updated by the United States Postal Service and Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized and the appropriate units were electronically designated as sample units. The questionnaires were either mailed or hand-delivered to the addresses with instructions to complete and mail back the form.

Housing units in governmental units with a precensus (1988) estimated population of fewer than 2,500 persons were sampled at 1-in-2. Governmental units were defined for sampling purposes as all incorporated places, all counties, all county equivalents such as parishes in Louisiana, and all minor civil divisions in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin. Housing units in census tracts and block numbering areas (BNA's) with a precensus housing unit count below 2,000 housing units were sampled at 1-in-6 for those portions not in small governmental units (governmental units with a population less than 2,500). Housing units within census tracts and BNA's with 2,000 or more housing units were sampled at 1-in-8 for those portions not in small governmental units.

In list/enumerate areas (about 5 percent of the population), each enumerator was given a blank address register with designated sample lines. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator systematically canvassed an assigned area and listed all housing units in the address register in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit listed on a designated sample line, were collected. For all governmental units with fewer than 2,500 persons in list/enumerate areas, a 1-in-2 sampling rate was used. All other list/enumerate areas were sampled at 1-in-6.

Housing units in American Indian reservations, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas, and Alaska Native villages were sampled according to the same criteria as other governmental units, except the sampling rates were based on the size of the American Indian and Alaska Native population in those areas as measured in the 1980 census. Trust lands were sampled at the same rate as their associated American Indian reservations. Census designated places in Hawaii were sampled at the same rate as governmental units because the Census Bureau does not recognize incorporated places in Hawaii.

The purpose of using variable sampling rates was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas and decrease respondent burden in more densely populated areas while maintaining data reliability. When all sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately one out of every six housing units in the Nation was included in the 1990 census sample.

CONFIDENTIALITY OF THE DATA

To maintain the confidentiality required by law (Title 13, United States Code), the Bureau of the Census applies a confidentiality edit to the 1990 census data to assure that

published data do not disclose information about specific individuals, households, or housing units. As a result, a small amount of uncertainty is introduced into the estimates of census characteristics. The sample itself provides adequate protection for most areas for which sample data are published since the resulting data are estimates of the actual counts; however, small areas require more protection. The edit is controlled so that the basic structure of the data is preserved.

The confidentiality edit is implemented by selecting a small subset of individual households from the internal sample data files and blanking a subset of the data items on these household records. Responses to those data items were then imputed using the same imputation procedures that were used for nonresponse. A larger subset of households is selected for the confidentiality edit for small areas to provide greater protection for these areas. The editing process is implemented in such a way that the quality and usefulness of the data were preserved.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since statistics in this data product are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from 100-percent figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The sample estimate also would differ from other samples of housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a sample estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. Described below is the method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this product.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and 100-percent data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during any of the various complex operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one

direction will make both sample and 100-percent data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to under-report their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will tend to be understated for the higher income categories and overstated for the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages—Tables A through C in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this data product. To calculate the standard error, it is necessary to know the basic standard error for the characteristic (given in table A or B) that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, households, or housing units) and estimation technique; the design factor for the particular characteristic estimated (given in table C); and the number of persons or housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in the sample. For machine-readable products, the percent-in-sample is included in a data matrix on the file for each tabulation area. In printed reports, the percent-in-sample is provided in data tables at the end of the statistical tables that compose the report. The design factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1990 census. Tape purchasers will receive table C, the table of design factors, as a supplement to the technical documentation. Table C is included in this appendix for printed reports.

The steps given below should be used to calculate the standard error of an estimate of a total or a percentage contained in this product. A percentage is defined here as a ratio of a numerator to a denominator where the numerator is a subset of the denominator. For example, the proportion of Black teachers is the ratio of Black teachers to all teachers.

1. Obtain the standard error from table A or B (or use the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
2. Find the geographic area to which the estimate applies in the appropriate percent-in-sample table or appropriate matrix, and obtain the person or housing unit "percent-in-sample" figure for this area. Use the person "percent-in-sample" figure for person and family characteristics. Use the housing unit "percent-in-sample" figure for housing unit characteristics.
3. Use table C to obtain the design factor for the characteristic (for example, employment status, school enrollment) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the basic standard error by this factor.

The unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages will approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or

estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. Nevertheless, these estimated totals and percentages still are subject to sampling and nonsampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate. For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the basic standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use a basic standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in the section entitled "Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors."

Sums and Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to sums of and differences between two sample estimates. To estimate the standard error of a sum or difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

1. For the sum of or difference between a sample estimate and a 100-percent value, use the standard error of the sample estimate. The complete count value is not subject to sampling error.
2. For the sum of or difference between two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors:

$$SE_{\hat{X} \text{ and } \hat{Y}} \text{ of estimates } \hat{X} \text{ and } \hat{Y} : \\ SE_{(\hat{X} + \hat{Y})} = SE_{(\hat{X} - \hat{Y})} = \sqrt{(SE_{\hat{X}})^2 + (SE_{\hat{Y}})^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or from a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1990 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this appendix.

3. For the differences between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest. For example, to determine the estimate of non-Black teachers, one may subtract the estimate of Black teachers from the estimate of total teachers. To determine the standard error of the estimate of non-Black teachers apply the above formula directly.

Ratios—Frequently, the statistic of interest is the ratio of two variables, where the numerator is not a subset of the

denominator. For example, the ratio of teachers to students in public elementary schools. The standard error of the ratio between two sample estimates is estimated as follows:

1. If the ratio is a proportion, then follow the procedure outlined for "Totals and Percentages."
2. If the ratio is not a proportion, then approximate the standard error using the formula below.

$$SE_{(\hat{X} / \hat{Y})} = \frac{\hat{X}}{\hat{Y}} \sqrt{\frac{(SE_{\hat{X}})^2}{\hat{X}^2} + \frac{(SE_{\hat{Y}})^2}{\hat{Y}^2}}$$

Medians—For the standard error of the median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above. Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, continue cumulating frequencies until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

When interpolation is required in the upper open-ended interval of a distribution to obtain a confidence bound, use 1.5 times the lower limit of the open-ended confidence interval as the upper limit of the open-ended interval.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1990 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples;

2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.645 times the estimated standard error below the estimate to 1.645 times the estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.
3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent, 90 percent, and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus, we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability of confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the 100-percent value).

Confidence intervals also may be constructed for the ratio, sum of, or difference between two sample figures. This is done by first computing the ratio, sum, or difference, then obtaining the standard error of the ratio, sum, or difference (using the formulas given earlier), and finally forming a confidence interval for this estimated ratio, sum, or difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the ratio, sum, or difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this appendix do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. The standard errors reflect the effect of simple response variance, but not the effect of correlated errors introduced by enumerators, coders, or other field or processing personnel. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68, 90, or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this data product based on the estimated standard errors.

A standard sampling theory text should be helpful if the user needs more information about confidence intervals and nonsampling errors.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

The following is a hypothetical example of how to compute a standard error of a total and a percentage. Suppose a particular data table shows that for City A 9,948 persons out of all 15,888 persons age 16 years and over were in the civilian labor force. The percent-in-sample

table lists City A with a percent-in-sample of 16.0 percent (Persons column). The column in table C which includes 16.0 percent-in-sample shows the design factor to be 1.1 for "Employment status."

The basic standard error for the estimated total 9,948 may be obtained from table A or from the formula given below table A. In order to avoid interpolation, the use of the formula will be demonstrated here. Suppose that the total population of City A was 21,220. The formula for the basic standard error, SE, is

$$SE(9,948) = \sqrt{5(9,948) (1 - 9,948/21,220)}$$

$$= 163 \text{ persons.}$$

The standard error of the estimated 9,948 persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is found by multiplying the basic standard error 163 by the design factor, 1.1 from table C. This yields an estimated standard error of 179 for the total number of persons 16 years and over in City A who were in the civilian labor force.

The estimated percent of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force in City A is 62.6. From table B, the unadjusted standard error is found to be approximately 0.85 percentage points. The standard error for the estimated 62.6 percent of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is $0.85 \times 1.1 = 0.94$ percentage points.

A note of caution concerning numerical values is necessary. Standard errors of percentages derived in this manner are approximate. Calculations can be expressed to several decimal places, but to do so would indicate more precision in the data than is justifiable. Final results should contain no more than two decimal places when the estimated standard error is one percentage point (i.e., 1.00) or more.

In the previous example, the standard error of the 9,948 persons 16 years and over in City A who were in the civilian labor force was found to be 179. Thus, a 90 percent confidence interval for this estimated total is found to be:

$$[9,948 - 1.645(179)] \text{ to } [9,948 + 1.645(179)]$$

or

$$9,654 \text{ to } 10,242$$

One can say, with about 90 percent confidence, that this interval includes the value that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The following is an illustration of the calculation of standard errors and confidence intervals when a difference between two sample estimates is obtained. For example, suppose the number of persons in City B age 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force was 9,314 and the total number of persons 16 years and over was 16,666. Further suppose the population of City B was 25,225. Thus, the estimated percentage of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is 55.9 percent. The unadjusted standard error determined using the formula provided at the bottom of table B is 0.86

percentage points. We find that City B had a percent-in-sample of 15.7. The range which includes 15.7 percent-in-sample in table C shows the design factor to be 1.1 for "Employment Status." Thus, the approximate standard error of the percentage (55.9 percent) is $0.86 \times 1.1 = 0.95$ percentage points.

Now suppose that one wished to obtain the standard error of the difference between City A and City B of the percentages of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force. The difference in the percentages of interest for the two cities is:

$$62.6 - 55.9 = 6.7 \text{ percent.}$$

Using the results of the previous example:

$$\begin{aligned} SE(6.7) &= \sqrt{(SE(62.6))^2 + (SE(55.9))^2} = \sqrt{(0.94)^2 + (0.95)^2} \\ &= 1.34 \text{ percentage points} \end{aligned}$$

The 90 percent confidence interval for the difference is formed as before:

$$\begin{aligned} [6.70 - 1.645(1.34)] \text{ to } [6.70 + 1.645(1.34)] \\ \text{or} \\ 4.50 \text{ to } 8.90 \end{aligned}$$

One can say with 90 percent confidence that the interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

For reasonably large samples, ratio estimates are normally distributed, particularly for the census population. Therefore, if we can calculate the standard error of a ratio estimate then we can form a confidence interval around the ratio. Suppose that one wished to obtain the standard error of the ratio of the estimate of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force in City A to the estimate of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force in City B. The ratio of the two estimates of interest is:

$$\begin{aligned} 9948/9314 &= 1.07 \\ SE(1.07) &= \left(\frac{9948}{9314}\right) \sqrt{\frac{179^2}{(9948)^2} + \frac{188^2}{(9314)^2}} \\ &= .029 \end{aligned}$$

Using the results above, the 90 percent confidence interval for this ratio would be:

$$\begin{aligned} [1.07 - 1.645(.029)] \text{ to } [1.07 + 1.645(.029)] \\ \text{or} \\ 1.02 \text{ to } 1.12 \end{aligned}$$

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure (iterative proportional fitting) resulting in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For

any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units possessing the characteristic in the tabulation area. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weight assigned to the family member designated as householder. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value 6, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with the weight of 6. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights varying from person to person or housing unit to housing unit. The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas generally were formed of contiguous geographic units which agreed closely with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas never crossed State or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count below 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in four stages. For persons, the first stage applied 17 household-type groups. The second stage used two groups: sampling rate of 1-in-2; sampling rate less than 1-in-2. The third stage used the dichotomy householders/nonhouseholders. The fourth stage applied 180 aggregate age-sex-race-Hispanic origin categories. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD

Group	Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in All Other Housing Units
11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in Group Quarters
17	Persons in Group Quarters

STAGE II: SAMPLING RATES

1	Sampling rate of 1-in-2
2	Sampling rate less than 1-in-2

STAGE III: HOUSEHOLDER/NONHOUSEHOLDER

1	Householder
2	Nonhouseholder

STAGE IV: AGE/SEX/RACE/HISPANIC ORIGIN

Group	White Persons of Hispanic Origin Male
1	0 to 4 years
2	5 to 14 years
3	15 to 19 years
4	20 to 24 years
5	25 to 34 years
6	35 to 54 years
7	55 to 64 years
8	65 to 74 years
9	75 years and over
	Female
10-18	Same age categories as groups 1 through 9.
	Persons Not of Hispanic Origin
19-36	Same sex and age categories as groups 1 through 18.
	Black
37-72	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.
	Asian or Pacific Islander
73-108	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.
	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut
109-144	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.
	Other Race (includes those races not listed above)
145-180	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign an initial weight to each sample person record. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure, prior to iterative proportional fitting, was to combine categories in each of the four estimation stages, when needed to increase the reliability of the ratio estimation procedure. For each stage, any group that did not meet certain criteria for the unweighted sample count or for the ratio of the 100-percent to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the fourth stage, an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each race/Hispanic origin category was applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent four stages of ratio adjustment applying the grouping procedures described above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight.

In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Next, at stage III, the stage II weights were adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. Finally, at stage IV, the stage III weights were adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage III weights for sample persons in each stage IV group. The four stages of ratio adjustment were performed two times (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage IV were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight of the persons in a particular group was 7.25 then 1/4 of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8, while the remaining 3/4 received a weight of 7.

The ratio estimation procedure for housing units was essentially the same as that for persons, except that vacant units were treated differently. The occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in four stages, and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in a single stage. The first stage for occupied housing units applied 16 household type categories, while the second stage used the two sampling categories described above for persons. The third stage applied three units-in-structure categories; i.e. single units, multi-unit less than 10 and multi-unit 10 or more. The fourth stage could potentially use 200 tenure-race-Hispanic origin-value/rent groups. The stages for ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD

Group	Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing unit
	Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit

STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD—Con.

	All Other Housing Units
11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit

STAGE II: SAMPLING RATE CATEGORY

1	Sampling rate of 1-in-2
2	Sampling rate less than 1-in-2

STAGE III: UNITS IN STRUCTURE

1	Single unit structure
2	Multi-unit structure consisting of fewer than 10 individual units
3	Multi-unit structure consisting of 10 or more individual units

STAGE IV: TENURE/ RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER/ VALUE OR RENT

Group	Owner
	White Householder
	Householder of Hispanic Origin
	Value
1	Less than \$20,000
2	\$20,000 to \$39,999
3	\$40,000 to \$59,999
4	\$60,000 to \$79,999
5	\$80,000 to \$99,999
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000 to \$249,999
8	\$250,000 to \$299,999
9	\$300,000 or more
10	Other ¹
	Householder Not of Hispanic Origin
11-20	Same value categories as groups 1 through 10
	Black Householder
21-40	Same Hispanic origin/ value categories as groups 1 through 20
	Asian or Pacific Islander Householder
41-60	Same Hispanic origin/ value categories as groups 1 through 20
	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder
61-80	Same Hispanic origin/ value categories as groups 1 through 20
	Householder of Other Race
81-100	Same Hispanic origin/ value categories as groups 1 through 20

Renter

White Householder
Householder of Hispanic origin
Rent

101	Less than \$100
102	\$100 to \$199
103	\$200 to \$299
104	\$300 to \$399
105	\$400 to \$499
106	\$500 to \$599
107	\$600 to \$749
108	\$750 to \$999
109	\$1,000 or more
110	No cash rent

Householder Not of Hispanic Origin
Same rent categories as groups 101 through 110

121-140	Black Householder Same Hispanic origin/ rent categories as groups 101 through 120
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141-160	Asian or Pacific Islander Householder Same Hispanic origin/ rent categories as groups 101 through 120
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161-180	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder Same Hispanic origin/ rent categories as groups 101 through 120
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181-200	Householder of Other Race Same Hispanic origin/ rent categories as groups 101 through 120
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Vacant Housing Units

1	Vacant for rent
2	Vacant for sale
3	Other vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and if the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial, unadjusted weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

¹Value of units in this category results from other factors besides housing value alone, for example, inclusion of more than 10 acres of land, or presence of a business establishment on the premises.

Control of Nonsampling Error

As mentioned earlier, both sample and 100-percent data are subject to nonsampling error. This component of error could introduce serious bias into the data, and the total error could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the decennial census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. Described below are the primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions actually were carried out during the census. As part of the 1990 census evaluation program, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some households or persons to be missed entirely by the census. The undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data.

Several coverage improvement programs were implemented during the development of the census address list and census enumeration and processing to minimize undercoverage of the population and housing units. These programs were developed based on experience from the 1980 census and results from the 1990 census testing cycle. In developing and updating the census address list, the Census Bureau used a variety of specialized procedures in different parts of the country.

- In the large urban areas, the Census Bureau purchased and geocoded address lists. Concurrent with geocoding, the United States Postal Service (USPS) reviewed and updated this list. After the postal check, census enumerators conducted a dependent canvass and update operation. In the fall of 1989, local officials were given the opportunity to examine block counts of address listings (local review) and identify possible errors. Prior to mailout, the USPS conducted a final review.
- In small cities, suburban areas, and selected rural parts of the country, the Census Bureau created the address list through a listing operation. The USPS reviewed and updated this list, and the Census Bureau reconciled USPS corrections and updated through a field operation. In the fall of 1989, local officials participated in reviewing block counts of address listings. Prior to mailout, the USPS conducted a final review.
- The Census Bureau (rather than the USPS) conducted a listing operation in the fall of 1989 and delivered census questionnaires in selected rural and seasonal housing areas in March of 1990. In some inner-city public housing developments, whose addresses had been obtained via the purchased address list noted above, census questionnaires were also delivered by Census Bureau enumerators.

Coverage improvement programs continued during and after mailout. A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent improved further the coverage of persons and housing units. All local officials were given the opportunity to participate in a post-census local review, and census enumerators conducted an additional canvass. In addition, efforts were made to improve the coverage of unique population groups, such as the homeless and parolees/probationers. Computer and clerical edits and telephone and personal visit followup also contributed to improved coverage.

More extensive discussion of the programs implemented to improve coverage will be published by the Census Bureau when the evaluation of the coverage improvement program is completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error—The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error, although the questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests, and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each household. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency, and problems were followed up as necessary.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was monitored carefully. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages that included hands-on experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse were reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases involved in processing the census data represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any imputation procedure using respondent data may not completely

reflect this difference either at the elemental level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was reduced substantially during the field operations by the various edit and followup operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were imputed by the computer by using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of data that describes the population as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, questionnaires were edited during field data collection operations for consistency, completeness, and acceptability. Questionnaires also were reviewed by census clerks for omissions, certain specific inconsistencies, and population coverage. For example, write-in entries such as "Don't know" or "NA" were considered unacceptable. For some district offices, the initial edit was automated; however, for the majority of the district offices, it was performed by clerks. As a result of this operation, a telephone or personal visit followup was made to obtain missing information. Potential coverage errors were included in the followup, as well as a sample of questionnaires with omissions and/or inconsistencies.

Subsequent to field operations, remaining incomplete or inconsistent information on the questionnaires was assigned

using imputation procedures during the final automated edit of the collected data. Imputations, or computer assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries or blanks, are needed most often when an entry for a given item is lacking or when the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item is inconsistent with other information for that same person or housing unit. As in previous censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for a person or housing unit that was consistent with entries for persons or housing units with similar characteristics. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries enhances the usefulness of the data.

Another way in which corrections were made during the computer editing process was through substitution; that is, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person or housing unit. When there was an indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaire contained no information for the people within the household or the occupants were not listed on the questionnaire, a previously accepted household was selected as a substitute, and the full set of characteristics for the substitute was duplicated. The assignment of the full set of housing characteristics occurred when there was no housing information available. If the housing unit was determined to be occupied, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed occupied unit. If the housing unit was vacant, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed vacant unit.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Error for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Total ¹	Size of publication area ²													
	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	25,000	50,000	100,000	250,000	500,000	1,000,000	5,000,000	10,000,000	25,000,000
50	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
100	20	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
250	25	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
500	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1,000	-	-	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2,500	-	-	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5,000	-	-	-	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160
10,000	-	-	-	-	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15,000	-	-	-	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 540	4 470
10,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 480

¹For estimated totals larger than 10,000,000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

$$SE(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}\left(1 - \frac{\hat{Y}}{N}\right)}$$

N = Size of area

\hat{Y} = Estimate of characteristic total

²The total count of persons in the area if the estimated total is a person characteristic, or the total count of housing units in the area if the estimated total is a housing unit characteristic.

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentage

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage	Base of percentage ¹												
	500	750	1,000	1,500	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	25,000	50,000	100,000	250,000	500,000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2

¹For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error. This table should only be used for proportions, that is, where the numerator is a subset of the denominator.

$$SE(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B}\hat{p}(100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

\hat{p} = Estimated percentage

Table C. Standard Error Design Factors—Illinois

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 15 percent	15 to 30 percent	30 to 45 percent	45 percent or more
POPULATION				
Age.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Sex.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Race.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Marital status.....	1.2	0.9	0.5	0.4
Household type and relationship.....	1.4	1.0	0.6	0.5
Children ever born.....	2.7	2.2	1.2	1.0
Work disability and mobility limitation status.....	1.3	1.0	0.5	0.5
Ancestry.....	2.1	1.7	0.9	0.8
Place of birth.....	2.3	2.0	1.1	1.0
Citizenship.....	1.8	1.5	0.8	0.6
Residence in 1985.....	2.2	1.9	1.0	0.8
Year of entry.....	1.5	1.2	0.6	0.5
Language spoken at home and ability to speak English.....	1.7	1.4	0.7	0.6
Educational attainment.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
School enrollment.....	1.8	1.4	0.7	0.6
Type of residence (urban/rural).....	2.3	2.1	1.4	1.0
Household type.....	1.4	1.0	0.6	0.5
Family type.....	1.2	1.1	0.5	0.5
Group quarters.....	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.7
Subfamily type and presence of children.....	1.3	1.0	0.5	0.5
Employment status.....	1.3	1.0	0.5	0.4
Industry.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Occupation.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Class of worker.....	1.5	1.3	0.7	0.6
Hours per week and weeks worked in 1989.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Number of workers in family.....	1.4	1.1	0.6	0.5
Place of work.....	1.5	1.3	0.7	0.6
Means of transportation to work.....	1.5	1.2	0.7	0.6
Travel time to work.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Private vehicle occupancy.....	1.5	1.3	0.7	0.6
Time leaving home to go to work.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Type of income in 1989.....	1.5	1.2	0.6	0.5
Household income in 1989.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Family income in 1989.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Poverty status in 1989 (persons).....	1.7	1.4	0.7	0.6
Poverty status in 1989 (families).....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Armed Forces and veteran status.....	1.6	1.2	0.6	0.5
HOUSING				
Age of householder.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Race of householder.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Hispanic origin of householder.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Type of residence (urban/rural).....	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.5
Condominium status.....	1.2	1.1	0.5	0.5
Units in structure.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Tenure.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Occupancy status.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Value.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Gross rent.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Household income in 1989.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Year structure built.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Rooms, bedrooms.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Kitchen facilities.....	1.3	1.0	0.5	0.5
Source of water, plumbing facilities.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Sewage disposal.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.4
House heating fuel.....	1.5	1.2	0.6	0.5
Telephone in housing unit.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Vehicles available.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Year householder moved into structure.....	1.2	1.1	0.5	0.5
Mortgage status and monthly mortgage costs.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Household income in 1989 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5



APPENDIX D.

Collection and Processing Procedures

CONTENTS

Data Collection Procedures	D-2
Enumeration and Residence Rules	D-1
Processing Procedures	D-4

ENUMERATION AND RESIDENCE RULES

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first United States census in 1790, each person was to be enumerated as an inhabitant of his or her "usual residence" in the 1990 census. Usual residence is the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time or considers to be his or her usual residence. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1, 1990).

Enumeration Rules

Each person whose usual residence was in the United States was to be included in the census, without regard to the person's legal status or citizenship. In a departure from earlier censuses, foreign diplomatic personnel participated voluntarily in the census, regardless of their residence on or off the premises of an embassy. As in previous censuses, persons in the United States specifically excluded from the census were foreign travelers who had not established a residence.

Americans with a usual residence outside the United States were not enumerated in the 1990 census. United States military and Federal civilian employees, and their dependents overseas, are included in the population counts for States for purposes of Congressional apportionment, but are excluded from all other tabulations for States and their subdivisions. The counts of United States military and Federal civilian employees, and their dependents, were obtained from administrative records maintained by Federal departments and agencies. Other Americans living overseas, such as employees of international agencies

and private businesses and students, were not enumerated, nor were their counts obtained from administrative sources. On the other hand, Americans temporarily overseas were to be enumerated at their usual residence in the United States.

Residence Rules

Each person included in the census was to be counted at his or her usual residence—the place where he or she lives and sleeps most of the time or the place where the person considers to be his or her usual home. If a person had no usual residence, the person was to be counted where he or she was staying on April 1, 1990.

Persons temporarily away from their usual residence, whether in the United States or overseas, on a vacation or on a business trip, were counted at their usual residence. Persons who occupied more than one residence during the year were counted at the one they considered to be their usual residence. Persons who moved on or near Census Day were counted at the place they considered to be their usual residence.

Persons in the Armed Forces—Members of the Armed Forces were counted as residents of the area in which the installation was located, either on the installation or in the surrounding community. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (for example, with the Armed Forces person or at another location).

Each Navy ship not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport. If the homeport included more than one municipality, ships berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Ships attributed to the homeport, but not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet, were assigned to the municipality named on the Department of the Navy's homeport list. These rules also apply to Coast Guard vessels.

Personnel assigned to each Navy and Coast Guard ship were given the opportunity to report a residence off the ship. Those who did report an off-ship residence in the communities surrounding the homeport were counted there; those who did not were counted as residents of the ship. Personnel on Navy ships deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day were considered to be part of the overseas population.

Persons on Maritime Ships—Persons aboard maritime ships who reported an off-ship residence were counted at that residence. Those who did not were counted as residents of the ship, and were attributed as follows:

1. The port where the ship was docked on Census Day, if that port was in the United States or its territories.
2. The port of departure if the ship was at sea, provided the port was in the United States or its territories.
3. The port of destination in the United States or its territories, if the port of departure of a ship at sea was a foreign port.
4. The overseas population if the ship was docked at a foreign port or at sea between foreign ports. (These persons were not included in the overseas population for apportionment purposes.)

Persons Away at School—College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since the 1950 census. Children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions—Persons under formally authorized, supervised care or custody, such as in Federal or State prisons; local jails; Federal detention centers; juvenile institutions; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes for the aged and dependent; or homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped, mentally retarded, or mentally ill, were counted at these places.

Persons Away From Their Usual Residence on Census Day—Migrant agricultural workers who did not report a usual residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the place where they were on Census Day. Persons in worker camps who did not report a usual residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the camp where they were on Census Day.

In some parts of the country, natural disasters displaced significant numbers of households from their usual place of residence. If these persons reported a destroyed or damaged residence as their usual residence, they were counted at that location.

Persons away from their usual residence were counted by means of interviews with other members of their families, resident managers, or neighbors.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1990 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. The questionnaire packet included general information about the 1990 census and an instruction guide explaining how to complete the questionnaire. Spanish-language questionnaires and instruction guides were available on request. Instruction guides also were available in 32 other languages.

Enumeration of Housing Units

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire:

1. A short-form questionnaire that contained a limited number of basic population and housing questions; these questions were asked of all persons and housing units and are often referred to as 100-percent questions.
2. A long-form questionnaire that contained the 100-percent items and a number of additional questions; a sampling procedure was used to determine those housing units that were to receive the long-form questionnaire.

Three sampling rates were employed. For slightly more than one-half of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long-form or sample questionnaire. In functioning local governmental units (counties and incorporated places, and in some parts of the country, towns and townships) estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire in order to enhance the reliability of the sample data for these small areas. For census tracts and block numbering areas having more than 2,000 housing units in the Census Bureau's address files, one in every eight housing units (about 13 percent) received a sample questionnaire, providing reliable statistics for these areas while permitting the Census Bureau to stay within a limit of 17.7 million sample questionnaires, or a one-in-six sample, nationwide.

The mail-out/mail-back procedure was used mainly in cities, suburban areas, towns, and rural areas where mailing addresses consisted of a house number and street name. In these areas, the Census Bureau developed mailing lists that included about 88.4 million addresses. The questionnaires were delivered through the mail and respondents were to return them by mail. Census questionnaires were delivered 1 week before Census Day (April 1, 1990).

The update/leave/mail-back method was used mainly in densely populated rural areas where it was difficult to develop mailing lists because mailing addresses did *not* use house number and street name. The Census Bureau compiled lists of housing units in advance of the census. Enumerators delivered the questionnaires, asked respondents to return them by mail, and added housing units not on the mailing lists. This method was used mainly in the South and Midwest, and also included some high-rise, low-income urban areas. A variation of this method was used in urban areas having large numbers of boarded-up buildings. About 11 million housing units were enumerated using this method.

The list/enumerate method (formerly called conventional or door-to-door enumeration) was used mainly in very remote and sparsely-settled areas. The United States

Postal Service delivered unaddressed short-form questionnaires before Census Day. Starting a week before Census Day, enumerators canvassed these areas, checked that all housing units received a questionnaire, created a list of all housing units, completed long-form questionnaires, and picked up the completed short-form questionnaires. This method was used mainly in the West and Northeast to enumerate an estimated 6.5 million housing units.

Followup

Nonresponse Followup—In areas where respondents were to mail back their questionnaires, an enumerator visited each address from which a questionnaire was not received.

Coverage and Edit-Failure Followup—In the mail-back areas, some households returned a questionnaire that did not meet specific quality standards because of incomplete or inconsistent information, or the respondent had indicated difficulty in deciding who was to be listed on the questionnaire. These households were contacted by telephone or by personal visit to obtain the missing information or to clarify who was to be enumerated in the household. In areas where an enumerator picked up the questionnaires, the enumerator checked the respondent-filled questionnaire for completeness and consistency.

Special Enumeration Procedures

Special procedures and questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters, such as college dormitories, nursing homes, prisons, military barracks, and ships. The questionnaires (Individual Census Reports, Military Census Reports, and Shipboard Census Reports) included the 100-percent population questions but did not include any housing questions. In all group quarters, all persons were asked the basic population questions; in most group quarters, additional questions were asked of a sample (one-in-six) of persons.

Shelter and Street Night (S-Night)

The Census Bureau collected data for various components of the homeless population at different stages in the 1990 census. "Shelter and Street Night" (S-Night) was a special census operation to count the population in four types of locations where homeless people are found. On the evening of March 20, 1990, and during the early morning hours of March 21, 1990, enumerators counted persons in pre-identified locations:

1. Emergency shelters for the homeless population (public and private; permanent and temporary).
2. Shelters with temporary lodging for runaway-youths.
3. Shelters for abused women and their children.

4. Open locations in streets or other places not intended for habitation.

Emergency shelters include all hotels and motels costing \$12 or less (excluding taxes) per night regardless of whether persons living there considered themselves to be homeless, hotels and motels (regardless of cost) used entirely to shelter homeless persons, and pre-identified rooms in hotels and motels used for homeless persons and families. Enumeration in shelters usually occurred from 6 p.m. to midnight; street enumeration, from 2 a.m. to 4 a.m.; abandoned and boarded-up buildings from 4 a.m. to 8 a.m.; and shelters for abused women, from 6 p.m. on March 20 to noon on March 21.

Other components, which some consider as part of the homeless population, were enumerated as part of regular census operations. These include persons doubled up with other families, as well as persons with no other usual home living in transient sites, such as commercial campgrounds, maternity homes for unwed mothers, and drug/alcohol abuse detoxification centers. In institutions, such as local jails and mental hospitals, the Census Bureau does not know who has a usual home elsewhere; therefore, even though some are literally homeless, these persons cannot be identified separately as a component of the homeless population.

There is no generally agreed-upon definition of "the homeless," and there are limitations in the census count that prevent obtaining a total count of the homeless population under any definition. As such, the Census Bureau does not have a definition and will not provide a total count of "the homeless." Rather, the Census Bureau will provide counts and characteristics of persons found at the time of the census in *selected* types of living arrangements. These selected components can be used as building blocks to construct a count of homeless persons appropriate to particular purposes as long as the data limitations are taken into account.

In preparation for "Shelter-and-Street-Night" enumeration, the regional census centers (RCC's) mailed a certified letter (Form D-33 (L)) to the highest elected official of each active functioning government of the United States (more than 39,000) requesting them to identify:

1. All shelters with sleeping facilities (permanent and temporary, such as church basements, armories, public buildings, and so forth, that could be open on March 20).
2. Hotels and motels used to house homeless persons and families.
3. A list of outdoor locations where homeless persons tend to be at night.
4. Places such as bus or train stations, subway stations, airports, hospital emergency rooms, and so forth, where homeless persons seek shelter at night.

5. The specific addresses of abandoned or boarded-up buildings where homeless persons were thought to stay at night.

The letter from the RCC's to the governmental units emphasized the importance of listing night-time congregating sites. The list of shelters was expanded using information from administrative records and informed local sources. The street sites were limited to the list provided by the jurisdictions. All governmental units were eligible for "Shelter and Street Night." For cities with 50,000 or more persons, the Census Bureau took additional steps to update the list of shelter and street locations if the local jurisdiction did not respond to the certified letter. Smaller cities and rural areas participated if the local jurisdiction provided the Census Bureau a list of shelters or open public places to visit or if shelters were identified through our inventory development, local knowledge update, or during the Special Place Prelist operation.

The Census Bureau encouraged persons familiar with homeless persons and the homeless themselves to apply as enumerators. This recruiting effort was particularly successful in larger cities.

For shelters, both long- and short-form Individual Census Reports (ICR's) were distributed. For street enumeration, only short-form ICR's were used. Persons in shelters and at street locations were asked the basic population questions. Additional questions about social and economic characteristics were asked of a sample of persons in shelters only.

Enumerators were instructed *not* to ask who was homeless; rather, they were told to count all persons (including children) staying overnight at the shelters, and everyone they saw on the street except the police, other persons in uniform, and persons engaged in employment or obvious money-making activities other than begging and panhandling.

At both shelter and street sites, persons found sleeping were not awakened to answer questions. Rather, the enumerator answered the sex and race questions by observation and estimated the person's age to the best of his or her ability. In shelters, administrative records and information from the shelter operator were used, when available, for persons who were already asleep.

Less than 1 percent of shelters refused to participate in the census count at first. By the end of the census period, most of those eventually cooperated and the number of refusals had been reduced to a few. For the final refusals, head counts and population characteristics were obtained by enumerators standing outside such shelters and counting people as they left in the morning.

The "street" count was restricted to persons who were visible when the enumerator came to the open, public locations that had been identified by local jurisdictions. Homeless persons who were well hidden, moving about, or in locations other than those identified by the local governments were likely missed. The number missed will never be known and there is no basis to make an estimate

of the number missed from census data. The count of persons in open, public places was affected by many factors, including the extra efforts made to encourage people to go to shelters for "Shelter and Street Night," the weather (which was unusually cold in many parts of the country), the presence of the media, and distrust of the census. Expectations of the number of homeless persons on the street cannot be based on the number seen during the day because the night-time situation is normally very different as more homeless persons are in shelters or very well hidden.

For both "Shelter-and-Street-Night" locations, the Census Bureau assumed that the usual home of those enumerated was in the block where they were found (shelter or street).

The "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation replaced and expanded the 1980 Mission Night (M-Night) and Casual Count operations. These two operations were aimed at counting the population who reported having no usual residence. M-Night was conducted a week after Census Day, in April 1980. Enumerators visited hotels, motels, and similar places costing \$4 or less each night; missions, flophouses, local jails and similar places at which the average length of stay was 30 days or less; and nonshelter locations, such as bus depots, train stations, and all night movie theaters. Questions were asked of everyone, regardless of age. Enumerators conducted M-Night up to midnight on April 8, 1980, and returned the next morning to collect any forms completed after midnight.

The Casual Count operation was conducted in May 1980 at additional nonshelter locations, such as street corners, pool halls, welfare and employment offices. This operation lasted for approximately 2 weeks. Casual Count was conducted during the day only in selected large central cities. Only persons who appeared to be at least 15 years of age were asked if they had been previously enumerated. Casual Count was actually a coverage-improvement operation. It was not specifically an operation to count homeless persons living in the streets. Persons were excluded if they said they had a usual home outside the city because it was not cost effective to check through individual questionnaires in another city to try to find the person.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

Respondents returned many census questionnaires by mail to 1 of over 344 census district offices or to one of six processing offices. In these offices, the questionnaires were "checked in" and edited for completeness and consistency of the responses. After this initial processing had been performed, all questionnaires were sent to the processing offices.

In the processing offices, the household questionnaires were microfilmed and processed by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computers (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied

by the respondent was indicated by filling circles in pre-designated positions. FOSDIC electronically "read" these filled circles from the microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred the information to computer tape. The computer tape did not include individual names, addresses, or handwritten responses.

The data processing was performed in several stages. All questionnaires were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred to computer disk. Selected written entries in the race question on both the short and long forms were keyed from the microfilm and coded using the data base developed from the 1980 census and subsequent content and operational tests. Keying of other written entries on the long forms occurred in the seven processing offices.

The information (for example, income dollar amounts or homeowner shelter costs) on these keyed files was merged with the FOSDIC data or processed further through one of three automated coding programs. The codes for industry, occupation, place-of-birth, migration, place-of-work, ancestry, language, relationship, race, and Hispanic origin were merged with the FOSDIC data for editing, weighting, and tabulating operations at Census Bureau headquarters. All responses to the questions on Individual Census Reports (ICR's), Military Census Reports (MCR's), and Shipboard Census Reports (SCR's) were keyed, not processed by microfilm or FOSDIC.



APPENDIX E.

Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

Your Guide for the **1990 U.S. Census Form**

This guide gives helpful information on filling out your census form. If you need more help, call the local U.S. census office. **The telephone number is on the cover of the questionnaire.** After you have filled out your form, please return it in the **envelope** we have provided.

On the inside	Page
How to fill out your census form	2
Example	2
Your answers are confidential	2
Instructions for the census questions	3 – 11
What the census is about	12
Why the census asks certain questions	12

CENSUS '90



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

D-4

How to Fill Out Your Census Form

Please use a black lead pencil only. Black lead pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens. Most questions ask you to fill in the circle, or to print the information. See **Example** below.

Make sure you print answers for everyone in this household. If someone in the household, such as a roomer or boarder, does not want to give you all the information for the form, print at least the person's name and answer questions 2 and 3. A census taker will call to get the other information directly from the person.

There may be a question you cannot answer exactly. For example, you might not know the age of an elderly person or the price for which your house would sell. Ask someone else in your household; if no one knows, give your best estimate.

Instructions for individual questions begin on page 3 of this guide. They will help you to understand the questions and answer them correctly.

If you have a question about filling out the census form or need assistance, call the local U.S. census office. **The telephone number is given on the cover of the questionnaire.**

If you do not mail back your census form, a census taker will be sent out to assist you. But it saves time and your taxpayer dollars if you fill out the form yourself and mail it back.

Example

a. Age	b. Year of birth	a. Age	b. Year of birth
41	1949	09	1981
00 00 00	1 8 0 0 0 0	00 00 00	1 8 0 0 0 0
10 10 10	9 1 0 1 0	10 10 10	9 1 0 1 0
20 20	2 0 2 0	20 20	2 0 2 0
30 30	3 0 3 0	30 30	3 0 3 0
40 40	4 0 4 0	40 40	4 0 4 0
50 50	5 0 5 0	50 50	5 0 5 0
60 60	6 0 6 0	60 60	6 0 6 0
70 70	7 0 7 0	70 70	7 0 7 0
80 80	8 0 8 0	80 80	8 0 8 0
90 90	9 0 9 0	90 90	9 0 9 0

Your Answers Are Confidential

The law authorizing the census (Title 13, U.S. Code) also provides that your answers are confidential. No one except census workers may see your completed form and they can be fined and/or imprisoned for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years can your individual census form become available to other government agencies (whether federal, state, county, or local). Until then, no other person or business can see your individual report.

The same law that protects the confidentiality of your answers requires that you provide the information asked in this census to the best of your knowledge.

Information collected from the decennial census is used for a variety of statistical purposes. Census information is used to find out where funding is most needed for schools, health centers, highways, and other services. Census results are used by members of public and private groups—including community organizations—and by businesses and industries, as well as by agencies at all levels of government.

Instructions for Questions 1a through 7

- 1a. List everyone who lives at this address in question 1a. If you are not sure if you should list a person, see the rules on page 1 of the census form. If you are still not sure, answer as best you can and fill in "Yes" for question H1a or H1b, as appropriate.
If there are more than seven people in your household, please list all the persons in question 1a, complete the form for seven people, and mail it back in the enclosed envelope. A census taker will call to obtain the information for the additional persons.
- b. If everyone listed in question 1a usually lives at another address(es), print the address(es) in 1b.
2. Fill one circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.
If **Other relative** of the person in column 1, print the exact relationship such as son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, nephew, niece, mother-in-law, father-in-law, cousin, and so on.
If the **Stepson/stepdaughter** of the person in column 1 also has been legally adopted by the person in column 1, mark **Stepson/stepdaughter** but do not mark **Natural-born or adopted son/daughter**. In other words, **Stepson/stepdaughter** takes precedence over **Adopted son/daughter**.
4. Fill ONE circle for the race each person considers himself/herself to be.
If you fill the **Indian (Amer.)** circle, print the name of the tribe or tribes in which the person is enrolled. If the person is not enrolled in a tribe, print the name of the principal tribe(s).
If you fill the **Other API** circle [under **Asian or Pacific Islander (API)**], **only** print the name of the group to which the person belongs. For example, the **Other API** category includes persons who identify as Burmese, Fijian, Hmong, Indonesian, Laotian, Bangladeshi, Pakistani, Tongan, Thai, Cambodian, Sri Lankan, and so on.
If you fill the **Other race** circle, be sure to print the name of the race.
If the person considers himself/herself to be **White, Black or Negro, Eskimo or Aleut**, fill one circle only. Please do not print the race in the boxes.
The **Black or Negro** category also includes persons who identify as African-American, Afro-American, Haitian, Jamaican, West Indian, Nigerian, and so on.
All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.
5. Print age at last birthday in the space provided (print "00" for babies less than 1 year old). Fill in the matching circle below each box. Also, print year of birth in the space provided. Then fill in the matching circle below each box. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the **Example** on page 2 of this guide.
6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark **Never married**.
7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin if the person's origin (ancestry) is Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Argentinean, Colombian, Costa Rican, Dominican, Ecuadoran, Guatemalan, Honduran, Nicaraguan, Peruvian, Salvadoran, from other Spanish-speaking countries of the Caribbean or Central or South America, or from Spain.
If you fill the **Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic** circle, print one group.
A person who is not of Spanish/Hispanic origin should answer this question by filling the **No (not Spanish/Hispanic)** circle. Note that the term "**Mexican-Am.**" refers only to persons of Mexican origin or ancestry.
All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

Instructions for Question H1a through H1b

- H1a. Refer to the list of persons you entered in question 1a on page 1. If you left anyone out of your list because you were not sure if the person(s) should be listed, answer question H1a as **Yes**. Then enter the name(s) and reason(s) why you did not list the person(s) on the lines provided. Otherwise, answer question H1a as **No**.
- b. If you included anyone on your list even though you were not sure that you should list the person(s), answer question H1b as **Yes**. Then enter the name(s) and reason(s) why you listed the person(s) on the lines provided. Otherwise, answer question H1b as **No**.

Instructions for Questions H2 through H7b

H2. Fill only one circle.

Count all occupied and vacant apartments in the house or building. Do not count stores or office space.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. *Attached* means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall that goes from ground to roof. An example of **A one-family house attached to one or more houses** is a house in a row of houses attached to one another.

A mobile home or trailer that has had one or more rooms added or built onto it should be counted as a *one-family detached house*; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

H3. Count only whole rooms in your house, apartment, or mobile home used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, foyers, halls, half-rooms, porches, balconies, unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other unfinished space used for storage.

H4. Housing is owned if the owner or co-owner lives in it. Mark **Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan** if the house, apartment, or mobile home is mortgaged or there is a contract to purchase. Mark **Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)** if there is no mortgage or other debt. If the house, apartment, or mobile home is owned but the land is rented, mark this question to show the status of the house, apartment, or mobile home.

Mark **Rented for cash rent** if any money rent is paid, even if the rent is paid by persons who are not members of your household, or by a federal, state, or local government agency.

Mark **Occupied without payment of cash rent** if the unit is **not** owned or being bought by the occupants and if money rent is **not** paid or contracted. The unit may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy without charge. A house or apartment may be provided as part of wages or salary. Examples are: caretaker's or janitor's house or apartment; parsonages; tenant farmer or sharecropper houses for which the occupants do not pay cash rent; or military housing.

H5a. Answer H5a and H5b if you live in a one-family house or a mobile home; include only land that you own or rent.

b. A business is easily recognized from the outside; for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.

H6. If this is a house, include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the land. If this is a condominium unit, estimate the value for your house or apartment including your share of the common elements. If this is a mobile home, include the value of the mobile home and the value of the land. If you rent the land, estimate the value of the rented land and add it to the value of the mobile home.

H7a. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent for your house, apartment, or mobile home is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:	If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
By the day	30	4 times a year	3
By the week	4	2 times a year	6
Every other week	2	Once a year	12

b. Answer **Yes** if meals are included in the monthly rent payment, or you must contract for meals or a meal plan in order to live in this building.

Instructions for Questions H8 through H19b

H8. The person listed in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house, apartment, or mobile home is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house, apartment, or mobile home.

H9. Include all rooms intended to be used as bedrooms in this house, apartment, or mobile home, even if they are currently being used for other purposes.

H10. Mark **Yes, have all three facilities** if you have all the facilities mentioned; all facilities must be in your house, apartment, or mobile home, but not necessarily in the same room. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time. Mark **No** if any of the three facilities is not present.

H11. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cookstove.

H12. Answer **Yes** only if the telephone is located in your house, apartment, or mobile home.

H13. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks of one-ton capacity or less that are regularly kept at home and used by household members for nonbusiness purposes. Do **not** count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.

H14. Fill the circle for the fuel used most to heat your house, apartment, or mobile home. In buildings containing more than one apartment you may obtain this information from the owner, manager, or janitor.

Solar energy is provided by a system that collects, stores, and distributes heat from the sun. **Other fuel** includes any fuel not separately listed; for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.

H15. If a well provides water for five or more houses, apartments, or mobile homes, mark **A public system**. If a well provides water for four or fewer houses, apartments, or mobile homes, fill one of the circles for **Individual well**.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. **Dug wells** are generally hand dug and are larger than 1½ feet wide.

H16. A **public sewer** may be operated by a government body or private organization. A **septic tank or cesspool** is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.

H17. Fill the circle corresponding to the period in which the original construction was completed, *not* the time of any later remodeling, additions, or conversions. In buildings containing more than one apartment, the owner, manager, or janitor may be of help in determining when the building was built.

If you live in a houseboat or a trailer or mobile home, fill the circle corresponding to the model year in which it was manufactured.

If you do not know the period when the building was first constructed, fill the circle for **Don't know**.

H18. A **condominium** is a type of ownership in which the apartments, houses, or mobile homes in a building or development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. Cooperative occupants should mark **No**.

H19a. Answer H19a and H19b if you live in a one-family house or mobile home.

b. This property is the acreage on which the house is located; it includes adjoining land you rent for your use. Report sales made in 1989 from this property by you or previous occupants.

Instructions for Questions H20 through H26

H20. If your house or apartment is rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels **only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H7a.**

- ✓ If you live in a condominium, enter the costs for utilities and fuels **only if you pay for them in addition to your condominium fee.**

If your fuel and utility costs are already included in your rent or condominium fee, fill the **Included in rent or in condominium fee** circle. Do not enter any dollar amounts.

The amounts to be reported should be the total amount for the past 12 months. Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known. If you have lived in this house or apartment less than 1 year, estimate the yearly cost.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own house or apartment. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket [] the two utilities.

H21. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions (city or town, county, state, school district, etc.) even if they are included in your mortgage payment, not yet paid or paid by someone else, or are delinquent. Do not include taxes past due from previous years.

H22. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis. Enter the yearly amount even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.

H23a. The word *mortgage* is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans that are secured by real estate.

- b.** Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see the instructions for H7a to change it to a monthly amount.

Include payments on first mortgages and contracts to purchase only. Payments for second or junior mortgages and home equity loans should be reported in H24b.

H24a. A second or junior mortgage or home equity loan is secured by real estate.

- b.** Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H7a and change it to a monthly amount. Include payments on all second or junior mortgages or home equity loans.

H25. A *condominium fee* is normally assessed by the condominium owners' association for the purpose of improving and maintaining the common areas. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see the instructions for H7a on how to change it to a monthly amount.

H26. Report amount even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else.

Include payments for personal property taxes, land or site rent, registration fees and license fees. Do not include real estate taxes already reported in H21. The amount to be reported should be the total amount for an entire 12-month billing period even if made in two or more installments. Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Instructions for Question 8

8. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person was born. If the person was born in Washington, D.C., print District of Columbia. If the person was born in a U.S. territory or commonwealth, print Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, or Northern Marianas.

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the name of the foreign country or area where the person was born. Use current boundaries, not boundaries at the time of the person's birth. Specify whether Northern Ireland or the Republic of Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; North or South Korea; England, Scotland, or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular country or island in the Caribbean (not, for example, West Indies).

Instructions for Questions 9 through 13

9. A person should fill the **Yes, U.S. citizen by naturalization** circle only if he/she has completed the naturalization process and is now a United States citizen. If the person was born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas, he/she should fill the **Yes, born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas** circle. If the person was born outside the United States (or at sea) and has at least one American parent, he/she should fill the **Yes, born abroad of American parent or parents** circle.

10. If the person has entered the United States (that is, the 50 states and the District of Columbia) more than once, fill the circle for the latest year he/she came to stay.

11. Do not include enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college.

A *public school* is any school or college that is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government. Schools are private if supported and controlled primarily by religious organizations or other private groups.

12. Mark the category for the highest grade or level of schooling the person has **successfully completed** or the **highest degree** the person received. If the person is enrolled in school, mark the category containing the highest grade completed (the grade previous to the grade in which enrolled). Schooling completed in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent level of schooling in the regular American school system.

Persons who completed high school by passing an equivalency test, such as the General Educational Development (GED) examination, and did not attend college, should fill the circle for high school graduate.

Do not include vocational certificates or diplomas from vocational, trade, or business schools or colleges unless they were college level associate degrees or higher.

Some examples of *professional school degrees* include medicine, dentistry, chiropractic, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, veterinary medicine, law, and theology. Do not include barber school, cosmetology, or other training for a specific trade.

Do not include honorary degrees awarded by colleges and universities to individuals for their accomplishments. Include only "earned" degrees.

13. Print the ancestry group. Ancestry refers to the person's ethnic origin or descent, "roots," or heritage. Ancestry also may refer to the country of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

Persons who have more than one origin and cannot identify with a single ancestry group may report two ancestry groups (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific. For example, print whether West Indian, Asian Indian, or American Indian. West Indian includes persons whose ancestors came from Jamaica, Trinidad, Haiti, etc. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese; French Canadian from Canadian; and Dominican Republic from Dominica Island.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

Instructions for Questions 14a through 19

- 14a.** Mark **Yes** if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1985, even if he/she moved away and came back since then. Mark **No** if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different lot or trailer site).

- b.** If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1985, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.

Part (1)

If the person lived in the United States on April 1, 1985, print the name of the State (or District of Columbia) where he or she lived. Continue with parts (2) through (4).

If the person lived in a U.S. territory or commonwealth, print the name of the territory or commonwealth, such as Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, or Northern Marianas. Then go to question 15a.

If the person lived outside the United States, print the name of the foreign country or area where he or she lived. Specify whether Northern Ireland or the Republic of Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; North or South Korea; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular country or island in the Caribbean (not, for example, West Indies). Then go to question 15a.

Part (2)

If the person lived in Louisiana, print the parish name. If the person lived in Alaska, print the borough name. If the person lived in New York city and the county name is not known, print the borough name. If the person lived in an independent city (not in any county) or in Washington, D.C., leave blank and enter the city name in part (3).

Part (3)

If the person lived in New England, print the name of the town rather than the village name, unless the name of the town is not known. If the person lived outside the limits or boundaries of any city or town, print the name of the post office or the nearest town and mark **No, lived outside the city/town limits** in part (4).

Part (4)

Mark **Yes** if the location is now inside the city/town limits even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1985; that is, if the area was annexed by the city/town since that time.

- 15.** Mark **Yes** if the person sometimes or always speaks a language other than English at home.

Do not mark **Yes** for a language spoken only at school or if speaking is limited to a few expressions or slang.

Print the name of the language spoken at home. If this person speaks more than one non-English language and cannot determine which is spoken more often, report the first language the person learned to speak.

- 17a.** For a person with service in the National Guard or a military reserve unit, fill one of the two **Yes, active duty** circles if and only if the person has ever been called up for active duty other than training; otherwise, mark **Yes, service in Reserves or National Guard only**. For a person whose only service was as a civilian employee or volunteer for the Red Cross, USO, Public Health Service, or War or Defense Department, mark **No**. Count **World War II Merchant Marine Seaman** service as active duty; do not count other Merchant Marine service as active duty.

- 18.** Mark **Yes** to part (a) if a health condition substantially limits this person in his or her choice of occupation or if the condition limits the amount of work that can be accomplished in a given period of time. Mark **Yes** to part (b) if the health condition prevents this person from holding any significant employment.

- 19.** Consider a person to have difficulty with these activities if any of the following situations apply: (1) it takes extra time or extra effort for the person to perform one or more of the activities, (2) there are times when the person cannot perform one or more of the activities, or (3) the person is completely unable to perform one or more of the activities.

Instructions for Questions 20 through 23b

- 20.** Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with you. Do not include miscarriages or stillborn children or any adopted, foster, or stepchildren.

- 21a.** *Count as work — Mark Yes:*

- Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.
- Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.
- Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.
- Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work — Mark No:

- Housework or yard work at home.
- Unpaid volunteer work.
- School work.
- Work done as a resident of an institution.

- 22a.** Include the street type (for example, St., Road, Ave.) and the street direction (if a direction such as "North" is part of the address). For example, print 1239 N. Main St. or 1239 Main St., N.W. not just 1239 Main.

If the only known address is a post office box, give a description of the work location. For example, print the name of the building or shopping center where the person works, the nearest intersection, the nearest street where the workplace is located, etc. DO NOT GIVE A POST OFFICE BOX NUMBER.

If the person worked at a military installation or military base that has no street address, report the name of the military installation or base.

If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print the address of the location where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the address of the location where he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), print the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked. If the exact address of a school is not known, print the name of the school.

If the person worked on a college or university campus and the exact address of the workplace is not known, print the name of the building where he or she worked.

- d.** *If the person worked in New York city* and the county is not known, print the name of the borough where the person worked.

If the person worked in Louisiana, print the name of the parish where the person worked.

If the person worked in Alaska, print the name of the borough where the person worked.

- e.** *If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 22e and leave the other parts of question 22 blank.*

- 23a.** *If the person usually used more than one type of transportation to get to work (for example, rode the bus and transferred to the subway), fill the circle of the one method of transportation that he/she used for most of the distance during the trip.*

- b.** *If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination, fill the circle for **Drove alone**.*

DO NOT include persons who rode to school or some other nonwork destination in the count of persons who rode in the vehicle.

Instructions for Questions 24a through 30

- 24a.** Give the time of day the person usually *left home to go to work*. DO NOT give the time that the person usually began his or her work.
If the person usually left home to go to work sometime *between 12:00 o'clock midnight and 12:00 o'clock noon*, fill the **a.m.** circle.
If the person usually left home to go to work sometime *between 12:00 o'clock noon and 12:00 o'clock midnight*, fill the **p.m.** circle.
- b.** Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation or picking up passengers in a carpool.
- 25.** If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-by-day basis when work is available, mark **No**.
- 26a.** Mark **Yes** if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last 4 weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
- b.** Mark **No**, **already has a job** if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.
Mark **No**, **temporarily ill** if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.
Mark **No**, **other reasons** if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.
- 27.** Look at the instructions for question 21a to see what to count as work. Mark **Never worked** if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm, and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a.** If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that had no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his/her own business, print "self-employed."
- b.** Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a did. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person worked. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.
Some examples of what to enter:
- | | |
|---|-----------------------|
| Enter a description like the following – | Do not enter – |
| Metal furniture manufacturing | Furniture company |
| Retail grocery store | Grocery store |
| Petroleum refining | Oil company |
| Cattle ranch | Ranch |
- 29.** Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person did. If the person was a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description. Some examples of what to enter:
- | | |
|---|-----------------------|
| Enter a description like the following – | Do not enter – |
| Production clerk | Clerk |
| Carpenter's helper | Helper |
| Auto engine mechanic | Mechanic |
| Registered nurse | Nurse |
- 30.** Mark **Employee of a PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT . . . organization** if the person worked for a cooperative, credit union, mutual insurance company, or similar organization.
Employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, and other international organizations should mark **PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT . . . organization**.
For persons who worked at a public school, college or university, mark the appropriate *government category*; for example, mark **State GOVERNMENT employee** for a state university, or mark **Local GOVERNMENT employee** for a county-run community college or a city-run public school.

Instructions for Questions 31a through 32h

- 31a.** Look at the instructions for question 21a to see what to count as work.
- b.** Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
- 32.** Fill the **Yes** or **No** circle for each part and enter the amount received during 1989.
If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report, if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and fill the **No** circle for the other person.
- a.** Include wages and salaries from *all jobs before deductions*. Be sure to include any tips, commissions, or bonuses. Owners of *incorporated* businesses should enter their salary here. Military personnel should include base pay plus cash housing and/or subsistence allowance, flight pay, uniform allotments, reenlistment bonuses, etc.
- b.** Include **NONFARM** profit (or loss) from self-employment in sole proprietorships and partnerships. *Exclude* profit (or loss) of incorporated businesses you own.
- c.** Include **FARM** profit (or loss) from self-employment in sole proprietorships and partnerships. *Exclude* profit (or loss) of incorporated farm businesses you own. Also *exclude* amounts from land rented for cash but include amounts from land rented for shares.
- d.** Include interest received or credited to checking and savings accounts, money market funds, certificates of deposit (CDs), IRAs, KEOGHs, and government bonds.
Include dividends received, credited, or reinvested from ownership of stocks or mutual funds.
Include profit (or loss) from royalties and the rental of land, buildings or real estate, or from roomers or boarders. Income received by self-employed persons whose *primary* source of income is from renting property or from royalties should be included in questions 32b or 32c above. Include regular payments from an estate or trust fund.
- e.** Include Social Security (and/or Railroad Retirement) payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers, and to disabled workers *before* Medicare deductions.
- f.** Include Supplemental Security Income received by aged, blind, or disabled persons, Aid to Families with Dependent Children, or income from other government programs such as general or emergency assistance. Do not include assistance received from private charities. *Exclude* assistance to pay for heating (cooling) costs.
- g.** Include retirement, disability, or survivor benefits received from companies and unions; Federal, State, and local governments, and the U.S. military. Include regular income from annuities and IRA or KEOGH retirement plans.
- h.** Include Veterans' (VA) disability compensation and educational assistance payments (VEAP), unemployment compensation, child support or alimony, and all other regular payments such as Armed Forces transfer payments; assistance from private charities; regular contributions from persons not living in the household, etc.
- Do not include the following as income in any item:*
- Refunds or rebates of any kind
 - Withdrawals from savings of any kind
 - Capital gains or losses from the sale of homes, shares of stock, etc.
 - Inheritances or insurance settlements
 - Any type of loan
 - Pay in-kind such as food, free rent, etc.

What the Census Is About — Some Questions and Answers

Why are we taking a census?

The most important reason for taking a decennial census is to determine how many representatives each state will have in Congress.

What does the Census Bureau do with the information you provide?

The individual information collected in the census is grouped together into statistical totals. Information such as the number of persons in a given area, their ages, educational background, the characteristics of their housing, etc., enable government, business, and industry to plan more effectively.

How long have we been taking the census?

The first census was taken in 1790 in accordance with the requirement in the first article of the constitution. A census has been taken every 10 years since. The 1990 Decennial Census marks the 200th anniversary of the census.

How are you being counted?

Census forms are delivered to all households a few days before census day. Households are requested to fill out the form and mail it back to the census office.

Why the Census Asks Certain Questions

Here are a few reasons for asking some of the questions.

It is as important to get information about people and their houses as it is to count them.

Name?

Names help make sure that everyone in a household is counted, but that no one is counted twice.

Value or rent?

Government and planning agencies use answers to these questions in combination with other information to develop housing programs to meet the needs of people at different economic levels.

Complete plumbing?

This question gives information on the quality of housing. The data are used with other statistics to show how the "level of living" compares in various areas and how it has changed over time.

Place of birth?

This question provides information used to study long-term trends as to where people move and to study migration patterns and differences in growth patterns.

Job?

Answers to the questions about the jobs people hold provide information on the extent and types of employment in different areas of the country. From this information, training programs can be developed and the need for new industries can be determined.

Income?

Income, more than anything else, determines how families or persons live. Income information makes it possible to compare the economic levels of different areas.

CENSUS '90

OFFICIAL 1990 U.S. CENSUS FORM



Thank you for taking time to complete and return this census questionnaire. It's important to you, your community, and the Nation.

The law requires answers but guarantees privacy.

By law (Title 13, U.S. Code), you're required to answer the census questions to the best of your knowledge. However, the same law guarantees that your census form remains confidential. For 72 years—or until the year 2062—only Census Bureau employees can see your form. No one else—no other government body, no police department, no court system or welfare agency—is permitted to see this confidential information under any circumstances.

How to get started—and get help.

Start by listing on the next page the names of all the people who live in your home. Please answer all questions with a black lead pencil. You'll find detailed instructions for answering the census in the enclosed guide. If you need additional help, call the toll-free telephone number to the left, near your address.

Please answer and return your form promptly.

Complete your form and return it by April 1, 1990 in the postage-paid envelope provided. Avoid the inconvenience of having a census taker visit your home.

Again, thank you for answering the 1990 Census.
Remember: Return the completed form by April 1, 1990.

Para personas de habla hispana --

(For Spanish-speaking persons)

Si usted desea un cuestionario del censo en español, llame sin cargo alguno al siguiente número: **1-800-CUENTAN**
(o sea 1-800-283-6826)

U.S. Department of Commerce
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

FORM D-2

OMB No. 0607-0628
Approval Expires 07/31/91

The 1990 census must count every person at his or her "usual residence." This means the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time.

- 1a. List on the numbered lines below the name of each person living here on Sunday, April 1, including all persons staying here who have no other home. If EVERYONE at this address is staying here temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, follow the instructions given in question 1b below.**

Include

- Everyone who usually lives here such as family members, housemates and roommates, foster children, roomers, boarders, and live-in employees
- Persons who are temporarily away on a business trip, on vacation, or in a general hospital
- College students who stay here while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live here
- Newborn babies still in the hospital
- Children in boarding schools below the college level
- Persons who stay here most of the week while working even if they have a home somewhere else
- Persons with no other home who are staying here on April 1

Do NOT include

- Persons who usually live somewhere else
- Persons who are away in an institution such as a prison, mental hospital, or a nursing home
- College students who live somewhere else while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live somewhere else
- Persons who stay somewhere else most of the week while working

Print last name, first name, and middle initial for each person. Begin on line 1 with the household member (or one of the household members) in whose name this house or apartment is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person, start on line 1 with any adult household member.

LAST	FIRST	INITIAL	LAST	FIRST	INITIAL
1			7		
2			8		
3			9		
4			10		
5			11		
6			12		

- 1b. If EVERYONE is staying here only temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, list the name of each person on the numbered lines above, fill this circle ☐ and print their usual address below. DO NOT PRINT THE ADDRESS LISTED ON THE FRONT COVER.**

House number	Street or road/Rural route and box number	Apartment number
City	State	ZIP Code
County or foreign country	Names of nearest intersecting streets or roads	

NOW PLEASE OPEN THE FLAP TO PAGE 2 AND ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS FOR THE FIRST 7 PEOPLE LISTED. USE A BLACK LEAD PENCIL ONLY.

<p>Please fill one column → for each person listed in Question 1a on page 1.</p>	PERSON 1		PERSON 2	
	Last name	First name	Last name	First name
	Middle initial		Middle initial	
<p>2. How is this person related to PERSON 1?</p> <p>Fill ONE circle for each person.</p> <p>If Other relative of person in column 1, fill circle and print exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, grandparent, son-in-law, niece, cousin, and so on.</p>	<p>START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented.</p> <p>If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.</p>		<p>If a RELATIVE of Person 1:</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Husband/wife <input type="radio"/> Brother/sister</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Natural-born or adopted son/daughter <input type="radio"/> Father/mother</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Stepson/stepdaughter <input type="radio"/> Grandchild</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Other relative →</p> <p>If NOT RELATED to Person 1:</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Roomer, boarder, or foster child <input type="radio"/> Unmarried partner</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Housemate, roommate <input type="radio"/> Other nonrelative</p>	
<p>3. Sex</p> <p>Fill ONE circle for each person.</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female</p>		<p><input type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female</p>	
<p>4. Race</p> <p>Fill ONE circle for the race that the person considers himself/herself to be.</p> <p>If Indian (Amer.), print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe. →</p> <p>If Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API), print one group, for example: Hmong, Fijian, Laotian, Thai, Tongan, Pakistani, Cambodian, and so on. →</p> <p>If Other race, print race. →</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> White</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Black or Negro</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.) →</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Eskimo</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Aleut</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (API)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Chinese <input type="radio"/> Japanese</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Filipino <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Hawaiian <input type="radio"/> Samoan</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Korean <input type="radio"/> Guamanian</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Vietnamese <input type="radio"/> Other API →</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race) →</p>		<p><input type="radio"/> White</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Black or Negro</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.) →</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Eskimo</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Aleut</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (API)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Chinese <input type="radio"/> Japanese</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Filipino <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Hawaiian <input type="radio"/> Samoan</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Korean <input type="radio"/> Guamanian</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Vietnamese <input type="radio"/> Other API →</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race) →</p>	
<p>5. Age and year of birth</p> <p>a. Print each person's age at last birthday. Fill in the matching circle below each box.</p> <p>b. Print each person's year of birth and fill the matching circle below each box.</p>	<p>a. Age</p> <p>0 0 0 0 0</p> <p>1 0 1 0 1 0</p> <p>2 0 2 0</p> <p>3 0 3 0</p> <p>4 0 4 0</p> <p>5 0 5 0</p> <p>6 0 6 0</p> <p>7 0 7 0</p> <p>8 0 8 0</p> <p>9 0 9 0</p> <p>b. Year of birth</p> <p>1 8 0 0 0 0</p> <p>9 0 1 0 1 0</p> <p>2 0 2 0</p> <p>3 0 3 0</p> <p>4 0 4 0</p> <p>5 0 5 0</p> <p>6 0 6 0</p> <p>7 0 7 0</p> <p>8 0 8 0</p> <p>9 0 9 0</p>		<p>a. Age</p> <p>0 0 0 0 0</p> <p>1 0 1 0 1 0</p> <p>2 0 2 0</p> <p>3 0 3 0</p> <p>4 0 4 0</p> <p>5 0 5 0</p> <p>6 0 6 0</p> <p>7 0 7 0</p> <p>8 0 8 0</p> <p>9 0 9 0</p> <p>b. Year of birth</p> <p>1 8 0 0 0 0</p> <p>9 0 1 0 1 0</p> <p>2 0 2 0</p> <p>3 0 3 0</p> <p>4 0 4 0</p> <p>5 0 5 0</p> <p>6 0 6 0</p> <p>7 0 7 0</p> <p>8 0 8 0</p> <p>9 0 9 0</p>	
<p>6. Marital status</p> <p>Fill ONE circle for each person.</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Divorced</p>		<p><input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Divorced</p>	
<p>7. Is this person of Spanish/Hispanic origin?</p> <p>Fill ONE circle for each person.</p> <p>If Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic, print one group. →</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.) →</p>		<p><input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.) →</p>	
<p>FOR CENSUS USE →</p>	<p><input type="radio"/></p> <p><input type="radio"/></p>		<p><input type="radio"/></p> <p><input type="radio"/></p>	

PERSON 7	
Last name	
First name	Middle initial
If a RELATIVE of Person 1:	
<input type="radio"/> Husband/wife <input type="radio"/> Natural-born or adopted son/daughter <input type="radio"/> Stepson/stepdaughter	<input type="radio"/> Brother/sister <input type="radio"/> Father/mother <input type="radio"/> Grandchild <input type="radio"/> Other relative
If NOT RELATED to Person 1:	
<input type="radio"/> Roomer, boarder, or foster child <input type="radio"/> Housemate, roommate	<input type="radio"/> Unmarried partner <input type="radio"/> Other nonrelative
<input type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female	
<input type="radio"/> White <input type="radio"/> Black or Negro <input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.) <input type="radio"/> Eskimo <input type="radio"/> Aleut <input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (API) <input type="radio"/> Chinese <input type="radio"/> Filipino <input type="radio"/> Hawaiian <input type="radio"/> Korean <input type="radio"/> Vietnamese <input type="radio"/> Japanese <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian <input type="radio"/> Samoan <input type="radio"/> Guamanian <input type="radio"/> Other API <input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race)	
a. Age	b. Year of birth
0 0 0 0 0 0	1 8 0 0 0 0 0
1 0 1 0 1 0	9 0 1 0 1 0
2 0 2 0	2 0 2 0
3 0 3 0	3 0 3 0
4 0 4 0	4 0 4 0
5 0 5 0	5 0 5 0
6 0 6 0	6 0 6 0
7 0 7 0	7 0 7 0
8 0 8 0	8 0 8 0
9 0 9 0	9 0 9 0
<input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated <input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married <input type="radio"/> Divorced	
<input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic) <input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano <input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican <input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban <input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinian, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.)	

NOW PLEASE ANSWER QUESTIONS H1a—H26 FOR THIS HOUSEHOLD

H1a. Did you leave anyone out of your list of persons for Question 1a on page 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for example, someone temporarily away on a business trip or vacation, a newborn baby still in the hospital, or a person who stays here once in a while and has no other home? <input type="radio"/> Yes, please print the name(s) and reason(s). <input type="radio"/> No		If this is a ONE-FAMILY HOUSE — H5a. Is this house on ten or more acres? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No b. Is there a business (such as a store or barber shop) or a medical office on this property? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	
b. Did you include anyone in your list of persons for Question 1a on page 1 even though you were not sure that the person should be listed — for example, a visitor who is staying here temporarily or a person who usually lives somewhere else? <input type="radio"/> Yes, please print the name(s) and reason(s). <input type="radio"/> No		Answer only if you or someone in this household OWNS OR IS BUYING this house or apartment — H6. What is the value of this property; that is, how much do you think this house and lot or condominium unit would sell for if it were for sale? <input type="radio"/> Less than \$10,000 <input type="radio"/> \$10,000 to \$14,999 <input type="radio"/> \$15,000 to \$19,999 <input type="radio"/> \$20,000 to \$24,999 <input type="radio"/> \$25,000 to \$29,999 <input type="radio"/> \$30,000 to \$34,999 <input type="radio"/> \$35,000 to \$39,999 <input type="radio"/> \$40,000 to \$44,999 <input type="radio"/> \$45,000 to \$49,999 <input type="radio"/> \$50,000 to \$54,999 <input type="radio"/> \$55,000 to \$59,999 <input type="radio"/> \$60,000 to \$64,999 <input type="radio"/> \$65,000 to \$69,999 <input type="radio"/> \$70,000 to \$74,999 <input type="radio"/> \$75,000 to \$79,999 <input type="radio"/> \$80,000 to \$89,999 <input type="radio"/> \$90,000 to \$99,999 <input type="radio"/> \$100,000 to \$124,999 <input type="radio"/> \$125,000 to \$149,999 <input type="radio"/> \$150,000 to \$174,999 <input type="radio"/> \$175,000 to \$199,999 <input type="radio"/> \$200,000 to \$249,999 <input type="radio"/> \$250,000 to \$299,999 <input type="radio"/> \$300,000 to \$399,999 <input type="radio"/> \$400,000 to \$499,999 <input type="radio"/> \$500,000 or more	
H2. Which best describes this building? Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant. <input type="radio"/> A mobile home or trailer <input type="radio"/> A one-family house detached from any other house <input type="radio"/> A one-family house attached to one or more houses <input type="radio"/> A building with 2 apartments <input type="radio"/> A building with 3 or 4 apartments <input type="radio"/> A building with 5 to 9 apartments <input type="radio"/> A building with 10 to 19 apartments <input type="radio"/> A building with 20 to 49 apartments <input type="radio"/> A building with 50 or more apartments <input type="radio"/> Other		Answer only if you PAY RENT for this house or apartment — H7a. What is the monthly rent? <input type="radio"/> Less than \$80 <input type="radio"/> \$80 to \$99 <input type="radio"/> \$100 to \$124 <input type="radio"/> \$125 to \$149 <input type="radio"/> \$150 to \$174 <input type="radio"/> \$175 to \$199 <input type="radio"/> \$200 to \$224 <input type="radio"/> \$225 to \$249 <input type="radio"/> \$250 to \$274 <input type="radio"/> \$275 to \$299 <input type="radio"/> \$300 to \$324 <input type="radio"/> \$325 to \$349 <input type="radio"/> \$350 to \$374 <input type="radio"/> \$375 to \$399 <input type="radio"/> \$400 to \$424 <input type="radio"/> \$425 to \$449 <input type="radio"/> \$450 to \$474 <input type="radio"/> \$475 to \$499 <input type="radio"/> \$500 to \$524 <input type="radio"/> \$525 to \$549 <input type="radio"/> \$550 to \$599 <input type="radio"/> \$600 to \$649 <input type="radio"/> \$650 to \$699 <input type="radio"/> \$700 to \$749 <input type="radio"/> \$750 to \$999 <input type="radio"/> \$1,000 or more	
H3. How many rooms do you have in this house or apartment? Do NOT count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms. <input type="radio"/> 1 room <input type="radio"/> 2 rooms <input type="radio"/> 3 rooms <input type="radio"/> 4 rooms <input type="radio"/> 5 rooms <input type="radio"/> 6 rooms <input type="radio"/> 7 rooms <input type="radio"/> 8 rooms <input type="radio"/> 9 or more rooms		b. Does the monthly rent include any meals? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	
H4. Is this house or apartment — <input type="radio"/> Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan? <input type="radio"/> Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)? <input type="radio"/> Rented for cash rent? <input type="radio"/> Occupied without payment of cash rent?			
FOR CENSUS USE			
A. Total persons	B. Type of unit Occupied Vacant	D. Months vacant	G. DO ID
0 0 0 0 0 0	<input type="radio"/> First form <input type="radio"/> Cont'n <input type="radio"/> Regular <input type="radio"/> Usual home elsewhere	<input type="radio"/> Less than 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 up to 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 up to 6 <input type="radio"/> 6 up to 12 <input type="radio"/> 12 up to 24 <input type="radio"/> 24 or more	<input type="radio"/> DO <input type="radio"/> ID
1 1 1 1 1 1	C1. Vacancy status	E. Complete after	
2 2 2 2 2 2	<input type="radio"/> For rent <input type="radio"/> For sale only <input type="radio"/> Rented or sold, not occupied <input type="radio"/> For seas/rec/occ <input type="radio"/> For migrant workers <input type="radio"/> Other vacant	<input type="radio"/> LR <input type="radio"/> P/F <input type="radio"/> TC <input type="radio"/> RE <input type="radio"/> ED <input type="radio"/> QA <input type="radio"/> I/T <input type="radio"/> EN	
3 3 3 3 3 3	C2. Is this unit boarded up?	F. Cov.	
4 4 4 4 4 4	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> 1b <input type="radio"/> 1a <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> H1	

<p>H8. When did the person listed in column 1 on page 2 move into this house or apartment?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> 1989 or 1990 <input type="radio"/> 1985 to 1988 <input type="radio"/> 1980 to 1984 <input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1979 <input type="radio"/> 1960 to 1969 <input type="radio"/> 1959 or earlier </p>	<p>H14. Which FUEL is used MOST for heating this house or apartment?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood <input type="radio"/> Gas: bottled, tank, or LP <input type="radio"/> Electricity <input type="radio"/> Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. <input type="radio"/> Coal or coke <input type="radio"/> Wood <input type="radio"/> Solar energy <input type="radio"/> Other fuel <input type="radio"/> No fuel used </p>	<p>H20. What are the yearly costs of utilities and fuels for this house or apartment? If you have lived here less than 1 year, estimate the yearly cost.</p> <p>a. Electricity</p> <p> <input type="text"/> \$ <input type="text"/> .00 Yearly cost — Dollars </p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee <input type="radio"/> No charge or electricity not used </p>
<p>H9. How many bedrooms do you have; that is, how many bedrooms would you list if this house or apartment were on the market for sale or rent?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> No bedroom <input type="radio"/> 1 bedroom <input type="radio"/> 2 bedrooms <input type="radio"/> 3 bedrooms <input type="radio"/> 4 bedrooms <input type="radio"/> 5 or more bedrooms </p>	<p>H15. Do you get water from —</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> A public system such as a city water department, or private company? <input type="radio"/> An individual drilled well? <input type="radio"/> An individual dug well? <input type="radio"/> Some other source such as a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.? </p>	<p>b. Gas</p> <p> <input type="text"/> \$ <input type="text"/> .00 Yearly cost — Dollars </p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee <input type="radio"/> No charge or gas not used </p>
<p>H10. Do you have COMPLETE plumbing facilities in this house or apartment; that is, 1) hot and cold piped water, 2) a flush toilet, and 3) a bathtub or shower?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes, have all three facilities <input type="radio"/> No </p>	<p>H16. Is this building connected to a public sewer?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes, connected to public sewer <input type="radio"/> No, connected to septic tank or cesspool <input type="radio"/> No, use other means </p>	<p>c. Water</p> <p> <input type="text"/> \$ <input type="text"/> .00 Yearly cost — Dollars </p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee <input type="radio"/> No charge </p>
<p>H11. Do you have COMPLETE kitchen facilities; that is, 1) a sink with piped water, 2) a range or cookstove, and 3) a refrigerator?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No </p>	<p>H17. About when was this building first built?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> 1989 or 1990 <input type="radio"/> 1985 to 1988 <input type="radio"/> 1980 to 1984 <input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1979 <input type="radio"/> 1960 to 1969 <input type="radio"/> 1950 to 1959 <input type="radio"/> 1940 to 1949 <input type="radio"/> 1939 or earlier <input type="radio"/> Don't know </p>	<p>d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.</p> <p> <input type="text"/> \$ <input type="text"/> .00 Yearly cost — Dollars </p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee <input type="radio"/> No charge or these fuels not used </p>
<p>H12. Do you have a telephone in this house or apartment?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No </p>	<p>H18. Is this house or apartment part of a condominium?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No </p> <p><i>If you live in an apartment building, skip to H20.</i></p>	
<p>H13. How many automobiles, vans, and trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at home for use by members of your household?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 or more </p>	<p>H19a. Is this house on less than 1 acre?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes — Skip to H20 <input type="radio"/> No </p> <p>b. In 1989, what were the actual sales of all agricultural products from this property?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> \$1 to \$999 <input type="radio"/> \$1,000 to \$2,499 <input type="radio"/> \$2,500 to \$4,999 <input type="radio"/> \$5,000 to \$9,999 <input type="radio"/> \$10,000 or more </p>	

INSTRUCTION:

Answer questions H21 TO H26, if this is a one-family house, a condominium, or a mobile home that someone in this household OWNS OR IS BUYING; otherwise, go to page 6.

H21. What were the real estate taxes on THIS property last year?

\$.00
Yearly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ None

H22. What was the annual payment for fire, hazard, and flood insurance on THIS property?

\$.00
Yearly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ None

H23a. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on THIS property?

- ☐ Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt } Go to H23b
☐ Yes, contract to purchase }
☐ No — Skip to H24a

b. How much is your regular monthly mortgage payment on THIS property? Include payment only on first mortgage or contract to purchase.

\$.00
Monthly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ No regular payment required — Skip to H24a

c. Does your regular monthly mortgage payment include payments for real estate taxes on THIS property?

- ☐ Yes, taxes included in payment
☐ No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required

d. Does your regular monthly mortgage payment include payments for fire, hazard, or flood insurance on THIS property?

- ☐ Yes, insurance included in payment
☐ No, insurance paid separately or no insurance

H24a. Do you have a second or junior mortgage or a home equity loan on THIS property?

- ☐ Yes
☐ No — Skip to H25

b. How much is your regular monthly payment on all second or junior mortgages and all home equity loans?

\$.00
Monthly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ No regular payment required

Answer ONLY if this is a CONDOMINIUM —

H25. What is the monthly condominium fee?

\$.00
Monthly amount — Dollars

Answer ONLY if this is a MOBILE HOME —

H26. What was the total cost for personal property taxes, site rent, registration fees, and license fees on this mobile home and its site last year? Exclude real estate taxes.

\$.00
Yearly amount — Dollars

Please turn to page 6. ➔

PERSON 1		
Last name	First name	Middle initial
8. In what U.S. State or foreign country was this person born? 7		
(Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.)		
9. Is this person a CITIZEN of the United States?		
<input type="radio"/> Yes, born in the United States — Skip to 11 <input type="radio"/> Yes, born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas <input type="radio"/> Yes, born abroad of American parent or parents <input type="radio"/> Yes, U.S. citizen by naturalization <input type="radio"/> No, not a citizen of the United States		
10. When did this person come to the United States to stay?		
<input type="radio"/> 1987 to 1990 <input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1974 <input type="radio"/> 1985 or 1986 <input type="radio"/> 1965 to 1969 <input type="radio"/> 1982 to 1984 <input type="radio"/> 1960 to 1964 <input type="radio"/> 1980 or 1981 <input type="radio"/> 1950 to 1959 <input type="radio"/> 1975 to 1979 <input type="radio"/> Before 1950		
11. At any time since February 1, 1990, has this person attended regular school or college? Include only nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or a college degree.		
<input type="radio"/> No, has not attended since February 1 <input type="radio"/> Yes, public school, public college <input type="radio"/> Yes, private school, private college		
12. How much school has this person COMPLETED? Fill ONE circle for the highest level COMPLETED or degree RECEIVED. If currently enrolled, mark the level of previous grade attended or highest degree received.		
<input type="radio"/> No school completed <input type="radio"/> Nursery school <input type="radio"/> Kindergarten <input type="radio"/> 1st, 2nd, 3rd, or 4th grade <input type="radio"/> 5th, 6th, 7th, or 8th grade <input type="radio"/> 9th grade <input type="radio"/> 10th grade <input type="radio"/> 11th grade <input type="radio"/> 12th grade, NO DIPLOMA <input type="radio"/> HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE - high school DIPLOMA or the equivalent (For example: GED) <input type="radio"/> Some college but no degree <input type="radio"/> Associate degree in college - Occupational program <input type="radio"/> Associate degree in college - Academic program <input type="radio"/> Bachelor's degree (For example: BA, AB, BS) <input type="radio"/> Master's degree (For example: MA, MS, MEd, MEd, MSW, MBA) <input type="radio"/> Professional school degree (For example: MD, DDS, DVM, LLB, JD) <input type="radio"/> Doctorate degree (For example: PhD, EdD)		
13. What is this person's ancestry or ethnic origin? (See instruction guide for further information.)		
(For example: German, Italian, Afro-Amer., Croatian, Cape Verdean, Dominican, Ecuadoran, Haitian, Cajun, French Canadian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Irish, Polish, Slovak, Taiwanese, Thai, Ukrainian, etc.)		
14a. Did this person live in this house or apartment 5 years ago (on April 1, 1985)?		
<input type="radio"/> Born after April 1, 1985 — Go to questions for the next person <input type="radio"/> Yes — Skip to 15a <input type="radio"/> No		
b. Where did this person live 5 years ago (on April 1, 1985)?		
(1) Name of U.S. State or foreign country 7		
(If outside U.S., print answer above and skip to 15a.)		
(2) Name of county in the U.S. 7		
(3) Name of city or town in the U.S. 7		
(4) Did this person live inside the city or town limits?		
<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No, lived outside the city/town limits		
15a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home?		
<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No — Skip to 16		
b. What is this language? 7		
(For example: Chinese, Italian, Spanish, Vietnamese)		
c. How well does this person speak English?		
<input type="radio"/> Very well <input type="radio"/> Not well <input type="radio"/> Well <input type="radio"/> Not at all		
16. When was this person born?		
<input type="radio"/> Born before April 1, 1975 — Go to 17a <input type="radio"/> Born April 1, 1975 or later — Go to questions for the next person		
17a. Has this person ever been on active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States or ever been in the United States military Reserves or the National Guard? If service was in Reserves or National Guard only, see instruction guide.		
<input type="radio"/> Yes, now on active duty <input type="radio"/> Yes, on active duty in past, but not now <input type="radio"/> Yes, service in Reserves or National Guard only — Skip to 18 <input type="radio"/> No — Skip to 18		
b. Was active-duty military service during — Fill a circle for each period in which this person served.		
<input type="radio"/> September 1980 or later <input type="radio"/> May 1975 to August 1980 <input type="radio"/> Vietnam era (August 1964—April 1975) <input type="radio"/> February 1955—July 1964 <input type="radio"/> Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955) <input type="radio"/> World War II (September 1940—July 1947) <input type="radio"/> World War I (April 1917—November 1918) <input type="radio"/> Any other time		
c. In total, how many years of active-duty military service has this person had?		
 Years		
18. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition that has lasted for 6 or more months and which —		
a. Limits the kind or amount of work this person can do at a job?		
<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		
b. Prevents this person from working at a job?		
<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		
19. Because of a health condition that has lasted for 6 or more months, does this person have any difficulty —		
a. Going outside the home alone, for example, to shop or visit a doctor's office?		
<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		
b. Taking care of his or her own personal needs, such as bathing, dressing, or getting around inside the home?		
<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		
If this person is a female —		
20. How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren or children she has adopted.		
None 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more		
<input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>		
21a. Did this person work at any time LAST WEEK?		
<input type="radio"/> Yes — Fill this circle if this person worked full time or part time. (Count part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or farm. Also count active duty in the Armed Forces.) <input type="radio"/> No — Fill this circle if this person did not work, or did only own housework, school work, or volunteer work. — Skip to 25		
b. How many hours did this person work LAST WEEK (at all jobs)? Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked.		
 Hours		
22. At what location did this person work LAST WEEK?		
If this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week.		
a. Address (Number and street) 7		
(If the exact address is not known, give a description of the location such as the building name or the nearest street or intersection.)		
b. Name of city, town, or post office 7		
c. Is the work location inside the limits of that city or town?		
<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No, outside the city/town limits		
d. County 7		
e. State 7		
f. ZIP Code 7		

23a. How did this person usually get to work LAST WEEK? If this person usually used more than one method of transportation during the trip, fill the circle of the one used for most of the distance.

- ☐ Car, truck, or van ☐ Motorcycle
☐ Bus or trolley bus ☐ Bicycle
☐ Streetcar or trolley car ☐ Walked
☐ Subway or elevated ☐ Worked at home
☐ Railroad ☐ Slip to 28
☐ Ferryboat ☐ Other method
☐ Taxicab

If "car, truck, or van" is marked in 23a, go to 23b. Otherwise, skip to 24a.

b. How many people, including this person, usually rode to work in the car, truck, or van LAST WEEK?

- ☐ Drove alone ☐ 5 people
☐ 2 people ☐ 6 people
☐ 3 people ☐ 7 to 9 people
☐ 4 people ☐ 10 or more people

24a. What time did this person usually leave home to go to work LAST WEEK?

- a.m.
 p.m.

b. How many minutes did it usually take this person to get from home to work LAST WEEK?

- Minutes — Skip to 28

25. Was this person TEMPORARILY absent or on layoff from a job or business LAST WEEK?

- ☐ Yes, on layoff
☐ Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.
☐ No

26a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks?

- ☐ Yes
☐ No — Skip to 27

b. Could this person have taken a job LAST WEEK if one had been offered?

- ☐ No, already has a job
☐ No, temporarily ill
☐ No, other reasons (in school, etc.)
☐ Yes, could have taken a job

27. When did this person last work, even for a few days?

- ☐ 1990 ☐ 1980 to 1984
☐ 1989 ☐ 1979 or earlier
☐ 1988 ☐ Never worked
☐ 1985 to 1987

28-30. CURRENT OR MOST RECENT JOB ACTIVITY. Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week. If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which this person worked the most hours. If this person had no job or business last week, give information for his/her last job or business since 1985.

28. Industry or Employer

a. For whom did this person work?

If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, fill this circle ☐ and print the branch of the Armed Forces.

(Name of company, business, or other employer)

b. What kind of business or industry was this?

Describe the activity at location where employed.

(For example: hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house, auto engine manufacturing, retail bakery)

c. Is this mainly — Fill ONE circle

- ☐ Manufacturing ☐ Other (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)
☐ Wholesale trade
☐ Retail trade

29. Occupation

a. What kind of work was this person doing?

(For example: registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, cake icer)

b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?

(For example: patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, icing cakes)

30. Was this person — Fill ONE circle

- ☐ Employee of a PRIVATE FOR PROFIT company or business or of an individual, for wages, salary, or commissions
☐ Employee of a PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT, tax-exempt, or charitable organization
☐ Local GOVERNMENT employee (city, county, etc.)
☐ State GOVERNMENT employee
☐ Federal GOVERNMENT employee
☐ SELF-EMPLOYED in own NOT INCORPORATED business, professional practice, or farm
☐ SELF-EMPLOYED in own INCORPORATED business, professional practice, or farm
☐ Working WITHOUT PAY in family business or farm

31a. Last year (1989), did this person work, even for a few days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?

- ☐ Yes
☐ No — Skip to 32

b. How many weeks did this person work in 1989?

Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.

Weeks

c. During the weeks WORKED in 1989, how many hours did this person usually work each week?

Hours

32. INCOME IN 1989 —

Fill the "Yes" circle below for each income source received during 1989. Otherwise, fill the "No" circle. If "Yes," enter the total amount received during 1989.

For income received jointly, see instruction guide.

If exact amount is not known, please give best estimate.

If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.

a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from all jobs — Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds, dues, or other items.

- ☐ Yes ☐ No
 Annual amount — Dollars

b. Self-employment income from own nonfarm business, including proprietorship and partnership — Report NET income after business expenses.

- ☐ Yes ☐ No
 Annual amount — Dollars

c. Farm self-employment income — Report NET income after operating expenses. Include earnings as a tenant farmer or sharecropper.

- ☐ Yes ☐ No
 Annual amount — Dollars

d. Interest, dividends, net rental income or royalty income, or income from estates and trusts — Report even small amounts credited to an account.

- ☐ Yes ☐ No
 Annual amount — Dollars

e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement

- ☐ Yes ☐ No
 Annual amount — Dollars

f. Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments.

- ☐ Yes ☐ No
 Annual amount — Dollars

g. Retirement, survivor, or disability pensions — Do NOT include Social Security.

- ☐ Yes ☐ No
 Annual amount — Dollars

h. Any other sources of income received regularly such as Veterans' (VA) payments, unemployment compensation, child support, or alimony — Do NOT include lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance or the sale of a home.

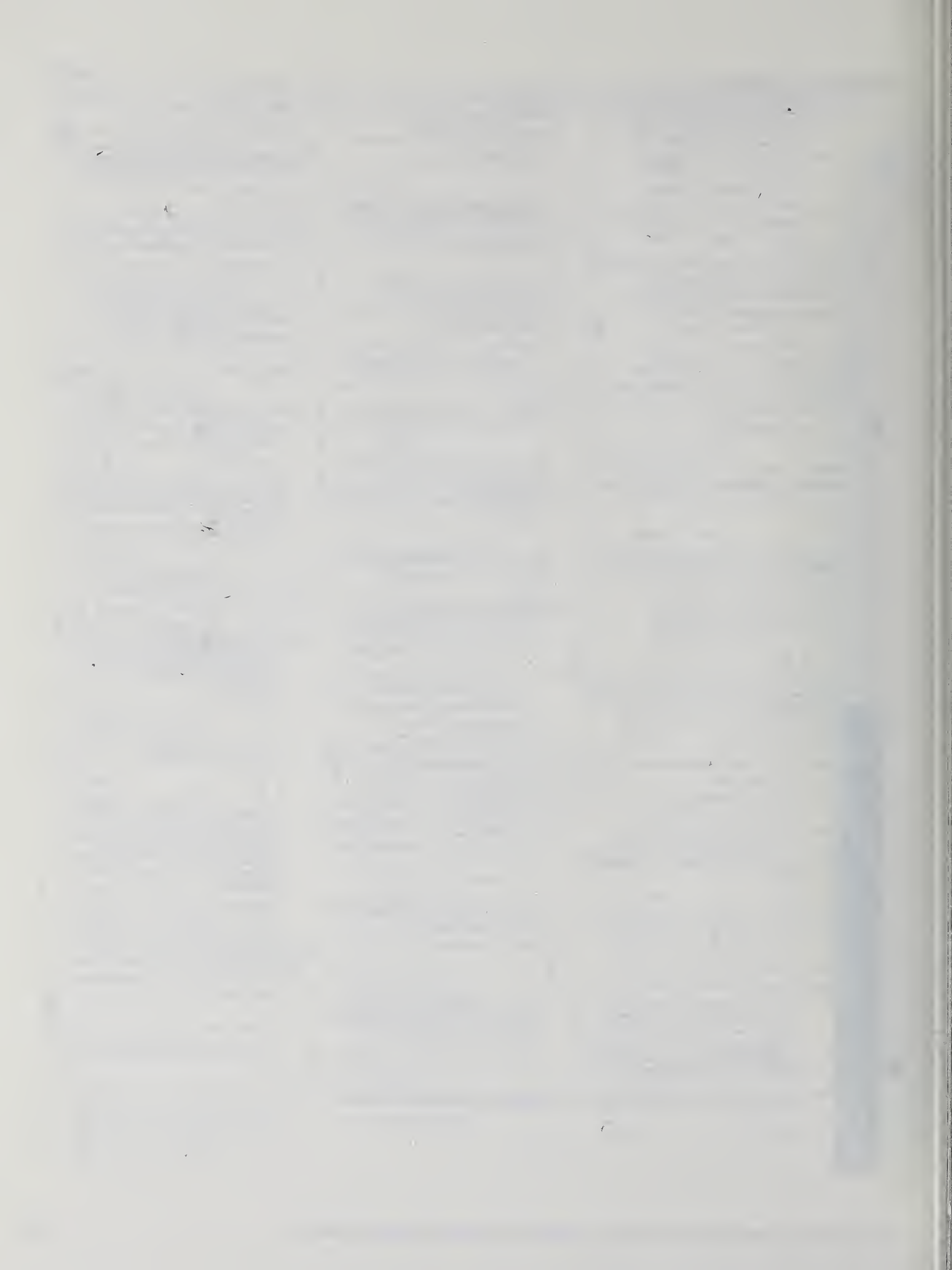
- ☐ Yes ☐ No
 Annual amount — Dollars

33. What was this person's total income in 1989?

Add entries in questions 32a through 32h; subtract any losses. If total amount was a loss, write "Loss" above amount.

- ☐ None OR Annual amount — Dollars

Please turn the page and answer questions for Person 2 listed on page 1. If this is the last person listed in question 1a on page 1, go to the back of the form.



APPENDIX F.

Data Products and User Assistance

CONTENTS

Data Products	F-1
Geographic Products	F-3
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The 1990 census data products, being released during 1991-93, are available in a variety of new and traditional media. The Census Bureau has increased the product options available to data users in an effort to meet a variety of requirements and maximize the usefulness of the data. For example, laser discs, called CD-ROM (compact disc—read-only memory), are a new data delivery medium.

The Census Bureau also has expanded services and sources of assistance available to data users. For example, the State Data Center Program has been expanded to include over 1,400 organizations to provide data and services to the public.

This appendix provides a detailed introduction to the 1990 census data products and related materials, such as maps and reference publications. It concludes by describing sources of assistance and other Census Bureau data available to the public.

DATA PRODUCTS

Printed reports and computer tape files traditionally are the most widely used products. The Census Bureau also offers data on microfiche, on CD-ROM laser discs, and through its online service, CENDATA™. These various products are described below. For information about prices and how to order, write or call Customer Services. (See the "Sources of Assistance" section for the address and phone number.)

The data products present statistics about the subjects covered in the 1990 census questionnaires. These subjects are listed in figure 1, page F-7. As the figure shows, there are 100-percent subjects (those covered in questions asked of everyone or about every housing unit) and sample subjects (those covered in questions asked at about one out of every six housing units). Generally, a data product presents either 100-percent data prepared by tabulating the responses to the 100-percent questions from all questionnaires, or sample data prepared by tabulating only the responses to the 100-percent and sample questions from the "long-form" questionnaires. Two report series, 1990 CPH-3 and 1990 CPH-4 (see figure 2, page F-8), present both 100-percent and sample data.

Printed Reports

Printed reports are the most convenient and readily available source of data for most census users. The Census Bureau releases the reports in several series (see figure 2) that are grouped under three broad titles: *1990 Census of Population and Housing* (1990 CPH), *1990 Census of Population* (1990 CP), and *1990 Census of Housing* (1990 CH). There also are reports, not reflected in figure 2, for the outlying areas of the Pacific. The reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office. (See the "Sources of Assistance" section for the address and phone number.)

In several series, there are separate reports for each State. The geographic coverage of the State reports is listed in figure 2. The United States summaries for these report series contain, for the most part, data for the United States, regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas (MA's), urbanized areas (UA's), counties, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, places with 10,000 or more persons, and other large substate areas (for example, county subdivisions, such as towns and townships, with 10,000 or more persons in selected States).

Report series that present data for small areas, such as census tracts, contain limited subject-matter detail (for example, counts of people by age ranges—under 5 years, 5 to 9 years, etc.—rather than by single years). Report series that include greater amounts of subject-matter detail include less geographic detail.

Computer Tape Files

The Census Bureau provides more data on tape and other machine-readable products than in printed reports. These products are sold by the Census Bureau's Customer Services. There are several general types of data files released on computer tape (available on both reels and cartridges). They are introduced below, and more information is presented in figures 3 and 4, pages F-11 through F-13.

Public Law 94-171 Data—This data file presents the counts designed and formatted for use in legislative redistricting. These counts also are available on CD-ROM and paper listings. Excerpts are available on CENDATA™. The counts, for areas as small as blocks, census tracts, and voting districts, include totals for population, race groups, persons of Hispanic origin, population 18 years and over, and housing units. (See figure 4.)

Summary Tape Files (STF's)— These computer tape files provide statistics with greater subject-matter detail than printed reports. They also present statistics for some types of areas, such as block groups and blocks, that are not included in the reports. (See figure 3.)

Here are some important features of STF's:

- Each STF presents a particular set of data tables for specific types of geographic areas.
- Each STF has three or more file types (indicated by a letter suffix attached to the STF number) that differ in the geographic levels reported, but contain the same data detail.
- STF's 1 and 2 contain 100-percent data, and STF's 3 and 4 offer sample data.
- STF's 1 and 3 report on smaller areas and offer less data detail than STF's 2 and 4.
- STF's 1 through 4 offer greater data detail than the 1980 STF's 1 through 4.

Subject Summary Tape Files (SSTF's)—These files are the source of the subject reports and provide greater subject-matter detail than the STF's. They present data for the United States, regions, and divisions, and, in some cases, also for States, counties, and large cities. (See figure 4.)

Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files—These computer tape files (see figure 4) contain data from samples of long-form housing-unit records ("microdata") for large geographic areas. Each sample housing-unit record includes essentially all the 1990 census data collected about each person in a sample household and the characteristics of the housing unit. Information that could be used to identify an individual or a housing unit is not included in the file.

Microdata files enable users to prepare customized tabulations and cross-tabulations of most items on the census questionnaire. There are two PUMS files:

- A file presenting a 5-percent sample of housing units in which each household record includes codes to let the user know in what area, such as a group of counties, a single county, or a place, the household is located. Each area identified must have a population of at least 100,000 and boundaries that do not cross State lines.
- A file presenting a 1-percent sample of housing units. Its household records include codes associating them with MA's and other large areas, the boundaries of which may cross State lines. (For the 1980 census, there were two files with 1-percent samples. The 1-percent sample showing data for selected urbanized areas and other large areas will not be produced for the 1990 census.)

Other Special Computer Tape Files—Other files include the Census/Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Special File and the County-to-County Migration File. (See figure 4.) The Census Bureau may prepare additional special files.

Microfiche

Block statistics are available on microfiche as they were for the 1980 census. The microfiche present, in table format, a subset of the tabulations for census blocks found in STF 1B (see figure 3). In the 1990 census, for the first time, the entire land area of the Nation and its possessions was block-numbered. This increased the number of blocks for which the Census Bureau provides data from 2.5 million in 1980 to 7 million for 1990. The cost and storage of block data of this magnitude would be prohibitive if the data were published in printed reports.

STF's 1A and 3A are available on microfiche, as well. As noted in figure 3, they provide data for a variety of geographic areas. Also, all printed reports are offered on microfiche from Customer Services soon after they are published.

Compact Disc—Read-Only Memory (CD-ROM)

For the 1990 census, the Public Law (P.L.) 94-171 file; an extract of STF 1B that presents selected statistics for blocks; and STF's 1A, 1C, 3A, 3B, and 3C are also available on CD-ROM. (One 4 3/4-inch CD-ROM, a type of optical or laser disc, can hold the contents of approximately 1,600 flexible diskettes, or three or four high-density computer tapes.)

Online Information Systems

The Census Bureau began CENDATA™, its online information service, in 1984. CENDATA™ is accessible through two information vendors, CompuServe and DIALOG. A number of Census Bureau reports, in whole or in part, are offered online. For the 1990 census, CENDATA™ provides up-to-date information about the availability of data products and carries selections of State, county, MA, and place data from the P.L. 94-171 tape file and STF's 1 and 3.

Custom Data Products

These products are for users who require unique tabulations that are not included in standard products; for example, information for locally defined geographic areas. Users also can order special microdata files.

The cost of preparing custom products must be paid by the users who request them. Any data that the Census Bureau provides in these products are subject to the same standards applied to other data to ensure that confidential individual information is not revealed.

User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) Tabulations—

UDAP can provide a set of predefined data tables for locally defined areas that do not correspond to standard 1990 census geographic areas. Users identify the geographic areas of interest to them by delineating boundaries around groupings of census blocks on 1990 census County

Block Maps or by electronically submitting the geographic components of their area of interest. (A contact for more information is given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

Special Tabulations—The Census Bureau can prepare special data tabulations for any specific geographic or subject-matter area. Users should rely on standard reports, tapes, microfiche, or user-defined area tabulations whenever possible, since special tabulations tend to be substantially more expensive and take time to arrange and produce. (Contacts for more information are given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

GEOGRAPHIC PRODUCTS

Maps

Census Bureau maps are necessary for virtually all uses of small-area 1990 census data. They are needed to locate the specific geographic areas for which the census provides data and to study the spatial relationship of the data for analytic purposes. The Census Bureau prepares a variety of 1990 census maps. Among the most useful are these four series:

County Block Maps—These maps show census blocks and their numbers; boundaries for statistical and governmental entities, such as census tracts and places; and physical features. The P.L. 94-171 version of these maps also shows voting district boundaries in those States that furnished them. The maps are prepared on electrostatic plotters by county (or equivalent entity) with one or more map sheets each, depending on the size and shape of the area and the density of the block pattern. An average county requires 20 map sheets. The maps may be purchased from Customer Services.

County Subdivision Outline Maps—Maps in this State-based series present the boundaries of the counties, county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas (including off-reservation trust lands), tribal designated statistical areas, and tribal jurisdiction statistical areas. Electrostatic-plotter copies are available for purchase from Customer Services. Also, they appear on multiple page-size sheets in the State reports of these series: 1990 CPH-1, 1990 CPH-2, 1990 CPH-5, 1990 CP-1, 1990 CP-2, 1990 CH-1, and 1990 CH-2.

Census Tract/Block Numbering Area (BNA) Outline Maps—Maps in this county-based series depict census tract or BNA boundaries and numbers, and the features underlying the boundaries. They also show governmental units in relation to the census tracts/BNA's. Customer Services sells electrostatic-plotter copies, and the Superintendent of Documents sells printed copies.

Voting District Outline Maps—Maps in this county-based series depict voting district boundaries (for those counties for which States furnished boundary information) and the features underlying the boundaries. They also show governmental unit boundaries in relation to the voting districts. They are prepared on electrostatic plotters and sold by Customer Services.

Geographic Publications

The *Geographic Identification Code Scheme* report in the 1990 CPH-R series shows the 1990 census geographic area codes and Federal information processing standards (FIPS) codes, as appropriate, for States, metropolitan areas, counties, county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and other entities, along with some descriptive information about the codes. The code scheme also is offered on computer tape.

Machine-Readable Geographic Files

All 1990 census summary tape files include 1990 census geographic area codes, FIPS codes, certain area names, land and inland water area in square kilometers, geographic coordinates for an internal point for each entity, and other geographic information.

The Census Bureau developed an automated geographic data base, known as the TIGER (Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing) System, to produce the geographic products for the 1990 census. TIGER provides coordinate-based digital map information for the entire United States, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the Pacific territories over which the United States has jurisdiction.

The TIGER System has significantly improved the utility of 1990 census maps and geographic reference products. Extract files generated from the TIGER System permit users, with appropriate software, to perform such tasks as linking the statistical data in the P.L. 94-171 file or the STF's and displaying selected characteristics on maps or a video display screen at different scales and with whatever boundaries they select for any geographic area of the country. For example, a map for a particular county could show the distribution of the voting age population by city block.

The first extract of selected geographic and cartographic information intended for computer applications, such as plotting maps and building geographic information systems, is called the TIGER/Line™ files. TIGER/Line™ files contain attributes for the segments of each boundary and feature (for example, roads, railroads, and rivers), including 1990 census geographic codes for adjacent areas, latitude/longitude coordinates of segment end points and the curvature of segments, the name and type of the feature, and the relevant census feature class code identifying the feature segment by category. TIGER/Line™ files also furnish address ranges and associated ZIP

Codes for each side of street segments in major urban areas; provide the names of landmarks, such as lakes and golf courses; and include other information.

TIGER/Line™ files and other TIGER System extracts, such as TIGER/Boundary™ and TIGER/DataBase™, are released on computer tape and, in some cases, CD-ROM. For information on TIGER extract files, contact Customer Services.

REFERENCE MATERIALS

The Census Bureau issues several reference publications for data users. Some are sold by the Superintendent of Documents; others are distributed free by Customer Services. Addresses and phone numbers for the Superintendent of Documents and Customer Services are given in the following section.

- *1990 Census of Population and Housing, Guide.* This guide, in the 1990 CPH-R report series, provides detailed information about all aspects of the census and a comprehensive glossary of census terms. Sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.
- *1990 Census of Population and Housing Tabulation and Publication Program.* A free report describing 1990 census products, comparing 1990 products with those of 1980, and more. Request from Customer Services.
- *Census '90 Basics.* A free booklet covering how the 1990 census data were collected and processed, the full range of data products, the maps and geographic files, and more, but with less detail than the Guide (above). Request from Customer Services.
- *Census ABC's—Applications in Business and Community.* A free booklet that highlights key information about the 1990 census and illustrates a variety of ways the data can be used. Request from Customer Services.
- *Strength in Numbers.* A free, tabloid-size booklet designed to assist people in using 1990 census data in redistricting. Among other features, it includes illustrations of maps and Public Law 94-171 counts. Request from Customer Services.
- *TIGER: The Coast-to-Coast Digital Map Data Base.* A free booklet describing the structure and uses of the Census Bureau's TIGER System. Request from Customer Services.
- *Census and You.* The Census Bureau's monthly newsletter for data users. It reports on the latest 1990 census developments, selected new publications and computer tape files, other censuses and surveys, developments in services to users, and upcoming conferences and training courses. Subscriptions are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

- *Monthly Product Announcement.* A free monthly listing of all new Census Bureau publications; microfiche; maps; data files on tape, diskettes, or CD-ROM; and technical documentation. To subscribe, contact Customer Services.

- *Census Catalog and Guide.* A comprehensive annual description of data products, statistical programs, and services of the Census Bureau. It provides abstracts of the publications, data files, microfiche, maps, and items online. In addition, the Catalog/Guide offers such features as information about censuses and surveys and telephone contact lists of data specialists at the Census Bureau, the State Data Centers, and other data processing service centers. It is sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

Users also can get listings of new Census Bureau products, updated daily, by subscribing to the *Daily List*. This information and selected statistics are available online through CENDATA™, the Census Bureau's online information service. For more information, contact Customer Services.

SOURCES OF ASSISTANCE

U.S. Bureau of the Census

The Census Bureau's Customer Services sells most of the machine-readable data products, microfiche, and maps described earlier. (The 1990 census printed reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, as noted below.) Also, users may consult with specialists at the Census Bureau's Washington headquarters and its 12 regional offices. From time to time, the specialists also conduct workshops, seminars, and training courses.

Washington, DC, Contacts—To order products, for a telephone contacts list of Census Bureau specialists, and for general information: Customer Services, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4100 (fax number, 301-763-4794).

For User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) information: UDAP Staff, Decennial Planning Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4282.

For special tabulation information: Population—Rosemarie Cowan, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-5476; Housing—William Downs, Housing and Household Economic Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-8553.

Regional Office Contacts—

Atlanta, GA	404-347-2274
Boston, MA	617-565-7078
Charlotte, NC	704-371-6144
Chicago, IL	312-353-0980
Dallas, TX	214-767-7105
Denver, CO	303-969-7750
Detroit, MI	313-354-4654
Kansas City, KS	913-236-3711
Los Angeles, CA	818-904-6339
New York, NY	212-264-4730
Philadelphia, PA	215-597-8313
Seattle, WA	206-728-5314

Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office

The Superintendent of Documents handles the sale of most of the Federal Government's publications, including 1990 census reports. To order reports and for information: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, telephone 202-783-3238.

Other Sources of Products and Services

State Data Centers—The Census Bureau furnishes data products, training in data access and use, technical assistance, and consultation to all States, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. State Data Centers, in turn, offer publications for reference, printouts from computer tape, specially prepared reports, maps, and other products and assistance to data users. For a list of the State Data Centers, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services. The list also notes organizations in States participating in the Census Bureau's Business/Industry Data Center (BIDC) Program. The BIDC's help business people, economic development planners, and other data users obtain and use data.

National Services Program—The National Services Program (NSP) provides data-related services for nationally based nonprofit organizations that represent minorities or other segments of the population who have been historically undercounted in decennial censuses. The participants include social service, business, professional, civil rights, educational, and religious groups. Through a pilot project, the National Services Information Center (NSIC) Initiative, three of these nonprofit groups now offer their clientele reports, computer tape printouts, and other information from the Census Bureau. To learn more about the NSP and the NSIC, write to the National Services Program, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, or call 301-763-1384.

National Clearinghouse—The National Clearinghouse for Census Data Services is a listing of private companies and other organizations that offer assistance in obtaining and

using data released by the Census Bureau. For a list of participants in the National Clearinghouse, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services.

Depository Libraries—There are 1,400 libraries that receive (from the Government Printing Office) Federal publications that they think their patrons will need. Often some of these publications are Census Bureau reports. The Census Bureau provides free reports to an additional 120 census depository libraries. Also, many libraries purchase census reports and maps for their areas. The *Census Catalog and Guide* includes a list of all depository libraries.

OTHER CENSUS BUREAU RESOURCES

The Census Bureau has more to offer than just the results of the census of population and housing. Through other censuses, surveys, and estimates programs, it compiles and issues (in reports, computer tape, and other media) data on subjects as diverse as appliance sales, neighborhood conditions, and exports to other countries. Here are examples of the information published about—

- *People:* Age, race, sex, income, poverty, child care, child support, fertility, noncash benefits, education, commuting habits, pension coverage, unemployment, ancestry.
- *Business and industry:* Number of employees, total payroll, sales and receipts, products manufactured or sold.
- *Housing and construction:* Value of new construction, numbers of owners and renters, property value or rent paid, housing starts, fuels used, mortgage costs.
- *Farms:* Number, acreage, livestock, crop sales.
- *Governments:* Revenues and expenditures, taxes, employment, pension funds.
- *Foreign trade:* Exports and imports, origin and destination, units shipped.
- *Other nations:* Population, birth rates, death rates, literacy, fertility.

The other censuses, such as agriculture, retail trade, manufactures, and governments, are collected for years ending in "2" and "7." Surveys and estimates programs generate results as often as every month.

Many of the monthly "economic indicators" that measure how the Nation is doing come directly or indirectly from the Census Bureau. Examples: employment and unemployment; housing starts; wholesale and retail trade; manufacturers' shipments, inventories, and orders; export and import trade; and sales of single-family homes.

The other statistical activities of the Census Bureau are described below. Data users will find more information about them and descriptions of their data products in the

annual *Census Catalog and Guide*. Also, special guides and brochures are prepared for most of them. Contact the Census Bureau's Customer Services for more information.

Current Demographic and Housing Programs

Two types of current programs complement the 10-year census: population estimates and surveys. The total population of the United States is estimated monthly; the population of States, counties, and metropolitan areas is estimated annually; and the population of places and other governmental units is estimated every 2 years. Projections of future population are made at the national and State levels.

The Census Bureau's many household surveys update population and housing characteristics at the national level and sometimes for States and metropolitan areas, as well. These surveys also obtain many characteristics not included in the 10-year census. The Current Population Survey is taken monthly; the American Housing Survey national sample is taken biennially; the American Housing Survey metropolitan sample is taken in 44 areas, 11 per year in a 4-year cycle; most other surveys are annual or less frequent.

Economic Censuses and Surveys

The economic censuses provide statistics about business establishments once every 5 years, covering years ending in "2" and "7." The 1987 Economic Censuses include the censuses of retail trade, wholesale trade, service industries, transportation, manufactures, mineral industries, and construction industries. Also included are related programs, such as statistics on minority- and women-owned businesses, enterprise statistics, and censuses of economic activity in Puerto Rico and some of the outlying areas under U.S. jurisdiction.

Several key statistics are tabulated for all industries covered in the censuses. They are number of establishments, number of employees, payroll, and measure of output (sales or receipts, and value of shipments or of work done). Other items vary from sector to sector.

The Census Bureau also has programs that provide current statistics on such measures as total sales of particular kinds of businesses or production of particular products. These programs include monthly, quarterly, and annual surveys, the results of which appear in publication series such as *Current Business Reports* and *Current Industrial Reports*. The County Business Patterns program offers annual statistics based on data compiled primarily from administrative records.

Agriculture Census and Surveys

The agriculture census is conducted concurrently with the economic censuses. It is the only source of uniform agriculture data at the county level. It provides data on such subjects as the number and size of farms; land use and ownership; livestock, poultry, and crops; and value of products sold.

Results of three surveys—the 1988 Farm and Ranch Irrigation Survey, 1988 Census of Horticulture Specialties, and 1988 Agricultural Economics and Land Ownership Survey—are published in conjunction with the 1987 Census of Agriculture. Also, the Census Bureau regularly issues reports from a survey on cotton ginnings.

Governments Census and Surveys

The census of governments, also for years ending in "2" and "7," covers all types of governments: Federal, State, county, municipal (place), township (county subdivision), school district, and special district. It provides data on such subjects as number of public employees, payrolls, revenue, and expenditures.

Annual and quarterly surveys cover the same principal subjects but generate data only for States and the largest local governments.

Foreign Trade Statistics

Monthly U.S. merchandise trade data compiled by the Census Bureau summarize export and import transactions and are based on the official documents filed by shippers and receivers. These figures reflect the flow of merchandise but not intangibles like services and financial commitments. The trade figures trace commodity movements out of and into the U.S. Customs jurisdiction, which includes Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands as well as the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Data are published separately on trade between the United States and Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions.

Other Statistical Activities

The Census Bureau also offers international data. It maintains an international data base which is available to the public on computer tape and is used to produce the biennial *World Population Profile* report. It prepares studies dealing with the demographic and economic characteristics of other countries and world regions.

Statistical compendia are another important data product. These publications (sometimes also offered in machine-readable form) draw data from many sources and reorganize them for convenient use. The most widely used compendia are the annual *Statistical Abstract of the United States*, the *County and City Data Book* (published every 5 years), and the *State and Metropolitan Area Data Book* (published approximately every 4 years).

Figure 1. 1990 Census Content

100-PERCENT COMPONENT

Population

Household relationship
Sex
Race
Age
Marital status
Hispanic origin

Housing

Number of units in structure
Number of rooms in unit
Tenure—owned or rented
Value of home or monthly rent
Congregate housing (meals included in rent)
Vacancy characteristics

SAMPLE COMPONENT

Population

Social characteristics:

Education—enrollment and attainment
Place of birth, citizenship, and year of entry into U.S.
Ancestry
Language spoken at home
Migration (residence in 1985)
Disability
Fertility
Veteran status

Economic characteristics:

Labor force
Occupation, industry, and class of worker
Place of work and journey to work
Work experience in 1989
Income in 1989
Year last worked

Housing

Year moved into residence
Number of bedrooms
Plumbing and kitchen facilities
Telephone in unit
Vehicles available
Heating fuel
Source of water and method of sewage disposal
Year structure built
Condominium status
Farm residence
Shelter costs, including utilities

NOTE: Questions dealing with the subjects covered in the 100-percent component were asked of all persons and housing units. Those covered by the sample component were asked of a sample of the population and housing units.

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING (1990 CPH)				
100-Percent Data				
1990 CPH-1	Summary Population and Housing Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Population and housing unit counts, and summary statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, household relationship, units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Local governmental units (i.e., counties, places, and towns and townships), other county subdivisions, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
1990 CPH-2	Population and Housing Unit Counts	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Total population and housing unit counts for 1990 and previous censuses	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, State component parts of metropolitan areas (MA's) and urbanized areas (UA's), and summary geographic areas (for example, urban and rural)
100-Percent and Sample Data				
1990 CPH-3	Population and Housing Characteristics for Census Tracts and Block Numbering Areas	MA's, and the nonmetropolitan balance of each State, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics on 100-percent and sample population and housing subjects	In MA's: census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and counties. In the remainder of each State: census tracts/BNA's, places of 10,000 or more, and counties
1990 CPH-4	Population and Housing Characteristics for Congressional Districts of the 103rd Congress	States and DC	Statistics on 100-percent and sample population and housing subjects	Congressional districts (CD's) and, within CD's, counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
Sample Data				
1990 CPH-5	Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample population and housing subjects	Local governmental units (i.e., counties, places, and towns and townships), other county subdivisions, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION (1990 CP)				
100-Percent Data				
1990 CP-1	General Population Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	States, counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 1,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, State parts of American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and summary geographic areas such as urban and rural

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports—Con.

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION (1990 CP)—Con.				
100-Percent Data—Con.				
1990 CP-1-1A	General Population Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	American Indian and Alaska Native areas; i.e., American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (Oklahoma), tribal designated statistical areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, and Alaska Native Regional Corporations
1990 CP-1-1B	General Population Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	Individual MA's. For MA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole MA
1990 CP-1-1C	General Population Characteristics for Urbanized Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	Individual UA's. For UA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole UA
Sample Data				
1990 CP-2	Social and Economic Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and the State portion of American Indian areas
1990 CP-2-1A	Social and Economic Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	American Indian and Alaska Native areas, as for CP-1-1A
1990 CP-2-1B	Social and Economic Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	Individual MA's, as for CP-1-1B
1990 CP-2-1C	Social and Economic Characteristics for Urbanized Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	Individual UA's, as for CP-1-1C
1990 CP-3	Population Subject Reports	Selected subjects	Approximately 30 reports on population census subjects such as migration, education, income, the older population, and racial and ethnic groups	Generally limited to the U.S., regions, and divisions; for some reports, other highly populated areas such as States, MA's, counties, and large places

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports—Con.

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
1990 CENSUS OF HOUSING (1990 CH)				
100-Percent Data				
1990 CH-1	General Housing Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	States, counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 1,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, State parts of American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and summary geographic areas such as urban and rural
1990 CH-1-1A	General Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	American Indian and Alaska Native areas; i.e., American Indian reservations, trust lands, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (Oklahoma), tribal designated statistical areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, and Alaska Native Regional Corporations
1990 CH-1-1B	General Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Individual MA's. For MA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole MA
1990 CH-1-1C	General Housing Characteristics for Urbanized Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Individual UA's. For UA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole UA
Sample Data				
1990 CH-2	Detailed Housing Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and State parts of American Indian areas
1990 CH-2-1A	Detailed Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	American Indian and Alaska Native areas, as in 1990 CH-1-1A
1990 CH-2-1B	Detailed Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	Individual MA's, as in 1990 CH-1-1B
1990 CH-2-1C	Detailed Housing Characteristics for Urbanized Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	Individual UA's, as in 1990 CH-1-1C
1990 CH-3	Housing Subject Reports	Selected subjects	Approximately 10 reports on housing census subjects such as structural characteristics and space utilization	Generally limited to U.S., regions, and divisions; for some reports, other highly populated areas such as States, MA's, counties, and large places

Figure 3. 1990 Census Summary Tape Files

Summary Tape File
(STF 1A, 1B, etc.)
and data type
(100 percent or
sample)¹

		Geographic areas	Description
STF 1 (100 percent)	A ^{2 3}	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), block groups (BG's). Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas	Over 900 cells/items of 100-percent population and housing counts and characteristics for each geographic area
	B ^{2 3}	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/BNA's, BG's, blocks. Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas	
	C ³	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, metropolitan areas (MA's), urbanized areas (UA's), American Indian and Alaska Native areas	
	D	Congressional districts (CD's) of the 103rd Congress by State; and within each CD: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and American Indian areas	
STF 2 (100 percent)	A	In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's	Over 2,100 cells/items of 100-percent population and housing counts and characteristics for each geographic area. Each of the STF 2 files will include a set of tabulations for the total population and separate presentations of tabulations by race and Hispanic origin
	B	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas	
	C	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's	
STF 3 (Sample)	A ^{2 3}	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/BNA's, BG's. Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas	Over 3,300 cells/items of sample population and housing characteristics for each geographic area
	B ³	Five-digit ZIP Codes within each State	
	C ³	U.S., regions, divisions, States, counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's	
	D	CD's of the 103rd Congress by State; and within each CD: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States	

Figure 3. 1990 Census Summary Tape Files—Con.

Summary Tape File
(STF 1A, 1B, etc.)
and data type
(100 percent or
sample)¹

		Geographic areas	Description
STF 4 (Sample)	A	In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's	
	B	State (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas	Over 8,500 cells/items of sample population and housing characteristics for each geographic area. Each of the STF 4 files will include a set of tabulations for the total population and separate presentations of tabulations by race and Hispanic origin.
	C	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including urban and rural and metropolitan and nonmetropolitan components), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's	

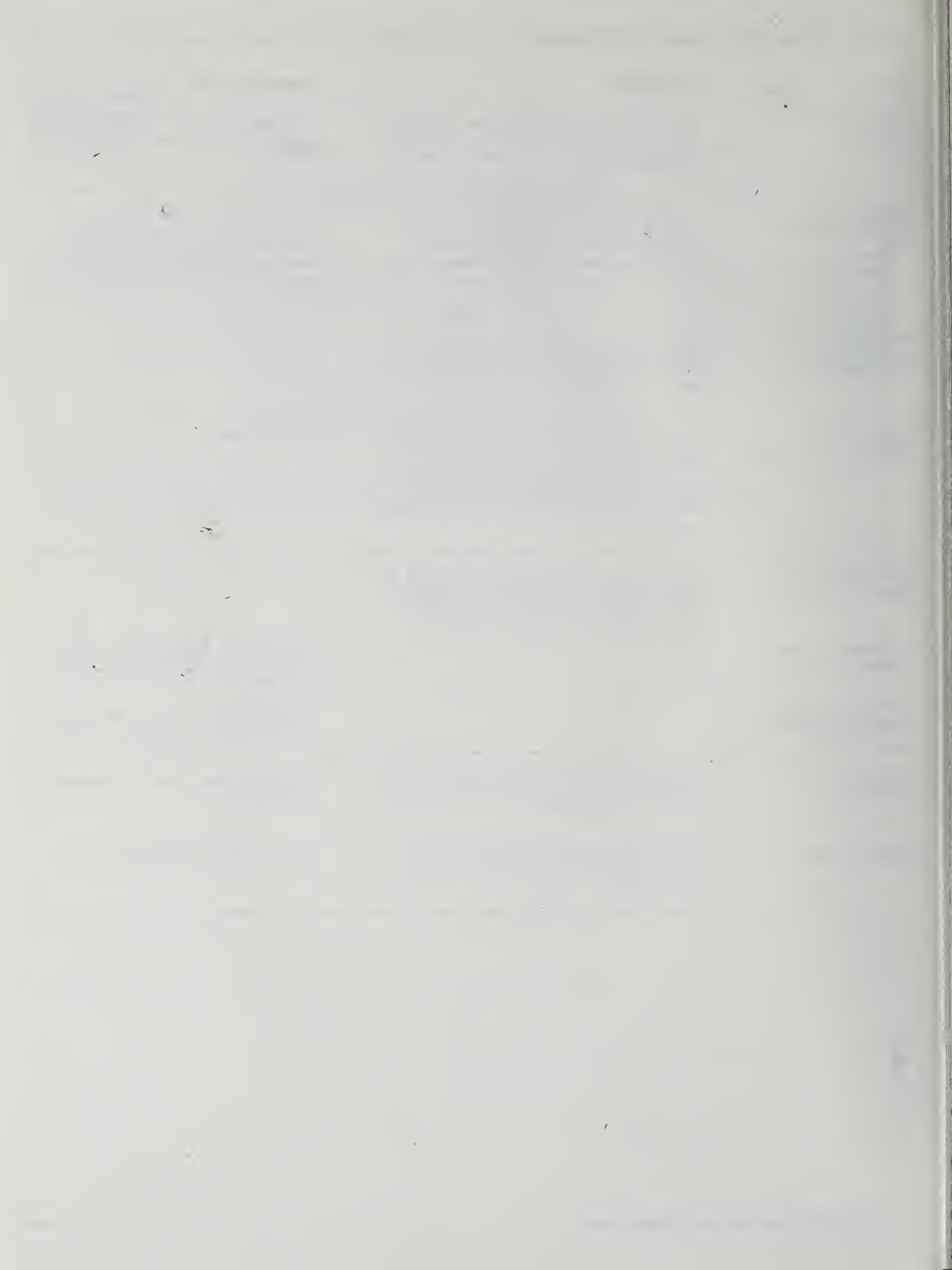
¹Similar STF's will be prepared for Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

²Also available on microfiche. STF 1B microfiche provides only part of the data for blocks and other areas in the tape file.

³Also available on laser disc (CD-ROM). STF 1B CD-ROM presents the same file extract as STF 1B microfiche.

Figure 4. Other 1990 Census Data Products

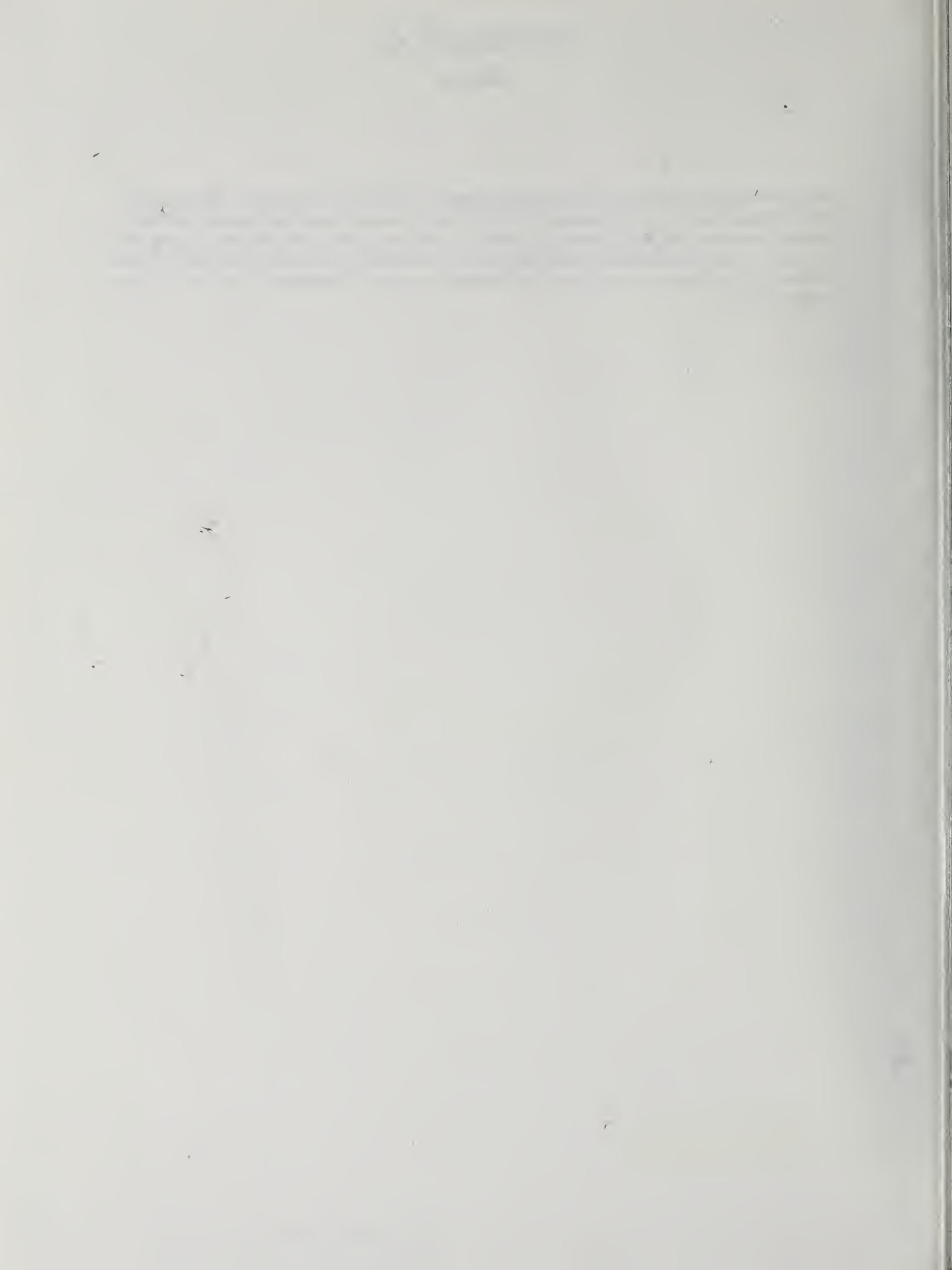
Title	Description	Geographic areas
Subject Summary Tape Files	About 20 computer tape files used to produce the subject reports (1990 CP-3 and 1990 CH-3 series). On the average, a file is the source of two subject reports	U.S., regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas (MA's), and large counties and places
Public Law 94-171 Data File (redistricting data)	Counts by total, race, and Hispanic origin for the total population and population 18 years old and over, and counts of housing units. Available on tape, CD-ROM, and paper listings	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), block groups (BG's), and blocks; voting districts where States have identified them for the Census Bureau; and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
Census/Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Special File	Sample tabulations showing detailed occupations and educational attainment data by age; cross tabulated by sex, Hispanic origin, and race	Counties, MA's, places of 50,000 or more inhabitants
County-to-County Migration File	Summary statistics for all intra-state county-to-county migration streams and significant inter-state county-to-county migration streams. Each record will include codes for the geographic area of destination, and selected characteristics of the persons who made up the migration stream	States, counties
Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files	Machine-readable files containing a sample of individual long-form census records showing most population and housing characteristics but with identifying information removed	County groups, counties, county subdivisions, and places with 100,000 or more inhabitants MA's and other large areas with 100,000 or more inhabitants
5 Percent—PUMS Areas 1 Percent—Metropolitan Areas (1990)		
User-Defined Areas Tabulations	A set of standard tabulations provided on printouts, tapes, or other products with maps and narrative (if requested)	User-defined areas created by aggregating census blocks
Special Tabulations	User-defined tabulations for specified geographic areas provided on printouts, tapes, or other products	User-defined areas or standard areas



APPENDIX G.

Maps

Census Tract/Block Numbering Area Outline Maps—These are county-based maps that depict the boundaries and codes of census tracts or block numbering areas, the features and feature names underlying the boundaries and names of counties, county subdivisions, places, and American Indian/Alaska Native areas. Map scales vary to minimize the number of sheets. Printed versions of these maps are available from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office (GPO).



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